Visvesvaraya Technological University Belagavi-590 018, Karnataka



A Mini Project Report on

"BLOOD BANK ORGANISATION DATABASE"

Mini Project Report submitted in partial fulfilment of the requirement for the DBMS Laboratory with Mini Project [18CSL58]

Bachelor of Engineering in Computer Science and Engineering

Submitted by Sthuthi S [1JT19CS120] Laharishree S [1JT19CS119] Tejaswini N [1JT19CS096]



Department of Computer Science and Engineering Jyothy Institute of Technology Tataguni, Bengaluru-560082

Jyothy Institute of Technology Tataguni, Bengaluru-560082 Department of Computer Science and Engineering



CERTIFICATE

Certified that the mini project work entitled "BLOOD BANK ORGANISATION DATABASE" carried out by Sthuthi S [1JT19CS120], Laharishree S [1JT19CS119] and Tejaswini N [1JT19CS096] bonafide students of Jyothy Institute of Technology, in partial fulfilment for the award of Bachelor of Engineering in Computer Science and Engineering department of the Visvesvaraya Technological University, Belagavi during the year 2019-2020. It is certified that all corrections/suggestions indicated for Internal Assessment have been incorporated in the Report deposited in the departmental library. The project report has been approved as it satisfies the academic requirements in respect of Project work prescribed for the said Degree.

Mrs. Nikitha S Guide, Asst. Professor Dept. of CSE **Dr. Prabhanjan S**Professor & HOD
Dept. of CSE

External Viva Examiner

Signature with Date:

1.

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ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

Firstly, we are very grateful to this esteemed institution "Jyothy Institute of Technology" for providing us an opportunity to complete our project.

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Sthuthi S[1JT19CS120] Laharishree S[1JT19CS119] Tejaswini N[1JT19CS096]

ABSTRACT

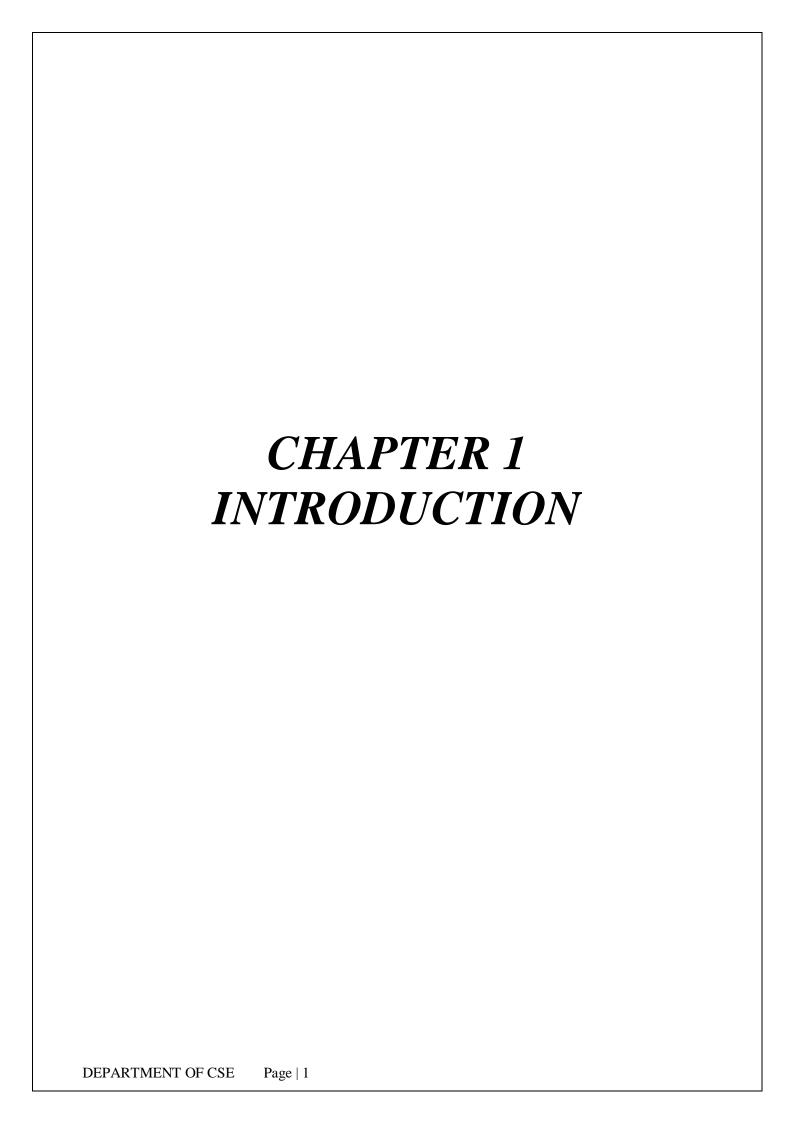
The application is designed to make the existing system more reliable, fast and easy for all, provides a methodical way of managing large databases. For this application we used the backend as SQL to store the data which is used in the application and for the user interface we have used JAVA.

Blood Bank Organization System is a database application designed to automate the different operations in Blood Bank Organization. Blood Bank Organization System project makes it easy to give information regarding blood type, date of donation of blood, available blood group and many more. After the implementation of the project, the blood searching process is expected to be faster, easier, and reliable. Admin will view the donor side and view the available blood requested by the users.

Any update in the database like availability of blood, last donation date of the donor, blood bank details be made by the admin.

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1. INTRODUCTION

1.1 Introduction to DBMS

A database is simply an organized collection of related data, typically stored on disk, and accessible by many concurrent users, it is a logically coherent collection of data with some inherent meaning, representing some aspect of real world and which is designed, built and populated with data for a specific purpose.

Databases are managed by a Database Management System(DBMS) which is a collection of programs that enables user to create and maintain a database.

Advantages of DBMS:

Redundancy is controlled.

Unauthorized access is restricted.

Providing multiple user interfaces.

Enforcing integrity constraints.

Providing backup and recovery.

1.2 Introduction to SQL

Structured Query Language (SQL), is a language used to request data from a database which includes database creation, deletion, retrieval of required tables and even manipulation of data held in a relational database management system.

SQL is considered as a Non-Procedural or a High level language in which the expected result or operation is given without the specific details about how to accomplish the task. So, SQL is a declarative language.

Therefore, SQL is designed at a higher conceptual level of operation than procedural languages as procedural languages includes only the information about opening and closing tables, loading and searching indexes, or flushing buffers and writing data to file systems, but the lower level logical and physical operations are not specified in SQL.

1.3 Introduction to blood bank organization Database

The main goal of the BLOOD BANK ORGANISATION is to manage blood bank data, blood availability, donor data and agency details.

It monitors all the blood transaction and retrieves data of the blood bank, donor, hospital and patient details.

The project's aim is to develop an application system to minimize the manual work for blood bank, donor, blood group management. It monitors all the blood availability information, donor list, patient list.

1.4 Scope and importance of work

The scope of the project is to give a simple application to overcome the drawbacks of the normal file processing system.

