NewsClassifier

January 18, 2021

```
[2]: import keras
[3]: from keras.datasets import reuters
     (train_data, train_labels), (test_data, test_labels) = reuters.
      →load_data(num_words=10000)
    Downloading data from https://storage.googleapis.com/tensorflow/tf-keras-
    datasets/reuters.npz
    2113536/2110848 [============ ] - Os Ous/step
[4]: len(train_data)
[4]: 8982
    len(test_data)
[5]: 2246
[6]: train_data[10]
[6]: [1,
     245,
     273,
     207,
     156,
     53,
     74,
     160,
     26,
     14,
     46,
     296,
     26,
     39,
     74,
     2979,
     3554,
```

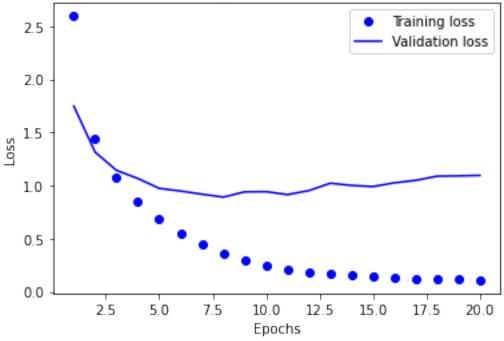
```
14,
       46,
       4689,
       4329,
       86,
       61,
       3499,
       4795,
       14,
       61,
       451.
       4329,
       17,
       127
 [7]: word_index = reuters.get_word_index()
      reverse_word_index = dict([(value, key) for (key, value) in word_index.items()])
      # Note that our indices were offset by 3
      # because 0, 1 and 2 are reserved indices for "padding", "start of sequence", \Box
      → and "unknown".
      decoded_newswire = ' '.join([reverse_word_index.get(i - 3, '?') for i in_
       →train data[0]])
     Downloading data from https://storage.googleapis.com/tensorflow/tf-keras-
     datasets/reuters_word_index.json
     557056/550378 [========
                                     ======== ] - Os Ous/step
 [8]: decoded_newswire
 [8]: '? ? said as a result of its december acquisition of space co it expects
      earnings per share in 1987 of 1 15 to 1 30 dlrs per share up from 70 cts in 1986
      the company said pretax net should rise to nine to 10 mln dlrs from six mln dlrs
      in 1986 and rental operation revenues to 19 to 22 mln dlrs from 12 5 mln dlrs it
      said cash flow per share this year should be 2 50 to three dlrs reuter 3'
 [9]: train_labels[10]
 [9]: 3
[10]: import numpy as np
      def vectorize_sequences(sequences, dimension=10000):
          results = np.zeros((len(sequences), dimension))
          for i, sequence in enumerate(sequences):
              results[i, sequence] = 1.
          return results
```

```
# Our vectorized training data
     x_train = vectorize_sequences(train_data)
     # Our vectorized test data
     x_test = vectorize_sequences(test_data)
[11]: def to_one_hot(labels, dimension=46):
         results = np.zeros((len(labels), dimension))
         for i, label in enumerate(labels):
             results[i, label] = 1.
