Package 'ICAMS'

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Title In-depth Characterization and Analysis of Mutational Signatures

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```
Description A toolkit for analysis and visualization of experimentally
      elucidated mutational signatures -- the kind of analysis and visualization
      presented in Boot et al., "In-depth characterization of the cisplatin
      mutational signature in human cell lines and in esophageal and liver
      tumors", 2018, https://genome.cshlp.org/content/28/5/654.short. This
      package has functions to read in variant call files and to collate
      the corresponding catalogs of mutational spectra and to analyze and plot
      catalogs of mutational spectra and signatures.
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```

Type Package

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| as.ca | atalog Create attributes of a catalog | |

Description

Create attributes of a catalog

Usage

```
as.catalog(matrix, ref.genome, region, catalog.type)
```

Arguments

matrix A matrix of mutation

ref.genome A ref.genome argument as described in ICAMS.

region A character string acting as a region identifier, one of "genome", "exome".

catalog.type One of "counts", "density", "counts.signature", "density.signature".

Value

The original catalog with the following attributes added: ref.genome, region, type, abundance, class.

CatalogRowOrder 3

| CatalogRowOrder | Standard order of row names in a catalog. | |
|-----------------|---|--|
| | | |

Description

This data is designed for those who need to create their own catalogs from formats not supported by this package. The rownames denote the mutation types. For example, for SBS96 catalogs, the rowname AGAT represents a mutation from AGA > ATA.

Usage

```
catalog.row.order
```

Format

A list of character vectors indicating the standard orders of row names in catalogs.

Note

In the ID (insertion and deletion) catalog, deletion repeat size is in the range from 0 to 5+, but for plotting and end user documentation it ranges from 1 to 6+.

```
CollapseCatalog "Collapse" a catalog.
```

Description

"Collapse" a catalog. Do not use this function for signature catalogs.

Usage

```
Collapse192CatalogTo96(catalog)
Collapse1536CatalogTo96(catalog)
Collapse144CatalogTo78(catalog)
```

Arguments

catalog A catalog as defined in ICAMS.

Details

```
Collapse192CatalogTo96 Collapse an SBS 192 catalog to an SBS 96 catalog. Collapse1536CatalogTo96 Collapse an SBS 1536 catalog to an SBS 96 catalog. Collapse144CatalogTo78 Collapse a DBS 144 catalog to a DBS 78 catalog.
```

Value

A catalog as defined in ICAMS.

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FindDelMH

Return the length of microhomology at a deletion.

Description

Return the length of microhomology at a deletion.

Usage

```
FindDelMH(context, deleted.seq, pos, trace = 0)
```

Arguments

context The deleted sequence plus ample surrounding sequence on each side (at least as

long as del. sequence).

deleted.seq The deleted sequence in context.

pos The position of del. sequence in context.

trace If > 0, cat various messages.

Details

This function is primarily for internal use, but we export it to document the underlying logic.

Example:

GGCTAGTT aligned to GGCTAGAACTAGTT with a deletion represented as:

```
GGCTAGAACTAGTT
GG-----CTAGTT GGCTAGTT GG[CTAGAA]CTAGTT
----
```

Presumed repair mechanism leading to this:

```
GGCTAGAACTAGTT
CCGATCTTGATCAA

=>
GGCTAG TT
CC GATCAA
....
=>
GGCTAGTT
CCGATCAA
```

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Variant-caller software can represent the same deletion in several different, but completely equivalent, ways.

```
GGCTAGTT GGCTAGTT GGC[TAGAAC]TAGTT

* --- * ---

GGCT-----AGTT GGCTAGTT GGCT[AGAACT]AGTT

** -- ** --

GGCTA-----GTT GGCTAGTT GGCTA[GAACTA]GTT

*** - *** -

GGCTAG----TT GGCTAGTT GGCTAG[AACTAG]TT

**** ****
```

A deletion in a *repeat* can also be represented in several different ways. A deletion in a repeat is abstractly equivalent to microhomology that spans the entire deleted sequence. For example;

This function only flags this case with a -1 return; it does not figure out the repeat extent.

This function finds:

- 1. The maximum match of undeleted sequence to the left of the deletion that is identical to the right end of the deleted sequence, and
- 2. The maximum match of undeleted sequence to the right of the deletion that is identical to the left end of the deleted sequence.

