Cheyenne County, Colorado

Financial Statements

December 31, 2017

Cheyenne County, Colorado Table of Contents December 31, 2017

	Page
Table of Contents	i
Independent Auditor's Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	iii
Government-Wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	3
Statement of Activities	4
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	5
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position	6
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	7
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	8
Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Fund	9
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position - Proprietary Fund	10
Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Fund	11
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds	13
Notes to the Financial Statements	14
Required Supplementary Information:	
Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget & Actual - General Fund	30
Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget & Actual - Road & Bridge Fund	31

Cheyenne County, Colorado Table of Contents December 31, 2017

	Page
Supplementary Information:	
Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget & Actual - Ambulance Fund	32
Balance Sheet - Non Major Governmental Funds	33
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Non Major Funds	34
Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget & Actual – Capital Projects Fund	35
Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget & Actual – Human Services Fund	36
Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget & Actual – Conservation Trust Fund	37
Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget & Actual – Eastern Cheyenne Pest Control Fund	38
Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget & Actual – Emergency Telephone Authority Fund	39
Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – Budget & Actual – RETAC Fund	40
Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – Budget & Actual Public Health Agency Fund	41
Local Highway Finance Report	42

rfarmer, llc a certified public accounting and consulting firm

Independent Auditor's Report

Board of County Commissioners Cheyenne Wells, Colorado

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Cheyenne County (the County), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The County's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of December 31, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and Local Highway Finance Report are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

rfarmer, Uc

August 6, 2018

The discussion and analysis of the Cheyenne County financial performance provides an overview and analysis of the County's financial activities for the year ended on December 31, 2017. It should be read in conjunction with the accompanying basic financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The County's total net position decreased \$214,545 or 1.4% during the year.
- Governmental activities' net position decreased by \$118,336 or .8%.
- Business-Type activities' net position decreased by \$96,209 or 26%.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of four parts – management's discussion and analysis, the basic financial statements including footnotes, required supplementary information, and a section that presents combining statements for nonmajor governmental funds.

Basic financial statements - include two kinds of statements that present different views of the County.

- Government-wide financial statements provide both long-term and short-term information about the County's overall financial status. The required financial statements include statement of net position and statement of activities. The measurement focus is on economic resources and accrual accounting is used. Assets and liabilities include both financial and capital and are reported as short and long term. Revenues and expenses are included regardless of when cash is received or paid.
- Fund Financial Statements focus on the individual parts of the County, reporting in more detail the County's operations.
 - 1. Government Funds show how general government services like public safety, public health, highways and streets, social services, culture and recreation, and general government administration were financed in the short term and what remains for future spending. The required financial statements are a balance sheet and statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance. Only assets expected to be used and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter are included. Capital assets are not included as assets. The measurement focus is on current financial resources and modified accrual accounting is used to report revenues and expenses that are received during the year or soon thereafter.

iii

2. Proprietary Funds include activities, such as the Ambulance Service and is operated similar to private business with an economic resource focus and accrual accounting. The required financial statements include Statement of Net Position, Statement of Revenues, expenses, and changes in Net Position, and Statement of cash flows. All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, long and short-term are provided and all revenues and expenses are included regardless of when cash is received or paid.

Notes to the basic Financial Statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information includes budgetary comparison schedules for the General Fund and major special revenue funds.

Other Supplementary Information includes combining statements for nonmajor governmental funds and budget comparison schedules for all nonmajor special revenue funds, capital project fund, fiduciary funds, and proprietary funds.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The government-wide statements report information about the County as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the County's net position and how they have changed. Net position-the difference between the County's assets and liabilities- is one way to measure the County's financial health, or position.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the County's net position are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the County, additional non-financial factors need to be considered, such as changes in the County's property tax base and the condition of the County's roads.

The government-wide financial statements of the County are divided into two categories:

Governmental Activities – Most of the County's basic services are included here, such as public safety, public health, highways and streets, human services, culture and recreation, and general administration. Property taxes, intergovernmental revenue and charges for services finance most of these activities.

Business-type Activities: The County charges fees to customers to recover most of the costs of certain activities, which includes the Ambulance Service.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the County's most significant funds – not the County as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that a County uses to account for specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes.

- Some funds are required by State law and by bond covenants.
- The County Commissioners establish other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is properly using certain taxes and grants, such as the Conservation Trust Fund.

The County has three kinds of funds:

- Governmental Funds Most of the County's basic services are included in the governmental funds, which focus on the flow of cash in and out and how balances remaining at the end of the year are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine the change in financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the County's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, additional information is provided on the subsequent page that explains the differences between them.
- Proprietary Funds Services for which the County charges customers a fee is generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds, like the government-wide statements, provide both long and short-term financial information. The County's Ambulance Fund is a proprietary fund accounting for the charges for ambulance service.
- Fiduciary Funds: The County is the trustee, or fiduciary, for the Treasurer's Fund. The Treasurer, by statute, collects and distributes all property tax revenues to other County funds and local governments. The County is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in this fund are used for their intended purpose. All of the County's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position. These balances are excluded from the County's government-wide financial statements because the County cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COUNTY'S FUNDS

The County uses fund accounting to comply with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds – The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. This information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. For example, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

A summary of the County's net position for the year is as follows:

	Government	al Activities	Business-Type Activities		<u>Total</u>	
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016
Current Assets	9,963,814	9,659,524	145,614	204,687	10,109,428	9,864,211
Other Non-Current Assets						
Capital Assets – Net	8,167,132	8,800,541	230,167	267,592	8,397,299	9,068,133
Total Assets	18,130,946	18,460,065	375,781	472,279	18,506,727	18,932,344
Deferred Outflows of Resources						· · · · · · · ·
Current Liabilities	373,327	574,913	1,862	1,906	375,189	576,819
Non-Current Liabilities	1,215,787	944,835	•	,	1,215,787	944,835
Total Liabilities	1,589,114	1,519,748	1,862	1,906	1,590,976	1,521,654
Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,825,022	1,848,378	8,168	8,414	1,833,190	1,856,792
Net Position	14,716,810	15,091,941	365,751	461,959	15,082,561	15,553,901
Net Position Consists of:						
Net Investment in Capital Assets	8,167,132	8,800,541	230,167	267,591	8,397,299	9,068,132
Restricted	154,046	169,201			154,046	169,201
Unrestricted	6,395,632	6,122,199	135,584	194,368	6,531,216	6,316,568
Net Position	14,716,810	15,091,941	365,751	461,959	15,082,561	15,553,901

The net position of the County's governmental funds as of December 31, 2017 was \$14,716,810 of which \$6,395,632 was unrestricted and is available for spending at the government's discretion.

The General Fund is the main operating fund of the County. As of December 31, 2017, the General Fund balance was \$2,624,548, of which \$2,470,502 was unassigned. Unassigned fund balance represents 111% of 2017 General Fund expenditures.

A summary of the County's change in net position for the year is as follows:

	Government	al Activities	Business-Typ	e Activities	<u>To</u>	<u>tal</u>
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016
Program Revenues:						
Operating Grants and						
Contributions	3,290,436	3,298,789			3,290,436	3,298,789
Capital Grants and						
Contributions				80,470		80,470
Charges for Services	442,414	430,700	77,970	60,787	520,384	491,487
Bad Debts and Contractual						
Adjustments		.,	(95,359)		(95,359)	
Total Program Revenue	3,732,850	3,729,489	(17,389)	141,257	3,715,461	3,870,746
General Revenues:						
Taxes	2,132,735	2,941,855	9,355	13,166	2,142,090	2,955,021
Other	42,538	53,475	12,870		55,408	53,475
Instrument Earnings	37,455	33,666			37,455	33,666
Total General Revenue	2,212,728	3,028,996	22,225	13,166	2,234,953	3,042,162
Total Revenue	5,945,578	6,758,485	4,836	154,423	5,950,414	6,912,908
Expenses:						
General Government	1,646,757	1,649,115			1,646,757	1,649,115
Judicial and Public Safety	1,531,571	1,913,636			1,531,571	1,913,636
Highways and Streets	1,946,288	1,878,967			1,946,288	1,878,967
Health and Human Services	802,469	1,098,579			802,469	1,098,579
Culture and Recreation	114,990	125,654			114,990	125,654
Ambulance			105,545	139,899	105,545	139,899
Total Expenses	6,042,075	6,665,951	105,545	139,899	6,147,620	6,805,850
Change in Net Assets before						
Transfers and Special Items						
Gain (Loss) on Disposal of						
Assets	(21,838)	15,907	4,500	v++ ···	(17,338)	15,907
Change in Net Position	(118,336)	108,442	(96,209)	14,524	(214,545)	122,964
Beginning Net Position	14,835,146	14,726,704	461,960	447,436	15,297,106	15,174,140
Ending Net Position	14,716,810	14,835,147	365,751	461,960	15,082,561	15,297,105

Governmental activities revenues are \$5,945,578, a decrease of \$813,720 from prior year revenues. Governmental expenses are \$6,042,075, a decrease of \$42,862 from prior year expenses.

