

# Assignment 1 Question 1

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## Part c)

```
data <- read.csv("EconomicMobility.csv")
```

```
powerfun <- function(x, alpha) {  
  if(sum(x <= 0) > 1) stop("x must be positive")  
  if (alpha == 0)  
    log(x)  
  else if (alpha > 0) {  
    x^alpha  
  } else -x^alpha  
}
```

```
L <- function(theta) {  
  x <- data$Population  
  y <- data$Commute  
  power_x <- powerfun(x + 1, theta[1])  
  power_y <- powerfun(y + 1, theta[2])  
  attribute <- 1 - cor(power_x, power_y)^2  
}
```

```
optimal_theta <- nlminb(start=c(1,1), objective=L)  
optimal_theta$par
```

```
## [1] 0.07337527 -3.38815908
```

The optimum value of  $\alpha_x$  is 0.07337527 and  $\alpha_y$  is -3.38815908.

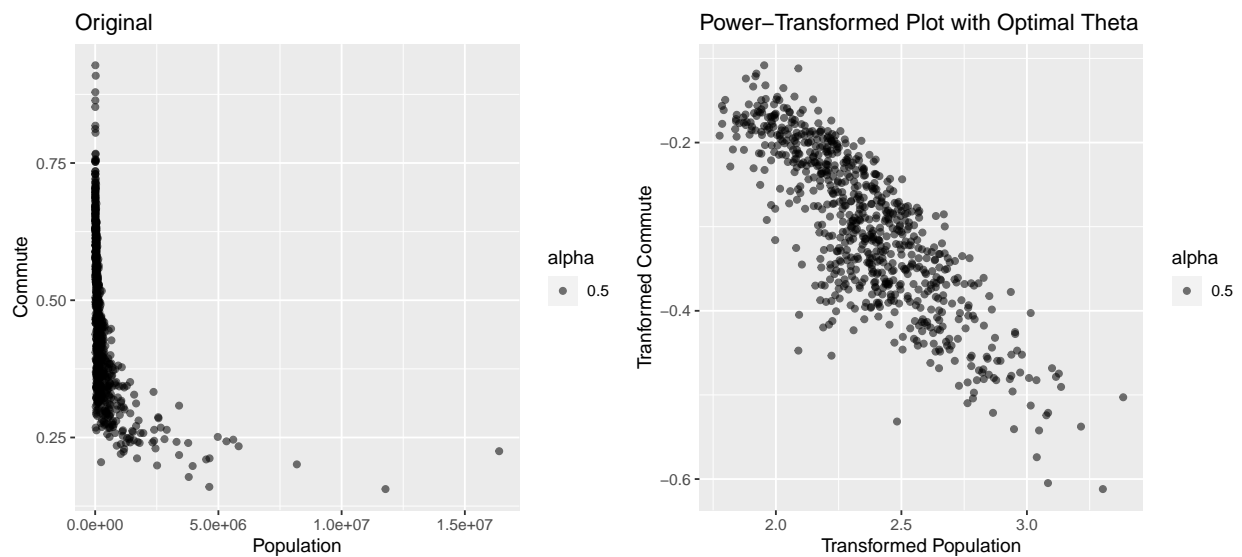
```
library("ggplot2")  
library("gridExtra")  
plot1 <- ggplot(data) +  
  geom_point(  
    aes(x = Population,  
        y = Commute,  
        alpha = 0.5)  
  ) +  
  labs(  
    title = "Original",  
    x = "Population",  
    y = "Commute"
```

```

)

transformed_pop <- powerfun(data$Population +1, optimal_theta$par[1])
transformed_commute <- powerfun(data$Commute +1, optimal_theta$par[2])
plot2 <- ggplot(data) +
  geom_point(
    aes(x = transformed_pop,
        y = transformed_commute,
        alpha = 0.5)
  ) +
  labs(
    title = "Power-Transformed Plot with Optimal Theta",
    x = "Transformed Population",
    y = "Tranformed Commute"
  )
)
grid.arrange(plot1, plot2, nrow = 1)

```



```

original_correlation <- cor(data$Population, data$Commute, method = "pearson")
message("The correlation coefficient for the original data is ", original_correlation)

```

```
## The correlation coefficient for the original data is -0.414150334705171
```

```

transformed_correlation <- cor(transformed_pop, transformed_commute, method = "pearson")
message("The correlation coefficient for the transformed data is ", transformed_correlation)

```

```
## The correlation coefficient for the transformed data is -0.825299449710719
```