Package 'ICAMS'

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```
Type Package
Title In-depth Characterization and Analysis of Mutational Signatures
Version 0.0.0.9002
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Description This package has functions to read in VCF files from Strelka and
     Mutect (in the Broad GATK package), create, read, and write SNS, DNS, ID
     catalogs and do different types of plotting.
     This alpha version only works with VCFs for human GRCh37, but will work for
      arbitrary human catalogs (assuming no major change in "opportunities"
     between GRCh37 and GRCh38).
License GPL-3
Encoding UTF-8
LazyData true
biocViews
Imports Biostrings,
     BSgenome,
     BSgenome. Hsapiens. 1000 genomes. hs 37d5,
     data.table,
     dplyr,
     GenomicRanges,
     graphics,
     grDevices,
     methods,
     RColorBrewer,
     RCurl,
     stats,
     stringr,
     utils
Depends R (>= 3.5),
RoxygenNote 6.1.1
Suggests knitr,
     rmarkdown,
     testthat
```

VignetteBuilder knitr

2 R topics documented:

Collate 'ICAMS.R'
'INDELS_related_functions.R'
'utility_functions.R'
'VCF_to_catalog_functions.R'
'data.R'
'plot.R'
'read_write_catalog.R'
'test_functions.R'

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CatalogToPdf	Catalog to Pdf Functions	

Description

Plot the mutation catalog of different samples to a PDF file

Usage

```
Cat96ToPdf(catalog, name, id = colnames(catalog), type = "density",
  grid = FALSE, upper = TRUE, xlabels = TRUE, abundance = NULL)

Cat192ToPdf(catalog, name, id = colnames(catalog), type = "counts",
  cex = 0.8, abundance = NULL)

Cat192StrandToPdf(catalog, name, id = colnames(catalog),
  type = "counts", cex = 1, abundance = NULL)

Cat1536ToPdf(catalog, name, id = colnames(catalog), abundance)

CatDNS78ToPdf(catalog, name, id = colnames(catalog), type = "density",
  abundance = NULL)

CatDNS144ToPdf(catalog, name, id = colnames(catalog), type = "counts",
  cex = 1, abundance = NULL)

CatQUAD136ToPdf(catalog, name, id = colnames(catalog),
  type = "density", abundance = NULL)

