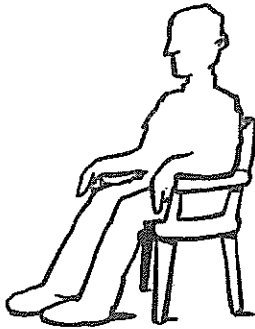


①

There are two basic kinds of load on any structure: **static** (a load that is still) and **dynamic** (a moving load).

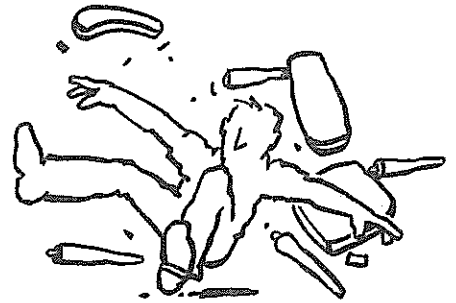
Q2 Identify the load in each case below.



_____ load



_____ load

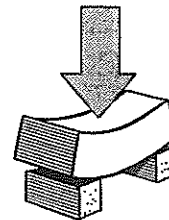
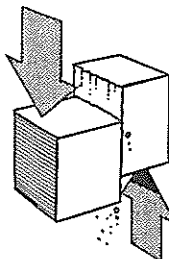
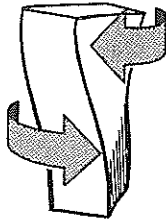
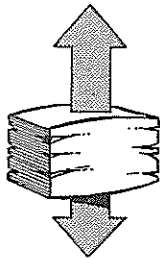
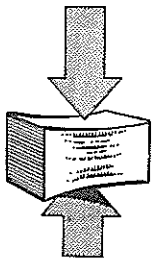


Structural failure

Q3 Look at the drawing of structural failure above. Then complete this sentence:

Structural failure has occurred because the structure has failed to withstand a _____ load.

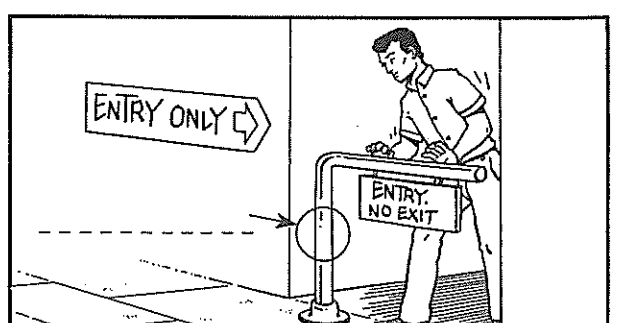
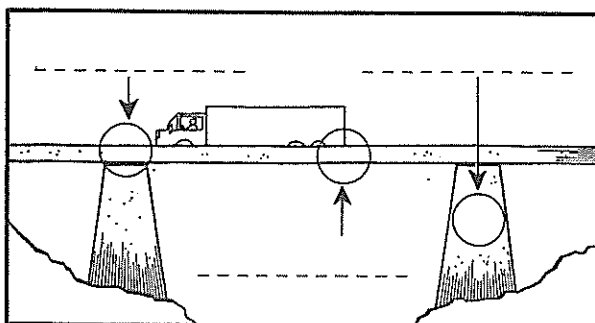
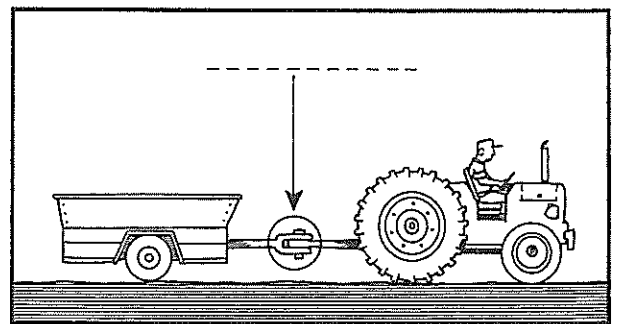
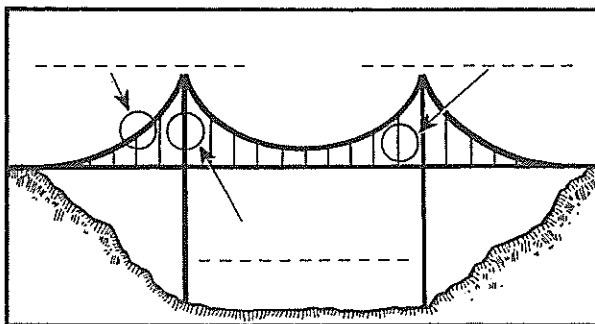
Q4 Use the word bank to identify the different kinds of force that act on a structure.