The microhomology sequence is the concatenation of items (1) and (2).

Value

The length of the maximum microhomology of del.sequence in context.

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GetVAF

Extract the VAFs (variant allele frequencies) from a VCF file.

Description

Extract the VAFs (variant allele frequencies) from a VCF file.

Usage

```
GetStrelkaVAF(vcf)
GetMutectVAF(vcf)
```

Arguments

vcf

said VCF as a data.frame.

Value

A vector of VAFs, one for each row of vcf.

ICAMS

ICAMS: In-depth Characterization and Analysis of Mutational Signatures

Description

A toolkit for analysis and visualization of experimentally elucidated mutational signatures – the kind of analysis and visualization presented in Boot et al., "In-depth characterization of the cisplatin mutational signature in human cell lines and in esophageal and liver tumors", *Genome Research*, 2018, https://genome.cshlp.org/content/28/5/654.short.

Details

ICAMS can read in variant call files (VCFs) generated by Strelka or Mutect, and collate the mutations into "catalogs" of mutational spectra. ICAMS can create and plot catalogs of mutational spectra or signatures for single base substitutions (SBS), double base substitutions (DBS), and small insertions and deletions (ID). It can also read and write these catalogs.

Catalogs

A key data type in ICAMS is a "catalog" of mutation counts, of mutation densities, or of mutational signatures.

A catalog has one of the following types:

- 1. Matrix of mutation counts (one column per sample), representing (counts-based) mutational spectra.
- 2. Matrix of mutation densities, i.e. mutations per occurrences of source sequences (one column per sample), representing (density-based) mutational spectra.

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3. Matrix of mutational signatures, which are similar to spectra. However where spectra consist of counts or densities of mutations in each mutation class (e.g. ACA > AAA, ACA > AGA, ACA > ATA, ACC > AAC, ...), signatures consist of the proportions of mutations in each class (with all the proportions summing to 1). A mutational signature can be based on either:

- mutation counts (a "counts-based mutational signature"), or
- mutation densities (a "density-based mutational signature").

Many functions take the argument catalog.type, with possible values "counts", "density", "counts.signature", or "density.signature", corresponding to the types of catalogs in items 1, 2, 3.1, and 3.2, above.

Catalogs are implemented as S3 objects of class matrix and one of the ICAMS classes SBS96Catalog, SBS192Catalog, SBS1536Catalog, DBS78Catalog, DBS144Catalog, DBS136Catalog, IndelCatalog.

If you need to create a catalog from a source other than this package (i.e. other than with ReadCatalog or StrelkaSBSVCFFilesToCatalog, MutectVCFFilesToCatalog, etc.), then use as.catalog.

Creating catalogs from variant call files (VCF files)

- 1. StrelkaSBSVCFFilesToCatalog creates 3 SBS catalogs (96, 192, 1536) and 3 DBS catalogs (78, 136, 144) from the Strelka SBS VCFs.
- 2. StrelkaIDVCFFilesToCatalog creates ID (indel) catalog from the Strelka ID VCFs.
- 3. MutectVCFFilesToCatalog creates 3 SBS catalogs (96, 192, 1536), 3 DBS catalogs (78, 136, 144) and ID (indel) catalog from the Mutect VCFs.

The ref.genome argument

Many functions take the argument ref.genome. This can be either

- 1. A variable from the Bioconductor BSgenome package that contains a particular reference genome, for example BSgenome. Hsapiens. 1000genomes. hs37d5. BSgenome::available.genomes() returns the available genomes.
- 2. The strings "hg38" or "GRCh38" are shorthand for BSgenome. Hsapiens. UCSC. hg38, and the strings "hg19" or "GRCh37" are shorthand for BSgenome. Hsapiens. 1000genomes. hs37d5.

The Bioconductor BSgenome package

This package will be installed automatically if ICAMS is installed with devtools::install_local or with devtools::install_github. Otherwise you must manually install BSgenome and the necessary genomes, e.g.

BSgenome. Hsapiens. 1000 genomes. hs37d5.

See instructions at

https://bioconductor.org/packages/release/bioc/html/BSgenome.html.

Genomes other than the two human genomes mentioned above must be installed manually.

Use available genomes to get the list of available genomes.