CatIDToPdf(catalog, name, id = colnames(catalog), type = "counts")
```

Arguments

xlabels

catalog	A matrix whose rownames indicate the mutation types while its columns contain the counts of each mutation type from different samples.
name	The name of the PDF file to be produced.
id	A vector containing the ID information of different samples.
type	A vector of values indicating the type of plot for each sample. If type = "counts", the graph will plot the occurrences of the mutation types in the sample. If type = "signature", the graph will plot mutation signatures of the sample. If type = "density", the graph will plot the rates of mutations per million nucleotides for each mutation type. (Please take note there is no "density" type for CatIDtoPdf function and the option of type = "density" is not implemented for function Cat192ToPdf, Cat192StrandToPdf and CatDNS144ToPdf at the current stage.)
grid	A logical value indicating whether to draw the grid lines in the graph.
upper	A logical value indicating whether to draw horizontal lines and names of major mutation class on top of graph.

A logical value indicating whether to draw x axis labels.

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abundance A matrix containing nucleotide abundance information, to be used only when

type = "density".

cex A numerical value giving the amount by which mutation class labels, y axis

labels, sample name and legend(if there exists) should be magnified relative to

the default.

Details

Cat96ToPdf Plot the SNS 96 mutation catalog of different samples to a PDF file.

Cat192ToPdf Plot the SNS 192 mutation catalog of different samples to a PDF file.

Cat192StrandToPdf Plot the transcription strand bias graph of 6 SNS mutation types ("C>A", "C>G", "C>T", "T>A", "T>C", "T>G") of different samples to a PDF file.

Cat1536ToPdf Plot the 1536 mutation catalog of >= 1 samples to a PDF file. The mutation types are in six-letters like CATTAT, first 2-letters CA refers to (-2, -1) position, third letter T refers to the base which has mutation, next second 2-letters TA refers to (+1, +2) position, last letter T refers to the base after mutation.

CatDNS78ToPdf Plot the DNS 78 mutation catalog of different samples to a PDF file.

CatDNS144ToPdf Plot the transcription strand bias graph of 10 major DNS mutation types ("AC>NN", "AT>NN", "CC>NN", "CG>NN", "CT>NN", "GC>NN", "TA>NN", "TC>NN", "TG>NN", "TT>NN") of different samples to a PDF file.

CatQUAD136ToPdf Plot the tetranucleotide sequence contexts of 10 major DNS mutation types ("AC>NN", "AT>NN", "CC>NN", "CG>NN", "CT>NN", "GC>NN", "TA>NN", "TC>NN", "TG>NN", "TT>NN") of different samples to a PDF file.

CatIDToPdf Plot the insertion and deletion catalog of different samples to a PDF file. (Please take note that the deletions Repeat Size ranges from 0 to 5+ in the catalog, but for plotting and end user documentation it ranges from 1 to 6+.)

Value

invisible(TRUE)

CollapseCatalog

Collapse Catalog Functions

Description

Collapse a catalog matrix to a canonical one

Usage

Collapse192To96(catalog)

Collapse1536To96(catalog)

Collapse144To78(catalog)

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Arguments

catalog

A catalog matrix to be collapsed whose row names indicate the mutation types while its columns show the occurrences of each mutation type of different samples.

Details

Collapse192To96 Collapse a SNS 192 catalog matrix to a SNS 96 catalog matrix.

Collapse1536To96 Collapse a SNS 1536 catalog matrix to a SNS 96 catalog matrix.

Collapse144To78 Collapse a DNS 144 catalog matrix to a DNS 78 catalog matrix.

Value

A canonical catalog matrix whose row names indicate the mutation types while its columns show the occurrences of each mutation type of different samples.

CreateDinucAbundance

Create Dinucleotide abundance file

Description

Create Dinucleotide abundance file

Usage

CreateDinucAbundance(path)

Arguments

path

Path to the file with the nucleotide abundance information with 4 base pairs.

Value

A matrix whose row names indicate 10 different types of 2 base pairs combinations while its column contains the occurrences of each type.

CreateOneColIDCatalog Create one column of an indel catalog from one VCF

Description

Create one column of an indel catalog from one VCF

Usage

