## BME 355 Assignment 3: Cardiovascular Modelling

Due 11:59pm, March 20, 2020.

This assignment should be completed in groups of two or three. Submit a PDF document (not a Word document) that includes the names of the group members, answers to questions, and requested plots. Also submit your Python code in a zip file. You are advised to use the partially completed code on Learn.

This assignment is based on a model from Ferreira, A., Chen, S., Simaan, M. A., Boston, J. R., & Antaki, J. F. (2005). A nonlinear state-space model of a combined cardiovascular system and a rotary pump. *Proceedings of the 44th IEEE Conference on Decision and Control, and the European Control Conference, CDC-ECC '05, 2005, 897*–902.

- 1) Complete the unfinished sections of the code (circulation.py) based on the Ferreira et al. paper and the lecture slides. The Circulation constructor requires several arguments. Use values from the paper,  $E_{max}=2.0$ ,  $E_{min}=0.06$ , and heart rate 75 beats/min.
- 2) Simulate the model for five seconds. Plot the atrial pressure, ventricular pressure, arterial pressure (i.e. x<sub>3</sub>), and **the aortic pressure just outside the aortic valve** (i.e. between D2 and R4). Start the simulation with all the blood in the atrium, so that the initial ventricular blood volume is the slack volume.
- 3) Write a method to accurately calculate left ventricular blood volume given results from a simulation of the cardiovascular system model. Assume a slack ventricular volume of 20ml. In addition to writing the code, briefly describe your approach in the PDF document.
- 4) Plot ventricular pressure (vertical axis) versus ventricular volume (horizontal axis) to produce a pressure-volume loop for a few cardiac cycles. Omit the first five cycles to avoid the transient response when the simulation starts. Increase R1 to  $2\Omega$  (or mmHg s/ml) and plot another pressure-volume loop (in the same plot as the first one, so they are easily compared). Finally, with R1=.5 $\Omega$ , simulate aortic stenosis by increasing R3 to 0.2 and plot another pressure-volume loop. Explain the differences in these loops. Use a legend to label the loops, normal, high systemic resistance, and aortic stenosis.