Implementing Abstract Dependent Classes

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Overview

- 1. Dependent Classes
- 2. DC_C Calculus
- 3. Implementation
- 4. Runtime Optimization

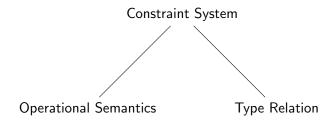
Object Oriented Programming

```
abstract class Space {
    abstract Point getOrigin();
class Space2D extends Space {
    Point2D getOrigin() { return new Point2D(); }
class Space3D extends Space {
    Point3D getOrigin() { return new Point3D(); }
abstract class Point {}
class Point2D extends Point { ... }
class Point3D extends Point { ... }
```

Dependent Classes

```
abstract class Space {
  abstract Point(s: this) getOrigin();
class 2DSpace extends Space {
  Point(s: this) getOrigin() { ... }
class 3DSpace extends Space { ... }
abstract class Point(Space s) {
  abstract Point(s: s) add(Vector(s: s) v);
abstract class Vector(Space s) { ... }
abstract class Point(2DSpace s) { ... }
abstract class Point(3DSpace s) { ... }
```

DC_C Calculus: Structure



DC_C Calculus: General Syntax

$$p, q \in Path ::= x \mid p.f$$
 $a, b, c \in Constr ::= p \equiv q$
 $\mid p :: C$
 $\mid p.\mathbf{cls} \equiv C$
 $t \in Type ::= [x. \overline{a}]$

DC_C Calculus: Expressions & Programs

$$P \in Program ::= \overline{D}$$

$$e \in Expr ::= x$$

$$\mid e.f \qquad \qquad \mid \forall x. \ \overline{a} \Rightarrow a$$

$$\mid m(x. \ \overline{a}) : t$$

$$\mid m(e) \qquad \qquad \mid m(x. \ \overline{a}) : t := e$$

DC_C Calculus: Natural Numbers Program

```
\begin{split} &\operatorname{Zero}(x.\ \epsilon) \\ &\forall x.\ x :: \operatorname{Zero} \Rightarrow x :: \operatorname{Nat} \\ &\operatorname{Succ}(x.\ x.p :: \operatorname{Nat}) \\ &\forall x.\ x :: \operatorname{Succ}, x.p :: \operatorname{Nat} \Rightarrow x :: \operatorname{Nat} \\ &\operatorname{prev}(x.\ x :: \operatorname{Nat}) : [y.\ y :: \operatorname{Nat}] \\ &\operatorname{prev}(x.\ x :: \operatorname{Zero}) : [y.\ y :: \operatorname{Nat}] := \operatorname{\textbf{new}} \operatorname{Zero}() \\ &\operatorname{prev}(x.\ x :: \operatorname{Succ}, x.p :: \operatorname{Nat}) : [y.\ y :: \operatorname{Nat}] := x.p \end{split}
```

Constraint System

$$\frac{\overline{a} \vdash p.\mathbf{cls} \equiv C}{\overline{a} \vdash p :: C} \text{ (C-Class)} \qquad \frac{\overline{a} \vdash c \qquad \overline{a'}, c \vdash b}{\overline{a}, \overline{a'} \vdash b} \text{ (C-Cut)}$$

$$\frac{\overline{a} \vdash a_{\{x \mapsto p\}} \qquad \overline{a} \vdash p' \equiv p}{\overline{a} \vdash a_{\{x \mapsto p'\}}} \text{ (C-Subst)}$$

$$\frac{(\forall x. \ \overline{a} \Rightarrow a) \in P \qquad \overline{b} \vdash \overline{a_{\{x \mapsto p\}}}}{\overline{b} \vdash a_{\{x \mapsto p\}}} \text{ (C-Prog)}$$

$$\overline{a} \vdash \overline{b} := \bigwedge_{b \vdash \overline{b}} \overline{a} \vdash b$$