```
CreateOneColIDCatalog(ID.vcf, SBS.vcf, trace = 0)
```

Arguments

ID. vcf An in-memory VCF as a data.frame annotated by the AddAndCheckSequenceID

function. It must only contain indels and must **not** contain SNSs (single nu-

cleotide/base substituions), DBS, or triplet base substituions, etc.

One design decision for variant callers is the representation of "complex indels", e.g. mutations e.g. CAT > GC. Some callers represent this as C>G, A>C, and T>_. Others might represent it as CAT > CG. Multiple issues can arise. In PCAWG, overlapping indel/SBS calls from different callers were included in

the indel VCFs.

SBS.vcf An in-memory VCF as a data frame. Because we have to work with some

PCAWG data, we will look for neighboring indels and indels adjoining SBS. That means this functions takes an SBS VCF and an ID VCF from the same

sample.

trace If > 0, various called functions cat information useful for debugging and testing.

The larger the number, the more output.

Value

A list with two elemsents: ID.cat: A 1-column matrix containing the mutation catalog information. problems: Locations of neighboring indels or indels neighboring SBS. In the future we might handle these depending on what we find in the indel calls from different variant callers. TODO(steve) Is problems implemented?

CreatePentanucAbundance

Create pentanucleotide abundance file

Description

Create pentanucleotide abundance file

Usage

CreatePentanucAbundance(path)

Arguments

path Path

Path to the file with the nucleotide abundance information with 5 base pairs.

Value

A matrix whose row names indicate 512 different types of 5 base pairs combinations while its column contains the occurrences of each type.

CreateTetranucAbundance 7

CreateTetranucAbundance

Create Tetranucleotide abundance file

Description

Create Tetranucleotide abundance file

Usage

CreateTetranucAbundance(path)

Arguments

path

Path to the file with the nucleotide abundance information with 4 base pairs.

Value

A matrix whose row names indicate 136 different types of 4 base pairs combinations while its column contains the occurrences of each type.

CreateTrinucAbundance Create Trinucleotide abundance file

Description

Create Trinucleotide abundance file

Usage

CreateTrinucAbundance(path)

Arguments

path

Path to the file with the nucleotide abundance information with 3 base pairs.

Value

A matrix whose row names indicate 32 different types of 3 base pairs combinations while its column contains the occurrences of each type.

data

Global data used in ICAMS package

Description

Documentations for the global data used in ICAMS package

Details

- .catalog.row.order96 The canonical order of row names in a SNS 96 catalog.
- .catalog.row.order192 The canonical order of row names in a SNS 192 catalog.
- .catalog.row.order1536 The canonical order of row names in a SNS 1536 catalog.
- .catalog.row.order.DNS.78 The canonical order of row names in a DNS 78 catalog.
- .catalog.row.order.DNS.144 The canonical order of row names in a DNS 144 catalog.
- .catalog.row.order.QUAD.136 The canonical order of row names in a QUAD 136 catalog.
- .catalog.row.order.ID The canonical order of row names in a ID (insertion and deletion) catalog. (Please take note that the deletions Repeat Size ranges from 0 to 5+ in the catalog, but for plotting and end user documentation it ranges from 1 to 6+.)
- .ct.96.row.headers A data frame which contains the row headers information for writing a SNS 96 catalog to disk in PCAWG7 format.
- .ct.192.row.headers A data frame which contains the row headers information for writing a SNS 192 catalog to disk in PCAWG7 format.
- .ct.1536.row.headers A data frame which contains the row headers information for writing a SNS 1536 catalog to disk in PCAWG7 format.
- .ct.DNS78.row.headers A data frame which contains the row headers information fo writing a DNS 78 catalog to disk in PCAWG7 format.
- .ct.DNS144.row.headers A data frame which contains the row headers information for writing a DNS 144 catalog to disk in PCAWG7 format.
- .ct.QUAD136.row.headers A data frame which contains the row headers information for writing a QUAD 136 catalog to disk in PCAWG7 format.
- .ct.ID.row.headers A data frame which contains the row headers information for writing a ID (insertion and deletion) catalog to disk in PCAWG7 format. (Please take note that the deletions Repeat Size ranges from 0 to 5+ in the catalog, but for plotting and end user documentation it ranges from 1 to 6+.)
- .abundance.2bp A matrix containing dinucleotide abundance information for human GRCh37. Its row names indicate 10 different types of 2 base pairs combinations while its column contains the occurrences of each type. It can be used in plotting functions PlotCatDNS78 and CatDNS78ToPdf.
- .abundance.3bp A matrix containing trinucleotide abundance information for human GRCh37. Its row names indicate 32 different types of 3 base pairs combinations while its column contains the occurrences of each type. It can be used in plotting functions PlotCat96 and Cat96ToPdf.
- .abundance.4bp A matrix containing tetranucleotide abundance information for human GRCh37. Its row names indicate 136 different types of 4 base pairs combinations while its column contains the occurrences of each type. It can be used in plotting functions PlotCatQUAD136 and CatQUAD136ToPdf.

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. abundance . 5bp A matrix containing pentanucleotide abundance information for human GRCh37. Its row names indicate 512 different types of 5 base pairs combinations while its column contains the occurrences of each type. It can be used in plotting functions PlotCat1536 and Cat1536ToPdf.

- .trans.ranges.GRCh37 A data.table which contains transcript range and strand information for human GRCh37. It is derived from a raw **GFF3** format file, from which only the following four gene types are kept to facilitate transcriptional strand bias analysis: protein_coding, retained_intron, processed_transcript and nonsense_mediated_decay. It contains chromosome name, start, end position, strand information and gene name and is keyed by chrom, chromStart, and chromEnd. It can be used in function StrelkaVCFFilesToCatalog.
- .old.trans.ranges.GRCh37 A data.table which contains transcript range and strand information for human GRCh37, which is derived from a raw **BED** format file and is keyed by chrom, chrom-Start, and chromEnd. This is mostly for testing purpose, may be removed in the future.
- .to.reorder.192.for.plotting A reordering of row names in a SNS 192 catalog for plotting purpose. It is used in plotting functions PlotCat192 and PlotCat192Strand.
- .to.reorder.144.for.plotting A reordering of row names in a DNS 144 catalog for plotting purpose. It is used in plotting function PlotCatDNS144.
- .order.for.QUAD136.plotting An order of tetranucleotides for plotting QUAD 136 catalog. It is used in plotting functions PlotCatQUAD136 and CatQUAD136ToPdf.

empty.cats A list of 6 empty catalogs (SNS 96, SNS 192, SNS 1536, DNS 78, DNS 144, QUAD 136). This is mainly used in the internal functions in ICAMS package.

FindDelMH

Return the length of microhomology at a deletion

Description

Return the length of microhomology at a deletion

Usage

FindDelMH(context, deleted.seq, pos, trace = 0)

Arguments

context The deleted sequence plus ample surrounding sequence on each side (at least as

long as del. sequence).

deleted.seq The deleted sequence in context. #'

pos The position of del. sequence in context.

trace If > 0, cat various messages.

Details

This function is primarily for internal use, but we export it so that the somewhat complicated logic behind it will be documented for users.

Example:

GGCTAGTT aligned to GGCTAGAACTAGTT with a deletion represented as:

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```
GGCTAGAACTAGTT
GG-----CTAGTT GGCTAGTT GG[CTAGAA]CTAGTT
```