Business-Type revenues total \$4,836, which is a decrease of \$186,457 in revenues from the prior year. Business-Type expenses are \$105,545, a decrease of \$71,600 from prior year total expenses.

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Supplemental Appropriations were approved in the following funds

RETAC \$548,000Public Health \$60,000

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

As of December 31, 2017, Cheyenne County's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business type activities net of accumulated depreciation was \$9068,113. Capital assets including land, infrastructure, buildings, improvements, and equipment are as follows:

	Government	tal Activities	Business-Typ	e Activities	<u>Tc</u>	<u>otal</u>
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016
Land	155,834	155,834	1,500	1,500	157,334	157,334
Infrastructure	3,677,792	3,677,792			3,677,792	3,677,792
Buildings and Improvements	4,293,298	4,293,298	109,980	109,980	4,403,278	4,403,278
Equipment	8,999,780	9,068,193	625,636	746,395	9,625,416	9,814,588
Total	17,126,704	17,195,117	737,116	857,875	17,863,820	18,052,992
Accumulated Depreciation	(8,959,572)	(8,394,576)	(506,949)	(590,283)	(9,466,521)	(8,984,859)
Capital Assets, Net	8,167,132	8,800,541	230,167	267,592	8,397,299	9,068,133

This year's major Governmental capital asset additions included:

• County Clerk Recording Equipment \$10,300

Long-term Debt – As of December 31, 2017 the County's long-term debt consisted of the following: compensated absences of \$112,603 and landfill closure costs of \$1,103,183.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND 2018 BUDGET AND RATES

- Growth was assumed to be flat.
- Property tax revenues were budgeted at \$1,768,880.

Governmental activities revenues were budgeted at \$4,888,735, a decrease of \$1,055,031 from 2017 actual revenues. Expenditures for governmental activities are projected to be \$5,500,878 which is an \$84,531 increase from current year actual expenditures.

The main business-type activity for the County is Ambulance Service. Ambulance Fund revenues were budgeted at \$172,488 which is \$167,652 more than current year actual revenues. Ambulance Fund budgeted expenditures of \$190,303 is \$84,758 more than current year actual expenditures of \$105,545.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide the citizens, taxpayers, customers and investors and creditors of Cheyenne County, Colorado a general overview of the County's finances and to demonstrate the County's accountability. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Cheyenne County Colorado Commissioners, P.O. Box 567, Cheyenne Wells, Colorado 80810.

Cheyenne County, Colorado Statement of Net Position December 31, 2017

	 vernmental Activities		siness-type Activities	Total
ASSETS				
Cash and Equivalents	\$ 7,644,259	\$	125,032	\$ 7,769,291
Receivables	2,009,387		20,582	2,029,969
Due from Other Governmental Agencies	16,719		-	16,719
Inventories	293,449		-	293,449
Capital Assets				
Land	155,834		1,500	157,334
Infrastructure	3,677,792		-	3,677,792
Buildings	4,293,298		109,980	4,403,278
Equipment and Furniture	8,999,780		625,636	9,625,416
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	 (8,959,572)		(506,949)	 (9,466,521)
Total Capital Assets	 8,167,132		230,167	8,397,299
Total Assets	18,130,946		375,781	 18,506,727
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	109,146		1,862	111,008
Due to other governmental agencies	14,277		-	14,277
Unearned Revenue-grants	249,905		-	249,905
Due in more than one year				
Landfill closure and post-closure costs	1,103,183		-	1,103,183
Compensated absences	 112,603			 112,603
Total liabilities	 1,589,114	7	1,862	 1,590,976
Deferred In-Flows of Resources				
Deferred Property Taxes	1,825,022		8,168	 1,833,190
NET POSITION	 			
Net investment in capital assets	8,167,132		230,167	8,397,299
Restricted for:				
TABOR	154,046		-	154,046
Unrestricted	6,395,632		135,584	 6,531,216
Total net position	\$ 14,716,810	\$	365,751	\$ 15,082,561

Cheyenne County, Colorado Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

			Program Revenue	venue			ivet (Expens	Primary	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets Primary Government	es m	Assets
			D		Capital Grants						
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	ants tions	and Contributions	යි `	Governmental Activities	Busi A	Business-type Activities		Total
Primary government Governmental activities											
General Government	\$ 1,646,757	\$ 149,691	\$ 298,	298,595	ı ∽	∽	(1,198,471)	∽	1	∽	(1,198,471)
Judicial and Public Safety	1,531,571	148,581	926,763	,763	•		(456,227)		ı		(456,227)
Highways and Streets	1,946,288	10,040	1,461,479	,479	•		(474,769)		•		(474,769)
Public Health and Human Services	802,469	120,855	595,	595,958			(82,656)		•		(85,656)
Culture and Recreation	114,990	13,247	7,	7,641	•		(94,102)		•		(94,102)
Total governmental activities	6,042,075	442,414	3,290,436	436	1		(2,309,225)		-		(2,309,225)
Business-type activities: Ambulance	105,545	(4,519)		ı	•		1		(110,064)		(110,064)
Total business-type activities	105,545	(4,519)		,	1				(110,064)		(110,064)
Total primary government	\$ 6,147,620	\$ 437,895	\$ 3,290,	290,436			(2,309,225)		(110,064)		(2,419,289)
	General revenues:	:									
	Taxes:		,			•		•	i i	•	000
	Property tax	Property taxes, levied for general purposes	al purposes			∽	2,132,734	≯ >	9,355	>	2,142,089
	Unrestricted in	Unrestricted investment earnings					37,455		1		37,455
	Miscellaneous	,					42,338		1 00		42,336
	Special item - ga	Special item - gain on sale of asset					(21,838)		4,500		(17,338)
	Total gene	Total general revenues, special items, and transfers	al items, and trar	nsfers			2,190,889		13,855		2,204,744
	Change	Change in net assets					(118,336)		(60,209)		(214,545)
	Net position - beginning	inning					14,835,146		461,960		15,297,106
	Net position - ending	ing				69	14,716,810	₩	365,751	∽	15,082,561
	•)									

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

Cheyenne County, Colorado Balance Sheet Governmental Funds December 31, 2017

	General	Road & Bridge	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,412,848	\$ 3,016,226	\$ 1,981,968	\$ 7,411,042
Investments	233,215	-	-	233,215
Taxes receivable, net	1,525,600	116,681	182,741	1,825,022
Receivable from other governments	-	-	16,719	16,719
Other receivables	17,179	117,136	50,051	184,366
Inventories		266,144	27,306	293,450
Total assets	4,188,842	3,516,187	2,258,785	9,963,814
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANC Liabilities:		(1 (2)	12.202	106 204
Accounts payable	32,387	61,625	12,382	106,394
Unearned revenue-grants	4,911	-	244,994	249,905
Due to other governments	-	-	14,277	14,277
Other payables	1,396	955	400	2,751
Total liabilities	38,694	62,580	272,053	373,327
Deferred in-flows of resources				
Deferred property taxes	1,525,600	116,681	182,741	1,825,022
Total deferred in-flows	1,525,600	116,681	182,741	1,825,022
Fund balance:				
Non-spendable:				
Inventories	-	266,144	27,306	293,450
Restricted: TABOR	154,046	-	-	154,046
Unassigned:	2,470,502		-	2,470,502
Special Revenue Funds:				
Committed		3,070,782	1,776,685	4,847,467
Total fund balance	2,624,548	3,336,926	1,803,991	7,765,465
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 4,188,842	\$ 3,516,187	\$ 2,258,785	\$ 9,963,814

