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IPv6 Routing on 7 different networks

Purpose

The purpose of this lab is to familiarize myself with IPv6, more specifically, basic IPv6 address assignments and routing protocols such as RIPng. Throughout this lab, I was required to use Layer 3 Switches (Catalyst 3560 and Catalyst 6500 Switches) that lead me to be accustomed to new IPv6 devices. This lab also required me to research ipv6 routing protocols that I have not learned. Finally, this lab required me to manage and route a complex network topology, with 7 different networks, a skill that is essential for a network engineer.

Background Information on lab concepts

IPv6, or Internet Protocol version 6, is the most recent version of IPs that has replaced Internet Protocol version 4 (IPv4). Such implementation was required for the growing need for new addresses, for IPv6 could provide more than people needed. It is thus crucial to know the use and implementation of IPv6.

RIPng, or Routing Information Protocol next generation, is a protocol that enables routing information to be transferred across different networks. RIP is a distance-vector protocol that uses hop counts as its metric.

Lab Summary

In this lab, I set up 2 Catalyst 2901 routers, 2 Catalyst 2811 routers, 2 Catalyst 3560 Switches, and 1 Catalyst 6500 Switch. As soon as I plugged in the appropriate cables, I began configuring the IPv6 in Routers with the knowledge that I acquired in CCNA, which is enabling IPv6 on each interface and setting up RIPng (see commands in the Lab Commands section). After that, I began to configure Switches thinking that Layer 3 Switches are practically Routers, only to realize that certain commands were needed to enable routing (Layer 3) and IPv6.

I attempted to figure out the appropriate commands by researching. This task was not simple at all, for there were a vast number of different commands that were dispersed throughout the internet. After 30 minutes on the internet and typing endless question marks, I finally was able to figure out that the commands *Switch (config)# sdm prefer dual-ipv4-and-ipv6 routing* and *Switch # reload* are initially required.

To ensure that the 7 networks can communicate, I used the commands **show ipv6 int brief** and **show ipv6 route** to check which networks have IPv6 enabled. Initially, only 4 routers were marked with an "R," so I went back to the routers that were responsible for the missing networks. The main problem was that the ports were shutdown, since I did not copy and paste the **no shutdown** command when working on the lab the day after. After the routing table was complete, I issued the **tracert [ipv6-address]** command and verified that communication between hosts, which included 7 different networks, was enabled.

Lab Commands

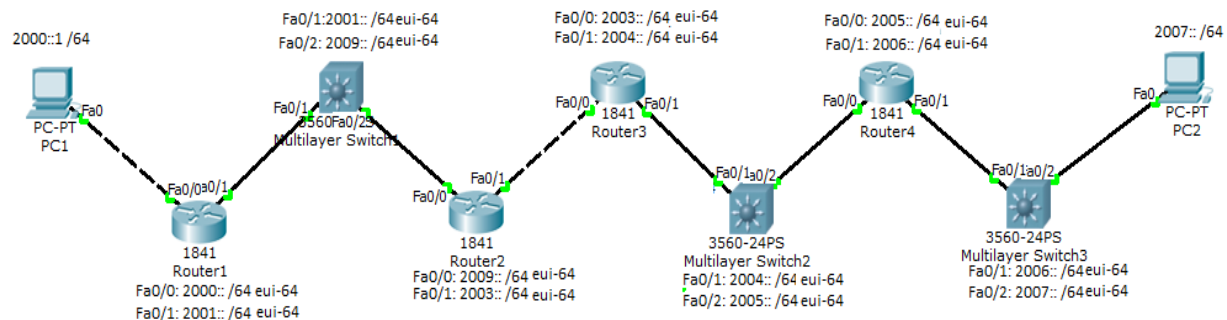
To initially enable IPv6 on routers, the command *Router (config)# ipv6 unicast-routing* must be issued. The interfaces then need to be set up with the appropriate IPv6 addresses. There are two ways to do this – issuing the command *Router (config)# ipv6 address [network::/64] eui-64*, or *Router (config)# ipv6 address [network::number/64]*. I used the eui-64 command to dynamically assign an IPv6 address. After that, the routing protocols need to be enabled; I issued the command *Router (config-if)# ipv6 rip [word] enable* and *Router (config)# ipv6 router rip [word]* to enable RIPng on routers.