The main purpose of this project is to create database application for blood bank organization, this system can be used to check the availability of the blood.

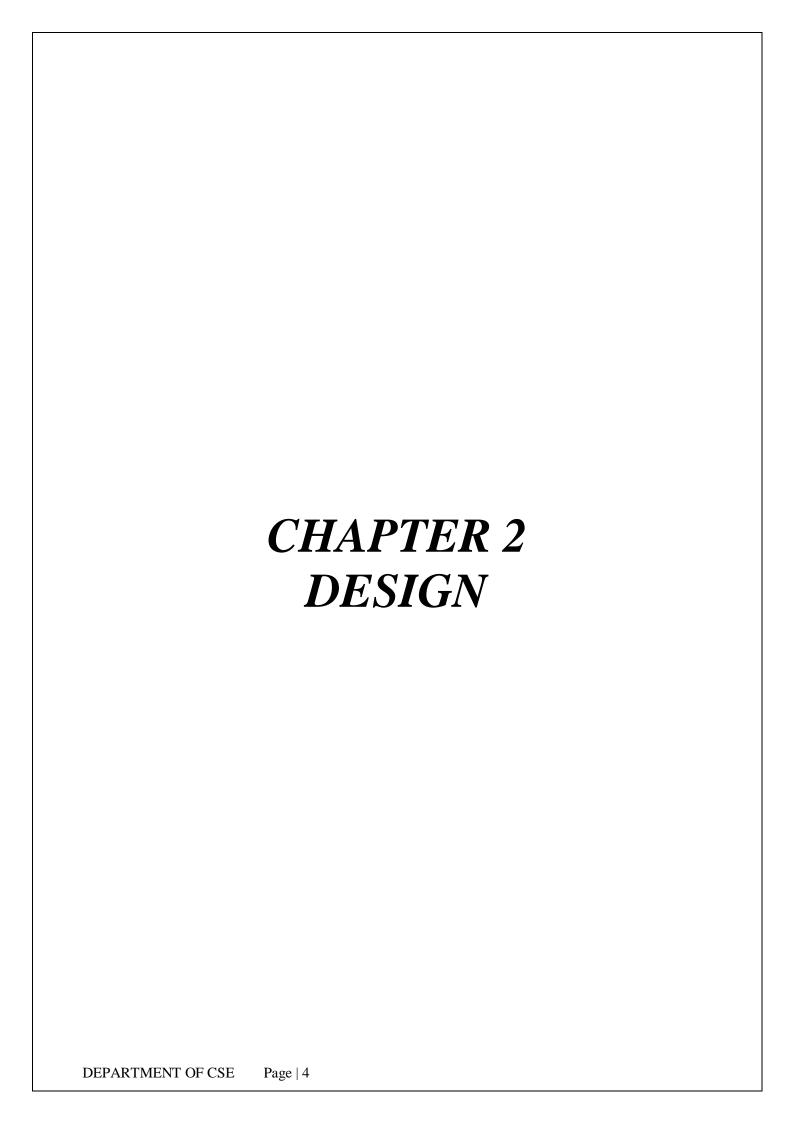
This database avoids accumulating blood from individuals who might not be eligible due to health issues and from individuals whose last donated date is less than three months.

It maintains records of the blood bank associated to the organization, hospitals, patients, donors and it maintains efficiency in the database. It prevents redundancy in the data.

The system helps to identify the nearest blood bank location and allows us to contact them.

The functional areas of application that lies under this system are the management of the availability of donors, hospitals, blood banks under the organization at any time.

This database system allows each individual to be recognized with unique id say donor id, blood bank id, hospital id, patient id.



Theory of ER Diagram

The Entity–Relationship model (ER model) describes the structure of a database with the help of a diagram, which is known as **Entity Relationship Diagram** (**ER Diagram**)

An Entity Relationship Diagram (ERD) shows the relationships of entity sets stored in adatabase. An entity in this context is an object, a component of data.

An entity set is a collection of similar entities. These entities can have attributes that define its properties. By defining the entities, their attributes, and showing the relationships between them, an ER diagram illustrates the logical structure of database.

ER diagrams are used to sketch out the design of a database.

ENTITIES

An entity is an 'object' in the real world with an independent existence and an entity type defines a collection (or set) of entities that have the same attributes. Each entity type in the database is described by its name and attributes.

An entity type is represented in ER diagrams as a rectangular box enclosing the entity typename.

RELATIONSHIPS

A relationship among two or more entities represents an association among the entities and whenever an attribute of one entity refers to another entity, there exists a relationship between the two entities.

In a relationship, a foreign key of one table refers the primary key of the other table and it is represented by diamond shape in ER diagram.

ATTRIBUTES

An attribute represents some property of interest that further describes an entity and the column header of the table shows the attributes. Each attribute in a table has a certain domain which allows it to accept a certain 'set of values' only.

The attribute values, of each entity, will define its characteristics in the table and is represented by oval in the ER diagram.