Plotting catalogs

The PlotCatalog functions plot mutational spectra for one sample or plot one mutational signature. The PlotCatalogToPdf functions plot catalogs of mutational spectra or of mutational signatures to a PDF file.

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Writing catalogs

The WriteCatalog functions write a catalog of mutational spectra or of mutational signatures to a file.

Reading catalogs

The ReadCatalog functions read a file that contains a catalog of mutational spectra or of signatures in standardized format.

Transforming catalogs

The TransformCatalog function transforms catalogs of mutational spectra or signatures to account for differing abundances of the source sequence of the mutations in the genome.

For example, mutations from ACG are much rarer in the human genome than mutations from ACC simply because CG dinucleotides are rare in the genome. Consequently, there are two possible representations of mutational spectra or signatures. One representation is based on mutation counts as observed in a given genome, and this approach is widely used, as, for example, at https://cancer.sanger.ac.uk/cosmic/signatures, which presents signatures based on observed mutation counts in the human genome. We call these "counts-based spectra" or "counts-based signatures".

Alternatively, mutational spectra or signatures can be represented as mutations per source sequence, for example the number of ACT > AGT mutations occurring at all ACT 3-mers in a genome. We call these "density-based spectra" or "density-based signatures".

This function can also transform spectra based on observed genome-wide counts to "density"-based catalogs. In density-based catalogs mutations are expressed as mutations per source sequences. For example, a density-based catalog represents the proportion of ACCs mutated to ATCs, the proportion of ACGs mutated to ATGs, etc. This is different from counts-based mutational spectra catalogs, which contain the number of ACC > ATC mutations, the number of ACG > ATG mutations, etc.

This function can also transform observed-count based spectra or signatures from genome to exome based counts, or between different species (since the abundances of source sequences vary between genome and exome and between species).

Collapsing catalogs

The CollapseCatalog functions

- 1. take a mutational spectrum or signature catalog that is based on a fined-grained set of features (for example, single-nucleotide substitutions in the context of the preceding and following 2 bases), and
- 2. collapse it to a catalog based on a coarser-grained set of features (for example, single-nucleotide substitutions in the context of the immediately preceding and following bases).

Data

- 1. CatalogRowOrder Standard order of rownames in a catalog. The rownames of encode the type of each mutation. The rownames denote the mutation types. For example, for SBS96 catalogs, the rowname AGAT represents a mutation from AGA > ATA.
- 2. TranscriptRanges Transcript ranges and strand information for a particular reference genome.

MutectVCFFilesToCatalog

Create SBS, DBS and Indel catalogs from Mutect VCF files

Description

Create 3 SBS catalogs (96, 192, 1536), 3 DBS catalogs (78, 136, 144) and Indel catalog from the Mutect VCFs specified by vector.of.file.paths

Usage

```
MutectVCFFilesToCatalog(vector.of.file.paths, ref.genome, trans.ranges,
    region)
```

Arguments

vector.of.file.paths

Character vector of file paths to the Mutect VCF files.

ref.genome A ref.genome argument as described in ICAMS.

trans.ranges A data.table which contains transcript range and strand information. Please refer

to TranscriptRanges for more details.

region A character string acting as a region identifier, one of "genome", "exome".

Details

This function calls VCFsToSBSCatalogs, VCFsToDBSCatalogs and VCFsToIDCatalogs

Value

A list of 3 SBS catalogs (one each for 96, 192, and 1536), 3 DBS catalogs (one each for 78, 136, and 144) and ID catalog. Each catalog has attributes added. See as.catalog for more details.

Note

SBS 192 and DBS 144 catalogs include only mutations in transcribed regions.

 ${\tt MutectVCFFilesToCatalogAndPlotToPdf}$

Create SBS, DBS and Indel catalogs from Mutect VCF files and plot them to PDF

Description

Create 3 SBS catalogs (96, 192, 1536), 3 DBS catalogs (78, 136, 144) and Indel catalog from the Mutect VCFs specified by vector.of.file.paths and plot them to PDF

Usage

```
MutectVCFFilesToCatalogAndPlotToPdf(vector.of.file.paths, ref.genome,
    trans.ranges, region, file, no.context)
```

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Arguments

vector.of.file.paths

Character vector of file paths to the Mutect VCF files.

ref.genome A ref.genome argument as described in ICAMS.

trans.ranges A data.table which contains transcript range and strand information. Please refer

to TranscriptRanges for more details.

region A character string acting as a region identifier, one of "genome", "exome".

file The name of the PDF file to be produced.

no.context A logical value indicating whether there is preceding and following base context

for the plot. Only implemented for SBS192Catalog.