Presumed repair mechanism leading to this:

. . . .

GGCTAGAACTAGTT CCGATCTTGATCAA

=>

GGCTAG TT CC GATCAA

=>

GGCTAGTT CCGATCAA

The same deletion can be represented in several different ways.

```
GGCTAGTT GGCTAGTT GGC[TAGAAC]TAGTT

* --- * ---

GGCT----AGTT GGCTAGTT GGCT[AGAACT]AGTT

** -- ** --

GGCTA-----GTT GGCTAGTT GGCTA[GAACTA]GTT

*** - *** -

GGCTAG-----TT GGCTAGTT GGCTAG[AACTAG]TT
```

A deletion in a *repeat* can also be represented in several different ways. A deletion in a repeat is abstractly equivalent to microhomology that spans the entire deleted sequence. For example;

```
GACTAGCTAGTT
GACTAGTT GACTA[GCTA]GTT
*** -*** -
```

is really a repeat

```
TODO(steve): add check in code
GACTAG---TT GACTAGTT GACTAG[CTAG]TT

**** ----
```

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```
GACT----AGTT GACTAGTT GACT[AGCT]AGTT

** --** --
```

But the function only flags this with a -1 return; it does not figure out the repeat extent.

In the implementation, the function finds:

- 1. The maxium match of undeleted sequence on left that is identical to the right end of the deleted sequence, and
- 2. The maxium match of undeleted sequence on the right this is identical to the left end of the deleted sequence.

The microhomology sequence is the concatenation of items (1) and (2).

Value

The length of the maxium microhomology of del. sequence in context.

GetMutectVAF Extract the VAFs (variant allele frequencies) from a VCF created by MuTect

Description

Extract the VAFs (variant allele frequencies) from a VCF created by MuTect

Usage

