CCTYPE Library

Math and Computer Science



What is it

- c in cctype means it is from the C language.
- Contains many functions that preform operations on characters
- To use the library:#include <cctype>



Conversion Functions

 tolower – Converts an uppercase character (A-Z) to a lower case characters. Any other character is left unchanged. The result is returned.



Conversion Functions

• toupper – Converts an lowercase character (a-z) to a uppercase characters. Any other character is left unchanged. The result is returned.



• isalnum – alphanumeric classification

```
• Digits '0' - '9'
Uppercase 'A' – 'Z'
• Lowercase 'a' – 'z'
int isalnum( int c );
char ch = '9';
int result;
result = isalnum(ch); // char is implicitly type casted to an integer
                        // result is non zero for true, 0 for false
                        // in this example, result is non zero
```



- isalpha alphabetic classification
 - Uppercase 'A' 'Z'
 - Lowercase 'a' 'z'
 int isalpha(int c);



- isblank blank classification
 - Tab '\t'
 - Space ' '← space in between single quotes int isblank(int c);



• isdigit – numeric classification

```
• Digits ( '0' – '9' )
```



- islower lower case classification
 - Characters ('a' 'z')



- isupper Upper case classification
 - Characters ('A' 'Z')



ispunct – punctuation character



• isspace – white space classification

```
Tab '\t'
Space ' ' ← space in between single quotes
Control '\f', '\v', '\n', '\r' int isspace( int c );
char ch = ' '; ← space in between single quotes int result;
result = isspace( ch ); // char is implicitly type casted to an integer // result is non zero for true, 0 for false
```

// in this example, result is non zero

SCHOOL OF MINES

iscntrl – Control character.

```
    Values ( 0 − 8, 14 - 31 )

• Tab '\t'
Whitespace control ( '\f', '\v', '\n', '\r' )
int iscntrl( int c );
char ch = '\t';
int result;
result = iscntrl(ch); // char is implicitly type casted to an integer
                         // result is non zero for true, 0 for false
                         // in this example, result is non zero
```



isgraph – graphical representation

```
• !"#$%&'()*+,-./:;<=>?@[\]^_`{|}~
• Digits ( '0' – '9' )

    Characters ('A'-'Z' & 'a' - 'z')

int isgraph( int c );
char ch = '#';
int result;
result = isgraph( ch ); // char is implicitly type casted to an integer
                         // result is non zero for true, 0 for false
                         // in this example, result is a non zero
```



- isprint Is the character printable it is the opposite of iscntrl
 - Space (' ') ← space character between single quotes
 - Digits ('0' '9')
 - Alphabet ('A' 'Z', 'a' 'z')
 - !"#\$%&'()*+,-./ :;<=>?@ [\]^_` {|}~ int isprint(int c);



isxdigit – Characters used in representing hexadecimal numbers



Notes

- Remember these functions
 - toupper, tolower
 - isupper, islower, isalnum, isalpha isspace, ispunct
- Be aware of what exists out in the cctype library.
- Do not rewrite the functions that exist without good reason.