ER DIAGRAM

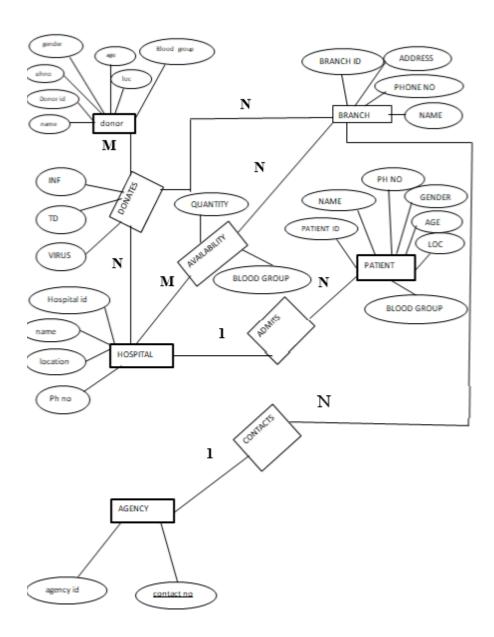


Figure 2.1: ER Diagram for the database

SCHEMA DIAGRAM

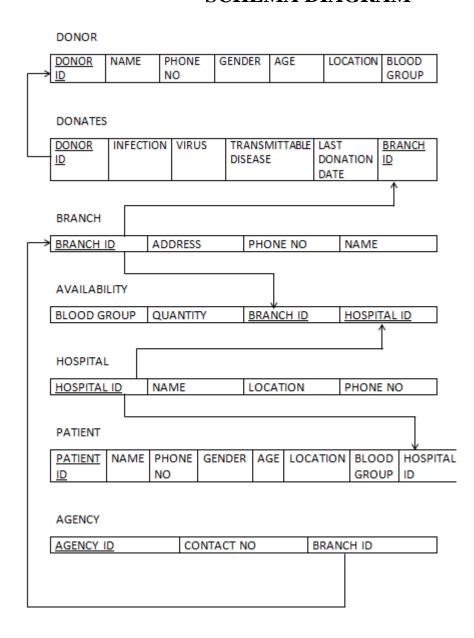
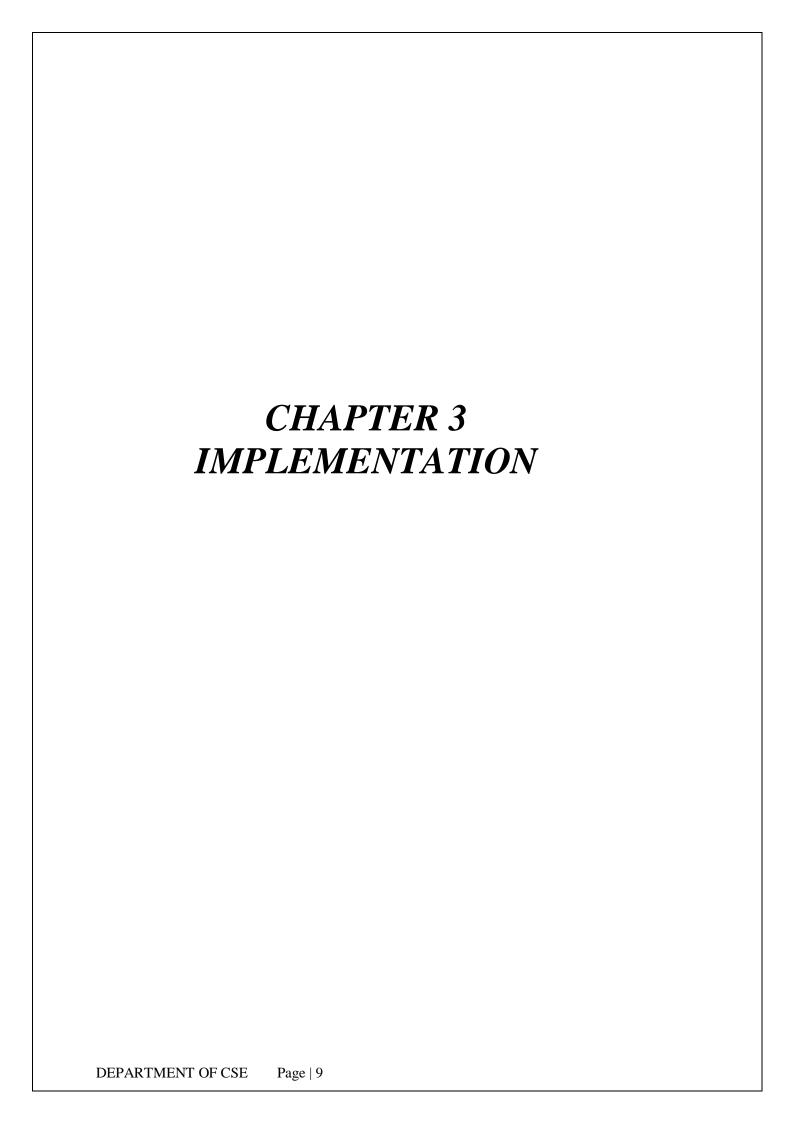


Figure 2.2: Schema Diagram

LIST OF TABLES

- 1. DONOR: To store the details of donor.
- 2. DONATES: To store eligibility details.
- 3. BRANCH: To store branch details.
- 4. AVAILABILITY: To store availability details.
- 5. HOSPITAL: To store the hospital details.
- 6. PATIENT: To store the patients details.
- **7.** AGENCY: To store agency details.



Create table commands:-

CREATE TABLE DONOR(DONOR_ID INT PRIMARY KEY,NAME VARCHAR(20),PH_NO VARCHAR(20),GENDER VARCHAR(2),AGE INT,LOCATION VARCHAR(20),BLOOD_GROUP VARCHAR(20));

CREATE TABLE DONATES(DONOR_ID INT PRIMARY KEY,INFECTION VARCHAR(20),VIRUS VARCHAR(20),TRANSMITTABLE_DISEASE VARCHAR(20),LAST_DONATED DATE, FOREIGN KEY(DONOR_ID) REFERENCE DONOR(DONOR_ID) ON DELETE CASCADE);

CREATE TABLE BRANCH(BRANCH_ID INT PRIMARY KEY,ADDRESS VARCHAR(20),CONTACT VARCHAR(20),NAME VARCHAR(20));

CREATE TABLE HOSPITAL(HOSPITAL_ID INT PRIMARY KEY,NAME VARCHAR(20),LOCATION VARCHAR(20),PHONE_NO VARCHAR(20));

CREATE TABLE AVAILABILITY(BLOOD_GROUP VARCHAR(20),QUANTITY INT,BRANCH_ID INT PRIMARY KEY,HOSPITAL_ID INT VARCHAR(20) PRIMARY KEY,FOREIGN KEY(BRANCH_ID) REFERENCES BRANCH(BRANCH_ID) ON DELETE CASCADE, FOREIGN KEY(HOSPITAL_ID) REFERENCES HOSPITAL(HOSPITAL_ID) ON DELETE CASCADE);

CREATE TABLE PATIENT(PATIENT_ID INT PRIMARY KEY,NAME VARCHAR(20),PHONE NO VARCHAR(20),GENDER VARCHAR(20),AGE INT,LOCATION VARCHAR(20),BLOOD_GROUP VARCHAR(20),HOSPITAL_ID INT,FOREIGN KEY(HOSPITAL_ID) REFERENCES HOSPITAL(HOSPITAL_ID) ON DELETE CASCADE);

CREATE TABLE AGENCY(AGENCY_ID INT PRIMARY KEY,CONTACT_NO VARCHAR(20),BRANCH_ID INT, FOREIGN KEY(BRANCH_ID) REFERENCES BRANCH(BRANCH_ID) ON DELETE CASCADE);

Insertion tables values

Insertion of HOSPITAL table

INSERT INTO HOSPITAL VALUES(5001,"JAIN HOSPITAL","BANGALORE SOUTH","080-47091543");

INSERT INTO HOSPITAL VALUES(5002,"MANIPAL HOSPITAL","BANGALORE NORTH","080-56478943");

INSERT INTO HOSPITAL VALUES(5003,"APOLLO HOSPITAL","BANGALORE SOUTH"."080-472431543"):

INSERT INTO HOSPITAL VALUES(5004,"FORTIS HOSPITAL","BANGALORE EAST","080-23491543");

Insertion of AGENCY table

INSERT INTO AGENCY("56001","08082822433","JEEVA VOLUNTERY"); INSERT INTO AGENCY("56002","08074652343","RASHTRATHANA"); INSERT INTO AGENCY("56001","08095849309","SMILE FOUNDATION");

Insertion of AVAILABILITY table

INSERT INTO AVAILABILITY VALUES("O-VE","2L",1001,"5001"); INSERT INTO AVAILABILITY VALUES("O+VE","75ML",1001,"5001"); INSERT INTO AVAILABILITY VALUES("AB-VE","1L",1001,"5001");