```
GetMutectVAF(mutect.vcf)
```

Arguments

```
mutect.vcf said VCF as a data.frame
```

Value

A vector of VAFs, one for each row of mutect.vcf

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GetStrelkaVAF	Extract the VAFs (variant allele frequencies) from a VCF created by Strelka version 1	
	Strelka version 1	

Description

Extract the VAFs (variant allele frequencies) from a VCF created by Strelka version 1

Usage

```
GetStrelkaVAF(strelka.vcf)
```

Arguments

strelka.vcf said VCF as a data.frame

Value

A vector of VAFs, one for each row of strelka.vcf

ICAMS	ICAMS: In-depth Characterization and Analysis of Mutational Signa-	
	tures	

Description

This package has functions to read in VCF files from Strelka and Mutect (in the Broad GATK package), create, read, and write SNS, DNS, ID catalogs and do different types of plotting.

Details

This alpha version only works with VCFs for human GRCh37, but will work for arbitrary **human** catalogs (assuming no major change in "opportunities" between GRCh37 and GRCh38).

Reading VCF files

ReadListOfStrelkaVCFs, which only reads Strelka single nucleotide substitution (SNS) VCFs, not Strelka indel VCFs. Handling of indel VCFs for Strelka is not finshed yet. ReadListOfMutectVCFs, which reads Mutect VCFs, which contain indels and double nucleotide substitutions (DNSs) as well and SNSs.

Splitting of in-memory VCFs

SplitListOfStrelkaVCFs, which splits Strelka SNS VCFs into SNS and inferred DNS VCFs, and SplitListOfMutectVCFs, which separates Mutect VCFs into their SNS, DNS, and indel components.

Reading catalogs

Functions for reading a catalog in PCAWG7 format from path: ReadCatalog

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Writing catalogs

Functions for writting a mutation catalog to a file on disk: WriteCatalog

Collapsing catalogs

Functions for collapsing a mutation catalog to a canonical one: CollapseCatalog

Plotting catalogs

Functions for plotting the mutation catalog of one sample: PlotCatalog

Functions for plotting mutation catalog of different samples to a PDF file: CatalogToPdf

MakeVCFDNSdf

MakeVCFDNSdfTODO(steve) add average VAF

Description

Take DNS ranges and the original VCF and generate a VCF with dinucleotide REF and ALT alleles. The output VCF has minimal columns: just CHROM, POS, ID, REF, ALT.

Usage

```
MakeVCFDNSdf(DNS.range.df, SNS.vcf.dt)
```

Arguments

DNS.range.df Data frame with columns CHROM, LOW, HIGH

SNS.vcf.dt TODO

Value

TODO

 ${\tt NewTestMakeCatalogFromStrelkaSNSVCFs}$

This function is to make catalogs from the sample VCF files to compare with the expected catalog information.

Description

This function is to make catalogs from the sample VCF files to compare with the expected catalog information.

Usage

NewTestMakeCatalogFromStrelkaSNSVCFs()

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```
NewTestStrelkaDNSCatalog
```

This function is to test whether the predefined functions are working correctly to produce the desired DNS catalogs from Strelka VCF.

Description

This function is to test whether the predefined functions are working correctly to produce the desired DNS catalogs from Strelka VCF.

Usage

```
NewTestStrelkaDNSCatalog()
```

NewTestStrelkaSNSCatalog

This function is to test whether the predefined functions are working correctly to produce the desired SNS catalogs from Strelka VCF.

Description

This function is to test whether the predefined functions are working correctly to produce the desired SNS catalogs from Strelka VCF.