Constraint System: Application

$$\frac{\overline{a} \vdash a_{\{\!\!\{ x \mapsto p \}\!\!\}} \quad \overline{a} \vdash p' \equiv p}{\overline{a} \vdash a_{\{\!\!\{ x \mapsto p' \}\!\!\}}} \text{ (C-Subst)}$$

$$x :: \mathsf{Zero}, y \equiv x \vdash y :: \mathsf{Zero}$$

Constraint System: Application

$$\frac{\overline{a} \vdash a_{\{\!\!\{ x \mapsto p \}\!\!\}} \quad \overline{a} \vdash p' \equiv p}{\overline{a} \vdash a_{\{\!\!\{ x \mapsto p' \}\!\!\}}}$$
 (C-Subst)

First-order Model

$$x, f, m, C \Rightarrow String$$

$$\overline{a} \vdash b \Rightarrow List[Constraint] \vdash Constraint$$

$$a, \overline{a} \Rightarrow a :: \overline{a}$$

$$a, b \Rightarrow [a, b]$$

First-order Model

$$\frac{\overline{a} \vdash a \vdash a}{\overline{a} \vdash a} \text{ (C-Ident)} \qquad \forall c : \textit{Constraint. } [c] \vdash c$$

$$\frac{\overline{a} \vdash p.\textbf{cls} \equiv \textit{C}}{\overline{a} \vdash p :: \textit{C}} \text{ (C-Class)} \qquad \forall \overline{a} : \textit{List[Constraint]}, p : \textit{Path, C} : \textit{String.}$$

$$\overline{a} \vdash p.\textbf{cls} \equiv \textit{C} \rightarrow \overline{a} \vdash p :: \textit{C}$$

First-order Model: C-Subst

$$\frac{\overline{a} \vdash a_{\{\!\!\{ x \mapsto p \}\!\!\}} \quad \overline{a} \vdash p' \equiv p}{\overline{a} \vdash a_{\{\!\!\{ x \mapsto p' \}\!\!\}}}$$
 (C-Subst)

$$orall \overline{a}: List[Constraint], x: String, p_1, p_2: Path, a, a_1, a_2: Constraint.$$

$$\overline{a} \vdash a_1 \land \overline{a} \vdash p_2 \equiv p_1$$

$$\wedge a_{\{x \mapsto p_1\}} = a_1 \land a_{\{x \mapsto p_2\}} = a_2$$

$$\rightarrow \overline{a} \vdash a_2$$

$$orall \overline{a}: List[Constraint], x: String, p_1, p_2: Path, a, a_1, a_2: Constraint.$$

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$$\land a_{\{x \mapsto p_1\}} = a_1 \land a_{\{x \mapsto p_2\}} = a_2$$

$$\rightarrow \overline{a} \vdash a_2$$

$$\overline{a} := \overline{ctx}, a_2 := y :: Zero$$

$$\forall x : String, p_1, p_2 : Path, a, a_1 : Constraint.$$

$$\overline{ctx} \vdash a_1 \land \overline{ctx} \vdash p_2 \equiv p_1$$

$$\land a_{\{x \mapsto p_1\}} = a_1 \land a_{\{x \mapsto p_2\}} = y :: Zero$$

$$\rightarrow \overline{ctx} \vdash y :: Zero$$

$$\overline{a} := \overline{ctx}, a_2 := y :: Zero$$

To show:
$$(\overline{ctx} := [x :: Zero, y \equiv x]) \vdash y :: Zero$$

$$\forall x : String, p_1, p_2 : Path, a, a_1 : Constraint.$$

$$\overline{ctx} \vdash a_1 \land \overline{ctx} \vdash p_2 \equiv p_1$$

$$\land a_{\{x \mapsto p_1\}} = a_1 \land a_{\{x \mapsto p_2\}} = y :: Zero$$

$$\rightarrow \overline{ctx} \vdash y :: Zero$$

$$\overline{a} := \overline{ctx}, a_2 := y :: Zero$$

 $x := "y", p_2 = y, p_1 = x$

To show:
$$(\overline{ctx} := [x :: Zero, y \equiv x]) \vdash y :: Zero$$

$$orall a_1: Constraint.$$

$$\overline{ctx} \vdash a_1 \land \overline{ctx} \vdash y \equiv x$$

$$\land a_{\{ "y" \mapsto x \}} = a_1 \land a_{\{ "y" \mapsto y \}} = y :: Zero$$