         return results
     # Our vectorized training labels
     one_hot_train_labels = to_one_hot(train_labels)
     # Our vectorized test labels
     one_hot_test_labels = to_one_hot(test_labels)
[12]: from keras.utils.np_utils import to_categorical
     one_hot_train_labels = to_categorical(train_labels)
     one_hot_test_labels = to_categorical(test_labels)
[13]: from keras import models
     from keras import layers
     model = models.Sequential()
     model.add(layers.Dense(64, activation='relu', input_shape=(10000,)))
     model.add(layers.Dense(64, activation='relu'))
     model.add(layers.Dense(46, activation='softmax'))
[14]: model.compile(optimizer='rmsprop',
                   loss='categorical_crossentropy',
                   metrics=['accuracy'])
[15]: x_val = x_train[:1000]
     partial_x_train = x_train[1000:]
     y_val = one_hot_train_labels[:1000]
     partial_y_train = one_hot_train_labels[1000:]
[16]: history = model.fit(partial_x_train,
                        partial_y_train,
                        epochs=20,
                        batch_size=512,
                        validation_data=(x_val, y_val))
     Epoch 1/20
```

```
0.5253 - val_loss: 1.7492 - val_accuracy: 0.6290
Epoch 2/20
0.6936 - val_loss: 1.3158 - val_accuracy: 0.7060
Epoch 3/20
0.7610 - val_loss: 1.1443 - val_accuracy: 0.7360
Epoch 4/20
0.8162 - val_loss: 1.0674 - val_accuracy: 0.7710
Epoch 5/20
0.8599 - val_loss: 0.9748 - val_accuracy: 0.8010
Epoch 6/20
0.8867 - val_loss: 0.9494 - val_accuracy: 0.8060
Epoch 7/20
0.9088 - val_loss: 0.9197 - val_accuracy: 0.8110
Epoch 8/20
0.9211 - val_loss: 0.8924 - val_accuracy: 0.8210
Epoch 9/20
0.9339 - val_loss: 0.9420 - val_accuracy: 0.8050
Epoch 10/20
0.9432 - val_loss: 0.9436 - val_accuracy: 0.8130
Epoch 11/20
16/16 [============= ] - 1s 34ms/step - loss: 0.2152 - accuracy:
0.9479 - val_loss: 0.9160 - val_accuracy: 0.8220
Epoch 12/20
0.9486 - val_loss: 0.9536 - val_accuracy: 0.8160
Epoch 13/20
0.9516 - val_loss: 1.0230 - val_accuracy: 0.8000
Epoch 14/20
0.9536 - val_loss: 1.0026 - val_accuracy: 0.8110
Epoch 15/20
16/16 [============= ] - 1s 71ms/step - loss: 0.1470 - accuracy:
0.9541 - val_loss: 0.9916 - val_accuracy: 0.8160
Epoch 16/20
0.9558 - val_loss: 1.0270 - val_accuracy: 0.8130
Epoch 17/20
```

```
0.9559 - val_loss: 1.0498 - val_accuracy: 0.8160
   Epoch 18/20
   0.9559 - val_loss: 1.0894 - val_accuracy: 0.8060
   Epoch 19/20
   0.9558 - val_loss: 1.0924 - val_accuracy: 0.8060
   Epoch 20/20
   0.9588 - val_loss: 1.0967 - val_accuracy: 0.8180
[17]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
    loss = history.history['loss']
    val_loss = history.history['val_loss']
    epochs = range(1, len(loss) + 1)
    plt.plot(epochs, loss, 'bo', label='Training loss')
    plt.plot(epochs, val_loss, 'b', label='Validation loss')
    plt.title('Training and validation loss')
    plt.xlabel('Epochs')
    plt.ylabel('Loss')
    plt.legend()
    plt.show()
```





```
[21]: history.history.keys()

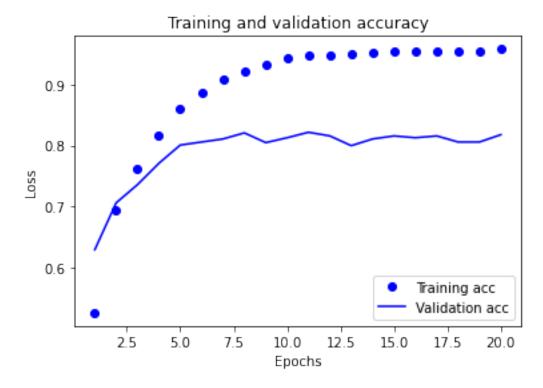
[21]: dict_keys(['loss', 'accuracy', 'val_loss', 'val_accuracy'])

[22]: plt.clf() # clear figure

    acc = history.history['accuracy']
    val_acc = history.history['val_accuracy']

    plt.plot(epochs, acc, 'bo', label='Training acc')
    plt.plot(epochs, val_acc, 'b', label='Validation acc')
    plt.title('Training and validation accuracy')
    plt.xlabel('Epochs')
    plt.ylabel('Loss')
    plt.legend()

    plt.show()
```



```
[23]: model = models.Sequential()
model.add(layers.Dense(64, activation='relu', input_shape=(10000,)))