Details

This function calls MutectVCFFilesToCatalog and PlotCatalogToPdf

Value

A list of 3 SBS catalogs (one each for 96, 192, and 1536), 3 DBS catalogs (one each for 78, 136, and 144), Indel catalog and their graphs plotted to PDF with specified file name. Each catalog has attributes added. See as.catalog for more details.

Note

SBS 192 and DBS 144 catalogs include only mutations in transcribed regions.

| PlotCatalog | Plot one spectrum or signature. |
|-------------|---------------------------------|
| | |

Description

Plot the spectrum of **one** sample or plot **one** signature. The type of graph is based on one attribute("catalog.type") of the input catalog. You can first use TransformCatalog to get different types of catalog and then do the plotting.

Usage

```
PlotCatalog(catalog, no.context, cex, grid, upper, xlabels)
```

Arguments

catalog A catalog as defined in ICAMS with attributes added. See as.catalog for more

details.

no.context A logical value indicating whether there is preceding and following base context

for the plot. Only implemented for SBS192Catalog.

cex A numerical value giving the amount by which mutation class labels, mutation

counts(if it exists), y axis and its labels, x axis labels and its annotations(if it exists), sample name and legend(if it exists) should be magnified relative to the default. Only implemented for SBS96Catalog, SBS192Catalog and DBS144Catalog.

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grid A logical value indicating whether to draw grid lines. Only implemented for

SBS96Catalog.

upper A logical value indicating whether to draw horizontal lines and the names of

major mutation class on top of graph. Only implemented for SBS96Catalog.

xlabels A logical value indicating whether to draw x axis labels. Only implemented for

SBS96Catalog.

Value

invisible(TRUE)

Note

The sizes of repeats involved in deletions range from 0 to 5+ in the mutational-spectra and signature catalog rownames, but for plotting and end-user documentation they range from 1 to 6+.

PlotCatalogToPdf

Plot catalog to a PDF file.

Description

Plot catalog to a PDF file. The type of graph is based on one attribute("catalog.type") of the input catalog. You can first use TransformCatalog to get different types of catalog and then do the plotting.

Usage

PlotCatalogToPdf(catalog, file, no.context, cex, grid, upper, xlabels)

Arguments

| catalog | A catalog as defined in ICAMS with attributes added. See as.catalog for more details. |
|------------|--|
| file | The name of the PDF file to be produced. |
| no.context | A logical value indicating whether there is preceding and following base context for the plot. Only implemented for SBS192Catalog. |
| cex | A numerical value giving the amount by which mutation class labels, mutation counts(if it exists), y axis and its labels, x axis labels and its annotations(if it exists), sample name and legend(if it exists) should be magnified relative to the default. Only implemented for SBS96Catalog, SBS192Catalog and DBS144Catalog. |
| grid | A logical value indicating whether to draw grid lines. Only implemented for SBS96Catalog. |
| upper | A logical value indicating whether to draw horizontal lines and the names of major mutation class on top of graph. Only implemented for SBS96Catalog. |
| xlabels | A logical value indicating whether to draw x axis labels. Only implemented for |
| | |

Value

invisible(TRUE)

SBS96Catalog.

Note

The sizes of repeats involved in deletions range from 0 to 5+ in the mutational-spectra and signature catalog rownames, but for plotting and end-user documentation they range from 1 to 6+.

ReadAndSplitMutectVCFs

Read and split Mutect VCF files.

Description

Read and split Mutect VCF files.

Usage

ReadAndSplitMutectVCFs(vector.of.file.paths)

Arguments

vector.of.file.paths

Character vector of file paths to the Mutect VCF files.

Value

A list with 3 in-memory VCFs and two left-over VCF-like data frames with rows that were not incorporated into the first 3 VCFs, as follows:

- 1. SBS VCF with only single base substitutions.
- 2. DBS VCF with only doublet base substitutions as called by Mutect.
- 3. ID VCF with only small insertions and deletions.
- 4. other.subs VCF like data.frame with rows for coordinate substitutions involving 3 or more nucleotides, e.g. ACT > TGA or AACT > GGTA.
- 5. multiple.alternative.alleles VCF like data.frame with rows for variants with multiple alternative alleles, for example ACT mutated to both AGT and ACT at the same position.

