Code Template for ACM-ICPC

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${\bf Contents}$

1 Template

1.1 base.cpp

```
#pragma GCC optimize("03,unroll-loops")
#pragma GCC target("avx2,bmi,bmi2,lzcnt,popcnt")
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
#define 11 long long
#define f first
#define s second
#define all(x) (x).begin(), (x).end()
#define sz(x) (int)(x).size()
template<typename A, typename B> ostream&
    operator<<(ostream &os, const pair<A, B> &p) {
    return os << '(' << p.f << ", " << p.s << ')'; }
template<typename T_container, typename T = typename
    enable_if<!is_same<T_container, string>::value,
    typename T_container::value_type>::type> ostream&
    operator<<(ostream &os, const T_container &v) { os</pre>
    << '{'; string sep; for (const T &x : v) os << sep
    << x, sep = ", "; return os << '}'; }
void dbg_out() { cerr << endl; }</pre>
template<typename Head, typename... Tail> void
    dbg_out(Head H, Tail... T) { cerr << ' ' ' << H;</pre>
    dbg_out(T...); }
#ifdef LOCAL
#define dbg(...) cerr << "(" << #__VA_ARGS__ << "):",</pre>
    dbg_out(__VA_ARGS__)
#else
#define dbg(...)
#endif
int main() {
   ios::sync_with_stdio(false);
   cin.tie(nullptr);
#ifdef LOCAL
   freopen("input.txt", "r", stdin);
   freopen("output.txt", "w", stdout);
   freopen("error.txt", "w", stderr);
#endif
   return 0;
```

1.2 cprun.sh

1.3 .vimrc

```
set nocp
filetype plugin indent on
set number
set relativenumber
```

```
syntax on
colorscheme ron
let mapleader = " "
set tabstop=4
set shiftwidth=4
set softtabstop=4
set autoindent
set expandtab
if has('persistent_undo')
    set undodir=$HOME/.vim/undo
    set undofile
endif
set ignorecase
set smartcase
set incsearch
nnoremap <leader>t :term<CR>
inoremap { {}<Esc>ha
inoremap ( () < Esc > ha
inoremap [ [] < Esc > ha
inoremap " ""<Esc>ha
inoremap ' ''<Esc>ha
inoremap ' ''<Esc>ha
```

2 Number Theory

3 Range-Query

3.1 segtree.cpp

```
template<typename Info>
class SegTree {
public:
   int n:
   vector<Info> info;
   SegTree(int _n) {
       n = _n;
       info = vector\langle Info \rangle (4 * n + 1);
   }
   SegTree(const vector<Info> &init) :
        SegTree(init.size()) {
       function<void(int, int, int)> build = [&](int
            p, int 1, int r) -> void {
           if(1 == r) {
               info[p] = init[1];
               return;
           int m = 1 + (r - 1) / 2;
           build(2 * p + 1, 1, m);
           build(2 * p + 2, m + 1, r);
       build(0, 0, n - 1);
   }
    void pull(int p) {
       info[p] = info[2 * p + 1] + info[2 * p + 2];
   void modify(int p, int 1, int r, int x, const Info&
        v) {
       if(r == 1) {
           info[p] = v;
           return;
```

```
}
       int m = 1 + (r - 1) / 2;
       if(x \le m) \{
           modify(2 * p + 1, 1, m, x, v);
       } else {
           modify(2 * p + 2, m + 1, r, x, v);
       pull(p);
   }
   void modify(int p, const Info& v) {
       modify(0, 0, n - 1, p, v);
   Info rangeQuery(int p, int 1, int r, int x, int y) {
       if(y < 1 or r < x) {
           return Info();
       if(x \le 1 \text{ and } r \le y) {
           return info[p];
       int m = 1 + (r - 1) / 2;
       return rangeQuery(2 * p + 1, 1, m, x, y) +
            rangeQuery(2 * p + 2, m + 1, r, x, y);
   }
    Info rangeQuery(int 1, int r) {
       return rangeQuery(0, 0, n - 1, 1, r);
};
class Sum {
public:
   long long x = 0;
   int index = -1;
   Sum() {}
   Sum(long long _x) {
       x = _x;
   Sum(long long _x, int _index) {
       x = _x;
       index = _index;
};
Sum operator+(const Sum &lf, const Sum &rt) {
    return Sum(lf.x + rt.x);
}
class Solution {
public:
   long long numberOfPairs(vector<int>& nums1,
        vector<int>& nums2, int diff) {
       const int n = (int)nums1.size();
       SegTree<Sum> st(1e5 + 2);
       int shift = 1e4;
       long long ans = 0;
       for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) {</pre>
           int lf = nums1[i] - nums2[i] + 2 * shift;
```

```
ans += st.rangeQuery(0, lf + diff).x;
int val = st.rangeQuery(lf, lf).x;
st.modify(lf, Sum(val + 1));
}
return ans;
}
};
```

