# Cheatography

### Extending Ruby with C - Part 2 Cheat Sheet

by Ryan Johnson (CITguy) via cheatography.com/138/cs/249/

#### **Ruby C - Common Methods**

int **rb\_respond\_to** (VALUE self, ID method) => 0|nonzero

VALUE **rb\_thread\_create**(VALUE (\*func)(), void \*data)

Runs *func* in new thread, passing *data* as an arg.

VALUE rb\_obj\_is\_instance\_of(VALUE obj, VALUE klass) => Qtrue|Qfalse

VALUE **rb\_obj\_is\_kind\_of**(VALUE obj, VALUE klass)

Returns Qtrue if *klass* is superclass of *obj* class.

#### **Ruby C - Exceptions**

void rb\_raise(V exception, const char \*fmt, ...)

Raises *exception. fmt* and args used like in printf.

void rb\_fatal(const char \*fmt, ...)

Raises Fatal exception, terminating process. No rescue blocks called, but ensure blocks will be called. *fmt* and args used like in printf.

void rb\_bug(const char \*fmt, ...)

Terminates process immediately--no handlers of any sort called. *fmt* and args are interpreted like printf. *Call only if a fatal bug has been exposed.* 

void rb\_sys\_fail (const char \*msg)

Raises a platform-specific exception corresponding to last known system error, with the given *msg*.

V **rb\_rescue**(V (\*body)(), V args, V (\*rescue) (), V rargs)

Executes body with given *args*. If StandardError exception raised, execute *rescue* with given *rargs*.

#### **Ruby C - Exceptions (cont)**

V rb\_ensure(V (\*body)(), V args, V (\*rescue) (), V eargs)

Executes body with given args. Whether or not an exception is raised, execute ensure with given rargs after body has completed.

V rb\_protect(V (\*body)(), V args, int \*result)

Executes *body* with given *args* and returns nonzero in *result* if any exception raised.

#### void rb\_notimplement()

Raises NotImpError exception to indicate enclosed function is NYI, or not available on platform.

void rb\_exit(int status)

Exits Ruby with given *status*. Raises SystemExit exception and calls registered exit functions/finalizers.

void rb\_warn(const char \*fmt, ...)

Unconditionally issues warning message to standard error. *fmt* and args used like in printf.

void rb\_warning(const char \*fmt, ...)

Conditionally issues a warning message to standard error if Ruby was invoked with the - w flag. *fmt* and args used like in printf.

V = VALUE

#### Ruby C - Array Methods

VALUE rb\_ary\_new()

Returns new Array with default size.

VALUE rb\_ary\_new2(long length)

Returns new Array of given length.

VALUE rb\_ary\_new3(long length, ...)

Returns new Array of given *length* and populated with remaining arguments.

VALUE **rb\_ary\_new4**(long length, VALUE \*values)

Returns new Array of given *length* and populated with C array *values*.

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#### Ruby C - Array Methods (cont)

void **rb\_ary\_store**(VALUE self, long index, VALUE value)

Stores value at index in array self.

VALUE **rb\_ary\_push**(VALUE self, VALUE value)

VALUE rb\_ary\_pop(VALUE self)

VALUE rb ary shift(VALUE self)

VALUE **rb\_ary\_unshift**(VALUE self, VALUE value)

VALUE rb\_ary\_entry (VALUE self, long index)

Returns array self's element at index.

#### **Ruby C - Iterators**

void rb\_iter\_break()

Breaks out of enclosing iterator block.

VALUE rb\_each(VALUE obj)

Invokes 'each' method of the given obj.

VALUE rb\_yield(VALUE arg)

Transfers execution to iterator block in the current context, passing *arg* as an argument. Multiple values may be passed in an array.

int rb\_block\_given\_p()

Nonzero if yield would execute a block in current context--that is, if a code block was passed to current method and is available to be called.

VALUE **rb\_iterate**(VALUE (\*method)(),

VALUE args, VALUE (\*block)(), VALUE arg2)

Invokes *method* with *args* and block *block*. Yield from that method will invoke *block* with arg given to yield and second arg *arg2*.

VALUE **rb\_catch** (const char \*tag, VALUE (\*proc)(), VALUE value)

Equivalent to Ruby catch.

void rb\_throw(const char \*tag, VALUE value)

Equivalent to Ruby throw.



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#### Ruby C - Hash Methods

VALUE rb\_hash\_new()

VALUE **rb\_hash\_aref**(VALUE self, VALUE key)

Returns element corresponding to *key* in *self*.

VALUE **rb\_hash\_aset**(VALUE self, VALUE key, VALUE value)

Sets value for key to value in self. Returns

#### Ruby C - Accessing Variables

V rb iv get(V obj, char \*name)

Returns instance var *name* (must specify "@" prefix) from given *obj*.

V rb\_ivar\_get (V obj, ID name)

Returns instance var name from given obj.

V rb\_iv\_set(V obj, char \*name, V value) => value

Sets instance var *name* (must specify "@" prefix) in given *obj* to *value*.

V rb\_ivar\_set(V obj, ID name, V value)

Sets instance var name in obj to value.

V rb\_gv\_set(const char \*name, V value) => value

Sets global var name ("\$" prefix optional) to

V rb\_gv\_get(const char \*name)

Returns global var *name* ("\$" prefix optional).

void rb\_cvar\_set(V class, ID name, V val)

Sets class var name in class to value.

V rb\_cvar\_get(V class, ID name)

Returns class var name from given class.

intrb cvar defined(V class, ID name)

Qtrue if class var name has been defined for class.

void rb\_cv\_set(V class, const char \*name, V
val)

Sets class var name (must specify "@@" prefix) in given class to value.

#### Ruby C - Accessing Variables (cont)

V rb\_cv\_get(V class, const char \*name)

Returns class var *name* (must specify a "@@" prefix) from given *class*.

V = VALUE

#### **Ruby C - String Methods**

VALUE **rb\_str\_new**(const char \*src, long length)=>String

Initialized with length chars from src.

VALUE **rb\_str\_new2**(const char \*src) => String

Initialized with null-terminated C string src.

VALUE rb\_str\_dup(VALUE str) => String

Duplicated from str.

VALUE rb\_str\_cat(VALUE self, const char \*src, long length) => self

Concatenates *length* chars from *src* onto *self*.

VALUE rb\_str\_concat(VALUE self, VALUE other) => self

Concatenates other onto String self.

VALUE **rb\_str\_split**(VALUE self, const char \*delim)

Returns array of String objects created by splitting *self* on *delim*.



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