Usage

NewTestStrelkaSNSCatalog()

PlotCatalog

Plot Catalog Functions

Description

Plot the mutation catalog of one sample

Usage

```
PlotCat96(catalog, id = colnames(catalog), type = "density",
   cex = 0.8, grid = TRUE, upper = TRUE, xlabels = TRUE,
   abundance = NULL)

PlotCat192(catalog, id = colnames(catalog), type = "counts",
   cex = 0.8, abundance = NULL)

PlotCat192Strand(catalog, id = colnames(catalog), type = "counts",
   cex = 1, abundance = NULL)
```

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```
PlotCat1536(catalog, abundance, id = colnames(catalog))
PlotCatDNS78(catalog, id = colnames(catalog), type = "density",
   abundance = NULL)

PlotCatDNS144(catalog, id = colnames(catalog), type = "counts",
   cex = 1, abundance = NULL)

PlotCatQUAD136(catalog, id = colnames(catalog), type = "density",
   abundance = NULL)

PlotCatID(catalog, id = colnames(catalog), type = "counts")
```

Arguments

catalog A matrix whose rownames indicate the mutation types while its columns contain

the counts of each mutation type.

id The ID information of the sample which has mutations.

type A value indicating the type of graph. If type = "counts", the graph will plot

the occurrences of the mutation types in the sample. If type = "signature", the graph will plot mutation signatures of the sample. If type = "density", the graph will plot the rates of mutations per million nucleotides for each mutation type. (Please take note there is no "density" type for PlotCatID function and the option of type = "density" is not implemented for function PlotCat192,

PlotCat192Strand and PlotCatDNS144 at the current stage.)

cex A numerical value giving the amount by which mutation class labels, mutation

counts(if there exists), y axis and its labels, x axis labels and its annotations(if there exists) sample name and legend(if there exists) should be magnified rela-

tive to the default.

grid A logical value indicating whether to draw the grid lines in the graph.

upper A logical value indicating whether to draw horizontal lines and names of major

mutation class on top of graph.

xlabels A logical value indicating whether to draw x axis labels.

abundance A matrix containing nucleotide abundance information and strand information (if

there exists), to be used only when type = "density".

Details

 ${\tt PlotCat96~Plot~the~SNS~96~mutation~catalog~of~one~sample.}$

PlotCat192 Plot the SNS 192 mutation catalog of one sample.

PlotCat192Strand Plot the transcription strand bias graph of 6 SNS mutation types ("C>A", "C>G", "C>T", "T>A", "T>C", "T>G") in one sample.

PlotCat1536 Plot the pentanucleotide sequence contexts for one sample, normalized by pentanucleotide occurrence in the genome. The mutation types are in six-letters like CATTAT, first 2-letters CA refers to (-2, -1) position, third letter T refers to the base which has mutation, next second 2-letters TA refers to (+1, +2) position, last letter T refers to the base after mutation.

PlotCatDNS78 Plot the DNS 78 mutation catalog of one sample.

PlotCatDNS144 Plot the transcription strand bias graph of 10 major DNS mutation types ("AC>NN", "AT>NN", "CC>NN", "CG>NN", "CT>NN", "GC>NN", "TA>NN", "TC>NN", "TG>NN", "TT>NN") in one sample.

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PlotQUAD136 Plot the tetranucleotide sequence contexts of 10 major DNS mutation types ("AC>NN", "AT>NN", "CC>NN", "CG>NN", "CT>NN", "GC>NN", "TA>NN", "TC>NN", "TG>NN", "TT>NN") for one sample.

PlotCatID Plot the insertion and deletion catalog of one sample. (Please take note that the deletions Repeat Size ranges from 0 to 5+ in the catalog, but for plotting and end user documentation it ranges from 1 to 6+.)

Value

invisible(TRUE)

ReadCatalog

Read Catalog Functions

Description

Read a catalog in PCAWG7 format from path

Usage