See Also

MutectVCFFilesToCatalog

ReadAndSplitStrelkaSBSVCFs

Read and split Strelka SBS VCF files.

Description

Read and split Strelka SBS VCF files.

Usage

ReadAndSplitStrelkaSBSVCFs(vector.of.file.paths)

Arguments

vector.of.file.paths

Character vector of file paths to the Strelka SBS VCF files.

Value

A list of 3 in-memory objects as follows:

- 1. SBS.vcfs List of data.frames of pure SBS mutations no DBS or 3+BS mutations.
- 2. DBS.vcfs List of data.frames of pure DBS mutations no SBS or 3+BS mutations.
- 3. ThreePlus List of data.tables with the key CHROM, LOW.POS, HIGH.POS. containing rows that that in the input that did not represent SBSs or DBSs.

See Also

StrelkaSBSVCFFilesToCatalog

| ReadCatalog | Read catalog. |
|-------------|---------------|
| | |

Description

Read a catalog in standardized format from path.

Usage

```
ReadCatalog(path, ref.genome, region, catalog.type, strict = TRUE)
```

Arguments

path Path to a catalog on disk in the standardized format.

ref.genome A ref.genome argument as described in ICAMS.

region One of "genome", "exome".

catalog.type One of "counts", "density", "counts.signature", "density.signature".

strict If TRUE, do additional checks on the input, and stop if the checks fail.

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Details

See also WriteCatalog

Value

A catalog in standard in-memory format with attributes added. See as.catalog for more details.

Note

In the ID (insertion and deletion) catalog, deletion repeat size ranges from 0 to 5+, but for plotting and end user documentation it ranges from 1 to 6+.

ReadStrelkaIDVCFs

Read Strelka ID (insertion and deletion) VCF files.

Description

Read Strelka ID (insertion and deletion) VCF files.

Usage

ReadStrelkaIDVCFs(vector.of.file.paths)

Arguments

vector.of.file.paths

Character vector of file paths to the VCF files.

Value

A list of vcfs from vector.of.file.paths.

Note

In the ID (insertion and deletion) catalog, deletion repeat size ranges from 0 to 5+, but for plotting and end user documentation it ranges from 1 to 6+.

See Also

StrelkaIDVCFFilesToCatalog

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revc

Reverse complement every string in string.vec.

Description

Reverse complement every string in string.vec.

Usage

```
revc(string.vec)
```

Arguments

string.vec

a vector of type character.

Value

A vector of type characters with the reverse complement of every string in string.vec.

StrelkaIDVCFFilesToCatalog

Create ID (indel) catalog from Strelka ID VCF files

Description

Create ID (indel) catalog from the Strelka ID VCFs specified by vector.of.file.paths

Usage

```
StrelkaIDVCFFilesToCatalog(vector.of.file.paths, ref.genome, region)
```

Arguments

vector.of.file.paths

Character vector of file paths to the Strelka ID VCF files.

 ${\tt ref.genome} \hspace{3em} A \hspace{3em} {\tt ref.genome} \hspace{3em} argument \hspace{3em} as \hspace{3em} described \hspace{3em} in \hspace{3em} {\tt ICAMS}.$

region A character string acting as a region identifier, one of "genome", "exome".

Details

This function calls VCFsToIDCatalogs

Value

An ID (indel) catalog with attributes added. See as.catalog for more details.

Note

In the ID (insertion and deletion) catalog, deletion repeat size ranges from 0 to 5+, but for plotting and end user documentation it ranges from 1 to 6+.

 ${\tt StrelkaIDVCFFilesToCatalogAndPlotToPdf}$

Create ID (indel) catalog from Strelka ID VCF files and plot them to PDF

Description

Create ID (indel) catalog from the Strelka ID VCFs specified by vector.of.file.paths and plot them to PDF

Usage

```
StrelkaIDVCFFilesToCatalogAndPlotToPdf(vector.of.file.paths, ref.genome,
  region, file)
```

Arguments

vector.of.file.paths

Character vector of file paths to the Strelka ID VCF files.

ref.genome A ref.genome argument as described in ICAMS.

region A character string acting as a region identifier, one of "genome", "exome".

file The name of the PDF file to be produced.