Insertion of DONOR table

INSERT INTO DONOR VALUES(1001,"SAMEER",9723456790","B-VE","BANGALORE","MALE",20,1003);
INSERT INTO DONOR VALUES(1002,"PAVAN","9916718112","B-VE","BANGALORE","MALE",20,1003);
INSERT INTO DONOR VALUES(1001,"MANASA",9008433503","B-VE","BANGALORE",20,1003);

Insertion of DONATES table

INSERT INTO DONATES VALUES(1001,1001,"NO","NO","NO","2020-12-12"); INSERT INTO DONATES VALUES(1002,1001,"NO","NO","NO","2020-12-12"); INSERT INTO DONATES VALUES(1003,1001,"NO","NO","NO","2020-12-12");

Insertion of PATIENT table

INSERT INTO PATIENT VALUES(1001,"JHON",987654321","MALE","BANGALORE","AB-VE",5001);

INSERT INTO PATIENT VALUES(1002,"JAME",987623456","MALE","BANGALORE","B-VE",5001);

INSERT INTO PATIENT VALUES (1001,"RAJ",9876512345","MALE","BANGALORE","A+VE",5001);

Insertion of BRANCH table

INSERT INTO BRANCH VALUES(1001,"SAHANA BLOOD

BANK","BANGALORE","9807564213");

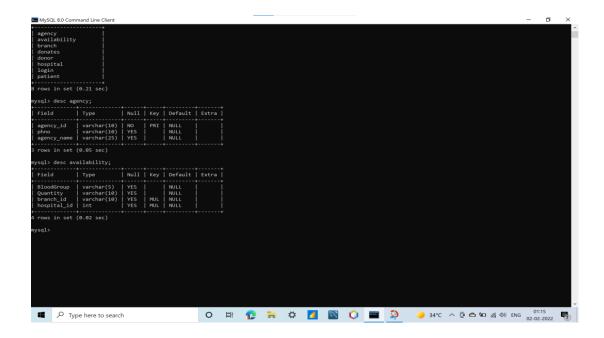
INSERT INTO BRANCH VALUES(1002,"LION'S BLOOD

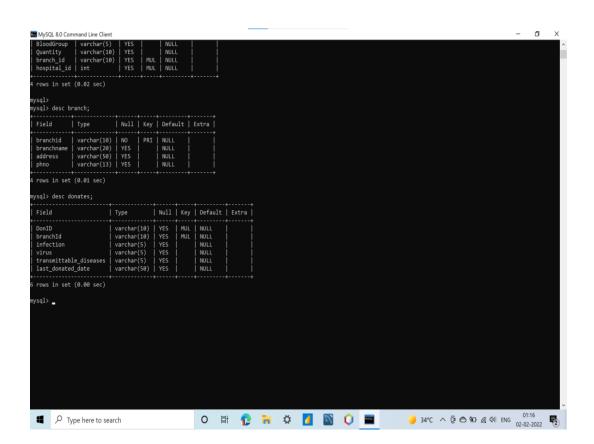
BANK","BANGALORE","9901155344");

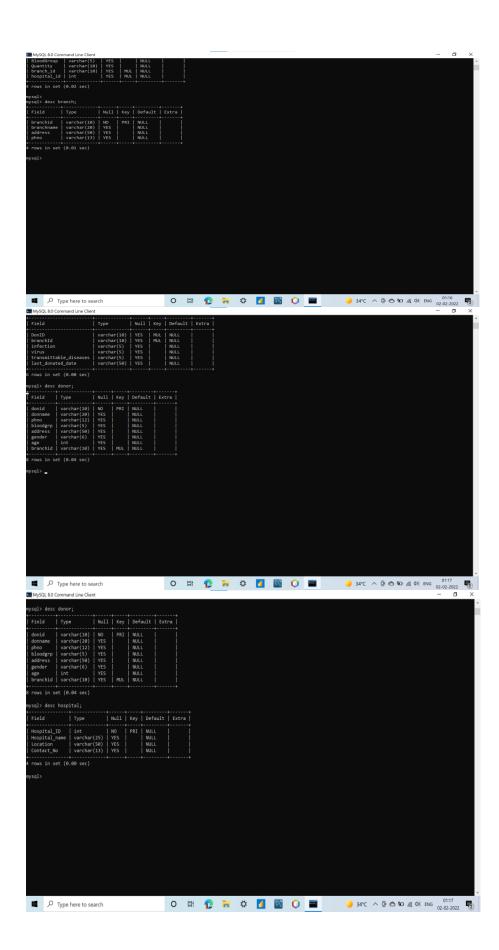
INSERT INTO BRANCH VALUES(1003,"LIFE CARE BLOOD

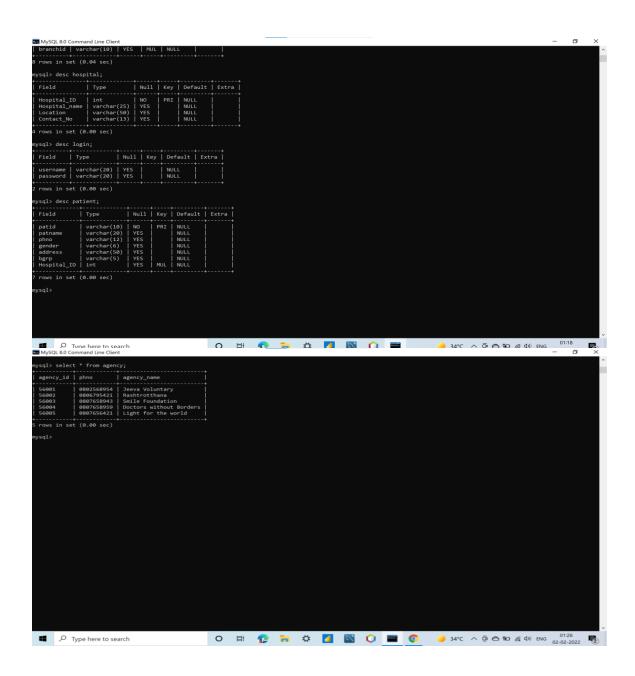
BANK","BANGALORE","9807645890");