```
ReadCat96(path, strict = TRUE)
ReadCat192(path, strict = TRUE)
ReadCat1536(path, strict = TRUE)
ReadCatDNS78(path, strict = TRUE)
ReadCatDNS144(path, strict = TRUE)
ReadCatQUAD136(path, strict = TRUE)
ReadCatID(path, strict = TRUE)
```

Arguments

path Path to a catalog on disk in the "PCAWG7" format.

strict If TRUE, do additional checks on the input, and stop if the checks fail.

Details

ReadCat96 Read a 96 SNS catalog from path

ReadCat192 Read a 192 SNS catalog from path

ReadCat1536 Read a 1536 SNS catalog from path

ReadCatDNS78 Read a 78 DNS catalog from path

ReadCatDNS144 Read a 144 DNS catalog from path

 $Read Cat QUAD \ at alog \ From \ path$

ReadCatID Read a ID (insertion/deletion) catalog from path Please take note that the deletions Repeat Size ranges from 0 to 5+ in the catalog, but for plotting and end user documentation it ranges from 1 to 6+.

See also WriteCatalog

ReadListOfMutectVCFs 17

Value

A catalog in canonical in-memory format.

ReadListOfMutectVCFs Read a list of Mutect VCF files from path

Description

Read a list of Mutect VCF files from path

Usage

```
ReadListOfMutectVCFs(vector.of.file.paths)
```

Arguments

```
vector.of.file.paths
```

A vector containing the paths of the VCF files.

Value

A list of vcfs from vector.of.file.paths.

 ${\tt ReadListOfStrelkaVCFs} \ \ \textit{Read a list of Strelka VCF files from path}$

Description

Read a list of Strelka VCF files from path

Usage

```
ReadListOfStrelkaVCFs(vector.of.file.paths)
```

Arguments

```
vector.of.file.paths
```

A vector containing the paths of the VCF files.

Value

A list of vcfs from vector.of.file.paths.

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ReadTranscriptRanges Read transcript ranges and strands from a gff3 format file. Use this one for the new, cut down gff3 file (2018 11 24)

Description

Read transcript ranges and strands from a gff3 format file. Use this one for the new, cut down gff3 file $(2018\ 11\ 24)$

Usage

ReadTranscriptRanges(path)

Arguments

path

Path to the file with the transcript information with 1-based start end positions of genomic ranges.

Value

A data.table keyed by chrom, chromStart, and chromEnd.

revc

Reverse complement every string in string.vec

Description

Reverse complement every string in string.vec

Usage

```
revc(string.vec)
```

Arguments

string.vec a

a vector of type character.

Value

A vector of type characters with the reverse complement of every string in string.vec.

SplitListOfMutectVCFs Split each Mutect VCF into SBS, DBS, and ID VCFs (plus two left-over data.frames)

Description

Split each Mutect VCF into SBS, DBS, and ID VCFs (plus two left-over data.frames)

Usage

SplitListOfMutectVCFs(list.of.vcfs)

Arguments

list.of.vcfs List of VCFs as in-memory data.frames

Value

A list with 5 list of in-memory VCFs, as follows:

- 1. SNS Only single nucleotide substitutions.
- 2. DNS Only doublet nucleotide substitutions as called by Mutect.
- 3. ID Only small insertions and deletions.
- 4. other.subs Coordinate substitutions involving 3 or more nucleotides, e.g. ACT > TGA or AACT > GGTA.
- 5. multiple.alternative.alleles Variants with multiple alternative alleles.

SplitListOfStrelkaVCFs

Split a list of in-memory Strelka VCF into SNS, DNS, and variants involving > 2 consecutive bases

Description

SNSs are single nucleotide substitutions, eg C>T, A<G,.... DNSs are double nucleotide substitutions, eg CC>TT, AT>GG, ... Variants involving > 2 consecutive bases are rare, so this function just records them. These would be variants such ATG>CCT, AGAT > TCTA, ...

Usage

