

Cryptographic RBAC Compiler

First Sprint

15/10/18 - 28/10/18

- Sprint Structure
- Sprint Backlog
- User Stories
- Design
- Implementation
- Testing
- Notes
- Questions

- Choose the **Sprint Backlog** from the Product Backlog
- Specify the **Requirements** through user stories
- Create Sequence UML Diagram (**Design**)
- Create tests from user stories (optional)
- **Implementation**
- **Testing**
- **Maintenance** and refactoring
- **Sprint Review**

Sprint Backlog: start by adding **User** and **Role** classes to the system. Generate and distribute **Keys**. No DB (integration with SecurePG will come later). **Tuple** creation and signing process.

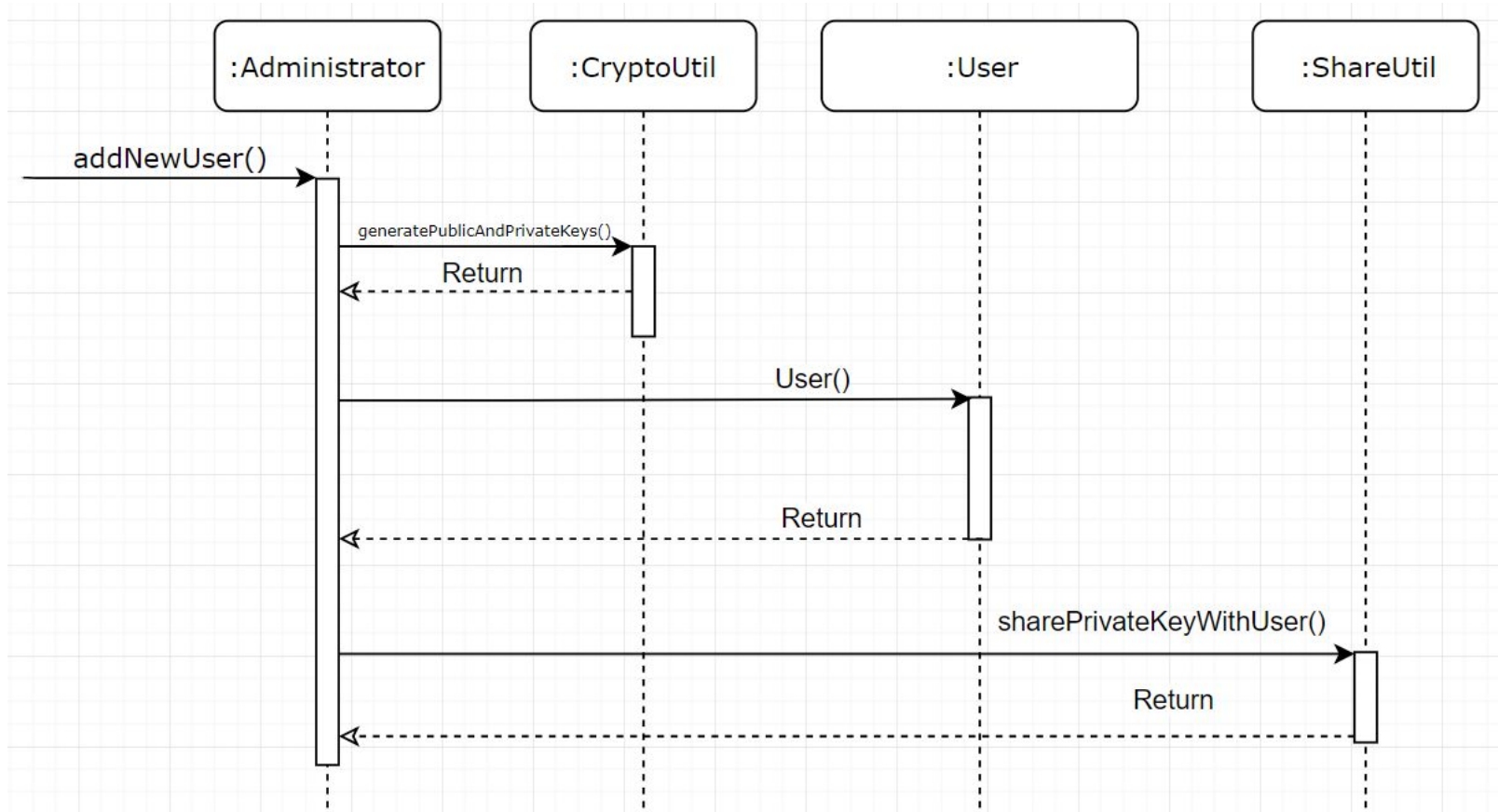
Related components:

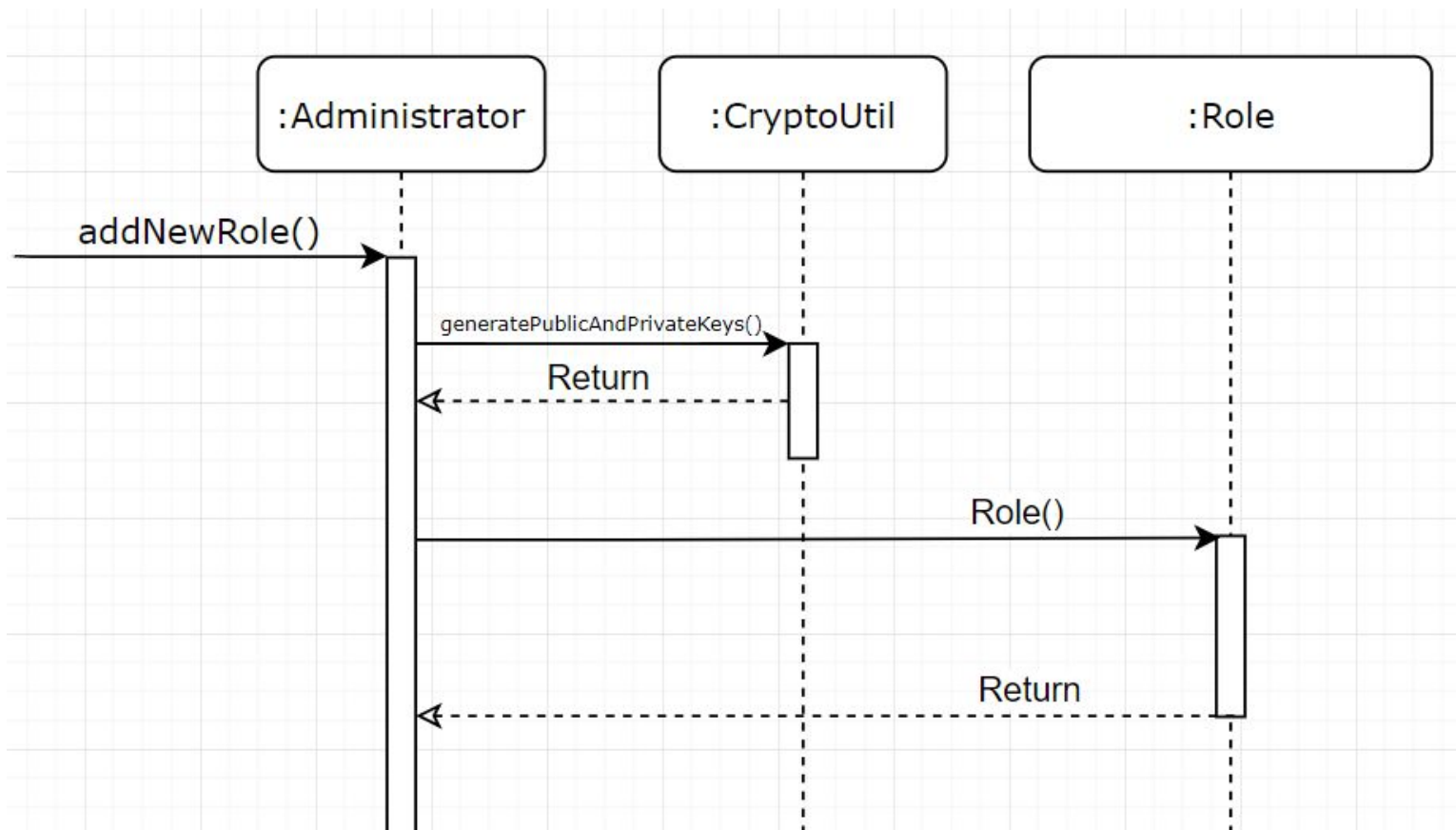
- **CryptoUtil** (generatePublicAndPrivateKeys, encrypt/decryptKeysWithPKIKey, ...)
- **User** (getUsername, getEmail, getPublicKey)
- **CommandInterpreter** (addNewUser, addNewRole)
- **Administrator** (addNewUser, addNewRole)
- **Role** (getRoleName, getPublicKey, getRoleVersionNumber)
- **TupleAssociableElement**
- **ShareUtil** (shareKeysWithUser)
- **Tuple** (and subclasses)