Details

This function calls VCFsToIDCatalogs and PlotCatalogToPdf

Value

An ID (indel) catalog and its graph plotted to PDF with specified file name. The ID (indel) catalog has attributes added. See as .catalog for more details.

Note

In the ID (insertion and deletion) catalog, deletion repeat size ranges from 0 to 5+, but for plotting and end user documentation it ranges from 1 to 6+.

```
StrelkaSBSVCFFilesToCatalog
```

Create SBS and DBS catalogs from Strelka SBS VCF files.

Description

Create 3 SBS catalogs (96, 192, 1536) and 3 DBS catalogs (78, 136, 144) from the Strelka SBS VCFs specified by vector.of.file.paths

Usage

```
StrelkaSBSVCFFilesToCatalog(vector.of.file.paths, ref.genome, trans.ranges,
  region)
```

Arguments

vector.of.file.paths

Character vector of file paths to the Strelka SBS VCF files.

ref.genome A ref.genome argument as described in ICAMS.

trans.ranges A data.table which contains transcript range and strand information. Please refer

to TranscriptRanges for more details.

region A character string acting as a region identifier, one of "genome", "exome".

Details

This function calls VCFsToSBSCatalogs and VCFsToDBSCatalogs.

Value

A list of 3 SBS catalogs (one each for 96, 192, and 1536) and 3 DBS catalogs (one each for 78, 136, and 144). Each catalog has attributes added. See as .catalog for more details.

Note

SBS 192 and DBS 144 catalog only contains mutations in transcribed regions.

 ${\tt StrelkaSBSVCFFilesToCatalogAndPlotToPdf}$

Create SBS and DBS catalogs from Strelka SBS VCF files and plot them to PDF

Description

Create 3 SBS catalogs (96, 192, 1536) and 3 DBS catalogs (78, 136, 144) from the Strelka SBS VCFs specified by vector.of.file.paths and plot them to PDF

Usage

```
StrelkaSBSVCFFilesToCatalogAndPlotToPdf(vector.of.file.paths, ref.genome,
  trans.ranges, region, file, no.context)
```

Arguments

vector.of.file.paths

Character vector of file paths to the Strelka SBS VCF files.

ref.genome A ref.genome argument as described in ICAMS.

trans.ranges A data.table which contains transcript range and strand information. Please refer

to TranscriptRanges for more details.

region A character string acting as a region identifier, one of "genome", "exome".

file The name of the PDF file to be produced.

no.context A logical value indicating whether there is preceding and following base context

for the plot. Only implemented for SBS192Catalog.

TranscriptRanges

Details

This function calls StrelkaSBSVCFFilesToCatalog and PlotCatalogToPdf

Value

A list of 3 SBS catalogs (one each for 96, 192, and 1536), 3 DBS catalogs (one each for 78, 136, and 144) and their graphs plotted to PDF with specified file name. Each catalog has attributes added. See as.catalog for more details.

Note

SBS 192 and DBS 144 catalogs include only mutations in transcribed regions.

TranscriptRanges

Transcript ranges data

Description

Transcript ranges and strand information for a particular reference genome.

Usage

```
trans.ranges.GRCh37
trans.ranges.GRCh38
```

Format

A data.table which contains transcript range and strand information for a particular reference genome. It contains chromosome name, start, end position, strand information and gene name and is keyed by chrom, chromStart, and chromEnd. It uses one-based coordinate system.

Details

trans.ranges.GRCh37 A data.table which contains transcript range and strand information for **Hu-man** GRCh37. It is derived from a raw **GFF3** format file (ftp://ftp.ebi.ac.uk/pub/databases/gencode/Gencode_human/releanly genes that are associated with a CCDS ID are kept for transcriptional strand bias analysis. Needed for StrelkaSBSVCFFilesToCatalog, MutectVCFFilesToCatalog, VCFsToSBSCatalogs and VCFsToDBSCatalogs.

trans.ranges.GRCh38 A data.table which contains transcript range and strand information for **Human** GRCh38. It is derived from a raw **GFF3** format file (ftp://ftp.ebi.ac.uk/pub/databases/gencode/Gencode_human/releanly genes that are associated with a CCDS ID are kept for transcriptional strand bias analysis. Needed for StrelkaSBSVCFFilesToCatalog, MutectVCFFilesToCatalog, VCFsToSBSCatalogs and VCFsToDBSCatalogs.