3.2 lazysegtree.cpp

```
template<typename Info, typename Tag>
class LazySegTree {
public:
   int n;
   vector<Info> info;
   vector<Tag> tag;
   LazySegTree(int _n) {
       n = _n;
       info = vector < Info > (4 * n + 1);
       tag = vector < Tag > (4 * n + 1);
   LazySegTree(const vector<Info> &init) :
        LazySegTree(init.size()) {
       function<void(int, int, int)> build = [&](int
           p, int 1, int r) -> void {
           if(r == 1) {
               info[p] = init[1];
              return;
           }
           int m = 1 + (r - 1) / 2;
           build(2 * p + 1, 1, m);
           build(2 * p + 2, m + 1, r);
       };
       build(0, 0, n - 1);
   }
   void pull(int p) {
       info[p] = info[2 * p + 1] + info[2 * p + 2];
   void apply(int p, const Tag &v) {
       info[p].apply(v);
       tag[p].apply(v);
   void push(int p) {
       apply(2 * p + 1, tag[p]);
       apply(2 * p + 2, tag[p]);
       tag[p] = Tag();
   }
   void modify(int p, int 1, int r, int x, const Info
       if(r == 1) {
           info[p] = v;
           return;
       int m = 1 + (r - 1) / 2;
       push(p);
       if(x \le m) \{
           modify(2 * p + 1, 1, m, x, v);
```

```
modify(2 * p + 2, m + 1, r, v);
       }
       pull(p);
   }
   void modify(int p, const Info &v) {
       modify(0, 0, n - 1, p, v);
   Info rangeQuery(int p, int 1, int r, int x, int y) {
       if(y < 1 \text{ or } r < x) {
           return Info();
       if(x \le 1 \text{ and } r \le y) {
           return info[p];
       int m = 1 + (r - 1) / 2;
       push(p);
       return rangeQuery(2 * p + 1, 1, m, x, y) +
            rangeQuery(2 * p + 2, m + 1, r, x, y);
   }
   Info rangeQuery(int 1, int r) {
       return rangeQuery(0, 0, n - 1, 1, r);
   void rangeApply(int p, int 1, int r, int x, int y,
        const Tag &v) {
       if(y < 1 or r < x) {
           return;
       if(x \le 1 \text{ and } r \le y) {
           apply(p, v);
           return;
       int m = 1 + (r - 1) / 2;
       push(p);
       rangeApply(2 * p + 1, 1, m, x, y, v);
       rangeApply(2 * p + 2, m + 1, r, x, y, v);
       pull(p);
   }
   void rangeApply(int 1, int r, const Tag &v) {
       return rangeApply(0, 0, n - 1, 1, r, v);
};
class Tag {
public:
   long long x = 0;
   Tag() {}
   Tag(long long _x) {
       x = x;
   void apply(const Tag &t) {
       x += t.x;
};
class Sum {
```

```
public:
   long long x = 0;
   int index = -1;
   Sum() {}
   Sum(long long _x) {
       x = _x;
   Sum(long long _x, int _index) {
       x = x;
       index = _index;
   }
   void apply(const Tag &t) {
       x += t.x;
   }
};
Sum operator+(const Sum &lf, const Sum &rt) {
   return Sum(lf.x + rt.x);
}
class Solution {
public:
   string shiftingLetters(string s,
        vector<vector<int>>& shifts) {
       const int n = (int)s.size();
       LazySegTree<Sum, Tag> st(n);
       for(const auto& v: shifts) {
           st.rangeApply(v[0], v[1], Tag(v[2]? +1: -1));
       for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) {</pre>
           int val = st.rangeQuery(i, i).x;
           s[i] = (((s[i] - 'a' + val) \% 26 + 26) \% 26)
               +'a';
       }
       return s;
   }
};
```