Cheyenne County, Colorado Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position December 31, 2017

Total fund balances, governmental funds	\$ 7,765,465
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the fund financial statements, but are reported in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Position.	8,167,132
Some liabilities, (such as Notes Payable, Landfill Closure and Postclosure Costs, and Long-term Compensated Absences are not due and payable in the current period and are not included in the fund financial statement, but are included in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Position.	(1,215,786)
Rounding	 (1)
Fund Balances of Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position	\$ 14,716,810

Cheyenne County, Colorado Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

	General	Road & Bridge	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 1,788,323	\$ 135,009	\$ 209,403	\$ 2,132,735
Fees and fines	10,710	-	-	10,710
Licenses and permits	182	9,740	-	9,922
Intergovernmental	348,714	1,475,767	1,470,566	3,295,047
Charges for services	271,301	300	121,580	393,181
Investment earnings	37,001	-	454	37,455
Miscellaneous	17,215	174	20,622	38,011
Rent Income	18,946	-	-	18,946
Donations	7,759	-	-	7,759
Total revenues	2,500,151	1,620,990	1,822,625	5,943,766
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government	1,560,797	-	42,407	1,603,204
Judicial	60,089	-	-	60,089
Public safety	537,604	-	-	537,604
Highways and street	-	1,467,069	-	1,467,069
Health	2,545	-	1,343,781	1,346,326
Human services	-	-	281,493	281,493
Culture and recreation	62,108	-	-	62,108
Capital Outlay	6,500	-	51,954	58,454
Total Expenditures	2,229,643	1,467,069	1,719,635	5,416,347
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	270,508	153,921	102,990	527,419
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Other source	1,812	-	-	1,812
Transfers in	-	-	70,000	70,000
Transfers out	(70,000)	-	•	(70,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(68,188)	-	70,000	1,812
Net change in fund balance	202,320	153,921	172,990	529,231
Fund balance - beginning	2,422,228	3,183,005	1,631,001	7,236,234
Fund balance - ending	\$ 2,624,548	\$ 3,336,926	\$ 1,803,991	\$ 7,765,465

Cheyenne County, Colorado

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds:	\$ 529,231
Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report outlays for capital assets as expenditures because such outlays use current financial resources. In contrast, the Statement of Activities reports only a portion of the outlay as expense. The outlay is allocated over the assets' estimated useful lives as depreciation expense for the period. This is the amount by which capital outlays of \$58,454 is less than depreciation of \$670,025 in the current period.	(611,571)
Governmental funds report the entire net sales price (proceeds) from sale of an asset as revenue because it provides current financial resources. In contrast, the Statement of Activities reports only the gain or loss on the sale of the assets. Thus, the change in net assets differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of the asset sold.	(21,838)
Increase in landfill closure and postclosure costs.	(14,157)
Rounding	(1)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ (118,336)

Cheyenne County, Colorado Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds

December 31, 2017

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Enterprise Funds			
	Ambulance Fund	Total		
ASSETS				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 125,032	\$ 125,032		
Accounts Receivable, net	12,414	12,414		
Property taxes	8,168	8,168		
Total current assets	145,614	145,614		
Non-current assets:				
Capital Assets:				
Land	1,500	1,500		
Buildings	109,980	109,980		
Equipment and Furniture	625,636	625,636		
Less Accumulated depreciation	(506,949)	(506,949)		
Total non-current assets	230,167	230,167		
Total assets	375,781	375,781		
LIABILITIES				
Current Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	1,862	1,862		
Total current liabilities	1,862	1,862		
Total liabilities	1,862	1,862		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred Revenues-property taxes	8,168	8,168		
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets	230,167	230,167		
Unrestricted	135,584	135,584		
Total net position	365,751	\$ 365,751		

Cheyenne County, Colorado

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Enterprise Funds				
	Ambi	ılance Fund	Total		
OPERATING REVENUES	***************************************		<u> </u>		
Charges for services	\$	77,970	\$	77,970	
Bad debts and contractual adjustments		(95,359)		(95,359)	
Miscellaneous revenue		12,870		12,870	
Property taxes		9,355		9,355	
Total operating revenues		4,836		4,836	
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Personal services		23,578		23,578	
Contractual services		3,559		3,559	
Repairs and maintenance		21,211		21,211	
Other supplies and expenses		14,558		14,558	
Insurance claims and expenses		263		263	
Miscellaneous expenses		4,951		4,951	
Depreciation		37,425		37,425	
Total Operating Expenses		105,545		105,545	
Operating income (loss)		(100,709)	 ,	(100,709)	
Income (loss) before other financing sources (uses)		(100,709)		(100,709)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				4 #00	
Special item - gain (loss) on sale of assets		4,500		4,500	
Change in net position		(96,209)		(96,209)	
Total net position - beginning	·	461,960		461,960	
Total net position - ending		365,751	\$	365,751	

Cheyenne County, Colorado Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund Types for the year ended December 31, 2017

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	Ar	nbulance	 Total
Cash Received from Charges for Services	\$	10,218	\$ 10,218
Cash Received from Miscellaneous Sources		12,870	12,870
Cash Received from Property Taxes		9,355	9,355
Cash Payments to Suppliers for Goods & Services		(44,586)	(44,586)
Cash Payments for Salaries & Benefits		(23,578)	 (23,578)
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY			
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		(35,721)	 (35,721)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL & RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:			
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets		4,501	4,501
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY CAPITAL			
AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		4,501	4,501
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN			
CASH & CASH EQUIVALENTS		(31,220)	(31,220)
Cash & Cash Equivalents:			
Beginning of Year		156,252	 156,252
End of Year	\$	125,032	\$ 125,032

Cheyenne County, Colorado Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund Types for the year ended December 31, 2017 (continued)

RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING		
INCOME TO NET CASH	Ambulance	Total
PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Operating Income (Loss)	\$ (100,709)	\$ (100,709)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income		
To Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:		
Depreciation	37,425	37,425
Change in Assets and Liabilities:		
(Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivables	27,607	27,607
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable	(44)	(44)
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY		
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(35,721)	(35,721)
Analysis of cash:		
Cash with County Treasurer	125,032	125,032
TOTAL	\$ 125,032	\$ 125,032

Cheyenne County, Colorado Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds December 31, 2017

ASSETS:	 TOTAL AGENCY FUNDS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 713,576				
Total assets	713,576				
LIABILITIES:					
Due to other governmental units	 713,576				
Total liabilities	\$ 713,576				

Cheyenne County, Colorado Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2017

Note 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of Cheyenne County, Colorado (the County) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governmental entities. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

Reporting Entity

The financial reporting entity consists of (1) the primary government, (2) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and (3) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The reporting entity's financial statements should present the funds of the primary government (including its blended component unity, which are, in substance, part of the primary government) and provide an overview of the discretely presented component units. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the County's operations. Discretely presented component units, if any, are reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that they are legally separate from the County.

Based on the above criteria, the following entities have been included in the County's basic financial statements using the blended presentation.

Emergency Telephone Authority

The Authority has no corporate powers separate from the County and is not financially independent.

Plains to Peaks Regional Emergency Medical & Trauma Advisory Council (RETAC)

The RETAC has been established by an intergovernmental agreement between five counties. The counties have agreed to blend its accounting into Cheyenne County's financial statements as a special revenue fund.

