

1. Consider the cantilever beam of length L shown in Figure 1. Applying a load P to the end of the beam causes the end of the beam to deflect. The deflection of the end of the beam δ is determined with

$$\delta = \frac{PL^3}{3EI}, \quad (1)$$

where E is modulus of elasticity and I is the area moment of inertia. In the lab, you control $P = 500$ N and measure $L = 10 \pm 0.7$ cm and $I = 8 \pm 0.72 \times 10^{-11}$ m⁴. You know with negligible uncertainty that $E = 70$ GPa.

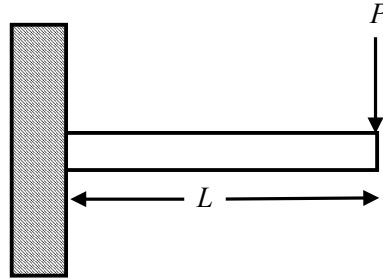


Figure 1. Cantilever beam subject to a load at the end.

- a. Determine the uncertainty in the deflection of the end of the beam *by hand* using uncertainty propagation.
 - b. Create a MatLab program that determines the uncertainty in the deflection of the end of the beam *numerically* (don't just take the derivative symbolically with MatLab). Compare your result to your result from part a (they should be the same).
2. You want to launch a water balloon into our neighbor's yard. Including wind resistance and assuming you and your target are at the same elevation, the horizontal and vertical positions of the water balloon (s_x and s_y) at time t are given by

$$s_x = \frac{v_0 m}{k} \cos(\theta) \left(1 - e^{-\frac{k}{m}t}\right), \quad (2a)$$

$$s_y = \frac{m}{k} \left(v_0 \sin(\theta) + \frac{mg}{k} \right) \left(1 - e^{-\frac{k}{m}t}\right) - \frac{mg}{k} t, \quad (2b)$$

where v_0 is the initial speed of the water balloon, $m = 1$ kg is the mass of the balloon, θ is the angle at which you launch it, $g = 9.81$ m/s² is the gravitational constant, and $k = 0.65$ kg/sec is related to the drag force. You can launch the water balloon consistently with a velocity $v_0 = 50.0 \pm 5.0$ m/s. After doing some calculations you find that launching the balloon at angles of $\theta = 15^\circ$ and 39.9° results in the same horizontal distance traveled $s_x = 56$ m (the perfect distance to make a silent escape). Which angle should you choose to minimize the uncertainty in your horizontal launch distance assuming the uncertainty in launch angle is $\pm 10\%$? hint 1: don't do this by hand, generalize your uncertainty propagation m-file from problem 1. hint 2: the total travel time can be determined when $s_y = 0$.

3. Refer to problem 3 of HW 2. Assume a $\pm 10\%$ uncertainty in the measured values of the displacement. Couple your uncertainty propagation m-file with the non-linear fitting m-file you wrote for HW2 to determine the uncertainty in the fitted values k and c (the solution for HW2 is posted on D2L).
4. Help me make the exam. Write one conceptual question related to anything we've discussed thus far. Good examples include multiple-choice questions (like a tough clicker question), questions where you must choose less-than/equal-to/greater-than signs, or questions involving drawing qualitatively-accurate graphs. Keep calculations to a bare minimum. Good questions are:
 - a. Short (no long stories or multiple paragraphs full of writing)
 - b. Non-intuitive
 - c. Unique (something relatively new, but feel free to use clicker questions for inspiration)
 - d. Easily interpreted (not a vague question that could have multiple interpretations)

Review class notes, labs, homework, and clicker questions for inspiration. Write your question at the top of a new page and your solution and explanation on the bottom or back of the page so I can test myself and ensure that I am interpreting your question correctly. If you generate a good question, it may end up on the exam and you'll know the answer!