The commands for configuring switches are slightly different. The command *Switch(config)# ipv6 unicast-routing* can't be issued, thus the command *Switch (config)# sdm prefer dual-ipv4-and-ipv6 routing* and *Switch # reload* needs to be executed first. After that, the command *Switch (config)# ip routing* must be enabled for a Catalyst 3560 Switch to function as a layer 3 Switch. The rest are the same with routers. Note that the Catalyst 6500 does not need these commands unique on Layer 3 Switches.

To set up IPv6 addresses on hosts, simply click control panel then network settings, change adapter settings, and finally the IPv6 protocol. The default gateway is the IPv6 of the closest interface of the host.

As mentioned in the Lab Summary section, issue the commands *Router (config)# show ipv6 int brief*, *Router (config)# show ipv6 route*, and the *tracert* command (in cmd) to troubleshoot. Routing tables must be filled with a "R", a "C," or a "L" for every network to verify that the networks are part of the communication.

Network Diagram with IP's



Note that Multilayer Switch 3 is the Catalyst 6500 Switch.

Configurations

Tracert from PC1 to PC2

```
Administrator: C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe

C:\Users\Admin>tracert 2007::1

Tracing route to 2007::1 over a maximum of 30 hops

  1  <1 ms    <1 ms    <1 ms    2000::aef2:c5ff:fe55:9788
  2  <1 ms    <1 ms    <1 ms    2001::225:46ff:fe32:3541
  3  <1 ms    <1 ms    <1 ms    2009::217:e0ff:fe51:b2b0
  4  1 ms     <1 ms    <1 ms    2003::218:19ff:fe5d:92c8
  5  2 ms     1 ms     1 ms     2004::3edf:1eff:feaa:1e41
  6  4 ms     3 ms     3 ms     2005::4255:39ff:feb7:61e8
  7  3 ms     3 ms     3 ms     2006::2d0:2bff:fe15:110a
  8  4 ms     3 ms     3 ms     2007::1

Trace complete.

C:\Users\Admin>ping 2007::1

Pinging 2007::1 with 32 bytes of data:
Reply from 2007::1: time=4ms
Reply from 2007::1: time=4ms
Reply from 2007::1: time=3ms
Reply from 2007::1: time=4ms

Ping statistics for 2007::1:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
    Minimum = 3ms, Maximum = 4ms, Average = 3ms

C:\Users\Admin>
```

Tracert from PC2 to PC1

```
Administrator: C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe

Microsoft Windows [Version 6.1.7601]
Copyright (c) 2009 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

C:\Users\Admin>tracert 2000::1

Tracing route to 2000::1 over a maximum of 30 hops

  1  <1 ms    <1 ms    <1 ms    2007::2d0:2bff:fe15:110a
  2  <1 ms    <1 ms    <1 ms    2006::4255:39ff:feb7:61e9
  3  2 ms     8 ms     2 ms     2005::3edf:1eff:feaa:1e42
  4  6 ms     3 ms     3 ms     2004::218:19ff:fe5d:92c9
  5  5 ms     3 ms     3 ms     2003::217:e0ff:fe51:b2b1
  6  8 ms     5 ms     3 ms     2009::225:46ff:fe32:3542
  7  4 ms     3 ms     3 ms     2001::aef2:c5ff:fe55:9789
  8  10 ms    3 ms     3 ms     2000::1

Trace complete.

C:\Users\Admin>ping 2000::1

Pinging 2000::1 with 32 bytes of data:
Reply from 2000::1: time=10ms
Reply from 2000::1: time=3ms
Reply from 2000::1: time=4ms
Reply from 2000::1: time=11ms

Ping statistics for 2000::1:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
    Minimum = 3ms, Maximum = 11ms, Average = 7ms
```