$$\rightarrow \overline{ctx} \vdash y :: Zero$$

$$\overline{a} := \overline{ctx}, a_2 := y :: Zero$$

$$x := "y", p_2 = y, p_1 = x$$

```
\forall a, a_1 : Constraint.
\overline{ctx} \vdash a_1 \land \overline{ctx} \vdash y \equiv x
\land a_{\{"y" \mapsto x\}} = a_1 \land a_{\{"y" \mapsto y\}} = y :: Zero
\rightarrow \overline{ctx} \vdash y :: Zero
```

$$\overline{a} := \overline{ctx}, a_2 := y :: Zero$$

 $x := "y", p_2 = y, p_1 = x$
 $a := y :: Zero$

To show:
$$(\overline{ctx} := [x :: Zero, y \equiv x]) \vdash y :: Zero$$

$$\begin{aligned} \forall \textit{a}_1 : \textit{Constraint}. \\ \overline{\textit{ctx}} \vdash \textit{a}_1 \land \overline{\textit{ctx}} \vdash \textit{y} \equiv \textit{x} \\ \land \textit{y} :: \text{Zero}_{\{\texttt{"y"} \mapsto \textit{x}\}} = \textit{a}_1 \\ \rightarrow \overline{\textit{ctx}} \vdash \textit{y} :: \text{Zero} \end{aligned}$$

$$\overline{a} := \overline{ctx}, a_2 := y :: Zero$$

 $x := "y", p_2 = y, p_1 = x$
 $a := y :: Zero$

To show:
$$(\overline{ctx} := [x :: Zero, y \equiv x]) \vdash y :: Zero$$

$$orall a_1: Constraint.$$

$$\overline{ctx} \vdash a_1 \wedge \overline{ctx} \vdash y \equiv x$$

$$\wedge y :: \operatorname{Zero}_{\{\!\!\{"y"\mapsto x\}\!\!\}} = a_1$$

$$\to \overline{ctx} \vdash y :: \operatorname{Zero}$$

$$\overline{a} := \overline{ctx}, a_2 := y :: Zero$$
 $x := "y", p_2 = y, p_1 = x$
 $a := y :: Zero$
 $a_1 := x :: Zero$

To show:
$$(\overline{ctx} := [x :: Zero, y \equiv x]) \vdash y :: Zero$$

$$\overline{ctx} \vdash x :: \text{Zero} \land \overline{ctx} \vdash y \equiv x$$

 $\rightarrow \overline{ctx} \vdash y :: \text{Zero}$

$$\overline{a} := \overline{ctx}, a_2 := y :: Zero$$
 $x := "y", p_2 = y, p_1 = x$
 $a := y :: Zero$
 $a_1 := x :: Zero$

Application Comparison

$$\frac{\overline{ctx} \vdash x :: Zero}{\overline{ctx} \vdash y :: Zero_{\{y \mapsto x\}}} \qquad \overline{ctx} \vdash y \equiv x$$

$$x :: Zero, y \equiv x \vdash y :: Zero_{\{y \mapsto y\}}$$
 C-Subst

$$\overline{ctx} \vdash x :: \mathsf{Zero} \land \overline{ctx} \vdash y \equiv x$$
 (C-Subst)
$$\rightarrow \overline{ctx} \vdash y :: \mathsf{Zero}$$

