In [167... import pandas as pd import seaborn as sns import plotly.express as px import matplotlib.pyplot as plt In [168... import plotly.io as pio pio.renderers.default = "plotly_mimetype+notebook" Matplotlib For this excercise, we have written the following code to load the stock dataset built into plotly express. In [169... stocks = px.data.stocks() stocks.head() **AMZN** Out[169]: GOOG **AAPL NFLX MSFT** date **0** 2018-01-01 1.000000 1.000000 1.000000 1.000000 1.000000 **1** 2018-01-08 1.018172 1.011943 1.061881 0.959968 1.053526 1.015988 **2** 2018-01-15 1.032008 1.019771 1.053240 0.970243 1.049860 1.020524 **3** 2018-01-22 1.066783 0.980057 1.140676 1.016858 1.307681 1.066561 **4** 2018-01-29 1.008773 0.917143 1.163374 1.018357 1.273537 1.040708 **Question 1:** Select a stock and create a suitable plot for it. Make sure the plot is readable with relevant information, such as date, values. In [170... import numpy as np p = plt.figure() p.set_figwidth(10) p.set_figheight(10) plt.plot(stocks['date'],stocks['GOOG']) plt.title('Google stocks') plt.xticks(np.arange(0,len(stocks['date'])+1,step = 14)) plt.ylabel('stock value') plt.xlabel('date') plt.show() Google stocks 1.20 1.15 1.10 stock value 1.05 1.00 0.95 0.90 2018-01-01 2018-04-09 2018-07-16 2018-10-22 2019-01-28 2019-05-06 2019-08-12 2019-11-18 date Question 2: You've already plot data from one stock. It is possible to plot multiples of them to support comparison. To highlight different lines, customise line styles, markers, colors and include a legend to the plot. In [211... stocks.plot(x ='date', figsize = (10,10), style = ['-1','.1','-.3',':4','--8','-s']) plt.ylabel('stock value') plt.show() 2.0 GOOG AAPL AMZN 1.8 1.6 1.4 value stock 1.2 1.0 0.8 2018-01-01 2018-10-08 2018-05-21 2019-02-25 2019-07-15 2019-12-02 date Seaborn First, load the tips dataset In [172... tips = sns.load_dataset('tips') tips.head() Out[172]: total_bill sex smoker day time size 0 16.99 1.01 Female Dinner No Sun 10.34 1.66 Dinner Male No Sun 21.01 3.50 3 Male No Sun Dinner 23.68 3.31 Dinner Male Sun 24.59 3.61 Female No Sun Dinner Question 3: Let's explore this dataset. Pose a question and create a plot that support drawing answers for your question. Some possible questions: • Are there differences between male and female when it comes to giving tips? • What attribute correlate the most with tip? In [306... #Are there differences between smokers and non-smokers it comes to giving tips? from scipy import stats xrs = tips[tips['smoker'] == 'Yes']['total_bill'] yrs = tips[tips['smoker'] == 'Yes']['tip'] xrns = tips[tips['smoker'] == 'No']['total_bill'] yrns = tips[tips['smoker'] == 'No']['tip'] slopes, intercepts, rs, ps, std_errs = stats.linregress(xrs, yrs) slopens, interceptns, rns, pns, std_errns = stats.linregress(xrns, yrns) sns.scatterplot(x='total_bill', y='tip', data=tips, hue="smoker") sns.lineplot(x = xrs, y = xrs*slopes+intercepts, data=tips, hue = 'smoker')sns.lineplot(x = xrns,y = xrns*slopens+interceptns, data=tips) plt.show() 10 Yes No Yes Nο 8 6 tip 4 2 10 20 30 40 50 total_bill **Plotly Express** Question 4: Redo the above exercises (challenges 2 & 3) with plotly express. Create diagrams which you can interact with. The stocks dataset Hints: • Turn stocks dataframe into a structure that can be picked up easily with plotly express In [295... df = px.data.stocks() fig = px.line(df, x="date", y=["GOOG", 'AAPL', 'AMZN', 'FB', 'NFLX', 'MSFT'], markers = True)fig.show() The tips dataset In [181... df2 = px.data.tips()]fig2 = px.scatter(df2, x="total_bill", y="tip", color= 'smoker') fig2.show() Question 5: Recreate the barplot below that shows the population of different continents for the year 2007.

Hints: • Extract the 2007 year data from the dataframe. You have to process the data accordingly • use plotly bar • Add different colors for different continents • Sort the order of the continent for the visualisation. Use axis layout setting • Add text to each bar that represents the population df3 = px.data.gapminder() df3.head() country continent year lifeExp pop gdpPercap iso_alpha iso_num **0** Afghanistan 28.801 Asia 1952 8425333 779.445314 AFG Asia 1957 **1** Afghanistan 30.332 9240934 820.853030 AFG 2 Afghanistan 1962 31.997 10267083 853.100710 AFG 4 Asia 3 Afghanistan Asia 1967 34.020 11537966 836.197138 AFG 4 Afghanistan Asia 1972 36.088 13079460 739.981106 AFG 4

In [192... #Load data Out[192]: In [307... df4 = df3[df3['year'] == 2007] y=df4.groupby('continent').sum() fig3 = px.bar(y,'pop' ,color = ['Asia','Ociania','Europe','Amerika','Afrika'], title = 'population', text = 'pop') fig3.update_yaxes(categoryorder= "total ascending") fig3.show()

gdpPercap iso_num

23859

9843

13354

12829

590

160629.695446

275075.790634

751634.449078

59620.376550

3811953827 411609.886714

Out[307]:

In []:

In []:

lifeExp

pop

929539692

898871184

586098529

24549947

year

104364 2849.914

50175 1840.203

66231 2334.040

60210 2329.458

161.439

4014

continent

Americas

Africa

Asia

Europe

Oceania