3.3 bit.cpp

```
template<typename T>
class BIT {
public:
    vector<T> bit;
    int n;

BIT() {
        n = 0;
    }

BIT(int _n) {
        n = _n;
        bit.assign(n, 0);
    }

void inc(int idx, T val) {
        assert(0 <= idx and idx < n);
        for(int i = idx + 1; i <= n; i += (i & -i))
            bit[i - 1] += val;
    }</pre>
```

```
T query(int idx) {
        assert(0 <= idx and idx < n);</pre>
        T res = 0;
        for(int i = idx + 1; i > 0; i -= (i & -i))
            res += bit[i - 1];
        return res;
   T at(int idx) {
        assert(0 <= idx and idx < n);</pre>
        return query(idx) - (idx - 1 >= 0? query(idx -
             1): 0);
   }
   T at(int 1, int r) {
        assert(0 \le 1 \text{ and } 1 \le r \text{ and } r \le n);
        return query(r) - (1 - 1 >= 0? query(1 - 1): 0);
};
template<typename T>
class FT {
public:
   BIT<T> f1, f2;
    int n;
    FT() {
        n = 0;
    FT(int _n) {
        n = _n;
        f1 = f2 = BIT < T > (n + 1);
    void inc(int idx, T val){
        assert(0 <= idx and idx < n);</pre>
        inc(idx, idx, val);
    void inc(int 1, int r, T val) {
        assert(0 \le 1 \text{ and } 1 \le r \text{ and } r \le n);
        f1.inc(l, val);
        f1.inc(r + 1, -val);
        f2.inc(1, val * (1 - 1));
        f2.inc(r + 1, -val * r);
    }
   T query(int idx) {
        assert(0 <= idx and idx < n);</pre>
        return f1.query(idx) * idx - f2.query(idx);
   T at(int idx) {
        assert(0 <= idx and idx < n);</pre>
        return query(idx) - (idx - 1 >= 0? query(idx -
             1): 0);
    }
   T at(int 1, int r) {
        assert(0 \le 1 \text{ and } 1 \le r \text{ and } r \le n);
        return query(r) - (1 - 1 \ge 0? \text{ query}(1 - 1): 0);
    }
};
```

3.4 rmq.cpp

```
template<typename T>
class RMQ {
public:
   vector<vector<T>> st;
   function<T(T, T)> op;
    int n, m;
    RMQ(const vector<T>& a, function<T(T, T)> _op) {
       n = (int)a.size(); m = __lg(n) + 1; //
           ceil(log(r - 1 + 1))
       st = vector<vector<T>>(n, vector<T>(m));
       op = _op;
       int p = 1;
       for(int j = 0; j < m; j++) {</pre>
           for(int i = 0; i + p - 1 < n; i++) {</pre>
               if(j == 0) st[i][j] = a[i];
               else st[i][j] = op(st[i][j - 1], st[i +
                   (p >> 1)][j - 1]);
           }
           p *= 2;
       }
   }
   T query(int 1, int r) {
       int sz = _{-}lg(r - l + 1); // floor(log(r - l +
            1))
       return op(st[1][sz], st[r + 1 - (1 << sz)][sz]);</pre>
; // RMQ<int> rmq(arr, [](int x, int y) -> int {
    return min(x, y); });
```

4 String

4.1 trie.cpp

```
class Node {
public:
   static const int N = (1 << 8); // 256
   bool is_leaf;
   int next[N];
   int count;
   Node() {
       is_leaf = false;
       count = 0;
       memset(next, -1, sizeof next);
   }
};
class Trie {
public:
   vector<Node> root;
   Trie() {
       root.emplace_back(); // insert a object
   }
   void insert(string word) {
       int i = 0;
       for (char c: word) {
           if (root[i].next[c] == -1) {
              root[i].next[c] = root.size();
```

```
root.emplace_back();
           }
           i = root[i].next[c];
       root[i].is_leaf = true;
   }
   bool search(string word) {
       int i = 0;
       for (char c: word) {
           if (root[i].next[c] == -1) {
              return false;
           i = root[i].next[c];
       }
       return root[i].is_leaf;
   bool startsWith(string prefix) {
       int i = 0;
       for (char c: prefix) {
           if (root[i].next[c] == -1) {
              return false;
           i = root[i].next[c];
       return true;
   }
};
```