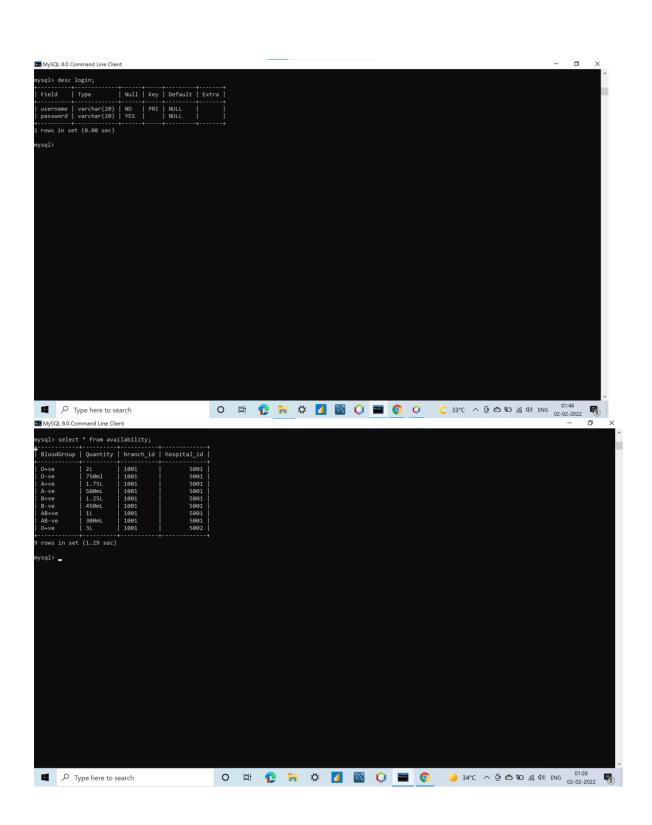
DESCRIPTION OF TABLES

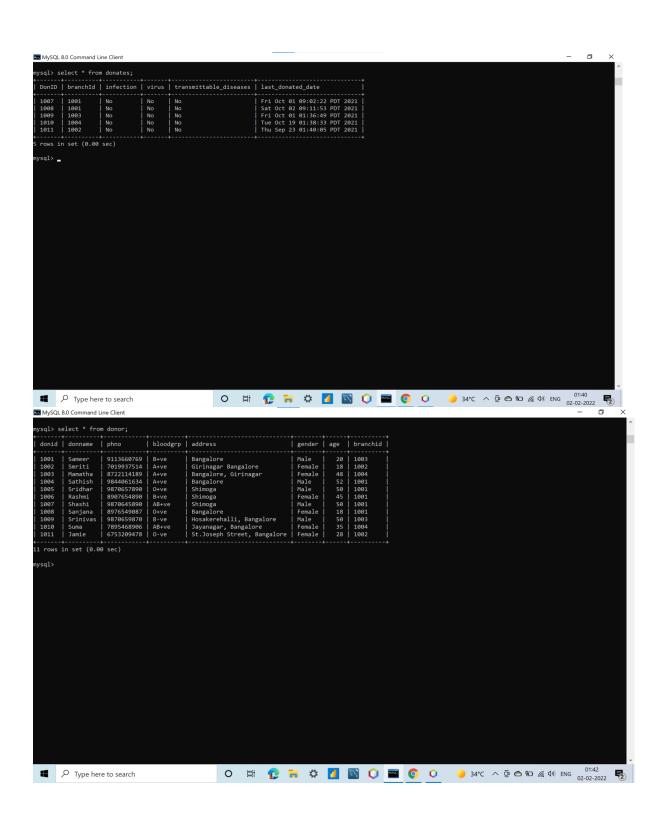


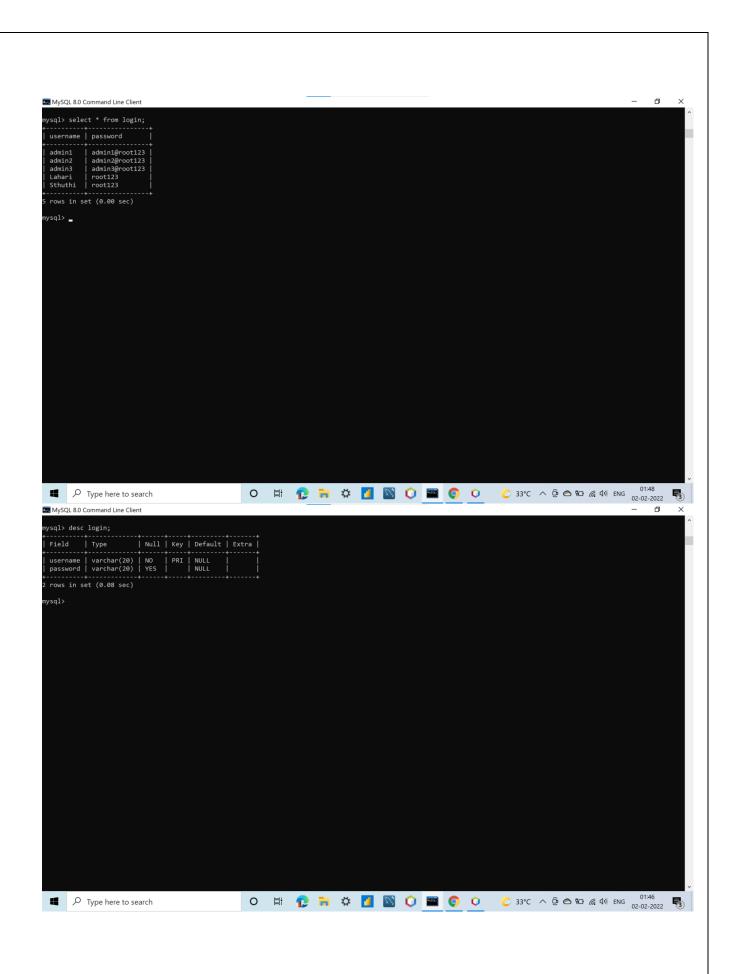


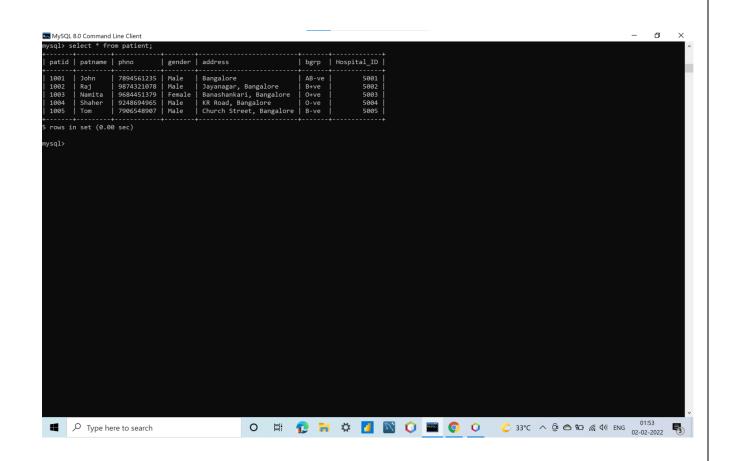












GUI implementation

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Dimension size= toolkit.getScreenSize();
Projects
                  setLocation(size.width/2-getWidth()/2,size.height/2-getHeight()/2);
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31 🖃
B
                       Connection con=DriverManager.getConnection("jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/bloodbank", "root", "root123");
                       PreparedStatement pstm=con.prepareStatement(sql);
                       ResultSet rs= pstm.executeQuery();
                       DonTl.setModel(DbUtils.resultSetToTableModel(rs));
                  catch(Exception e)
     43
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48
                     JOptionPane.showMessageDialog(null, e);
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               * This method is called from within the constructor to initialize the form
               * WARNING: Do NOT modify this code
* regenerated by the Form Editor.
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Figure 3.1: SELECTING DONOR TABLE

