

project

April 19, 2020

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[1]: import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
from sklearn import preprocessing

df = pd.read_csv('training.csv') # use test which is smaller for development
df.info()
```

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<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 9500 entries, 0 to 9499
Data columns (total 3 columns):
article_number    9500 non-null int64
article_words     9500 non-null object
topic             9500 non-null object
dtypes: int64(1), object(2)
memory usage: 222.8+ KB
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[2]: df.head()
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[2]:  article_number      article_words \
0          1  open,absent,cent,cent,cent,stock,inflow,rate,k...
1          2  morn,stead,end,end,day,day,day,patch,patch,pat...
2          3  socc,socc,world,world,recent,law,fifa,fifa,fif...
3          4  open,forint,forint,forint,forint,cent,cent,ste...
4          5  morn,complet,weekend,minut,minut,minut,arrow,d...

      topic
0  FOREX MARKETS
1  MONEY MARKETS
2      SPORTS
3  FOREX MARKETS
4    IRRELEVANT
```

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[3]: input_cols = ['article_words']
out_cols = ['topic']
X = df[input_cols]
y = df[out_cols]
split = int(X.shape[0] * 0.9)
#X_t = X[:split]
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#y_t = y[:split]
#X_v = X[split:]
#y_v = y[split:]
```

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[4]: TOP = 5
words = set() # every word in the doc
top_words = set() # a set of TOP # words from each article
features = [] # array of array of top word
for i in range (X.shape[0]):
    tally = dict()
    # this for loop get all words and count their frequency of each article,
    for word in X['article_words'][i].split(','):
        words.add(word)
        if word not in tally.keys():
            tally[word] = 1
        else:
            tally[word] +=1
    #print(tally)
    sorted_tally = sorted(tally.items(), key=lambda kv: kv[1], reverse=True)
    #print(sorted_tally[:TOP], y['topic'][i])

    # this loop puts top words to the list of features
    loc_feat = []
    for j in range(TOP):
        top_words.add(sorted_tally[j][0])
        loc_feat.append(sorted_tally[j][0])
    features.append(loc_feat)

print(len(words))
#print(words)
print(len(top_words))
#print(top_words)
#print(features)
```

35823

6486

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[5]: index = dict()
count = 0
for word in top_words:
    index[word] = count
    count+=1
# print(index)
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[ ]:
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[6]: bool_features = []
for i in range (len(features)):
    bool_f = [0] * len(top_words)
    for t in range (TOP):
        bool_f[index[features[i]][t]] = 1
    bool_features.append(tuple(bool_f))
df_cleaned = pd.DataFrame(bool_features, columns = list(top_words))
# print(df_cleaned.head())
# df_cleaned.head().to_csv('tmp.csv') # write to file to validate output

[8]: from sklearn.preprocessing import OneHotEncoder
from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier
from sklearn.metrics import roc_auc_score
from sklearn.metrics import precision_recall_fscore_support

enc = OneHotEncoder(handle_unknown='ignore')
enc.fit(y)
y_trans = enc.transform(y).toarray()

START = 3
END = 4
def optimal_min_leaf(tx, ty, true_y, pred_xarg):
    scores = []
    metrics = []
    for k in range(START, END):
        dtc = DecisionTreeClassifier(min_samples_leaf=k)
        dtc.fit(tx, ty)
        y_pred = dtc.predict(pred_xarg)
        score = roc_auc_score(true_y, y_pred)
        metric = precision_recall_fscore_support(true_y, y_pred, average='micro')
        scores.append(score)
        metrics.append(metric)
        print(dtc.min_samples_leaf, score)
    return START+np.argmax(scores), scores, metrics

op_min_leaf, test_scores, metrics = optimal_min_leaf(df_cleaned[:split],
↪y_trans[:split], y_trans[split:], df_cleaned[split:])
print('op_min_samples_leaf =', op_min_leaf)
print('score =', test_scores)
print('metrics =', metrics)
```

```
3 0.6819013142615469
op_min_samples_leaf = 3
score = [0.6819013142615469]
metrics = [(0.7272727272727273, 0.631578947368421, 0.676056338028169, None)]
```

[]: