

Google Custom Search
Knowledge Base

[Safe Computing](#)
[Hosting Matters](#)
[Computer Help](#)
[Domain Names](#)
[Webmaster Help](#)
[Internet Marketing](#)
[Web Development](#)
[WAMP & LAMP](#)
[MS Access](#)
[Database SQL](#)

MySQL Tutorials

[Prerequisites](#)
[Database Design \(6\)](#)
[Basic Select \(12\)](#)
[Single Row Func \(9\)](#)
[Multi-table Select \(4\)](#)
[Subqueries \(9\)](#)
[Summarize Data \(5\)](#)
[Manipulate Data \(11\)](#)
[Managing Tables \(3\)](#)
[Problem Solving \(4\)](#)

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MySQL Northwind Queries - Part 2

This is part 2 of the tutorial series - converting the popular Microsoft Access Northwind database queries to MySQL queries. These queries are originated from [Access Northwind Traders](#) application. Some of them are relatively complex aggregated queries with sub-queries.

6. Order Details Extended

This query calculates sales price for each order after discount is applied.

```

select distinct y.OrderID,
    y.ProductID,
    x.ProductName,
    y.UnitPrice,
    y.Quantity,
    y.Discount,
    round(y.UnitPrice * y.Quantity * (1 - y.Discount), 2) as ExtendedPrice
from Products x
inner join Order_Details y on x.ProductID = y.ProductID
order by y.OrderID;
```

Here is the query result. 2,155 records returned.

| OrderID | ProductID | ProductName | UnitPrice | Quantity | Discount | ExtendedPrice |
|---------|-----------|----------------------------------|-----------|----------|----------|---------------|
| 10248 | 42 | Singaporean Hokkien Fried Mee | 9.8 | 10 | 0 | 98.00 |
| 10248 | 72 | Mozzarella di Giovanni | 34.8 | 5 | 0 | 174.00 |
| 10248 | 11 | Queso Cabrales | 14 | 12 | 0 | 168.00 |
| 10249 | 14 | Tofu | 18.6 | 9 | 0 | 167.40 |
| 10249 | 51 | Manjimup Dried Apples | 42.4 | 40 | 0 | 1696.00 |
| 10250 | 51 | Manjimup Dried Apples | 42.4 | 35 | 0.15 | 1261.40 |
| 10250 | 65 | Louisiana Fiery Hot Pepper Sauce | 16.8 | 15 | 0.15 | 214.20 |
| 10250 | 41 | Jack's New England Clam Chowder | 7.7 | 10 | 0 | 77.00 |

7. Sales by Category

For each category, we get the list of products sold and the total sales amount. Note that, the inner query for table c is to get sales for each product on each order. It then joins with outer query on Product_ID. In the outer query, products are grouped for each category.

```

select distinct a.CategoryID,
    a.CategoryName,
    b.ProductName,
    sum(c.ExtendedPrice) as ProductSales
from Categories a
inner join Products b on a.CategoryID = b.CategoryID
inner join
(
    select distinct y.OrderID,
        y.ProductID,
        x.ProductName,
        y.UnitPrice,
        y.Quantity,
        y.Discount,
        round(y.UnitPrice * y.Quantity * (1 - y.Discount), 2) as ExtendedPrice
    from Products x
    inner join Order_Details y on x.ProductID = y.ProductID
    order by y.OrderID
) c on c.ProductID = b.ProductID
inner join Orders d on d.OrderID = c.OrderID
where d.OrderDate between date('1997/1/1') and date('1997/12/31')
group by a.CategoryID, a.CategoryName, b.ProductName
order by a.CategoryName, b.ProductName, ProductSales;
```

Here is the query result. 77 records returned.

| CategoryID | CategoryName | ProductName | ProductSales |
|------------|--------------|---------------------------|--------------|
| 1 | Beverages | Chai | 4887.00 |
| 1 | Beverages | Chang | 7038.55 |
| 1 | Beverages | Chartreuse verte | 4192.20 |
| 1 | Beverages | Côte de Blaye | 49198.08 |
| 1 | Beverages | Guaraná Fantástica | 1630.12 |
| 1 | Beverages | Ipoh Coffee | 11069.90 |
| 1 | Beverages | Lakkalikööri | 7379.10 |
| 1 | Beverages | Laughing Lumberjack Lager | 910.00 |
| 1 | Beverages | Outback Lager | 5468.40 |
| 1 | Beverages | Rhönbräu Klosterbier | 4485.54 |

8. Ten Most Expensive Products

The two queries below return the same result. It demonstrates how MySQL limits the number of records returned.

The first query uses correlated sub-query to get the top 10 most expensive products.

The second query retrieves data from an ordered sub-query table and then the keyword LIMIT is used outside the sub-query to restrict the number of rows returned.

```
-- Query 1
select distinct ProductName as Ten_Most_Expensive_Products,
               UnitPrice
from Products as a
where 10 >= (select count(distinct UnitPrice)
              from Products as b
              where b.UnitPrice >= a.UnitPrice)
order by UnitPrice desc;

-- Query 2
select * from
(
    select distinct ProductName as Ten_Most_Expensive_Products,
                   UnitPrice
    from Products
    order by UnitPrice desc
) as a
limit 10;
```

Here is the query result. 10 records returned.

| Ten_Most_Expensive_Products | UnitPrice |
|-----------------------------|-----------|
| Côte de Blaye | 263.5 |
| Thüringer Rostbratwurst | 123.79 |
| Mishi Kobe Niku | 97 |
| Sir Rodney's Marmalade | 81 |
| Carnarvon Tigers | 62.5 |
| Raclette Courdavault | 55 |
| Manjimup Dried Apples | 53 |
| Tarte au sucre | 49.3 |
| Ipoh Coffee | 46 |
| Rössle Sauerkraut | 45.6 |

9. Products by Category

This is a simple query just because it's in Access Northwind so we converted it here in MySQL.

```
select distinct a.CategoryName,
               b.ProductName,
               b.QuantityPerUnit,
               b.UnitsInStock,
               b.Discontinued
from Categories a
inner join Products b on a.CategoryID = b.CategoryID
where b.Discontinued = 'N'
order by a.CategoryName, b.ProductName;
```

Here is the query result. 69 records returned.

| CategoryName | ProductName | QuantityPerUnit | UnitsInStock | Discontinued |
|--------------|---------------------------|---------------------|--------------|--------------|
| Beverages | Chai | 10 boxes x 20 bags | 39 n | |
| Beverages | Chang | 24 - 12 oz bottles | 17 n | |
| Beverages | Chartreuse verte | 750 cc per bottle | 69 n | |
| Beverages | Côte de Blaye | 12 - 75 cl bottles | 17 n | |
| Beverages | Ipoh Coffee | 16 - 500 g tins | 17 n | |
| Beverages | Lakkalikööri | 500 ml | 57 n | |
| Beverages | Laughing Lumberjack Lager | 24 - 12 oz bottles | 52 n | |
| Beverages | Outback Lager | 24 - 355 ml bottles | 15 n | |

10. Customers and Suppliers by City

This query shows how to use UNION to merge Customers and Suppliers into one result set by identifying them as having different relationships to Northwind Traders - Customers and Suppliers.

```
select City, CompanyName, ContactName, 'Customers' as Relationship
from Customers
union
select City, CompanyName, ContactName, 'Suppliers'
from Suppliers
order by City, CompanyName;
```

Here is the query result. 120 records returned.

| City | CompanyName | ContactName | Relationship |
|--------------|----------------------------|------------------|--------------|
| Aachen | Drachenblut Delikatessen | Sven Ottlieb | Customers |
| Albuquerque | Rattlesnake Canyon Grocery | Paula Wilson | Customers |
| Anchorage | Old World Delicatessen | Rene Phillips | Customers |
| Ann Arbor | Grandma Kelly's Homestead | Regina Murphy | Suppliers |
| Annecy | Gai pâturage | Eliane Noz | Suppliers |
| Århus | Vaffeljernet | Palle Ibsen | Customers |
| Barcelona | Galería del gastrónomo | Eduardo Saavedra | Customers |
| Barquisimeto | LILA-Supermercado | Carlos González | Customers |
| Bend | Bigfoot Breweries | Cheryl Saylor | Suppliers |

Other tutorials in this category

1. [MySQL Northwind Queries - Part 1](#)
2. [MySQL Northwind Queries - Part 3](#)
3. [How to work with two unrelated values in MySQL](#)

[Back to Tutorial Index Page](#)

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