Due Date: Mar 7, 2018, Beginning of the class

How to submit: Hard copy in the Class

- 2.1 Show that  $f(x) = e^{\alpha x^T A x}$  is convex, where A is a positive semidefinite symmetric  $n \times n$  matrix and  $\alpha$  is a positive scalar.
- 2.2 Show that  $f(x,t) = -\log(t^2 x^T x)$  with  $\operatorname{dom} f = \{(x,t) \in \mathbf{R}^n \times \mathbf{R} | t > ||x||_2\}$  is convex. Hint: you can use composition rules here and use convexity of the quadratic over linear function.

2.3 Show that 
$$f(x) = \frac{x^T x}{(\prod_{i=1}^n x_i)^{\frac{1}{n}}}$$
 is convex **dom**  $f = \mathbb{R}^n_{++}$ .

**Hint: Perspective Composition Rule.** Suppose that  $f: \mathbb{R}^n \to \mathbb{R}$  is a closed proper convex function satisfying  $f(0) \leq 0$  and  $g: \mathbb{R}^m \to \mathbb{R}$  be a closed proper concave function which is nonnegative on its effective domain, the function h(x) = g(x)f(x/g(x)) is convex with  $\operatorname{dom} h = \{x \in \operatorname{dom} g \mid x/g(x) \in \operatorname{dom} f\}$ .

- 2.4 Show the following:
- (a) If f and g are convex, both nondecreasing (or nonincreasing), and positive functions on an interval, then fg is convex.
- (b) Suppose that  $f: \mathbf{R}^n \to \mathbf{R}$  is nonnegative and convex, and  $g: \mathbf{R}^n \to \mathbf{R}$  is positive and concave. Show that the function  $\frac{f^2}{g}$ , with domain  $\operatorname{dom} f \cap \operatorname{dom} g$  is convex.