Analyze C-Subst

$$\forall \overline{a}: List[Constraint], x: String, p_1, p_2: Path, a, a_1, a_2: Constraint.$$

$$\overline{a} \vdash a_1 \land \overline{a} \vdash p_2 \equiv p_1$$

$$\land a_{\{x \mapsto p_1\}} = a_1 \land a_{\{x \mapsto p_2\}} = a_2$$

$$\rightarrow \overline{a} \vdash a_2$$

Analyze C-Subst

$$\begin{split} \forall \overline{a}: List[\textit{Constraint}], x: \textit{String}, p_1, p_2: \textit{Path}, a, a_1, a_2: \textit{Constraint}. \\ \overline{a} \vdash a_1 \land \overline{a} \vdash p_2 \equiv p_1 \\ \land a_{\{x \mapsto p_1\}} = a_1 \land a_{\{x \mapsto p_2\}} = a_2 \\ \rightarrow \overline{a} \vdash a_2 \\ \\ a_2 := & < \textit{input} > \ , \ a_{\{x \mapsto p_2\}} := a_2 \ , \ a_1 := a_{\{x \mapsto p_1\}} \end{split}$$

Analyze C-Subst

```
\forall \overline{a}: List[Constraint], x: String, p_1, p_2: Path, a, a_1, a_2: Constraint.
\overline{a} \vdash a_1 \land \overline{a} \vdash p_2 \equiv p_1
\land a_{\{x \mapsto p_1\}} = a_1 \land a_{\{x \mapsto p_2\}} = a_2
\rightarrow \overline{a} \vdash a_2
a_2 := \langle input \rangle , \ a_{\{x \mapsto p_2\}} := a_2 , \ a_1 := a_{\{x \mapsto p_1\}}
Instantiation Pattern: a_2 \rightarrow a \rightarrow a_1
```

Generalization

Substitution: $a_{\{x\mapsto p\}}$ Generalization: $a_{\{p\mapsto x\}}$

$$(a_{\{x\mapsto p\}})_{\{p\mapsto x\}}=a$$

Generalization

Substitution: $a_{\{x\mapsto p\}}$ Generalization: $a_{\{p\mapsto x\}}$

$$(a_{\{x\mapsto p\}})_{\{p\mapsto x\}}=a$$

$$\begin{array}{l} x.g :: C_{\{x\mapsto y.f\}} = y.f.g :: C \\ y.f.g :: C_{\{y.f\mapsto x\}} = x.g :: C \\ y.f.g :: C_{\{f.g\mapsto x\}} = y.x :: C \end{array} \qquad \text{(not possible)}$$

C-Subst: Algorithmic Instantiations

Instantiation Pattern: $a_2 \rightarrow a \rightarrow a_1$

$$\forall \overline{a} : List[Constraint], x : String, p_1, p_2 : Path, a, a_1, a_2 : Constraint.$$

$$\overline{a} \vdash a_1 \land \overline{a} \vdash p_2 \equiv p_1$$

$$\land a_{\{x \mapsto p_1\}} = a_1 \land a_{\{x \mapsto p_2\}} = a_2$$

$$\rightarrow \overline{a} \vdash a_2$$

$$egin{aligned} a_2 &:= < input > \ a_{\{\!\{x \mapsto p_2\}\!\}} &:= a_2 \ a_1 &:= a_{\{\!\{x \mapsto p_1\}\!\}} \end{aligned}$$

C-Subst: Algorithmic Instantiations

Instantiation Pattern: $a_2 \rightarrow a \rightarrow a_1$

$$\forall \overline{a} : List[Constraint], x : String, p_1, p_2 : Path, a, a_1, a_2 : Constraint.$$

$$\overline{a} \vdash a_1 \land \overline{a} \vdash p_2 \equiv p_1$$

$$\land a_{\{x \mapsto p_1\}} = a_1 \land a = a_2_{\{p_2 \mapsto x\}}$$

$$\rightarrow \overline{a} \vdash a_2$$

$$a_2 := < input >$$
 $a := a_2 \{p_2 \mapsto x\}$
 $a_1 := a_{\{x \mapsto p_1\}}$