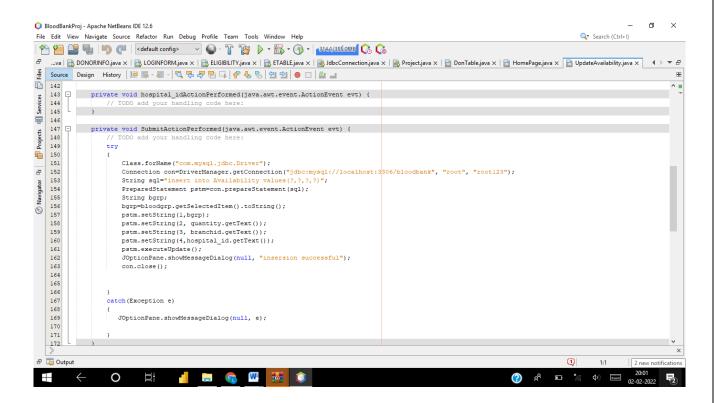


Figure 3.2: INSERTING INTO AVAILABILTY TABLE

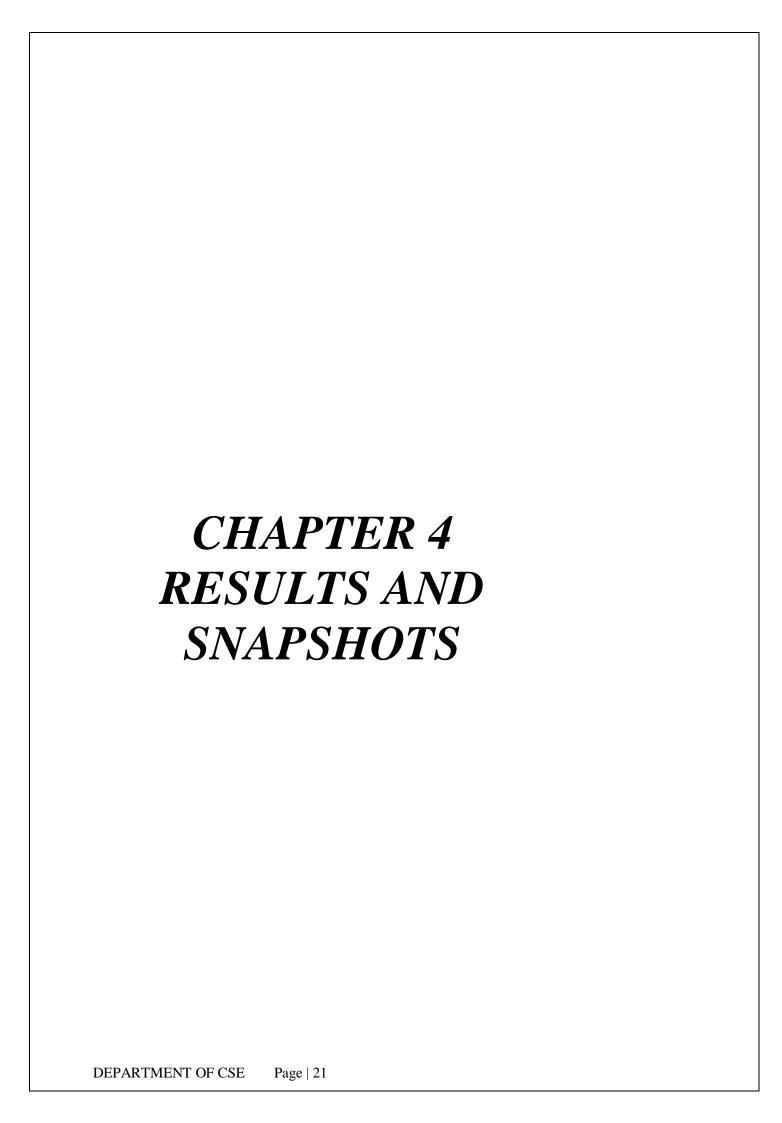




Figure 4.1: LOADING PAGE



Figure 4.2: LOGIN PAGE

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Figure 4.3: SUCCESSFUL LOGIN MESSAGE



Figure 4.4: MENU DISPLAY [HOME PAGE]