5 Graph

5.1 bridges.cpp

```
int n; // number of nodes
vector<vector<int>> adj; // adjacency list of graph
vector<bool> visited;
vector<int> tin, low;
int timer:
void dfs(int v, int p = -1) {
   visited[v] = true;
   tin[v] = low[v] = timer++;
   for (int to : adj[v]) {
       if (to == p) continue;
       if (visited[to]) {
           low[v] = min(low[v], tin[to]);
       } else {
           dfs(to, v);
           low[v] = min(low[v], low[to]);
           if (low[to] > tin[v])
               IS_BRIDGE(v, to);
       }
   }
}
void find_bridges() {
   timer = 0;
   visited.assign(n, false);
   tin.assign(n, -1);
   low.assign(n, -1);
   for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {</pre>
       if (!visited[i])
           dfs(i);
```

```
}
```

5.2 bridges-online.cpp

```
vector<int> par, dsu_2ecc, dsu_cc, dsu_cc_size;
int bridges;
int lca_iteration;
vector<int> last_visit;
void init(int n) {
   par.resize(n);
   dsu_2ecc.resize(n);
   dsu_cc.resize(n);
   dsu_cc_size.resize(n);
   lca_iteration = 0;
   last_visit.assign(n, 0);
   for (int i=0; i<n; ++i) {</pre>
       dsu_2ecc[i] = i;
       dsu_cc[i] = i;
       dsu_cc_size[i] = 1;
       par[i] = -1;
   bridges = 0;
}
int find_2ecc(int v) {
   if (v == -1)
       return -1;
   return dsu_2ecc[v] == v ? v : dsu_2ecc[v] =
        find_2ecc(dsu_2ecc[v]);
}
int find_cc(int v) {
   v = find_2ecc(v);
   return dsu_cc[v] == v ? v : dsu_cc[v] =
        find_cc(dsu_cc[v]);
}
void make_root(int v) {
   v = find_2ecc(v);
   int root = v;
   int child = -1;
   while (v != -1) {
       int p = find_2ecc(par[v]);
       par[v] = child;
       dsu_cc[v] = root;
       child = v;
       v = p;
   dsu_cc_size[root] = dsu_cc_size[child];
}
void merge_path (int a, int b) {
   ++lca_iteration;
   vector<int> path_a, path_b;
   int lca = -1;
   while (lca == -1) {
       if (a != -1) {
           a = find_2ecc(a);
           path_a.push_back(a);
           if (last_visit[a] == lca_iteration){
               lca = a;
               break;
```

```
last_visit[a] = lca_iteration;
           a = par[a];
       }
       if (b != -1) {
           b = find_2ecc(b);
           path_b.push_back(b);
           if (last_visit[b] == lca_iteration){
               lca = b;
               break;
           last_visit[b] = lca_iteration;
           b = par[b];
       }
   }
   for (int v : path_a) {
       dsu_2ecc[v] = lca;
       if (v == lca)
           break;
       --bridges;
   for (int v : path_b) {
       dsu_2ecc[v] = lca;
       if (v == lca)
           break;
       --bridges;
   }
}
void add_edge(int a, int b) {
   a = find_2ecc(a);
   b = find_2ecc(b);
   if (a == b)
       return;
   int ca = find_cc(a);
   int cb = find_cc(b);
   if (ca != cb) {
       ++bridges;
       if (dsu_cc_size[ca] > dsu_cc_size[cb]) {
           swap(a, b);
           swap(ca, cb);
       }
       make_root(a);
       par[a] = dsu_cc[a] = b;
       dsu_cc_size[cb] += dsu_cc_size[a];
   } else {
       merge_path(a, b);
```