C-Subst: Algorithmic Instantiations

Instantiation Pattern: $a_2
ightarrow a
ightarrow a_1$

```
orall \overline{a}: List[Constraint], a_2: Constraint, x: String, p_1, p_2: Path.

let a:=a_{2\{p_2\mapsto x\}} in

let a_1:=a_{\{x\mapsto p_1\}}

in \overline{a}\vdash p_2\equiv p_1\wedge \overline{a}\vdash a_1

\rightarrow \overline{a}\vdash a_2
```

$$a_2 := < input >$$
 $a := a_2 \{ p_2 \mapsto x \}$
 $a_1 := a_{\{x \mapsto p_1\}}$

Operational Semantics

$$S = \{\langle \overline{a}; e \rangle \mid \langle \overline{a}; e \rangle \in MImpl(m, x) \land HC(h) \vdash \overline{a} \} \qquad \langle \overline{a}; e \rangle \in S$$

$$\frac{\forall \langle \overline{a'}; e' \rangle \in S. \ (e' \neq e) \longrightarrow (\overline{a'} \vdash \overline{a}) \land \neg (\overline{a} \vdash \overline{a'})}{\langle h; m(x) \rangle \rightarrow \langle h; e \rangle} \text{ R-Call}$$

$$o ::= \langle C; \overline{f} \equiv \overline{x} \rangle \qquad \text{(objects)}$$

$$h ::= \overline{x} \mapsto \overline{o} \quad (x_i \text{ distinct)} \qquad \text{(heaps)}$$

$$OC(x, o) = (x.\mathbf{cls} \equiv C, x.\overline{f} \equiv \overline{x})$$

 $HC(h) = \bigcup_{i} OC(x_i, o_i)$

Operational Semantics: Implementation

```
def interp(heap: Heap, expr: Expression)
           : (Heap, Expression) = expr match {
  case ...
  case MethodCall(m, \times@Id( )) \Rightarrow // R-Call
    // Applicable methods
    val S = mImplSubst(m, x). filter {
      case (as, ) \Rightarrow entails (HC(heap), as) }
    if (S.isEmpty) // m not in program
      return (heap, expr)
    var (a, e) = S.head // Most specific method
    S.foreach {
    interp(heap, e)
  case ...
```

Operational Semantics: Application

```
h := [x \to (\mathsf{Zero}, \mathit{nil}), \qquad e := \mathsf{prev}(y) y \to (\mathsf{Succ}, [(p, x)])] \quad HC(h) := [x.\mathsf{cls} \equiv \mathsf{Zero}, y.\mathsf{cls} \equiv \mathsf{Succ}, y.p \equiv x] \mathsf{case} \quad \mathsf{MethodCall}(\mathsf{m}, \ \mathsf{x@ld}(\_)) \implies // R-Call \mathsf{val} \quad \mathsf{S} = \mathsf{mImplSubst}(\mathsf{m}, \ \mathsf{x}). \ \mathsf{filter} \quad \{
```

case (as, $_$) \Longrightarrow entails (HC(heap), as) }

Operational Semantics: Application

```
\begin{split} h := & [x \to (\mathsf{Zero}, \mathit{nil}), \qquad e := \mathsf{prev}(y) \\ y \to & (\mathsf{Succ}, [(p, x)])] \quad HC(h) := [x.\mathsf{cls} \equiv \mathsf{Zero}, y.\mathsf{cls} \equiv \mathsf{Succ}, y.p \equiv x] \\ & \mathsf{case} \quad \mathsf{MethodCall}(\mathsf{m}, \ \times \mathsf{@ld}(\_)) \Rightarrow \ // \ R-Call \\ & \mathsf{val} \quad \mathsf{S} = \ \mathsf{mImplSubst}(\mathsf{m}, \ \times). \ \mathsf{filter} \quad \{ \\ & \mathsf{case} \quad (\mathsf{as}, \ \_) \Rightarrow \ \mathsf{entails}(\mathsf{HC}(\mathsf{heap}), \ \mathsf{as}) \ \} \\ & \mathsf{prev}(x. \ x :: \mathsf{Zero}) : [y. \ y :: \mathsf{Nat}] := \mathsf{new} \ \mathsf{Zero}() \\ & \mathsf{prev}(x. \ x :: \mathsf{Succ}, x.p :: \mathsf{Nat}) : [y. \ y :: \mathsf{Nat}] := x.p \end{split}
```

