
Multimedia Appendix

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1 Multimedia Appendix 1

1.1 Appendix A: HIMSS Analytics Maturity Assessment Model (AMAM) Stages

| Stage | Name | Description | Key Capabilities |
|---------|-----------------------------|--|--|
| Stage 0 | Data Collection | Basic data capture without integration | Manual data entry, paper records |
| Stage 1 | Data Verification | Automated data validation and error checking | Basic quality controls, automated checks |
| Stage 2 | Data Utilization | Standard reporting and basic analytics | Automated reports, dashboard creation |
| Stage 3 | Automated Decision Support | Rule-based clinical and operational support | Clinical alerts, automated protocols |
| Stage 4 | Population Health Analytics | Population-level analysis and intervention | Cohort identification, risk stratification |
| Stage 5 | Predictive Analytics | Statistical modeling and predictive capabilities | Predictive models, trend analysis |
| Stage 6 | Cognitive Analytics | Machine learning and AI integration | Advanced AI, pattern recognition |

| Stage | Name | Description | Key Capabilities |
|---------|--------------------|--|--------------------------------------|
| Stage 7 | Precision Medicine | Personalized treatment and genomic integration | Personalized care, genomic analytics |

1.2 Appendix B: Healthcare NL2SQL Query Examples

1.2.1 Patient Population Analysis

Natural Language: “Show me all diabetic patients over 65 who had an HbA1c test in the last 6 months”

Rationale: Aligned with NCQA HEDIS measures for Comprehensive Diabetes Care (CDC), monitoring HbA1c testing compliance in older adult populations.

Generated SQL:

```
1 SELECT p.patient_id, p.age, l.test_date, l.result_value
2 FROM patients p
3 JOIN lab_results l ON p.patient_id = l.patient_id
4 JOIN diagnoses d ON p.patient_id = d.patient_id
5 WHERE d.icd10_code LIKE 'E11%' -- Type 2 Diabetes
6 AND p.age > 65
7 AND l.test_name = 'HbA1c'
8 AND l.test_date >= DATE_SUB(CURRENT_DATE, INTERVAL 6 MONTH)
```

1.2.2 Complex Clinical Cohort: Heart Failure Readmission Risk

Natural Language: “Identify patients discharged with Heart Failure in 2024 who had a readmission within 30 days, excluding those discharged to hospice. For each, calculate their max creatinine levels during the index stay.”

Rationale: Supports CMS Hospital Readmissions Reduction Program (HRRP) tracking by identifying 30-day all-cause readmissions for Heart Failure (HF) index stays, with standard exclusions (hospice).

Generated SQL:

```

1  WITH IndexAdmissions AS (
2      -- Identify index admissions for Heart Failure
3      SELECT
4          a.admission_id,
5          a.patient_id,
6          a.discharge_date,
7          a.discharge_disposition
8      FROM admissions a
9      JOIN diagnoses d ON a.admission_id = d.admission_id
10     WHERE d.icd10_code LIKE 'I50%'          -- Heart Failure codes
11           AND a.discharge_date BETWEEN '2024-01-01' AND '2024-12-31'
12           AND a.discharge_disposition != 'HOSPICE' -- Exclusion Criteria
13 ),
14 Readmissions AS (
15     -- Find readmissions within 30 days
16     SELECT
17         i.patient_id,
18         i.admission_id AS index_admission_id,
19         r.admission_date AS readmission_date,
20         DATEDIFF(r.admission_date, i.discharge_date) AS days_to_readmit
21     FROM IndexAdmissions i
22     JOIN admissions r ON i.patient_id = r.patient_id
23     WHERE r.admission_date > i.discharge_date
24           AND r.admission_date <= DATE_ADD(i.discharge_date, INTERVAL 30 DAY)
25 )
26 -- Final Output: Cohort with Max Creatinine
27 SELECT
28     r.patient_id,
29     r.index_admission_id,
30     r.days_to_readmit,
31     MAX(CASE
32         WHEN l.unit = 'mg/dL' THEN l.val_num
33         WHEN l.unit = 'mmol/L' THEN l.val_num / 88.4 -- Value
34             Normalization
35         ELSE NULL
36     END) AS max_creatinine_mgdl
37 FROM Readmissions r
38 JOIN lab_events l ON r.index_admission_id = l.admission_id
39 WHERE l.itemid IN (50912, 50913) -- Creatinine lab codes
40 GROUP BY r.patient_id, r.index_admission_id, r.days_to_readmit;

```

1.2.3 Quality Metrics

Natural Language: “How many patients were readmitted within 30 days of discharge for heart failure?”

Rationale: Aligned with CMS Hospital Readmissions Reduction Program (HRRP) requirements, demonstrating aggregation capabilities for organizational quality reporting by specifically tracking 30-day readmission rates for heart failure populations.

Generated SQL:

```
1 SELECT COUNT(DISTINCT r.patient_id) as readmission_count
2 FROM (
3     SELECT a1.patient_id, a1.discharge_date, a2.admission_date
4     FROM admissions a1
5     JOIN admissions a2 ON a1.patient_id = a2.patient_id
6     JOIN diagnoses d ON a2.admission_id = d.admission_id
7     WHERE d.icd10_code LIKE 'I50%' -- Heart failure
8     AND a2.admission_date BETWEEN a1.discharge_date AND DATE_ADD(a1.
9         discharge_date, INTERVAL 30 DAY)
10    AND a1.admission_id != a2.admission_id
11 ) r
```