There are not any other entities that should be included in the County's financial statements.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the County. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenue, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or activity are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from government-wide financial statements. Major individual government funds and individual enterprise finds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentations

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the County's governmental and business-type activities. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available.

"Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, revenues are considered to be available if collected within sixty days after year-end. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgements, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise fees, licenses and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Sales tax collected and held at year end on behalf of the County is also recognized as revenue if collected within sixty days after year end. Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been met. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

Enterprise funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing goods and services in connection with an enterprise fund's ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the County's enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Fund Accounting

The accounts of the County are organized on the basis of funds and account groups, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controls.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund – The general fund is the general operating fund of the County. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Road and Bridge Fund – This fund records cost related to county road and bridge construction and maintenance. By state law, Colorado counties are required to maintain a Road and Bridge Fund and a portion of road and

bridge taxes is allocated to cities and towns for their road and street activities.

The County has the following non-major special revenue funds:

Human Services Fund – As required by state law, this fund is used to account for all federal and state public aid and assistance programs administered by the County.

Capital Project Fund – The fund accounts for the majority of capital outlay expenditures for the County. Property taxes and grants are the major sources of revenues.

Conservation Trust Fund – This fund accounts for lottery proceeds required to be expended solely on park and recreation improvements.

Eastern Cheyenne County Pest Control Fund – This fund accounts for property taxes restricted for weed and pest control services.

Emergency Telephone Authority Fund – This fund accounts for all emergency services and communications.

RETAC Fund – This fund accounts for federal and state grants for regional emergency medical and trauma services.

Public Health Agency Fund – This fund accounts for public health revenues and expenses relating to health services provided by the County.

Enterprise funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

The following is the County's major proprietary fund:

Ambulance Fund – This fund accounts for all financial activities associated with the County's ambulance service.

Short-Term Interfund Receivables and Payables

The County from time to time authorizes advances between County funds. Interfund receivables and payables are classified as internal balances on the government-wide statement of net position and are classified as due to/due from other funds on the balance sheet.

Receivables

For all revenue, the County uses sixty days as receivable under the modified accrual basis of accounting.

<u>Inventory</u>

Inventory is valued at lower of cost (first in, first out) or market. Inventory in the special revenue fund consists of expendable supplies held for consumption. The cost is recorded as an expenditure at the time individual inventory items are purchased. Reported inventories are equally offset by a fund balance restriction which indicates that they do not constitute "available spendable resources" even though they are a component of net current assets.

Prepayments

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For the purposes of the statement of cash flows, the County considers all highly liquid investments, including restricted assets, with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, vehicles, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g. roads, bridges and similar items), are capitalized at actual or estimated costs. Donations of such assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the time of donation. Capital assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements.

Maintenance, repairs and minor renovations are recorded as expenditures when incurred. Major additions and improvements are capitalized. When assets used in the operation of a government fund type are sold, the proceeds of the sale are recorded as revenues in the appropriate government fund. The County reports gains and losses on the disposal of capital assets (carrying value less sale proceeds, if any) in the government-wide statements of activities and enterprise fund operating statement. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included in the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. The County's capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the fixed assets. Depreciation of all capital assets used in governmental activities and by proprietary funds is charged as an expense against their operations. Estimated useful lives are as follows:

Infrastructure 30-60 years Equipment 4-50 years Buildings & Improvements 15-60 years

The government-wide financial statements include infrastructure assets reported retroactively back to 1995.

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied, assessed, become due and attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxpayers have the option of paying their taxes in full on or before April 30 or paying in two installments, one half due by February 28 and the remaining half due by June 15. Unpaid taxes become delinquent as of August 1 and are subject to collection procedures on or after October 1. The County bills and collects its own property taxes. Property taxes along with taxes for the schools, towns and special districts are accounted for in the agency fund.

Compensated Absences

Vacation and sick pay is accrued in the appropriate fund accounts according to the County's vacation and sick pay policy at the employee's prevailing was as of the last day of the year. The liability for compensated absences does not exceed a normal year's accumulation.

Fund Equity

In the fund Governmental financial statements, the following classifications describe the relative strength of spending constraints.

Nonspendable Fund Balance – This is the portion of fund balance that cannot be spent because it is either not in spendable form (such as inventory and prepaid amounts) or is legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance – This is the portion of fund balance constrained to being used for a specific purpose by external parties (such as grantors or bondholders), constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance – This is the portion of fund balance constrained for specific purposes according to the limitations imposed by the County's highest level of decision making authority, the County Commissioners, prior to the end of the current fiscal year. The constraint may be removed or changed only through formal action of the County Commissioners.

Assigned Fund Balance – This is the portion of fund balance set aside for planned or intended purposes but is neither restricted nor committed. The intended use may be expressed by the County Commissioners or other individuals authorized to assign funds to be used for a specific purpose. Assigned fund balances in special revenue funds will also include any remaining fund balance that is not restricted or committed. This classification is necessary to indicate that those funds are, at a minimum, intended to be used for the purpose of that particular fund.

Unassigned Fund Balance – This is the residual portion of fund balance that does not meet any of the above criteria. The County will only report a positive unassigned fund balance in the General Fund.

When both restricted and unrestricted fund balance are available for use, it is the County's policy to use restricted amounts first. Unrestricted fund balance will be used in the following order: committed, assigned and unassigned.

Note 2 Budgetary Information

The County follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements.

- 1. Prior to October 15, each office submits to the Board of County Commissioners a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following January 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures.
- 2. A public hearing is conducted at the courthouse to obtain tax-payers' comments.
- 3. Prior to January 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution. Once enacted, budget may be amended by passage of a supplemental appropriation. Original and final amended budgets are included in the financial statements. All appropriations lapse at year end.
- 4. Budgets for the general, special revenue and expendable trust funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The proprietary fund budget is on a non-GAAP basis.

The legal level of budgetary control, that is the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount, is established at the individual fund level for all funds.

Supplemental budgets were adopted for 2017.

Note 3 Deposits and Investments

Deposits

The County reports investments at fair market value. The County's deposits and cash on hand are as follows:

Cash on hand	\$ 5,134
Cash in savings and checking accounts	3,764,157
Certificates of Deposit	4,000,000
Total	\$ 7,769,291

Custodial Credit Risk

Deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk (the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the government would not be able to recover deposits or would not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party), if they are not covered by depository insurance and are collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, except for deposits collateralized by certain types of collateral pools including a single financial institution collateral pool where the fair value of the pool is equal to or exceeds all uninsured public deposits held by the financial institution (e.g. deposits insured by the Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA)). Accordingly, none of the County's deposits as of December 31, 2017, are deemed to be exposed to custodial credit risk. The County has no policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits.

All County investments are held in bank certificates of deposit. These certificates are either insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or PDPA and are not exposed to any other investment risks.

Colorado statutes specify in which instruments the local government may invest, which include:

- 1. Repurchase agreements in obligations of the United States;
- 2. Obligations of the United States or obligations unconditionally guaranteed by the United States;
- 3. General obligation or revenue bonds of any state, District of Columbia, U.S. territory or any of the subdivisions, with certain limitations;

- 4. Commercial paper, with certain limitations;
- 5. Any obligation, certificate of participation or lease/purchase of the investing public entity;
- 6. Money market fund, with certain limitations, which invest in the types of securities listed above;
- 7. Guaranteed investment contracts, with certain limitations;
- 8. Participation with other local governments in pooled investment funds (trusts) which are supervised by participating governments and must comply with the same restrictions on cash deposits and investments.