Operational Semantics: Application

```
h := [x \to (\text{Zero}, nil),
                                          e := prev(y)
       y \to (\operatorname{Succ}, [(p, x)]) HC(h) := [x.\operatorname{cls} \equiv \operatorname{Zero}, y.\operatorname{cls} \equiv \operatorname{Succ}, y.p \equiv x]
         case MethodCall(m, \times@Id( )) \Rightarrow // R-Call
            val S = mImplSubst(m, x).filter {
               case (as, \_) \Rightarrow entails (HC(heap), as) }
                prev(x. x :: Zero) : [y. y :: Nat] := new Zero()
                prev(x. x :: Succ, x.p :: Nat) : [y. y :: Nat] := x.p
                                    HC(h) \vdash y :: Zero
```

Operational Semantics: Application

```
h := [x \to (\text{Zero}, nil),
                                          e := prev(y)
       y \to (\operatorname{Succ}, [(p, x)]) HC(h) := [x.\operatorname{cls} \equiv \operatorname{Zero}, y.\operatorname{cls} \equiv \operatorname{Succ}, y.p \equiv x]
         case MethodCall(m, \times@Id( )) \Rightarrow // R-Call
            val S = mImplSubst(m, x).filter {
               case (as, \_) \Rightarrow entails (HC(heap), as) }
                prev(x. x :: Zero) : [y. y :: Nat] := new Zero()
                prev(x. x :: Succ, x.p :: Nat) : [y. y :: Nat] := x.p
                                    HC(h) \vdash y :: Zero
                                    HC(h) \vdash v :: Succ
                                    HC(h) \vdash v.p :: Nat
```

Type Assignment

$$\forall i. \ \overline{c} \vdash e_i : [x_i. \ \overline{a_i}] \qquad C(x. \ \overline{b'}) \in P$$

$$\overline{b} = (x.\mathbf{cls} \equiv C), \bigcup_i \overline{a_i}_{\{x_i \mapsto x.f_i\}} \qquad \overline{c}, \overline{b} \vdash \overline{b'}$$

$$\overline{c} \vdash \mathbf{new} \ C(\overline{f} \equiv \overline{e}) : [x. \ \overline{b}]$$

$$\overline{c} \vdash e : [x. \ \overline{a'}] \qquad \overline{c}, \overline{a'} \vdash \overline{a}$$

$$\overline{c} \vdash e : [x. \ \overline{a}]$$

$$\overline{c} \vdash e : [x. \ \overline{a}]$$

$$T-Sub$$

Type Assignment

$$\forall i. \ \overline{c} \vdash e_i : [x_i. \ \overline{a_i}] \qquad C(x. \ \overline{b'}) \in P$$

$$\overline{b} = (x.\mathbf{cls} \equiv C), \bigcup_i \overline{a_i}_{\{x_i \mapsto x.f_i\}} \qquad \overline{c}, \overline{b} \vdash \overline{b'}$$

$$\overline{c} \vdash \mathbf{new} \ C(\overline{f} \equiv \overline{e}) : [x. \ \overline{b}]$$

$$\overline{c} \vdash e : [x. \ \overline{a'}] \qquad \overline{c}, \overline{a'} \vdash \overline{a}$$

$$\overline{c} \vdash e : [x. \ \overline{a}]$$

$$\overline{c} \vdash e : [x. \ \overline{a}]$$

$$T-Sub$$

Implementation:

typeassignment(context: List [Constraint], exp: Expression): List [Type]