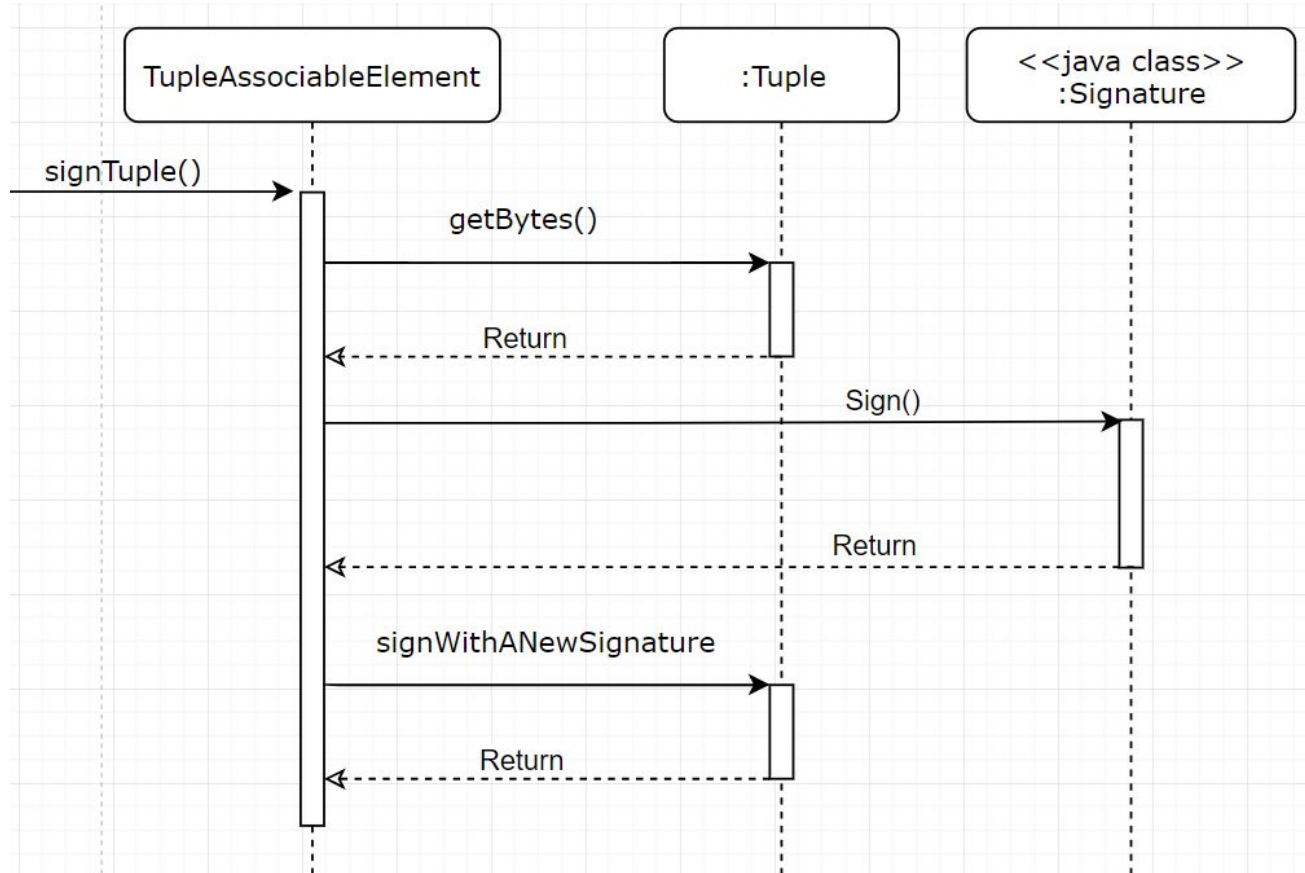
1. As a new **User**, I want to ask the administrator to register me into the system in order to get and store my cryptographic keys