ipconfig on PC1

```
Administrator: C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe
Minimum = 3ms, Maximum = 11ms, Average = 6ms
C:\Users\Admin>ipconfig
Windows IP Configuration

Ethernet adapter Local Area Connection:

    Connection-specific DNS Suffix . . . : 
    IPv6 Address. . . . . : 2000::1
    IPv6 Address. . . . . : 2000::7dd8:aed6:c976:8441
    Temporary IPv6 Address. . . . . : 2000::6036:679d:3c46:ad7c
    Link-local IPv6 Address . . . . . : fe80::7dd8:aed6:c976:8441%11
    Autoconfiguration IPv4 Address. . . : 169.254.132.65
    Subnet Mask . . . . . : 255.255.0.0
    Default Gateway . . . . . : fe80::aef2:c5ff:fe55:9788%11
                                2000::aef2:c5ff:fe55:9788

Ethernet adapter VMware Network Adapter VMnet1:

    Connection-specific DNS Suffix . . . : 
    Link-local IPv6 Address . . . . . : fe80::201c:d6fe:aae3:e8e7%12
    IPv4 Address. . . . . : 192.168.112.1
    Subnet Mask . . . . . : 255.255.255.0
    Default Gateway . . . . . : 

Ethernet adapter VMware Network Adapter VMnet8:

    Connection-specific DNS Suffix . . . : 
    Link-local IPv6 Address . . . . . : fe80::517c:c367:6816:faac%13
    IPv4 Address. . . . . : 192.168.146.1
    Subnet Mask . . . . . : 255.255.255.0
    Default Gateway . . . . . : 

Tunnel adapter isatap.{AACE8791-5527-4A5A-9310-049B51E260FC}:

    Media State . . . . . : Media disconnected
    Connection-specific DNS Suffix . . . : 

Tunnel adapter isatap.{E2CC3B72-E264-498A-89F8-43E763E78808}:

    Media State . . . . . : Media disconnected
    Connection-specific DNS Suffix . . . : 

Tunnel adapter isatap.{647D2DBA-1FC7-4380-BC04-CAD7D63A093A}:

    Media State . . . . . : Media disconnected
    Connection-specific DNS Suffix . . . : 

Tunnel adapter Teredo Tunneling Pseudo-Interface:

    Media State . . . . . : Media disconnected
    Connection-specific DNS Suffix . . . : 

C:\Users\Admin>
```

ipconfig on PC2

```
Administrator: C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe
C:\Users\Admin>ipconfig
Windows IP Configuration

Ethernet adapter Local Area Connection:

    Connection-specific DNS Suffix . . . : 
    IPv6 Address. . . . . : 2007::1
    IPv6 Address. . . . . : 2007::cdef:1f3c:7edf:3c5a
    Temporary IPv6 Address. . . . . : 2007::fc87:ada8:5868:8228
    Link-local IPv6 Address . . . . . : fe80::cdef:1f3c:7edf:3c5a%11
    Autoconfiguration IPv4 Address. . . : 169.254.60.90
    Subnet Mask . . . . . : 255.255.0.0
    Default Gateway . . . . . : fe80::2d0:2bff:fe15:110a%11
                                2007::2d0:2bff:fe15:110a

Ethernet adapter VMware Network Adapter VMnet1:

    Connection-specific DNS Suffix . . . : 
    Link-local IPv6 Address . . . . . : fe80::201c:d6fe:aae3:e8e7%12
    IPv4 Address. . . . . : 192.168.112.1
    Subnet Mask . . . . . : 255.255.255.0
    Default Gateway . . . . . : 

Ethernet adapter VMware Network Adapter VMnet8:

    Connection-specific DNS Suffix . . . : 
    Link-local IPv6 Address . . . . . : fe80::517c:c367:6816:faac%13
    IPv4 Address. . . . . : 192.168.146.1
    Subnet Mask . . . . . : 255.255.255.0
    Default Gateway . . . . . : 

Tunnel adapter isatap.{E2CC3B72-E264-498A-89F8-43E763E78808}:

    Media State . . . . . : Media disconnected
    Connection-specific DNS Suffix . . . : 

Tunnel adapter isatap.{647D2DBA-1FC7-4380-BC04-CAD7D63A093A}:

    Media State . . . . . : Media disconnected
    Connection-specific DNS Suffix . . . : 

Tunnel adapter Teredo Tunneling Pseudo-Interface:

    Media State . . . . . : Media disconnected
    Connection-specific DNS Suffix . . . : 

Tunnel adapter isatap.{AACE8791-5527-4A5A-9310-049B51E260FC}:

    Media State . . . . . : Media disconnected
    Connection-specific DNS Suffix . . . :
```

```
S3#sh run
```

```

    via FE80::4255:39FF:FEB7:61E9,
FastEthernet4/1
L    FE80::/10 [0/0]
    via ::, Null0
L    FF00::/8 [0/0]
    via ::, Null0