5.3 articulation.cpp

```
int n; // number of nodes
vector<vector<int>> adj; // adjacency list of graph

vector<bool> visited;
vector<int> tin, low;
int timer;

void dfs(int v, int p = -1) {
   visited[v] = true;
   tin[v] = low[v] = timer++;
```

```
int children=0;
   for (int to : adj[v]) {
       if (to == p) continue;
       if (visited[to]) {
           low[v] = min(low[v], tin[to]);
       } else {
           dfs(to, v);
           low[v] = min(low[v], low[to]);
           if (low[to] >= tin[v] && p!=-1)
               IS_CUTPOINT(v);
           ++children;
       }
    if(p == -1 \&\& children > 1)
       IS_CUTPOINT(v);
}
void find_cutpoints() {
   timer = 0;
   visited.assign(n, false);
   tin.assign(n, -1);
   low.assign(n, -1);
   for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {</pre>
       if (!visited[i])
           dfs (i):
   }
}
```

5.4 scc.cpp

```
vector<vector<int>> adj, adj_rev;
vector<bool> used;
vector<int> order, component;
void dfs1(int v) {
   used[v] = true;
   for (auto u : adj[v])
       if (!used[u])
           dfs1(u);
    order.push_back(v);
void dfs2(int v) {
    used[v] = true;
    component.push_back(v);
   for (auto u : adj_rev[v])
       if (!used[u])
           dfs2(u);
}
int main() {
   int n;
    // ... read n ...
   for (;;) {
       int a, b;
       // ... read next directed edge (a,b) ...
       adj[a].push_back(b);
       adj_rev[b].push_back(a);
   }
   used.assign(n, false);
   for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)</pre>
       if (!used[i])
           dfs1(i);
    used.assign(n, false);
    reverse(order.begin(), order.end());
```

```
for (auto v : order)
       if (!used[v]) {
           dfs2 (v):
           // ... processing next component ...
           component.clear();
       }
}
```

5.5 binlift.cpp

```
int n. 1:
vector<vector<int>> adj;
int timer;
vector<int> tin, tout;
vector<vector<int>> up;
void dfs(int v, int p) {
   tin[v] = ++timer;
   up[v][0] = p;
   for (int i = 1; i <= 1; ++i)</pre>
       up[v][i] = up[up[v][i-1]][i-1];
   for (int u : adj[v]) {
       if (u != p)
           dfs(u, v);
   tout[v] = ++timer;
}
bool is_ancestor(int u, int v) {
   return tin[u] <= tin[v] && tout[u] >= tout[v];
int lca(int u, int v) {
   if (is_ancestor(u, v))
       return u;
   if (is_ancestor(v, u))
       return v;
   for (int i = 1; i >= 0; --i) {
       if (!is_ancestor(up[u][i], v))
           u = up[u][i];
   return up[u][0];
}
void preprocess(int root) {
   tin.resize(n);
   tout.resize(n);
   timer = 0;
   1 = ceil(log2(n));
   up.assign(n, vector<int>(1 + 1));
   dfs(root, root);
```

Miscellaneous

6.1mat.cpp

```
template<typename T>
class Matrix {
public:
```

```
vector<vector<T>> mat;
   Matrix() {}
   Matrix(int _n, int _m, T init) {
       mat = vector<vector<T>>(_n, vector<T>(_m,
            init));
   Matrix(const vector<vector<T>>& a) {
       mat = a;
   void set(T init) {
       for(int i = 0; i < rows(); i++) {</pre>
           for(int j = 0; j < cols(); j++) {</pre>
               mat[i][j] = init;
       }
   }
    int rows() const {
       return mat.size();
   }
   int cols() const {
       return mat[0].size();
   Matrix operator*(const Matrix<T>& obj) const {
       assert(cols() == obj.rows());
       vector<vector<T>> res(rows(),
            vector<T>(obj.cols()));
       for(int r = 0; r < rows(); r++) {</pre>
           for(int c = 0; c < obj.cols(); c++) {</pre>
               for(int k = 0; k < cols(); k++) {</pre>
                   res[r][c] += mat[r][k] *
                       obj.mat[k][c];
           }
       }
       return res;
   }
   vector<T>& operator[](int index) {
       return mat[index];
};
template<typename T>
ostream& operator<<(ostream& os, Matrix<T>& mat) {
    int n = mat.rows(), m = mat.cols();
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {</pre>
       for (int j = 0; j < m; j++) {
           os << mat[i][j] << " ";
       }
       os << endl;
   }
   return os;
template<typename T>
Matrix<T> power(Matrix<T> res, Matrix<T> a, long long
    b) {
   while(b > 0) {
       if(b & 1) res = a * res;
```

}

```
a = a * a;
b >>= 1;
}
return res;
}
```