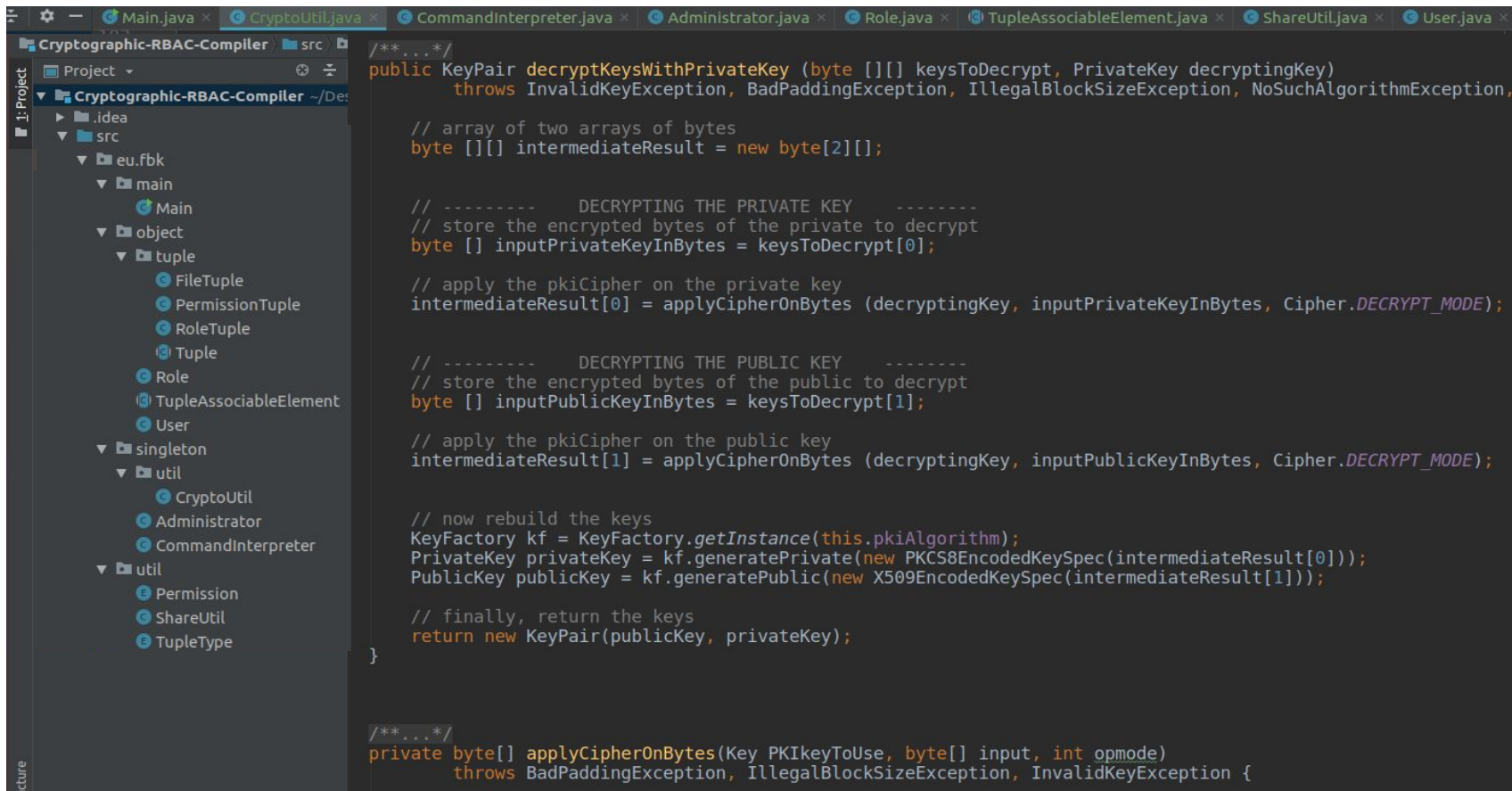
2. As an **Administrator**, I want to instantiate a new Role in order to create its keys.

