

Hello world

$$k_{n+1} = n^2 + k_n^2 - k_{n-1} \quad (1)$$

Khan Academy Question 2 Simplify the following for h

$$S = 2\pi r(r + h) \quad (2)$$

$$S/2\pi r = r + h \quad (3)$$

$$h = (S/2\pi r) - r \quad (4)$$

$$S = 250; r = 4; h = (S/2\pi r) - r; h = 5.94718394325 \quad (5)$$

Does the following have an x-intercept?

$$f(x) = x(x + 4) \quad (6)$$

What is the rough y-intercept of

$$[-3..3]f(x) = (x + 3)(1 - x) \Rightarrow 2.8$$

The y-intercept is the value at $f(0)$ The x-intercept is the value where $f(x) = 0$ Periodic is a repeating or looping graph An even graph has $f(x) = f(-x)$ or will look the same reflected over the y-axis An odd graph has $-f(x) = f(-x)$ or will look mirrored over the x axis

What is the approximate maximum value of the formula:

$$\max(-x^2 + 6x - 1) = 8 \quad (7)$$

1 New section

Solve for h

$$A = 1/2(b + c)h \quad (8)$$

$$A/(1/2(b + c)) = h \quad (9)$$

$$2A/(b + c) = h \quad (10)$$

To store a variable and solve, use “st” and “=”.

For example: I want to solve

$$E/c^2$$

I type it exactly, then type my value for E, type stE, type my value for c, and type stc

2 New section

What is the height of a trapezoid with one base equal to 20 m, the other base equal to 7m, and an area of 135m? It is 10m.

Solve

$$m = E/(c^2)$$

for

$$c = 300,000,000m/s$$

and

$$E = 1.8e14J$$

$$m = 2e - 3$$

3 New section

The Area of a trapezoid is

$$A = (1/2)(b + c)h$$

solve for b

$$A/(1/2)(h) = b + c$$

$$(A/(1/2)h) - c = b$$

$$b = 2A/h - c$$

When

$$A = 80ft^2$$

$$h = 10ft$$

$$c = 5ft$$

$$b = 11$$

4 New section

Kinetic Energy object in motion

$$K = 1/2mv^2$$

solve for velocity v

$$m = 800$$

$$K = 100000$$

$$\text{sqrt}(2K/m)$$

$$\text{sqrt}(2100000/800) = 15.8113883008$$

5 New section

Net income formula is

$$NI = (SP - VC)(V) - FC$$

solve for V where

$$NI = 5000$$

$$SP = 40$$

$$VC = 15$$

$$FC = 1000$$

$$NI + FC = (SP - VC)V$$

$$V = (NI + FC)/(SP - VC)$$

$$V = (NI + FC)/(SP - VC)$$

$$= 240$$

6 New section

What is the y-intercept or $x(0)$ of

$$-(x - 1)(x + 3)$$

it should be

$$3$$

7 New section

What is the limit as x approaches 0?

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\cos 2x - \cos 3x}{x^2}$$

Appears to be 2.5 3.99631755994

8 Factoring

Use the quadratic formula:

$$(x + a)(x + b)$$

$$x^2 + xb + ax + ab$$

$$x^2 + (a + b)x + ab$$

To factor

$$x^2 + 10x + 9$$

$$a + b = 10$$

$$ab = 9$$

Factors of 9 are 1,3,9

$$1 + 9 = 10$$

$$1 * 9 = 9$$

So

$$(x + 1)(x + 9)$$

To factor

$$x^2 - 1$$

Use Sum of cubes:

$$a^3 + b^3$$

$$(a + b)(a^2 - ab + b^2)$$

Use Difference of cubes:

$$a^3 - b^3$$

$$(a - b)(a^2 + ab + b^2)$$

To solve a division:

$$\frac{x^3 - 8}{x - 2}$$

Power Rule:

$$f(x) = x^n$$

$$f'(x) = nx^{n-1}$$

9 Exponents

Add to combine when the terms multiply:

$$x^3 * x^4$$

$$x^{3+4}$$

$$x^7$$

Multiply when terms “compound”