Type Assignment: Example

Types of **new** Zero()

Type Assignment: Example

Types of **new** Zero()

$$[x. x. \mathbf{cls} \equiv \mathtt{Zero}]$$

Type Assignment: Example

Types of **new** Zero()

$$[x. \ x.\mathbf{cls} \equiv \mathtt{Zero}]$$

 $[x. \ x :: \mathtt{Zero}]$
 $[x. \ x :: \mathtt{Nat}]$

Well-formedness

```
\frac{FV(\overline{a}) = \{x\} \qquad FV(\overline{b}) = \{x, y\} \qquad \overline{a} \vdash e : [y. \ \overline{b}]}{\text{wf } (m(x. \ \overline{a}) : [y. \ \overline{b}] := e)} \text{WF-MI}
```

```
def wf(D: Declaration): Boolean = D match {
  case ...
  case MethodImplementation(_, x, a, Type(y, b), e) =>
  FV(a) == ... && FV(b) == ... &&
  typeassignment(a, e). exists {
      // y, b exists
      ...
  }
}
```

Well-formedness: Example

$$\frac{FV(\overline{a}) = \{x\} \qquad FV(\overline{b}) = \{x, y\} \qquad \overline{a} \vdash e : [y. \ \overline{b}]}{\text{wf } (m(x. \ \overline{a}) : [y. \ \overline{b}] := e)} \text{WF-MI}$$

$$\text{prev}(x. \ x :: \text{Zero}) : [y. \ y :: \text{Nat}] := \textbf{new Zero}()$$

$$type(\mathbf{new} \ \mathtt{Zero}()) := [[x. \ x. \mathbf{cls} \equiv \mathtt{Zero}], \\ [x. \ x :: \mathtt{Zero}], \\ [x. \ x :: \mathtt{Nat}]]$$



$$\overline{a} \vdash a$$
 $\overline{b} + \overline{a} \vdash a$

$$\overline{b} + \overline{a} \vdash a$$

$$[x :: C] \vdash y :: C$$

$$[y \equiv x, x :: C] \vdash y :: C \quad \text{(thin air)}$$

 $\overline{a} \vdash a$

$$\overline{a} \vdash a$$

$$\overline{b} + \overline{a} \vdash a$$

$$[x :: C] \vdash y :: C$$

$$[y \equiv x, x :: C] \vdash y :: C \qquad \text{(thin air)}$$

$$[x :: Succ, x.p :: Nat] \vdash c$$

$$[x :: Zero, x :: Succ, x.p :: Nat] \vdash c \qquad \text{(contradiction)}$$

Information Transfer: Compile Time to Runtime

 $e:[x. \ \overline{a}]$

Information Transfer: Compile Time to Runtime

$$e: [x. \overline{a}]$$
 $\overline{b} \vdash b$ (origin: $interp(e)$)
 $\overline{a} + \overline{b} \vdash b$

Information Transfer: Compile Time to Runtime

$$\begin{array}{c} e:[x.\ \overline{a}]\\ \overline{b}\vdash b & \text{(origin: } interp(e))\\ \overline{a}+\overline{b}\vdash b & \\ \\ e:[y.\ y::\ \mathtt{Nat}]\\ e\to x\\ [x::\ \mathtt{Zero}]\vdash x::\ \mathtt{Nat}\\ [x::\ \mathtt{Nat},x::\ \mathtt{Zero}]\vdash x::\ \mathtt{Nat} \end{array}$$

Summary

- Dependent Classes
- ► *DC_C* Calculus
- Implementation
 - First-order Model of Sequent Calculus
 - Rule Optimization
 - Interpreter
 - Typechecker
- Information: Compile Time to Runtime