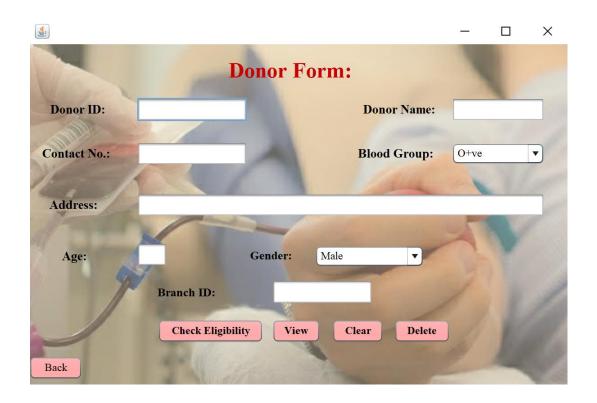


Figure 4.5: DONOR FORM



Figure 4.6: FILLING DETAILS AND CHECKING FOR ELIGIBILITY

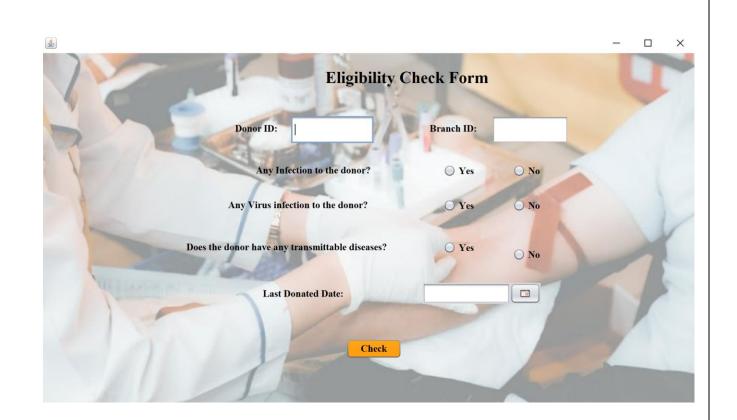


Figure 4.7: ELIGIBILTY FORM

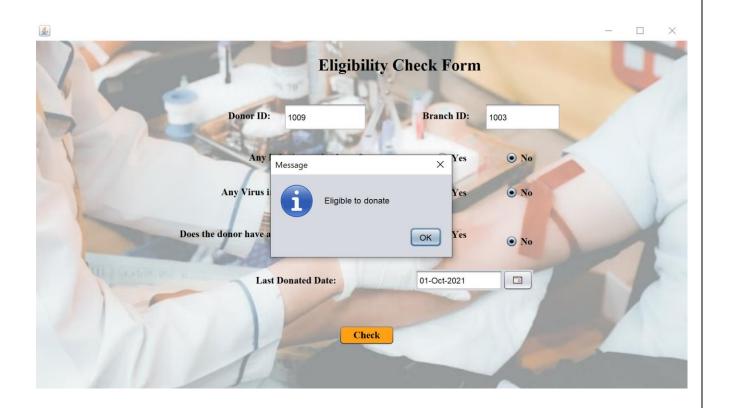


Figure 4.8: FILLING THE ELIGIBILTY FORM



Figure 4.9: SUCCESSFUL INSERTION MESSAGE

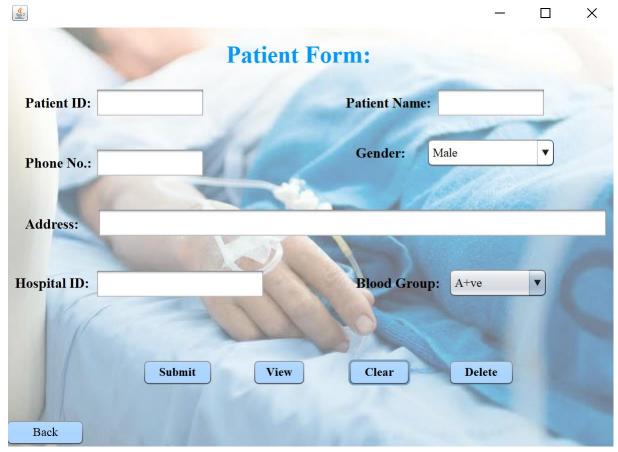


Figure 4.10: PATIENT FORM

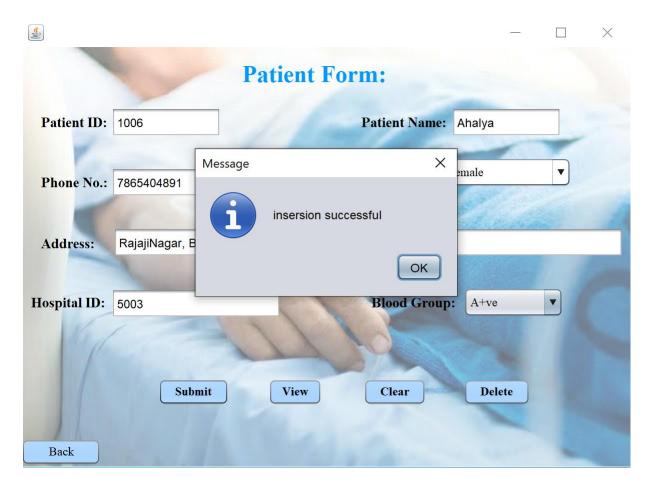


Figure 4.11: INSERTION OF PATIENT FORM

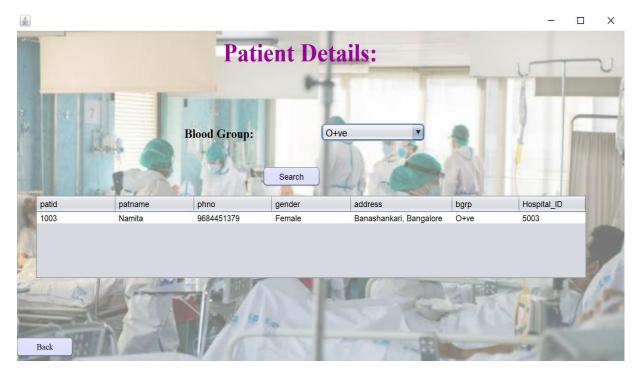


Figure 4.12: DISPLAYING PATIENTS DETAILS



Figure 4.13: DISPLAYING BRANCH DETAILS



Figure 4.14: DISPLAYING HOSPITAL DETAILS BY LOCATION

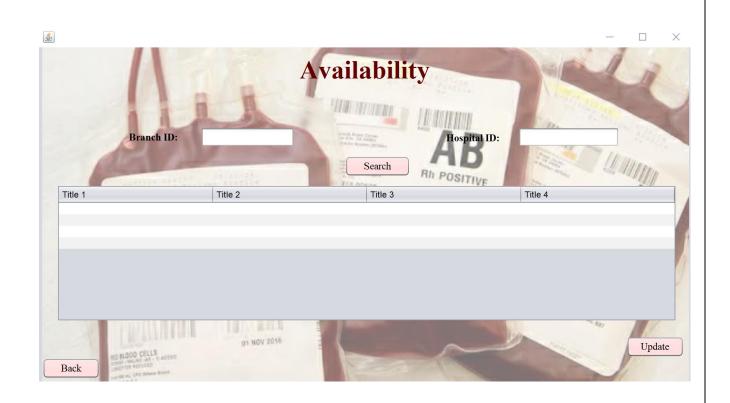


Figure 4.15: AVAILABILITY FORM

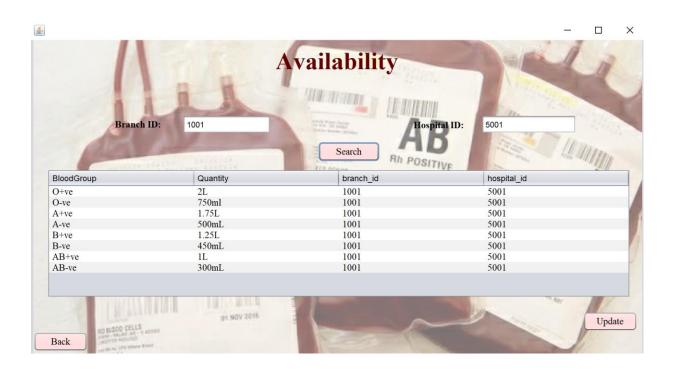


Figure 4.16: CHECKING AVAILABLITY BY BRANCH ID

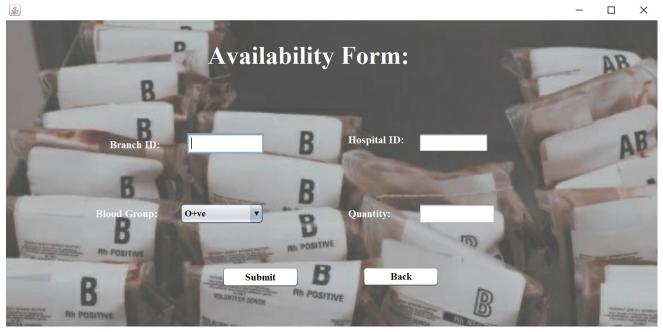


Figure 4.17: UPDATION OF AVAILABILITY OF BLOOD GROUP

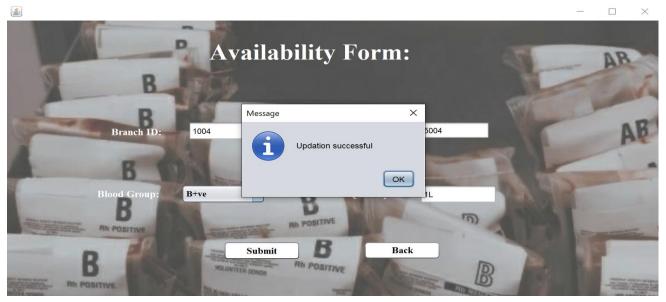


Figure 4.18: SUCCESSFUL UPDATION MESSAGE

QUERIES

1.Displaying hospital by location

select * from hospital where Location="Banglore north";