$$(x^3)^4$$

$$x^{3*4}$$

$$x^{12}$$

You can separate the terms:

$$(ab)^3 = a^3b^3$$

Negative exponents are the same as a fractional positive number:

$$a^{-3} = (1/a^3)$$

$$(4^{-3} * 2^{-3})^0$$

$$(8^{-3})^0$$

$$8^0$$

$$1$$

To find the solutions of x:

$$5x^2 + 15x - 50 = 0$$

$$5x^2 + 15x = 50$$

$$5(x^2 + 3x) = 50$$

$$x^2 + 3x = 10$$

$$x^2 + 3x - 10 = 0$$

$$(x + 5)(x - 2) = 0$$

$$x = -5$$

$$x = 2$$

10 Formal Logic

A proposition is a statement that can be true or false.

$$\bullet \neg \wedge \vee \oplus \exists \forall \tag{11}$$

11 Fractions

Multiplying fractions:

$$\frac{a}{b} * \frac{c}{d}$$

$$\frac{ac}{bd}$$

Dividing fractions:

$$\frac{a}{b} \div \frac{c}{d}$$

$$\frac{a}{b} * \frac{d}{c}$$

$$\frac{ad}{bc}$$

Dealing with subtracting fractions:

$$\frac{1}{a} - \frac{1}{b}$$

$$\frac{b}{ba} - \frac{a}{ba}$$

$$\frac{b-a}{ba}$$

Nested fractions:

$$\frac{\frac{1}{a} - \frac{1}{b}}{c}$$

$$\frac{b-a}{ab} * \frac{1}{c}$$

$$\frac{b-a}{abc}$$

Simplify nested fractions:

$$\frac{\frac{1}{\frac{2}{3}}}{4}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} * \frac{4}{3}$$

$$\frac{4}{6}$$

More Nested fractions:

$$\frac{\frac{1}{b}}{\frac{1}{b} - \frac{1}{a}}$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{b}}{\frac{a-b}{ab}}$$

$$\frac{1}{b} * \frac{ab}{a-b}$$

$$\frac{ab}{b(a-b)}$$

$$\frac{a}{a-b}$$

Simple Nested division fractions:

$$\frac{a}{y} = \frac{a}{1} * \frac{1}{y}$$

More Nested fractions:

$$\frac{\frac{\frac{2}{y} + \frac{y}{2}}{y}}{\frac{\frac{4+y^2}{2y}}{y}}$$

$$\frac{4+y^2}{2y} * \frac{1}{y}$$

$$\frac{4+y^2}{2y^2}$$

Exponents of fractions:

$$\frac{7^{-3}}{7^{-1}} = \frac{1}{7^2}$$

$$\frac{7^{-3}}{7^{-1}} = 7^{-2}$$

Exponents More:

$$7 * 7 * 7 * 7 * 7 * 7 = \frac{7^8}{7^3}$$

Exponents With Easy:

$$(6^3 * 6^{-3})^4$$

Add when mult

$$(6^0)^4$$

Mult when “doubling”

$$6^0$$

12 Expressions Structure

$$a + b = -6$$

$$x + y + z = -2$$

$$8a - 7x - 7z - 7y + 8b$$

$$8(a + b) - 7(x + y + z)$$

$$8(-6) - 7(2)$$

$$1$$

13 Fractional Exponents

$$x^{1/3} = \sqrt[3]{x}$$

$$x^{1/5} = \sqrt[5]{x}$$

So:

$$8^{1/3} = \sqrt[3]{8}$$

$$\sqrt[3]{8} = 2$$

Simplify

$$-8^{-\frac{1}{3}}$$

$$\frac{1}{-8^{\frac{1}{3}}}$$

$$\frac{1}{-\sqrt[3]{8}}$$

$$\frac{1}{-\sqrt[3]{8}}$$

$$\frac{1}{-2}$$

$$0.5$$

What is the value of d?

$$h^d = (h^8)^{\frac{1}{3}}$$

$$h^d = h^{\frac{8}{3}}$$

$$d = \frac{8}{3}$$