```
SplitListOfStrelkaVCFs(list.of.vcfs)
```

Arguments

list.of.vcfs A list of in-memory data frame containing Strelka VCF file contents.

Value

A list of 3 in-memory objects with the elements:

StrelkaVCFFilesToCatalog

Create SNS and DNS catalogs from Strelka VCF files

Description

Create 3 SNS catalogs (96, 192, 1536) and 3 DNS catalogs (78, 136, 144) from the Strelka VCFs specified by vector.of.file.paths

Usage

StrelkaVCFFilesToCatalog(vector.of.file.paths, genome, trans.ranges)

Arguments

vector.of.file.paths

A vector containing the paths of the Strelka VCF files.

genome Name of a particular reference genome (without quotations marks).

trans.ranges A data.table which contains transcript range and strand information.

Details

This function calls VCFsToSNSCatalogs and VCFsToDNSCatalogs

Value

A list of 3 SNS catalogs (one each for 96, 192, and 1536) and 3 DNS catalogs (one each for 78, 136, and 144)

 $Test {\tt MakeCatalogFromStrelkaSNSVCFs}$

This function is to make catalogs from the sample VCF files to compare with the expected catalog information.

Description

This function is to make catalogs from the sample VCF files to compare with the expected catalog information.

Usage

TestMakeCatalogFromStrelkaSNSVCFs()

TestMutectVCFToCatalog

test SplitListOfMutectVCFs and functions to create catalogs.

Description

 $test \ {\tt SplitListOfMutectVCFs} \ and \ functions \ to \ create \ catalogs.$

Usage

TestMutectVCFToCatalog()

Details

Stop if the catalogs created do not match the expected values.

TestStrelkaDNSCatalog This function is to test whether the predefined functions are working correctly to produce the desired DNS catalogs from Strelka VCF.

Description

This function is to test whether the predefined functions are working correctly to produce the desired DNS catalogs from Strelka VCF.

Usage

TestStrelkaDNSCatalog()

TestStrelkaSNSCatalog This function is to test whether the predefined functions are working correctly to produce the desired SNS catalogs from Strelka VCF.

Description

This function is to test whether the predefined functions are working correctly to produce the desired SNS catalogs from Strelka VCF.

Usage

TestStrelkaSNSCatalog()

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VCFsToIDCatalogs

Create ID (indel) catalog from VCFs

Description

Create ID (indel) catalog from VCFs

Usage

```
VCFsToIDCatalogs(list.of.vcfs, genome)
```

Arguments

list.of.vcfs List of in-memory VCFs. The list names will be the sample ids in the output

catalog.

genome Name of a particular reference genome (without quotations marks).

Value

An ID (indel) catalog

WriteCatalog

Write Catalog Functions

Description

Write a mutation catalog to a file on disk

Usage

```
WriteCat96(ct, path, strict = TRUE)
WriteCat192(ct, path, strict = TRUE)
WriteCat1536(ct, path, strict = TRUE)
WriteCatDNS78(ct, path, strict = TRUE)
WriteCatDNS144(ct, path, strict = TRUE)
WriteCatQUAD136(ct, path, strict = TRUE)
WriteCatID(ct, path, strict = TRUE)
```

Arguments

ct A matrix of mutation catalog.

path The path of the file to be written on disk.

strict If TRUE, do additional checks on the input, and stop if the checks fail.

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Details

WriteCat96 Write a SNS 96 mutation catalog to a file on disk

WriteCat192 Write a SNS 192 mutation catalog to a file on disk

WriteCat1536 Write a SNS 1536 mutation catalog to a file on disk

WriteCatDNS78 Write a DNS 78 mutation catalog to a file on disk

WriteCatDNS144 Write a DNS 144 mutation catalog to a file on disk

WriteCatQUAD136 Write a 136 QUAD catalog from path

WriteCatID Write a ID (insertion/deletion) catalog to a file on disk Please take note that the deletions Repeat Size ranges from 0 to 5+ in the catalog, but for plotting and end user documentation it ranges from 1 to 6+.

See also ReadCatalog

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