3. As an **CryptoACActiveElement** (e.g.Role), I want to sign a tuple to later verify it









```
/**...*/
public KeyPair decryptKeysWithPrivateKey (byte [][] keysToDecrypt, PrivateKey decryptingKey)
    throws InvalidKeyException, BadPaddingException, IllegalBlockSizeException, NoSuchAlgorithmException,

    // array of two arrays of bytes
    byte [][] intermediateResult = new byte[2][];

    // ----- DECRYPTING THE PRIVATE KEY -----
    // store the encrypted bytes of the private to decrypt
    byte [] inputPrivateKeyInBytes = keysToDecrypt[0];

    // apply the pkiCipher on the private key
    intermediateResult[0] = applyCipherOnBytes (decryptingKey, inputPrivateKeyInBytes, Cipher.DECRYPT_MODE);

    // ----- DECRYPTING THE PUBLIC KEY -----
    // store the encrypted bytes of the public to decrypt
    byte [] inputPublicKeyInBytes = keysToDecrypt[1];

    // apply the pkiCipher on the public key
    intermediateResult[1] = applyCipherOnBytes (decryptingKey, inputPublicKeyInBytes, Cipher.DECRYPT_MODE);

    // now rebuild the keys
    KeyFactory kf = KeyFactory.getInstance(this.pkiAlgorithm);
