Lab 1

Objective:

In this lab, I am to give 2 examples of Unix commands: ls, cp, rm, mv, cd, mkdir, and vi. After giving examples of each command, I need to create a c++ file that would display a message that takes a string as the input and print it back out to the user.

LS EXAMPLE:

- Basic Is list all visible folders and files in the directory
- Ls –a lists everything in the directory.



CP EXAMPLE

- Cp can copy a file and rename that copied file
- It can also copy a file into a different directory.

```
MINGW64:/c/Users/steven/Codes/cse460/testfolder

Steven@StevensPC MINGW64 ~/Codes/cse460 (master)
$ cp testFile testFile2

Steven@StevensPC MINGW64 ~/Codes/cse460 (master)
$ ls
labs/ README.md testFile testFile2 testfolder/

Steven@StevensPC MINGW64 ~/Codes/cse460 (master)
$ cp testFile testfolder/

Steven@StevensPC MINGW64 ~/Codes/cse460 (master)
$ ls
labs/ README.md testFile testFile2 testfolder/

Steven@StevensPC MINGW64 ~/Codes/cse460 (master)
$ cd testfolder/

Steven@StevensPC MINGW64 ~/Codes/cse460/testfolder (master)
$ ls
testFile

Steven@StevensPC MINGW64 ~/Codes/cse460/testfolder (master)
$ ls
testFile
```

RM EXAMPLE

- Rm can remove a file
- Rmdir can remove an EMPTY directory

MV EXAMPLE

- My can move a file to a different directory
- My can also RENAME a file

```
MINGW64:/c/Users/steven/Codes/cse460/testFolder

Steven@StevensPC MINGW64 ~/Codes/cse460 (master)
$ mv testFile testFolder/

Steven@StevensPC MINGW64 ~/Codes/cse460 (master)
$ ls
labs/ README.md testFolder/

Steven@StevensPC MINGW64 ~/Codes/cse460 (master)
$ cd testFolder/

Steven@StevensPC MINGW64 ~/Codes/cse460/testFolder (master)
$ ls
testFile

Steven@StevensPC MINGW64 ~/Codes/cse460/testFolder (master)
$ mv testFile testFile1

Steven@StevensPC MINGW64 ~/Codes/cse460/testFolder (master)
$ ls
testFile1

Steven@StevensPC MINGW64 ~/Codes/cse460/testFolder (master)
$ ls
testFile1

Steven@StevensPC MINGW64 ~/Codes/cse460/testFolder (master)
$ ls
testFile1
```

CD EXAMPLE

- Cd changes directory
- Cd ~ changes to home directory

```
MINGW64:/c/Users/steven

MINGW64:/c/Users/steven

MINGW64:/c/Users/steven

MINGW64:/c/Users/steven

MINGW64 ~/Codes

S ls
cse201/ cse313/ cse330/ Java/
cse202/ cse322/ cse460/ 'Webpage Portfolio'/

Steven@StevensPC MINGW64 ~/Codes

S cd cse460

Steven@StevensPC MINGW64 ~/Codes/cse460 (master)

S ls
labs/ README.md testFolder/

Steven@StevensPC MINGW64 ~/Codes/cse460 (master)

S cd ~

Steven@StevensPC MINGW64 ~/Codes/cse460 (master)

S cd ~

Steven@StevensPC MINGW64 ~

S |
```

MKDIR EXAMPLE

- Mkdir creates an empty directory

```
MINGW64:/c/Users/steven/Codes/cse460 — X

Steven@StevensPC MINGW64 ~/Codes/cse460 (master)
$ mkdir randomFolder

Steven@StevensPC MINGW64 ~/Codes/cse460 (master)
$ ls
labs/ randomFolder/ README.md testFolder/

Steven@StevensPC MINGW64 ~/Codes/cse460 (master)
$ mkdir randomFolder2

Steven@StevensPC MINGW64 ~/Codes/cse460 (master)
$ ls
labs/ randomFolder/ randomFolder2/ README.md testFolder/

Steven@StevensPC MINGW64 ~/Codes/cse460 (master)
$ ls
labs/ randomFolder/ randomFolder2/ README.md testFolder/

Steven@StevensPC MINGW64 ~/Codes/cse460 (master)
$ ls
labs/ randomFolder/ randomFolder2/ README.md testFolder/
```

VI EXAMPLE

- Vi is a text editor for UNIX

```
MINGW64:/c/Users/steven/Codes/cse460
                                                                             ×
Steven@StevensPC MINGW64 ~/Codes/cse460 (master)
$ vi test.cpp
Steven@StevensPC MINGW64 ~/Codes/cse460 (master)
labs/ README.md test.cpp
Steven@StevensPC MINGW64 ~/Codes/cse460 (master)
 MINGW64:/c/Users/steven/Codes/cse460
                                                                             Х
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
int main(){
     cout << "Hello world!";
    return 0;</pre>
~/Codes/cse460/test.cpp [unix] (23:03 07/01/2017)
                                                                               7,1 All
 - INSERT --
```

FUNCTION.H

void displayMessage();

MAIN.CPP

```
    #include <iostream>
    #include "function.h"
```

```
3.
4. using namespace std;
5.
6. int main(){
7.     displayMessage();
8.     cout << "\n";
9. }</pre>
```

MESSAGE.CPP

```
1. #include <iostream>
2. #include "function.h"
3.
4. using namespace std;
5.
6. void displayMessage(){
7.    string message;
8.    getline(cin,message);
9.    cout << "\n" << message;
10. }</pre>
```

MAKEFILE

```
    message: main.o message.o
    g++ -o message message.o main.o
    message.o: message.cpp
    g++ -c message.cpp
    main.o: main.cpp
    g++ -c main.cpp
    clean: message.o main.o
    rm message message.o main.o
```

OUTPUT (Used script to record terminal)

```
1. Script started on Tue Jan 10 18:18:23 2017
2. [?1034hbash-3.2$ make[K[K[K[Kmake
3. g++ -c main.cpp
4. g++ -c message.cpp
5. g++ -o message message.o main.o6. bash-3.2$ 1[Kls

    cd_example.png
    cp_example.png

                      main.cpp
                                         message.cpp
                                                            rm_example.png
                      main.o
                                         message.o
                                                            typescript
9. function.h
                      makefile
                                         mkdir_example.png vi_example.png
                    [31mmessage[39;49m[0m mv_example.png
10. ls_example.png
11. bash-3.2$ ./message
12. CSUSB CSE 460 the Beautiful!
13.
14. CSUSB CSE 460 the Beautiful!
15. bash-3.2$ make clean
16. rm message message.o main.o
17. bash-3.2$ scr[K[K[Kexit
18. exit
20. Script done on Tue Jan 10 18:18:58 2017
```

Evaluation

I have given multiple examples of each command that was required and correctly developed a program that would take an input from the user and output it to the screen. I also correctly created a makefile that would compile most of the files for the user. In the makefile, I also made it an option to have it clean up all the .o files that were not used anymore.

Score: 20/20