```

```
R3#sh run
hostname R3
!
ipv6 unicast-routing
ipv6 cef
ip source-route
ip cef
!
!
interface GigabitEthernet0/0
no ip address
no shutdown
duplex auto
speed auto
ipv6 address 2003::/64 eui-64
ipv6 rip Cisco enable
!
!
interface GigabitEthernet0/1
no ip address
no shutdown
duplex auto
speed auto
ipv6 address 2004::/64 eui-64
ipv6 rip Cisco enable
!
!
interface Serial0/0/0
no ip address
shutdown
clock rate 2000000
!
!
interface Serial0/0/1
no ip address
shutdown
clock rate 2000000
!
!
!
ip forward-protocol nd
!
no ip http server
no ip http secure-server
!
!
ipv6 router rip Cisco
!
!
!
```



```

!
!
interface Serial0/0/1
  no ip address
  shutdown
  clock rate 2000000
!
!
!
ip forward-protocol nd
!
no ip http server
no ip http secure-server
!
!
ipv6 router rip Cisco
!
!
!
!
!
!
!
control-plane
!
!
!
line con 0
line aux 0
line vty 0 4
  login
!
scheduler allocate 20000 1000
end

```

```

R4#sh ipv6 route
IPv6 Routing Table - default - 11
entries
Codes: C - Connected, L - Local, S -
Static, U - Per-user Static route
       B - BGP, HA - Home Agent, MR -
Mobile Router, R - RIP
       I1 - ISIS L1, I2 - ISIS L2, IA -
ISIS interarea, IS - ISIS summary
       D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external,
ND - Neighbor Discovery
       O - OSPF Intra, OI - OSPF Inter,
OE1 - OSPF ext 1, OE2 - OSPF ext 2
       ON1 - OSPF NSSA ext 1, ON2 -
OSPF NSSA ext 2
R   2000::/64 [120/6]
    via FE80::3EDF:1EFF:FEAA:1E42,
GigabitEthernet0/0
R   2001::/64 [120/5]
    via FE80::3EDF:1EFF:FEAA:1E42,
GigabitEthernet0/0
R   2003::/64 [120/3]
    via FE80::3EDF:1EFF:FEAA:1E42,
GigabitEthernet0/0
R   2004::/64 [120/2]
    via FE80::3EDF:1EFF:FEAA:1E42,
GigabitEthernet0/0
C   2005::/64 [0/0]

```

```

    via GigabitEthernet0/0, directly
connected
L   2005::4255:39FF:FEB7:61E8/128 [0/0]
    via GigabitEthernet0/0, receive
C   2006::/64 [0/0]
    via GigabitEthernet0/1, directly
connected
L   2006::4255:39FF:FEB7:61E9/128 [0/0]
    via GigabitEthernet0/1, receive
R   2007::/64 [120/2]
    via FE80::2D0:2BFF:FE15:110A,
GigabitEthernet0/1
R   2009::/64 [120/4]
    via FE80::3EDF:1EFF:FEAA:1E42,
GigabitEthernet0/0
L   FF00::/8 [0/0]
    via Null0, receive

