# Problem 5 - Intersecting Triangles (100 pts)

Time Limit : 3 s

Memory Limit : 1024 MB

### **Problem Description**

There are N ants who live on a 2D plan. The *i*-th ant rests on a point  $p_i$  in the line of y = 1 during the night. Then, at some starting time, the ant first walks by a straight line to another point  $q_i$  in the line of y = 0 to start working. After going to  $q_i$ , the ant starts working by going straight from point  $q_i$  to  $r_i$ , both in the line of y = 0. Then, at some ending time, the ant walks back to  $p_i$  from  $r_i$  by a straight line. That is, the path of each ant follows a triangle  $(p_i, q_i, r_i)$ . Each different ant can have a different walking speed, a different starting time, and/or a different end time.

The Queen Ant recently received some complaints from the ants, saying that some ants bump into each other in their daily triangular path. To understand how serious the situation is, the Queen Ant asks the Scientist Ant to list, from the paths of all ants, which ants may bump into each other—at the vertex of the triangular path, at one other point of the path, on a segment of the path. Please help the scientist determine the number of pairs of ants that may bump into each other on their triangular paths.

### Input

The input can be read through the provided header file generator.h. Please first call generator.init() to initialize the generator, then calling generator.getT() will return the number of test cases T. For each test case, calling generator.getData(&N, &P, &Q, &R) will let you get the number of triangles N, and their vertices. Note that the type of N should be int, and the type of P, Q, R should be int\*. After calling, P[0..N-1] would store  $\{p_1, p_2, \ldots, p_N\}$ , and Q[0..N-1], R[0..N-1] will store the other points, respectively. Below is an example usage, the program will run and get the data correctly; however, you will get WA if you submit it directly:

```
generator.getData(&n, &p, &q, &r);
    /* do something
    int ans = 0;
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) ans += p[i] * q[i] * r[i];
    printf("%d\n", ans);
    */
}</pre>
```

Note that you should not read anything from standard input in your program; otherwise, the behavior is undefined.

You can download the generator header "generator.h" here.

#### Output

For each test case, print the number of pairs of intersecting triangles.

#### Subtasks

In all subtasks,  $-2^{20} \le p_i, q_i, r_i \le 2^{20} - 1$  holds for each  $1 \le i \le N$ .

#### Subtask 1 (20 pts)

•  $1 \le N \le 3000, 1 \le T \le 10$ 

#### Subtask 2 (20 pts)

- $1 \le N \le 10^5, 1 \le T \le 10$
- all  $p_i$  are distinct.
- all  $q_i$  and  $r_i$  are distinct.

#### Subtask 3 (10 pts)

- $1 \le N \le 10^5, 1 \le T \le 10$
- all  $p_i$  are distinct.

#### Subtask 4 (10 pts)

•  $1 < N < 10^5, 1 < T < 10$ 

#### Subtask 5 (40 pts)

• 
$$1 \le N \le 3 \times 10^6, T = 1$$

# Sample Cases

## Sample Input 1

1 1 5 16

538724387836423741 325591348600219474 187178394057222755 353408734984306357

### **Actual Sample Input 1**

T = 1

N = 5

 $P = \{12, 7, -10, 12, 9\}$ 

 $Q = \{11, 5, 5, -16, 5\}$ 

 $R = \{-2, -13, -8, 8, 10\}$ 

## Sample Output 1

10

# Sample Input 2

2 1 5 16

51414933668525662 550301789874357166 622479167726386043 650347521267739593

# Actual Sample Input 2

T = 1

N = 5

 $P = \{2, -3, 6, -16, 0\}$ 

 $Q = \{-7, -14, -5, 1, 6\}$ 

 $R = \{-12, 5, 9, 13, -8\}$ 

# Sample Output 2

9

### Sample Input 3

3 1 5 16

203739077647024131 805985539835675567 140205801930598907 908190957489194415

### **Actual Sample Input 3**

T = 1

N = 5

 $P = \{2, 14, -16, -7, 13\}$ 

 $Q = \{7, 14, 0, 7, -5\}$ 

 $R = \{11, -12, 8, -12, -1\}$ 

## Sample Output 3

10

## Sample Input 4

1 2 10 16

869534322540300934 837268419296844257 456729939812480767 541019751318820673

# Actual Sample Input 4

T = 2

N = 10

 $P = \{-5, 15, 15, -8, -11, -5, -13, -14, 15, 10\}$ 

 $Q = \{-7, -12, -4, -13, 5, 1, 14, -16, -16, -14\}$ 

 $R = \{2, -13, 1, 9, 9, 1, 1, 12, -15, 6\}$ 

N = 10

 $P = \{7, -4, -7, 12, 9, -13, -11, 5, 3, 8\}$ 

 $Q = \{8, 5, 3, -4, -10, -10, 2, 2, -7, -9\}$ 

 $R = \{-11, -1, -1, -12, 4, 13, -16, -3, -7, 4\}$ 

# Sample Output 4

45

44