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| TransformCatalog |
|------------------|
|------------------|

Transform between count and density catalogs and signatures.

Description

Transform between count and density catalogs and signatures.

Usage

```
TransformCatalog(catalog, target.ref.genome, target.region,
  target.catalog.type)
```

Arguments

Details

Only the following transformations are legal:

- 1. counts -> counts
- 2. counts -> density
- 3. counts -> (counts.signature,density.signature)
- 4. density -> counts (in which case the semantics are to infer the genome-wide or exome-wide counts based on the densities.)
- 5. density -> (counts.signature,density.signature)
- 6. (counts.signature, density.signature) ->
 (counts.signature, density.signature)
 (density.signature -> density.signature is a null operation.)
- 7. density -> density (A null operation.)

Value

A catalog as defined in ICAMS.

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| | a ppa i a rice |
|-------------------|-------------------------------|
| VCFsToDBSCatalogs | Create DBS catalogs from VCFs |

Description

Create a list of 3 catalogs (one each for DBS78, DBS144 and DBS136) out of the contents in list.of.DBS.vcfs. The VCFs must not contain any type of mutation other then DBSs.

Usage

```
VCFsToDBSCatalogs(list.of.DBS.vcfs, ref.genome, trans.ranges, region)
```

Arguments

list.of.DBS.vcfs

List of in-memory data frames of pure DBS mutations - no SBS or 3+BS muta-

tions. The list names will be the sample ids in the output catalog.

ref.genome A ref.genome argument as described in ICAMS.

trans.ranges A data.table which contains transcript range and strand information. Please refer

to TranscriptRanges for more details.

region A character string acting as a region identifier, one of "genome", "exome".

Value

A list of 3 DBS catalogs, one each for 78, 144, 136: catDBS78 catDBS144 catDBS136. Each catalog has attributes added. See as.catalog for more details.

Note

DBS 144 catalog only contains mutations in transcribed regions.

| VCFsToIDCatalogs | Create ID (insertion and deletion) catalog from ID VCFs |
|------------------|---|
| | |

Description

Create ID (insertion and deletion) catalog from ID VCFs

Usage

```
VCFsToIDCatalogs(list.of.vcfs, ref.genome, region)
```

Arguments

list.of.vcfs List of in-memory VCFs. The list names will be the sample ids in the output

catalog.

ref.genome A ref.genome argument as described in ICAMS.

region A character string acting as a region identifier, one of "genome", "exome".

VCFsToSBSCatalogs 21

Value

An S3 object containing an ID (indel) catalog with class "catalog". See as.catalog for more details.

VCFsToSBSCatalogs

Create SBS catalogs from SBS VCFs

Description

Create a list of 3 catalogs (one each for 96, 192, 1536) out of the contents in list.of.SBS.vcfs. The SBS VCFs must not contain DBSs, indels, or other types of mutations.

Usage

```
VCFsToSBSCatalogs(list.of.SBS.vcfs, ref.genome, trans.ranges, region)
```

Arguments

list.of.SBS.vcfs

List of in-memory data frames of pure SBS mutations – no DBS or 3+BS muta-

tions. The list names will be the sample ids in the output catalog.

ref.genome A ref.genome argument as described in ICAMS.

trans.ranges A data.table which contains transcript range and strand information. Please refer

to TranscriptRanges for more details.

region A character string acting as a region identifier, one of "genome", "exome".

Value

A list of 3 SBS catalogs, one each for 96, 192, 1536: catSBS96 catSBS192 catSBS1536. Each catalog has attributes added. See as .catalog for more details.

Note

SBS 192 catalog only contains mutations in transcribed regions.

WriteCatalog

Write a catalog

Description

Write a catalog to a file.

Usage

```
WriteCatalog(catalog, path, strict = TRUE)
```

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Arguments

catalog A catalog as defined in ICAMS; see also as.catalog.

path The path to the file to be created.

strict If TRUE, do additional checks on the input, and stop if the checks fail.

Details

See also ReadCatalog.

Note

In the ID (insertion and deletion) catalog, deletion repeat size ranges from 0 to 5+, but for plotting and end user documentation it ranges from 1 to 6+.

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