```

Router 1

```

R1#sh run
Current configuration : 1403 bytes
!
version 12.4
service timestamps debug datetime msec
service timestamps log datetime msec
no service password-encryption
!
hostname R1
!
boot-start-marker
boot-end-marker
!
logging message-counter syslog
!
no aaa new-model
memory-size iomem 10
!
dot11 syslog
ip source-route
!
!
ip cef
!
!
ipv6 unicast-routing
ipv6 cef
!
multilink bundle-name authenticated
!
!
!
!
!

```



```

ip address 2004::/64 eui-64
ipv6 rip Cisco enable
!
interface FastEthernet0/2
 no switchport
 no ip address
 no shutdown
 ipv6 address 2005::/64 eui-64
 ipv6 rip Cisco enable
!
!
interface Vlan1
 no ip address
 shutdown
!
ip classless
ip http server
ip http secure-server
!
!
ip sla enable reaction-alerts
ipv6 router rip Cisco
!
!
!
!
!
!
line con 0
line vty 0 4
 login
line vty 5 15
 login
!
end

S2#sh ipv6 route

IPv6 Routing Table - Default - 11
entries
Codes: C - Connected, L - Local, S -
Static, U - Per-user Static route
        B - BGP, R - RIP, D - EIGRP, EX
- EIGRP external
        O - OSPF Intra, OI - OSPF Inter,
OE1 - OSPF ext 1, OE2 - OSPF ext 2
        ON1 - OSPF NSSA ext 1, ON2 -
OSPF NSSA ext 2
R   2000::/64 [120/5]
    via FE80::218:19FF:FECD:92C9,
FastEthernet0/1
R   2001::/64 [120/4]
    via FE80::218:19FF:FECD:92C9,
FastEthernet0/1
R   2003::/64 [120/2]
    via FE80::218:19FF:FECD:92C9,
FastEthernet0/1
C   2004::/64 [0/0]
    via FastEthernet0/1, directly
connected
L   2004::3EDF:1EFF:FEAA:1E41/128 [0/0]
    via FastEthernet0/1, receive
C   2005::/64 [0/0]

```

Switch 1 (Catalyst 3560)

Switch 1 (Catalyst 3560)

Switch 1 (Catalyst 3560)

```

R    2005::/64 [120/4]
    via FE80::217:E0FF:FE51:B2B0,
FastEthernet0/2
R    2006::/64 [120/5]
    via FE80::217:E0FF:FE51:B2B0,
FastEthernet0/2
R    2007::/64 [120/6]
    via FE80::217:E0FF:FE51:B2B0,
FastEthernet0/2

C    2009::/64 [0/0]
    via FastEthernet0/2, directly
connected
L    2009::225:46FF:FE32:3542/128 [0/0]
    via FastEthernet0/2, receive
L    FF00::/8 [0/0]
    via Null0, receive

```

Problems

One of the major problems that I encountered was having to figure out the protocol that enabled ipv6 routing on the Switches. This process consumed the most time, for the commands on the internet were difficult to find. Also, Layer 1 problems were prevalent; as I saved my configurations in a separate text document, the “no shutdown” command was not typed, often shutting down the ports and leaving the routing table blank.

Conclusion

The overall result of this lab was satisfying; I managed to enable communication among 7 different networks. Although Layer 1 issues as well as the process of researching protocols consumed more time than I expected, I could implement the knowledge I gained as quickly and efficiently as possible. Moreover, this lab helped me gain a better understanding of how the CCNP racks worked. I was finally able to be accustomed to setting up IPv6 and RIPng and configuring Catalyst 3560 and 6500 Switches to enable communication in Layer 3.