Note 4 Capital Assets

Governmental Activities

A summary of changes in governmental activity capital assets is as follows:

	Dec 31 2016	1	Additions	Transf Deleti		Dec 31 2017
Non-depreciable assets:						
Land	\$ 155,834	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 155,834
Total non-depreciable assets	155,834		_		-	155,834
Depreciable assets:			·			
Buildings & Improvements	4,293,298		-		-	4,293,298
Equipment	9,068,193		58,454	(126,8	367)	8,999,780
Infrastructure	3,677,792		-		-	3,677,792
Total depreciable assets	 17,039,283		58,454	(126,8	367)	16,970,870
Total capital assets	17,195,117		58,454	(126,8	367)	17,126,704
Less accumulated depreciation	(8,394,576)		(670,025)	105,0	29	(8,959,572)
Total capital assets, net	\$ 8,800,541	\$	(611,571)	\$ (21,8	338)_	\$ 8,167,132

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the County as follows:

General Government	\$ 69,232
Public Safety	44,025
Highways and Streets	479,219
Health	24,667
Culture and Recreation	52,882
Total depreciation expense -	
Governmental Activities	\$ 670,025

Business-Type Activities

A summary of changes in Enterprise Funds capital assets is as follows:

	Dec 31 2016	P	Additions	ransfers/ Deletions	Dec 31 2017
Non-depreciable assets:					
Land	\$ 1,500	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 1,500
Depreciable assets:					
Buildings & Improvements	109,980		-	-	109,980
Equipment	746,395		-	(120,759)	625,636
Total depreciable assets	856,375		-	(120,759)	735,616
Total capital assets	857,875		-	(120,759)	737,116
Less accumulated depreciation	 (590,283)		(37,425)	 120,759	(506,949)
Total capital assets, net	\$ 267,592	\$	(37,425)	\$ -	\$ 230,167

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the County as follows:

Ambulance

\$ 37,425

Note 5 Interfund Transactions

The following is a summary of interfund transfers for the year as presented in the fund financial statements.

Transfers In	Transfers Out	Amount	Purpose
Public Health Agency Fund	General Fund	\$ 70,000	Operating

Note 6 Landfill Closure and Post Closure Costs

Landfill

The County operates two solid waste landfills and is required by federal and state laws and regulations to provide closure and post-closure future costs. The County is required to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions for thirty years after closure. These costs are reported as liabilities in the Statement of Net position under Governmental Activities each year the landfill is operated based on landfill capacity used as of December 31.

Cheyenne Wells Site

The County closed the site during 2014. Future additional costs may be incurred depending on results of soil samples, test wells, changes due to inflation, deflation, technology or applicable federal and state regulations.

Closure and post-closure care financial assurances are being met by the local financial test.

First View Site

Cell 1

The County has estimated total closure costs of \$101,092 and post-closure costs of \$237,298. As of December 31, 2017, the total liability recognized for landfill closure based on use of 100% of the estimated capacity of Cell 1 is \$338,390.

Cell 2

The County has estimated total closure costs of \$101,999 and post-closure costs of \$254,569. As of December 31, 2017, the total liability recognized for landfill closure based on use of 100% of the estimated capacity of Cell 2 is \$356,568.

Cell 3

The County has estimated total closure costs of \$134,034 and post-closure costs of \$105,750. As of December 31, 2017, the total liability recognized for landfill closure based on use of 15% of the estimated capacity of Cell 3 is \$239,784.

Cell 10

The County has not estimated cost of closure and post-closure costs of Cell 10. Due to changing costs and technology it is anticipated that the closure and post-closure costs of Cell 10 will be within the costs of previous cells. Cell 10 was approximately 61% full as of December 31, 2017.

Cell 4 – Asbestos

The County has estimated total closure costs of \$35,447 and post-closure costs of \$96,278. As of December 31, 2017, the total liability recognized for landfill closure based on use of 100% of the estimated capacity of Cell 4 is \$168,441, that also includes \$36,716 for the Cheyenne Wells cell.

The landfill is projected to have one year remaining on the present cell, assuming no additional excavation. Future additional costs may be incurred depending on results of soil samples, test wells, changes due to inflation, deflation, technology or applicable federal and state regulations.

Closure and post-closure care financial assurances are being met by the local financial test.

Note 7 Pension Plans

The County provides pension benefits for all of its full-time employees and parttime employees who work at least 32 hours per week for 12 months out of the year through a defined contribution plan administered by CCOERA. In a defined contribution plan, benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings. Employees are eligible to participate after ninety (90) days of service. The County rate of contribution is 4%. The employee must contribute 4% and may contribute more at their election. The County's contributions for each employee and interest allocated to the employee's account are fully vested immediately. Plan provisions and contribution requirements are established and may be amended by the Commissioners.

A deferred compensation plan under Section 457 of the Internal Revenue code is also available to all eligible employees for voluntary contributions of up to a maximum specified by the Internal Revenue Service. Employees are eligible to participate after 90 days of service. The plan is administered by CCOERA and plan provisions are established and may be amended by the Commissioners.

The County's total payroll during 2017 was \$1,844,624. Both the County and the covered employees made the required contributions for the current year.

The amount contributed by the employees and the employer was \$73,785

A deferred compensation plan under Section 457 of the Internal Revenue Code is also available to all eligible employees for voluntary contributions of up to a maximum specified by the Internal Revenue Service. Employees are eligible to participate after ninety (90) days of service. The plan is administered by CCOERA and plan provisions are established and may be amended by the Commissioners.

Note 8 Risk Management

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters.

County Worker's Compensation Pool

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to injuries of employees while on the job. In January, 1985, due to the high cost of obtaining worker's compensation insurance, the County joined together with other Counties in the State of Colorado to form the County Worker's Compensation Pool (CWCP), a

public entity risk pool operating as a common risk management and insurance program for member counties. The County pays an annual contribution to CSCP for its worker's compensation insurance coverage. The intergovernmental agreement of formation of CWCP provides that the pool will be financially self-sustaining through member contributions and additional assessments, if necessary, and the Pool will purchase excess insurance through commercial companies for member claims in excess of a specified self-insured retention, which is determined each policy year. There have been no significant reductions in coverage from the prior year and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Colorado Counties Casualty and Property Pool

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to property and casualty losses. In February, 1987, the County, due to the high cost of property and liability insurance, joined together with other Counties in the State of Colorado to form the Colorado Counties Casualty and Property Pool (CAPP), a public entity risk pool operating as a common risk management and insurance program for member counties. The County pays an annual contribution to CAPP for its property and casualty insurance coverage. The intergovernmental agreement of formation of CAPP provides that the pool will be financially self-sustaining through member contributions and additional assessments, if necessary, and the Pool will purchase excess insurance through commercial companies for member claims in excess of a specified self-insured retention, which is determined each policy year. There have been no significant reductions in coverage from the prior year and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Colorado Counties Health Insurance Pool

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to health insurance coverage. In June, 1988, the County, due to the high cost of health coverage, joined together with other Counties in the State of Colorado to form the County Health Insurance Pool, a public entity risk pool operating as a common risk management and insurance program for member counties. The County pays monthly premiums for health insurance coverage. The intergovernmental agreement provides that the pool will be financially self-sustaining through member contributions and additional assessments. There have been no significant reductions in coverage from the prior year and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Note 9 Long-Term Debt

The changes in long-term debt during 2017 are summarized as follows:

	Dec 31 2016	Additions	Payments	Dec 31 2017	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities					
Compensated Absences	\$ 112,603	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 112,603	\$ -
Landfill Closure	1,089,026	14,157	-	1,103,183	-
	\$1,201,629	\$ 14,157	\$ -	\$1,215,786	\$ -

Compensated absences are normally paid from the funds reporting payroll and related expenditures, including the General Fund, Road and Bridge Fund, Human Service Fund, RETAC Fund, Public Health Agency Fund and East Cheyenne County Pest Control Fund. Landfill closure costs are payable from the General Fund.

Note 10 Joint Venture

District Attorney

The District Attorney for the Fifteenth Judicial District is a joint venture between four counties. The District Attorney represents the people of the four counties and is established by state statute. The District Attorney is an elected office and the counties comprising the District, other than approving their respective portion of the budget, do not excuse oversight responsibility, significantly affect operations, nor do they have a financial obligation beyond the budget. During 2017, the County made payments of \$45,400 to the Office of the District Attorney which are included in the General Fund.

