# rmarkdown notes

Steven Wong May 22, 2016

## **Basics**

A YAML is header is a set of key. Output can also be:

- pdf\_document
- word document
- beamer\_document
- ioslides\_document

To knitr the .Rmd file to the output, in R, execute:

```
render("file.rmd")
```

To knitr the .Rmd file as shiny output, in R, execute:

run("file.rmd")

# Basic Syntax

Plain text

End a line with two spaces to start a new paragraph.

Or

End a line with a \. This is useful in tables.

Put an empty line between two line to start a new paragraph, with a gap.

italics and italics

bold and bold superscript<sup>2</sup> strikethrough link

# Header 1

## Header 2

## Header 1

Header 2

Header 3

Header 4

#### Header 5

Header 6

endash: — emdash: — ellipsis: . . .

in line equation:  $A=\pi*r^2$ 

block quote

plain code blocks

Inline code block.

LaTeX Equations: Inline: equation Display equation:

equation

- unordered list
- item 2
  - sub-item 1
  - sub-item 2
- 1. ordered list
- $2. \ item \ 2$ 
  - $\bullet$  sub-item 1
  - $\bullet$  sub-item 2

Table Header	Second Header
Table Cell	Cell 2
Cell 3	Cell 4

horizontal rule (or slide break; 3 or more is good):

# Embedding R Codes

#### Default:

```
paste("Hello, World!")
## [1] "Hello, World!"
```

Include code: 2 + 2 = 4

## Chuck Options (inside {r})

To only show the codes:

```
paste("Hello, World!")
```

To only show the evaluation:

## [1] "Hello, World!"

## Example:

With ggplot2:

```
imdb <- read_csv('~/Documents/Projects/IMDB/ratings_list_short_151120.csv')
ggplot(imdb, aes(x = Rating)) +
  geom_histogram(binwidth = 0.2)</pre>
```