    PrivateKey privateKey = kf.generatePrivate(new PKCS8EncodedKeySpec(intermediateResult[0]));
    PublicKey publicKey = kf.generatePublic(new X509EncodedKeySpec(intermediateResult[1]));

    // finally, return the keys
    return new KeyPair(publicKey, privateKey);
}

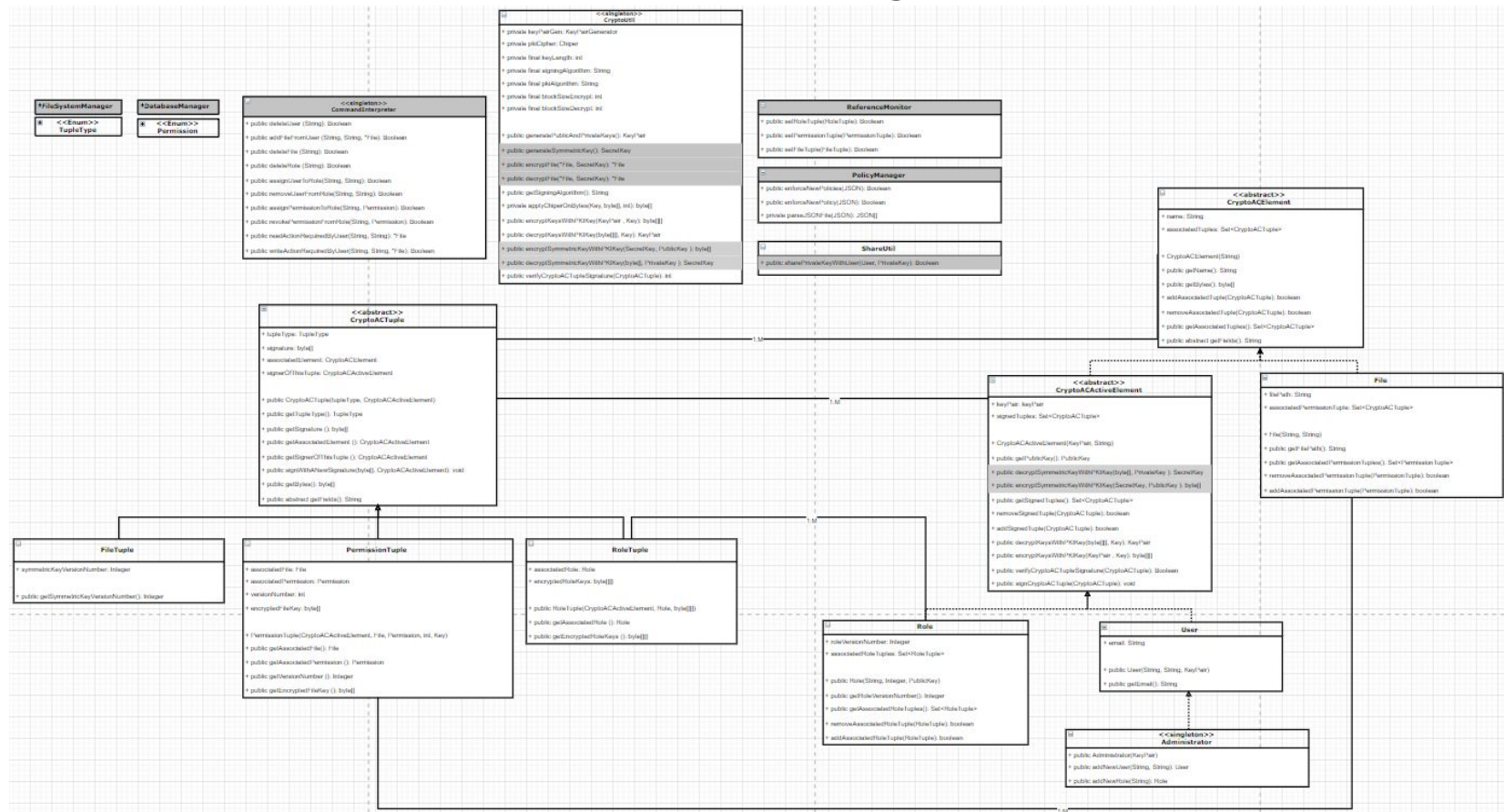
/**...*/
private byte[] applyCipherOnBytes(Key PKIkeyToUse, byte[] input, int opmode)
    throws BadPaddingException, IllegalBlockSizeException, InvalidKeyException {
```

1. Test encrypt and decrypt of keys
2. Test User and Role creation (assert consistency)
3. Test tuple signature and verify process (assert signature is valid)

1. UML class diagram changed

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2. Sprint backlog was extended with Tuple objects creation

UML Class Diagram



- The **KeyGen** function requires the **msk** parameter (master secret key by the administrator). Why is it necessary?
- Is it preferable to implement the RBAC0 algorithm using **IBE/IBS** or using **PKI**? And why so? (keep in mind that is a prototype)



Thanks