The report of the Office of the District Attorney for the Fifteenth District may be obtained at the following address:

Off ice of the District Attorney Fifteenth Judicial District P. O. Box 1135 Lamar, Colorado 81052 (719) 336-7446

Note 11 Contingencies

TABOR

In November, 1992, Colorado voters passed a constitutional amendment (the TABOR amendment) to the State Constitution (Article X, Section 20) which required voter approval for any increases in mill levies, revenue limits, spending limits and creation of multi-year debt. In addition, the amendment requires that a 3% reserve be established for emergencies.

In 1996 the County electorate passed a ballot measure to allow the County to collect and spend excess revenues without limitations to the provisions of Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution.

The County has \$154,046 restricted within the General Fund for the emergency reserve under the TABOR amendment.

The County believes that it is in compliance with the provisions of the TABOR amendment. However, many provisions of the TABOR amendment are complex and subject to further interpretation and will require judicial interpretation.

Landfill

Management has estimated the County's liability for closure and partial closure costs associated with two landfill cells located within the County based on current understanding of laws and regulations in accordance with GASB Statements. Additional costs or reductions in current estimates may be incurred depending on results of soil samples, test wells and final federal and state regulations.

Note 12 EBT Authorizations

Refer to the following page for the Schedule of EBT Authorizations.

Note 12

Department of Human Services
Schedule of EBT Authorizations, Warrant Expenditures and Total Expenditures
for the year ended December 31, 2017

	County	County	Expenditures	County EBT	Total
Program	EBT	Share of	By County Warrant	Authorizations	Expenditures
				by County Warrant	
Regular County Administration	- \$	-	\$ 79,124	\$ 79,124	79,124
Adult Protection Services	•	•	1,417	1,417	1,417
Child Support	•	•	10,809	10,809	10,809
CMP (Meaningful Min)	•	•	9,296	9,296	9,296
Food Assistance Administration	•	•	26,619	26,619	26,619
Medical Assistance Administration	•	•	34,406	34,406	34,406
Non Allocated			929	9/9	929
Wide Cost Allocation	•	•	1,054	1,054	1,054
Medicaid Transportation	•	1	13,954	13,954	13,954
Colorado Works	24,423	5,327	7,450	31,873	12,777
Child Care	3,870	2,661	1,128	4,998	3,789
Child Welfare	6,179	1,414	73,115	79,294	74,529
Core	28,586	•	3,096	31,682	3,096
Low-Energy Assistance Program	33,887	ı	4,204	38,091	4,204
Aid to the Needy Disabled	7,707	1,528	816	8,523	2,344
Old Age Pension	23,078	1	3,399	26,477	3,399
Sub-Total	127,730	10,930	270,563	398,293	281,493
Food Assistance	246,004	1	1	246,004	1
Grand Total	\$ 373,734	\$ 10,930	\$ 270,563	\$ 644,297	\$ 281,493

Cheyenne County, Colorado Budget and Actual General For the year ended December 31, 2017

	Budgeted	l Amoui	ıts	ıal Amounts, Igetary Basis	Fins	iance with il Budget - ve (Negative)
	Original		Final			- (- <u>B</u> /
REVENUES						
Property Taxes	\$ 1,723,110	\$	1,723,110	\$ 1,788,323	\$	65,213
Fees and fines	10,200		10,200	10,710		510
Licenses and permits	1,000		1,000	182		(818)
Intergovernmental	87,700		87,700	348,714		261,014
Charges for services	287,387		287,387	271,301		(16,086)
Investment earnings	28,009		28,009	37,001		8,992
Rental income	18,128		18,128	18,946		818
Donations	4,900		4,900	7,759		2,859
Miscellaneous	5,925		5,925	17,215		11,290
Total revenues	 2,166,359		2,166,359	 2,500,151		333,792
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General government	1,776,762		1,776,762	1,560,797		215,965
Judicial	71,979		71,979	60,089		11,890
Public Safety	545,537		545,537	537,604		7,933
Health	1,904		1,904	2,545		(641)
Culture and recreation	80,900		80,900	62,108		18,792
Capital Outlay	 17,400		17,400	 6,500		10,900
Total Expenditures	 2,494,482		2,494,482	 2,229,643		264,839
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over						
expenditures	 (328,123)		(328,123)	 270,508		598,631
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Other source	1,000		1,000	1,812		812
Transfers out	(70,000)		(70,000)	(70,000)		-
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (69,000)		(69,000)	(68,188)		812
SPECIAL ITEM						
Proceeds from sale capital assets	2,000		2,000	-		(2,000)
Net change in fund balance	 (395,123)		(395,123)	 202,320		597,443
Fund balance - beginning	2,347,235		2,347,235	2,422,228		74,993
Fund balance - ending	\$ 1,952,112	\$	1,952,112	\$ 2,624,548	\$	672,436

Cheyenne County, Colorado Budget and Actual Road & Bridge For the year ended December 31, 2017

						ıal Amounts,	Fin	iance with al Budget -
		Budgeted	Amou		Bud	getary Basis	Positi	ve (Negative)
REVENUES		Original		Final				
· · ·	ø	154 500	ø	154 500	•	125.000	•	(10.401)
Property Taxes	\$	154,500	\$	154,500	\$	135,009	\$	(19,491)
Licenses and permits		10,400		10,400		9,740		(660)
Intergovernmental		1,505,434		1,505,434		1,475,767		(29,667)
Charges for services		300		300		300		-
Miscellaneous		1,250		1,250		174		(1,076)
Total revenues		1,671,884		1,671,884		1,620,990		(50,894)
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Highways and roads		1,580,468		1,580,468		1,467,069		113,399
Capital Outlay		95,000		95,000		-		95,000
Total Expenditures		1,675,468		1,675,468		1,467,069		208,399
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
expenditures		(3,584)		(3,584)		153,921		157,505
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Other source		1,500		1,500		-		(1,500)
Total other financing sources (uses)		1,500		1,500		-		(1,500)
SPECIAL ITEM								
Proceeds from sale capital assets		5,000		5,000		_		5,000
Net change in fund balance		2,916		2,916		153,921		151,005
Fund balance - beginning		3,022,456		3,022,456		3,183,005		160,549
Fund balance - ending	\$	3,025,372	\$	3,025,372	\$	3,336,926	\$	311,554
*								

Cheyenne County, Colorado Budget and Actual Ambulance Fund For the year ended December 31, 2017

		Budgeted	Amo		A	Actual mounts, idgetary Basis	Fina P	iance with al Budget - Positive (egative)
DEVENUEC	Oı	riginal		Final				
REVENUES Proporty Taylor	æ	0.414	ø	0.414	ø	0.255	er.	041
Property Taxes SO Taxes	\$	8,414	\$	8,414	\$	9,355	\$	941
		1,010		1,010		(F 907)		(1,010)
Charge for services, net of contractual adjustments Grants		49,405		49,405		(5,807)		(55,212)
Miscellaneous		83,000		83,000		12.970		(83,000)
Total revenues		500		500		12,870		12,370
I otal revenues		142,329		142,329		16,418		(125,911)
EXPENDITURES								
Personal services		21,000		21,000		23,578		(2,578)
Contractual services		4,392		4,392		3,559		833
Repairs and maintenance		35,643		35,643		21,211		14,432
Other supplies and expenses		6,700		6,700		14,558		(7,858)
Capital outlay		86,000		86,000		-		86,000
Insurance claims and expenses		607		607		263		344
Bad debts		8,000		8,000		11,582		(3,582)
Miscellaneous		8,000		8,000		4,951		3,049
Total Operating Expenses		170,342		170,342		79,702		90,640
Operating income (loss)		(28,013)		(28,013)		(63,284)		(35,271)
RECONCILING ITEM								
						(27.425)		27 425
Depreciation						(37,425)		37,425
SPECIAL ITEM								
Proceeds from sale capital assets		-		-		4,500		(4,500)
Net change in net position		(28,013)		(28,013)		(96,209)		(68,196)
Net position - beginning		207,972		207,972		461,960		253,988
Net position - ending	\$	179,959	\$	179,959	\$	365,751	\$	185,792