model.add(layers.Dense(64, activation='relu'))
```

```
model.add(layers.Dense(46, activation='softmax'))
   model.compile(optimizer='rmsprop',
           loss='categorical_crossentropy',
           metrics=['accuracy'])
   model.fit(partial_x_train,
         partial_y_train,
         epochs=8,
         batch size=512,
         validation_data=(x_val, y_val))
   results = model.evaluate(x_test, one_hot_test_labels)
   Epoch 1/8
   0.4712 - val_loss: 1.8407 - val_accuracy: 0.6280
   Epoch 2/8
   0.6929 - val_loss: 1.3506 - val_accuracy: 0.7040
   Epoch 3/8
   0.7558 - val_loss: 1.1825 - val_accuracy: 0.7340
   Epoch 4/8
   0.8061 - val_loss: 1.0557 - val_accuracy: 0.7760
   Epoch 5/8
   0.8484 - val_loss: 0.9953 - val_accuracy: 0.7910
   Epoch 6/8
   0.8822 - val_loss: 0.9306 - val_accuracy: 0.8000
   Epoch 7/8
   0.9065 - val_loss: 0.9118 - val_accuracy: 0.7970
   Epoch 8/8
   0.9230 - val_loss: 0.8748 - val_accuracy: 0.8160
   0.7845
[24]: results
[24]: [0.9902112483978271, 0.7845057845115662]
[25]: import copy
   test_labels_copy = copy.copy(test_labels)
   np.random.shuffle(test_labels_copy)
```

```
float(np.sum(np.array(test_labels) == np.array(test_labels_copy))) /__
     →len(test labels)
[25]: 0.18432769367764915
[26]: predictions = model.predict(x_test)
[27]: np.sum(predictions[0])
[27]: 1.0
[28]: np.argmax(predictions[0])
[28]: 3
[29]: y_train = np.array(train_labels)
    y_test = np.array(test_labels)
[30]: model.compile(optimizer='rmsprop', loss='sparse_categorical_crossentropy', u
     →metrics=['acc'])
[31]: model = models.Sequential()
    model.add(layers.Dense(64, activation='relu', input_shape=(10000,)))
    model.add(layers.Dense(4, activation='relu'))
    model.add(layers.Dense(46, activation='softmax'))
    model.compile(optimizer='rmsprop',
                loss='categorical_crossentropy',
                metrics=['accuracy'])
    model.fit(partial_x_train,
             partial_y_train,
             epochs=20,
             batch_size=128,
             validation_data=(x_val, y_val))
    Epoch 1/20
    0.4178 - val_loss: 2.6998 - val_accuracy: 0.5030
    Epoch 2/20
    0.5200 - val_loss: 2.2924 - val_accuracy: 0.5390
    Epoch 3/20
    63/63 [============= ] - 1s 8ms/step - loss: 1.9753 - accuracy:
    0.5773 - val_loss: 1.7615 - val_accuracy: 0.5830
    Epoch 4/20
    0.5951 - val_loss: 1.5400 - val_accuracy: 0.5890
```

```
Epoch 5/20
0.6364 - val_loss: 1.5152 - val_accuracy: 0.6130
0.6622 - val_loss: 1.4717 - val_accuracy: 0.6290
Epoch 7/20
0.6745 - val_loss: 1.4340 - val_accuracy: 0.6280
Epoch 8/20
0.6897 - val_loss: 1.4369 - val_accuracy: 0.6480
Epoch 9/20
0.7046 - val_loss: 1.4404 - val_accuracy: 0.6490
Epoch 10/20
63/63 [============ ] - 1s 10ms/step - loss: 0.9629 - accuracy:
0.7211 - val_loss: 1.4694 - val_accuracy: 0.6600
Epoch 11/20
0.7404 - val_loss: 1.5044 - val_accuracy: 0.6680
Epoch 12/20
0.7519 - val_loss: 1.5138 - val_accuracy: 0.6730
Epoch 13/20
0.7657 - val_loss: 1.5430 - val_accuracy: 0.6990
Epoch 14/20
0.7925 - val_loss: 1.5150 - val_accuracy: 0.6940
Epoch 15/20
0.8056 - val_loss: 1.5263 - val_accuracy: 0.7070
Epoch 16/20
0.8235 - val_loss: 1.5727 - val_accuracy: 0.7120
Epoch 17/20
63/63 [=================== ] - Os 7ms/step - loss: 0.6171 - accuracy:
0.8381 - val_loss: 1.6788 - val_accuracy: 0.7060
Epoch 18/20
0.8489 - val_loss: 1.6295 - val_accuracy: 0.7140
0.8571 - val_loss: 1.6671 - val_accuracy: 0.7210
Epoch 20/20
0.8649 - val_loss: 1.7075 - val_accuracy: 0.7130
```

[31]:	<pre><tensorflow.python.keras.callbacks.history 0x7f26b823f2b0="" at=""></tensorflow.python.keras.callbacks.history></pre>
[]:	
[]:	