Word Bank

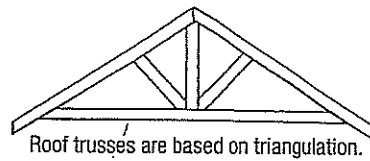
Bending
Compression
Shear
Tension
Torsion

Q5 Study these structures and then identify the forces that act on them (circled). Write your answers on the broken lines provided.

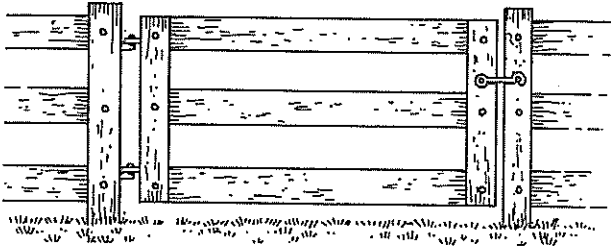


2

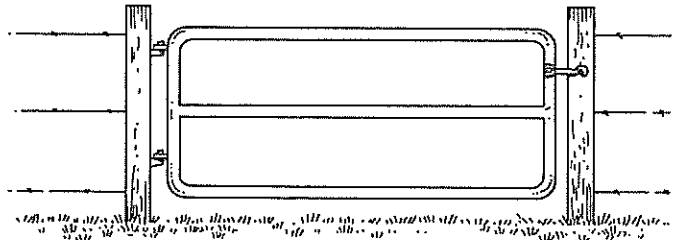
A structure can be made more rigid by building it out of triangular shapes. This is known as **triangulation**.



Q6 Sketch where you would attach a bracing member in each case below, given that wood is strong in compression and steel is strong in tension.

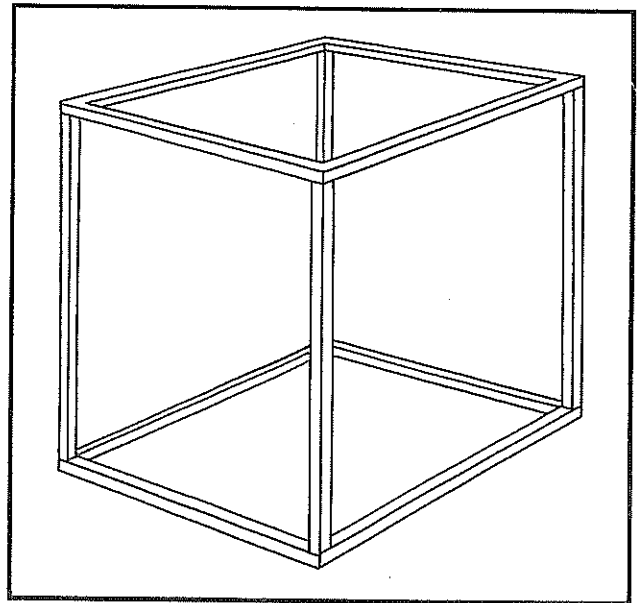
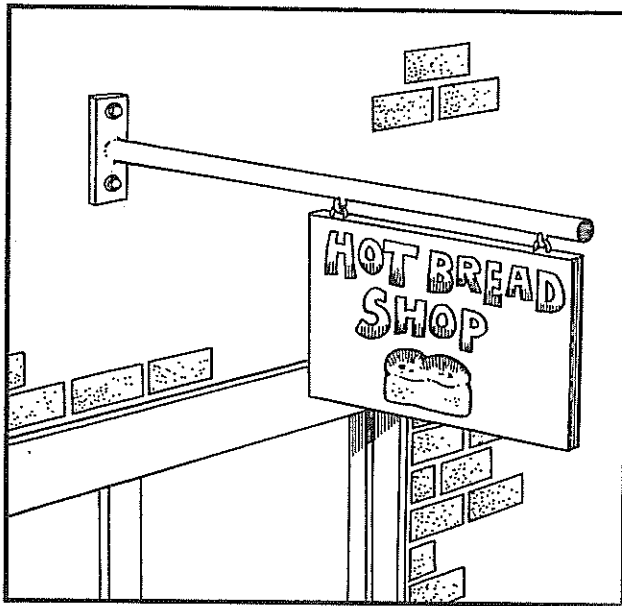


A wooden gate



A steel gate

Q7 Show how you can make each structure below more rigid: the sign and the cube box.



Q8 Sketch some of the ways in which this thin, flat sheet of material can be made more rigid.