Cheyenne County, Colorado Balance Sheet Other Governmental Funds December 31, 2017

Total Governmental Funds	\$ 1,981,968 182,741 16,719 50,051 27,306 2,258,785	12,382	244,994 14,277 400 272,053	182,741	27,306 1,776,685 1,803,991 \$ 2,258,785
Department of Human Services	\$ 296,208 52,506 16,719 4 - 365,437	2,843	93,654 14,277 - 110,774	52,506 52,506	202,157 202,157 \$ 365,437
Public Health	\$ 150,774 - 48,156 - 198,930	620	322		197,988 197,988 \$ 198,930
Emergency Telephone Authority	\$ 76,281 - 1,891 - 78,172	•	1 1 1		78,172 78,172 78,172 \$ 78,172
Eastern Cheyenne County Pest Control	\$ 164,849 64,310 - 27,306 256,465	104	104	64,310 64,310	27,306 164,745 192,051 \$ 256,465
RETAC	\$ 160,233	8,815	151,340 - 78 160,233		\$ 160,233
Conservation Trust	\$ 14,976	•			- 14,976 14,976 \$ 14,976
Capital Projects	\$ 1,118,647 65,925 - - 1,184,572	,		65,925 65,925	1,118,647 1,118,647 \$ 1,184,572
	ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Taxes receivable, net Receivable from other governments Other receivables Inventories Total assets	LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Accounts payable	Unearned revenues-grants Due to other governments Other payables Total liabilities	Deferred in-flows of resources Deferred property taxes Total deferred in-flows	Fund balances: Non-spendable Inventories Committed Total fund balance

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Other Governmental Funds Cheyenne County, Colorado

For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

				Eastern Chevenne	Emergency		Department of	Total-Other
	Canital Projects	Conservation Trust	RETAC	County Pest	Telephone Authority	Public Health	Human	Governmental Funds
REVENUES					, and a second			
Taxes	\$ 76,103	S	&	. \$ 73,160	· •	· •	\$ 60,140	\$ 209,403
Intergovernmental	•	7,64	1 889,907		•	279,798	293,220	1,470,566
Charges for services	r			. 10,313	17,175	94,092	•	121,580
Investment earnings	•			. 454	•	ı	•	454
Miscellaneous			7,282		'	13,340	•	20,622
Total revenues	76,103	7,641	1 897,189	83,927	17,175	387,230	353,360	1,822,625
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government	2,040		•	. 33,014	7,353	1	•	42,407
Health	•		- 897,189	•	1	446,592	•	1,343,781
Human services	•			•	•	•	281,493	281,493
Capital Outlay	51,954				1	1	1	51,954
Total Expenditures	53,994		- 897,189	33,014	7,353	446,592	281,493	1,719,635
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	22 109	7 641		50 913	9 822	(695 05)	71 867	107 990
	701,22	,,			770,7	(200,00)	1,00	102,770
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in	1 -					70,000	1	70,000
(uses)					1	70,000	•	70,000
Net change in fund balances Fund balances - beginning	22,109	7,641	1-1-5	50,913	9,822	10,638	71,867	172,990
Fund balances - ending	\$ 1,118,647	\$ 14,976	\$	\$ 192,051	\$ 78,172	\$ 197,988	\$ 202,157	\$ 1,803,991

Cheyenne County, Colorado Budget and Actual Capital Projects For the year ended December 31, 2017

		Budgeted	Amou	ınts	al Amounts, getary Basis	Fina	iance with al Budget - ve (Negative)
	<u> </u>	riginal		Final	 		
REVENUES							
Property Taxes	\$	88,063	\$	88,063	\$ 76,103	\$	(11,960)
Total revenues		88,063		88,063	 76,103		(11,960)
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General government		4,100		4,100	2,040		2,060
Capital Outlay		76,500		76,500	51,954		24,546
Total Expenditures		80,600		80,600	 53,994		26,606
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over							
expenditures		7,463		7,463	 22,109		14,646
Net change in fund balance		7,463		7,463	22,109		14,646
Fund balance - beginning		1,094,768	1	,094,768	1,096,538		1,770
Fund balance - ending	\$	1,102,231	\$ 1	,102,231	\$ 1,118,647	\$	16,416

Cheyenne County, Colorado Budget and Actual Department of Human Services For the year ended December 31, 2017

	Budgeted	Amoun	ts		al Amounts, getary Basis	Fina	iance with al Budget - ve (Negative)
)riginal		Final				
REVENUES	 						
Property taxes	\$ 54,090	\$	54,090	\$	60,140	\$	6,050
Intergovernmental	343,295		343,295		293,220		(50,075)
Total revenues	 397,385		397,385	****	353,360		(44,025)
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Human services	412,350		472,350		281,493		190,857
Total Expenditures	 412,350		472,350		281,493		190,857
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over	 						
expenditures	 (14,965)		(74,965)		71,867		146,832
Net change in fund balance	(14,965)		(74,965)		71,867		146,832
Fund balance - beginning	101,337		101,337		130,290		28,953
Fund balance - ending	\$ 86,372	\$	26,372	\$	202,157	\$	175,785

Cheyenne County, Colorado Budget and Actual Conservation Trust For the year ended December 31, 2017

		Budgeted	Amoun	its	l Amounts, etary Basis	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
	0	riginal		Final		
REVENUES						
Intergovernmental	\$	7,500	\$	7,500	\$ 7,641	141
Total revenues		7,500		7,500	 7,641	141
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Capital Outlay		3,750		3,750	_	3,750
Total Expenditures		3,750		3,750	 -	3,750
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over						
expenditures		3,750		3,750	 7,641	3,891
Net change in fund balance		3,750		3,750	7,641	3,891
Fund balance - beginning		6,449		6,449	7,335	886
Fund balance - ending	\$	10,199	\$	10,199	\$ 14,976	\$ 4,777

Cheyenne County, Colorado Budget and Actual Eastern Cheyenne County Pest Control For the year ended December 31, 2017

		Budgeted	Amou			al Amounts, getary Basis	Fina	ance with Budget - e (Negative)
REVENUES		Original		Final				
Property Taxes	\$	72.760	æ	72.760	•	72.160	•	(400)
Charges for services	Þ	73,760	\$	73,760	\$	73,160	\$	(600)
<u> </u>		15,000		15,000		10,313		(4,687)
Investment earnings		360		360		454		94
Total revenues		89,120		89,120		83,927		(5,193)
EXPENDITURES Current:								
General government		101,097		101,097		33,014		68,083
Total Expenditures		101,097		101,097		33,014		68,083
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(11,977)		(11,977)		50,913		62,890
SPECIAL ITEM								
Net change in fund balance		(11,977)		(11,977)		50,913		62,890
Fund balance - beginning		113,770		113,770		141,138		27,368
Fund balance - ending	\$	101,793	\$	101,793	\$	192,051	\$	90,258

Cheyenne County, Colorado Budget and Actual Emergency Telephone Authority For the year ended December 31, 2017

		Budgeted	l Amount	s	l Amounts, etary Basis	Final	ance with Budget - e (Negative)
	C	riginal		Final			
REVENUES							
Charges for services	\$	16,000	\$	16,000	\$ 17,175	\$	1,175
Total revenues		16,000		16,000	17,175		1,175
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General government		15,860		15,860	7,353		8,507
Total Expenditures		15,860		15,860	 7,353		8,507
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over					 		
expenditures		140		140	 9,822		9,682
Net change in fund balances		140		140	9,822		9,682
Fund balances - beginning		62,440		62,440	68,350		5,910
Fund balances - ending	\$	62,580	\$	62,580	\$ 78,172	\$	15,592

Cheyenne County, Colorado Budget and Actual RETAC For the year ended December 31, 2017