2.Displaying patient details by blood group

select * from patient where blood_group="O+ve";

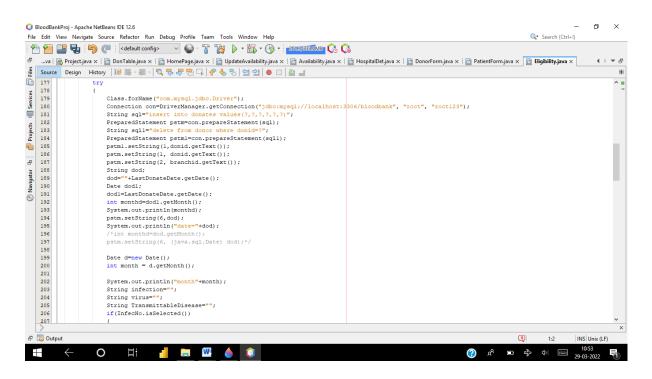
3. Checking availability in respective branch and hospital

select * from availability where branch_id=1001 and hospital_id=5001;

4. Updation of blood availability

update Availabilty set Quantity="2L" where BloodGroup="O+ve" and Branch_id=1001 and Hospital_id=5001;

5. Checking eligibility of donor



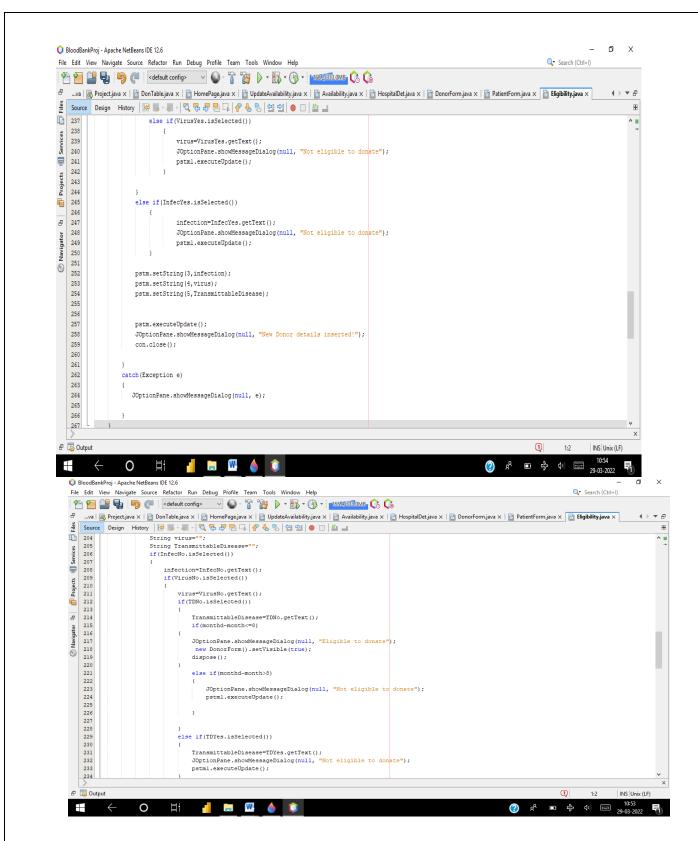


Figure 4.19-4.21: Eligibility query



Figure 4.22: QUERY 1

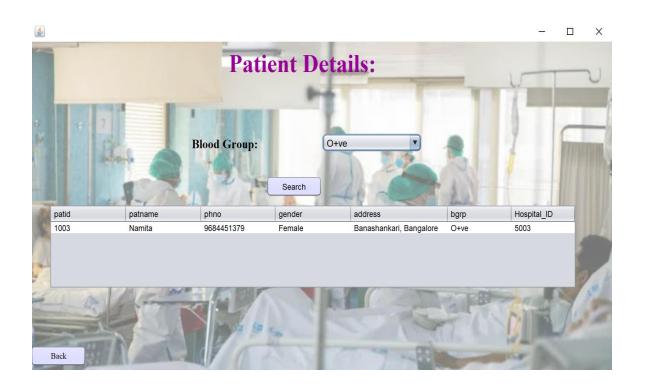


Figure 4.23: QUERY 2



Figure 4.24: QUERY 3

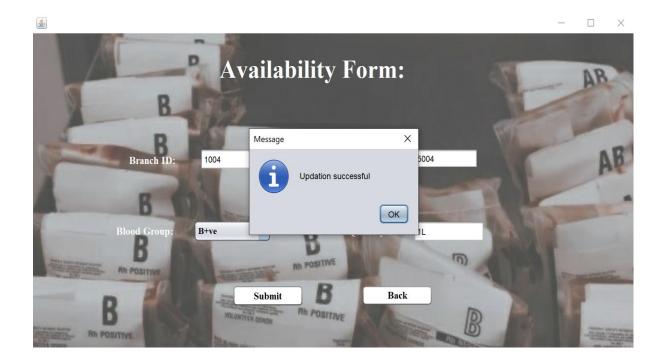


Figure 4.25: QUERY 4

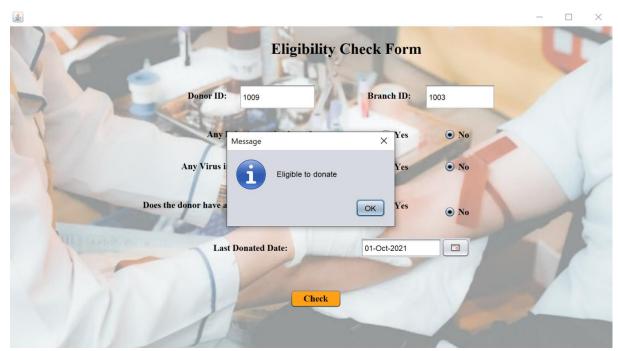


Figure 4.26: QUERY 5

CONCLUSION

We have successfully implemented the BLOOD BANK ORGANISATION DATABASE which helps in managing the data used to perform the various tasks in the blood bank organisation.

View tables are used to display all the components of different entities that user needs. One can just select the buttons and modify the data as per requirements.

We have successfully used various functionalities of JAVA and SQL and created the fully functional database system

Blood bank organisation Database has to do with making appropriate effort to stop the rising problem of all manual blood bank operation in order to enhance the operation of such supermarket.

In this project, the software or system that can be used to aid all blood bank organization that is still operating manually have been successfully developed. The software can be implementing in all types of blood bank organization.

Features

- 1. A password system that will be embedded into login page to increase the Security of the system.
- 2. A good Printing module should be included.
- 3. A data required for different operations are accessible to the admin.
- 4. Quick and easy saving and loading of database file.

References

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 $\underline{https://docs.oracle.com/netbeans/nb82/netbeans/docs.htm}$

JDBC Driver for MySQL (Connector/J)

https://dev.mysql.com/downloads/connector/j/5.1.html

MySQL Database

 $\underline{https://www.mysql.com/down}$

loads/