	Budgeted	l Amour	nts	al Amounts, etary Basis	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
)riginal		Final		·—····································
REVENUES					
Intergovernmental	\$ 404,902	\$	952,902	\$ 889,907	(62,995)
Miscellaneous	 12,625		12,625	7,282	(5,343)
Total revenues	417,527		965,527	 897,189	(68,338)
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
Health	417,527		965,527	897,189	68,338
Capital Outlay	-		•	· -	-
Total Expenditures	417,527		965,527	897,189	68,338
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over	 				
expenditures	 -		-	 	
Net change in fund balance	-		_	-	-
Fund balance - beginning	-		-	-	-
Fund balance - ending	\$ -	\$		\$ 	\$ -

Cheyenne County, Colorado Budget and Actual Public Health For the year ended December 31, 2017

	Budgeted	l Amou	nte		al Amounts, getary Basis	Fina	iance with al Budget - ve (Negative)
	 Original	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Final	Duug	ctary Dasis	1 USICI	re (regative)
REVENUES	 						
Intergovernmental	\$ 173,405	\$	173,405	\$	279,798	\$	106,393
Charges for services	106,000	-	106,000	•	94,092	•	(11,908)
Miscellaneous	1,000		1,000		13,340		12,340
Total revenues	 280,405		280,405		387,230		106,825
EXPENDITURES							
Health	397,620		457,620		446,592		11,028
Total Operating Expenses	 397,620		457,620		446,592		11,028
Operating income (loss)	(117,215)		(177,215)		(59,362)	*****	117,853
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in	70,000		70,000		70,000		_
Total other financing sources and uses	 70,000		70,000		70,000		-
RECONCILING ITEM							
Net change in fund balance	(47,215)		(107,215)		10,638		117,853
Fund balance - beginning	168,438		168,438		187,350		18,912
Fund balance - ending	\$ 121,223	\$	61,223	\$	197,988	\$	136,765

	INANCE REPORT		City or County: Cheyenne County		
	INANCE REPORT				
	FINANCE REPORT		Cheyenne County YEAR ENDING:		
This Information From The Records Of (example -	LOCAL HIGHWAY FINANCE REPORT				
This information from the Records Of (example -	This I Counting From The Property of the Counting Countin				
Character Country	This Information From The Records Of (example - City of _ or County of _ Prepared By:				
Cheyenne County		Phone:	719-438-5445		
I. DISPOSITION OF HIGHWAY-USI	ER REVENUES AVAII	LABLE FOR LOCAL	GOVERNMENT EXPI	ENDITURE	
	A. Local	B. Local	C. Receipts from	D. Receipts from	
ITEM	Motor-Fuel	Motor-Vehicle	State Highway-	Federal Highway	
	Taxes	Taxes	User Taxes	Administration	
Total receipts available					
2. Minus amount used for collection expenses					
3. Minus amount used for nonhighway purposes					
4. Minus amount used for mass transit					
5. Remainder used for highway purposes					
II. RECEIPTS FOR ROAD AND STRE	ET PURPOSES		BURSEMENTS FOR		
TOTAL STATE OF THE			ND STREET PURPOSI		
ITEM	AMOUNT		EM	AMOUNT	
A. Receipts from local sources:		A. Local highway disl			
1. Local highway-user taxes		1. Capital outlay (fr	om page 2)	0	
a. Motor Fuel (from Item I.A.5.)		2. Maintenance:		939,500	
b. Motor Vehicle (from Item I.B.5.)		Road and street s			
c. Total (a.+b.)		a. Traffic control		1,225	
2. General fund appropriations		b. Snow and ice	removal	1,016	
3. Other local imposts (from page 2)	116,941	c. Other		0	
4. Miscellaneous local receipts (from page 2)	14,762	d. Total (a. thro		2,241	
5. Transfers from toll facilities			ration & miscellaneous	507,060	
6. Proceeds of sale of bonds and notes:		Highway law enfo	orcement and safety		
a. Bonds - Original Issues		6. Total (1 through		1,448,801	
b. Bonds - Refunding Issues		B. Debt service on loc	al obligations:		
c. Notes		1. Bonds:			
d. Total (a. + b. + c.)	0	a. Interest			
7. Total (1 through 6)	131,703	b. Redemption			
B. Private Contributions		c. Total (a. + b.)		0	
C. Receipts from State government	1.151.010	2. Notes:			
(from page 2)	1,471,019	a. Interest			
D. Receipts from Federal Government		b. Redemption			
(from page 2)	0	c. Total (a. + b.)		0	
E. Total receipts $(A.7 + B + C + D)$	1,602,722	3. Total $(1.c + 2.c)$		0	
		C. Payments to State			
		D. Payments to toll fa-	cilities		
		E. Total disbursement	$\frac{1}{1}$ (A.6 + B.3 + C + D)	1,448,801	
I	V. LOCAL HIGHWA (Show all entri-				
	Opening Debt	Amount Issued	Redemptions	Closing Debt	
A. Bonds (Total)	Opening Deat	/ Illiount issued	Redelliptions	Closing Debt	
Bonds (Refunding Portion)					
B. Notes (Total)				0	
	<u></u>	L		-	
	CAL ROAD AND STR	EET FUND BALANC	E		
A. Beginning Balance		C. Total Disbursements	D. Ending Balance	E. Reconciliation	
3,183,005	1,602,722	1,448,801	3,336,926	0	
Notes and Comments:			**************************************		
]	
				İ	

_					
1	.OCAL	HIGHWA	v	FINANCE	REPORT

STATE:
Colorado
YEAR ENDING (mm/yy):
December 2017

II. RECEIPTS FOR ROAD AND STREET PURPOSES - DETAIL

ITEM	AMOUNT	ITEM	AMOUNT
.3. Other local imposts:		A.4. Miscellaneous local receipts:	
a. Property Taxes and Assessments	102,086	a. Interest on investments	
b. Other local imposts:		b. Traffic Fines & Penalities	
1. Sales Taxes		c. Parking Garage Fees	
2. Infrastructure & Impact Fees		d. Parking Meter Fees	
3. Liens		e. Sale of Surplus Property	
4. Licenses	200	f. Charges for Services	300
5. Specific Ownership &/or Other	14,655	g. Other Misc. Receipts	
6. Total (1. through 5.)	14,855	h. Other	14,462
c. Total (a. + b.)	116,941	i. Total (a. through h.)	14,762
	(Carry forward to page 1)		(Carry forward to page 1)
	(Carry forward to page 1)		(Carry forward to page 1
ITEM	AMOUNT	ITEM	AMOUNT
Receipts from State Covernment		D. Pacaints from Fadaral Covernment	

<u>ITEM</u>	AMOUNT	ITEM	AMOUNT
C. Receipts from State Government		D. Receipts from Federal Government	
Highway-user taxes	1,461,479	1. FHWA (from Item I.D.5.)	
State general funds		Other Federal agencies:	
3. Other State funds:		a. Forest Service	
a. State bond proceeds		b. FEMA	
b. Project Match		c. HUD	
c. Motor Vehicle Registrations	9,540	d. Federal Transit Admin	
d. Other (Specify) - DOLA Grant		e. U.S. Corps of Engineers	
e. Other (Specify)		f. Other Federal	
f. Total (a. through e.)	9,540	g. Total (a. through f.)	0
4. Total $(1. + 2. + 3.f)$	1,471,019	3. Total (1. + 2.g)	
			(Carry forward to page 1)

III. DISBURSEMENTS FOR ROAD AND STREET PURPOSES - DETAIL

	ON NATIONAL HIGHWAY SYSTEM (a)	OFF NATIONAL HIGHWAY SYSTEM (b)	TOTAL (c)
A.1. Capital outlay:			
a. Right-Of-Way Costs			0
b. Engineering Costs			0
c. Construction:			
(1). New Facilities			0
(2). Capacity Improvements			0
(3). System Preservation			0
(4). System Enhancement & Operation			0
(5). Total Construction $(1) + (2) + (3) + (4)$	0	C	0
d. Total Capital Outlay (Lines 1.a. + 1.b. + 1.c.5)	0	C	0
			(Carry forward to page 1)

Notes and Comments: