Hasegawa-Wakatani Equation

reference: Wakatani1984PoF, Hasegawa1987PRL, Numata2007PoP

Basic Equations

$$\partial_t \zeta + \{\phi, \zeta\} = \alpha (\phi - n) - \mu \nabla^4 \zeta$$

$$\partial_t n + \{\phi, n\} = \alpha (\phi - n) - \kappa \partial_y \phi - \mu \nabla^4 n$$

$$\zeta \equiv \nabla^2 \phi$$

$$\{a, b\} \equiv \partial_x a \partial_y b - \partial_y a \partial_x b$$

Python Packages

```
In [1]: %config InlineBackend.figure_format = 'retina'
    import numpy as np
    import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
    import scipy.fftpack as sf
    from IPython import display
    import math as mt
    import matplotlib.animation as animation
    plt.rcParams['font.size'] = 14
    plt.rcParams['axes.linewidth'] = 1.5
    plt.rcParams['animation.embed_limit']=60
    plt.rcParams['animation.html'] = 'jshtml'
```

Source Code

```
In [2]: def HW(nx,ny,lx,ly,nt,dt,kap,alph,mu,phi,n,isav):
            global KX,KY,KX2,KY2,KXD,KYD
            dx=lx/nx; dy=ly/ny
            ### define grids ###
            kx = 2*np.pi/lx*np.r [np.arange(nx/2),np.arange(-nx/2,0)]
            ky = 2*np.pi/ly*np.r_[np.arange(ny/2),np.arange(-ny/2,0)]
            kxd=np.r [np.ones(nx//3),np.zeros(nx//3+nx%3),np.ones(nx//3)]
                                                                             #for de-alias
        ing
            kyd=np.r_[np.ones(ny//3),np.zeros(ny//3+ny%3),np.ones(ny//3)]
                                                                             #for de-alias
        ing
            kx2=kx**2; ky2=ky**2
            KX ,KY =np.meshgrid(kx ,ky )
            KX2,KY2=np.meshgrid(kx2,ky2)
            KXD,KYD=np.meshgrid(kxd,kyd)
            phif=sf.fft2(phi)
            nf = sf.fft2(n)
            zetaf=-(KX2+KY2)*phif
            phihst =np.zeros((nt//isav,nx,ny))
                   =np.zeros((nt//isav,nx,ny))
            zetahst=np.zeros((nt//isav,nx,ny))
            phihst[0,:,:] =np.real(sf.ifft2(phif))
            nhst[0,:,:]
                         =np.real(sf.ifft2(nf))
            zetahst[0,:,:]=np.real(sf.ifft2(zetaf))
            for it in range(1,nt):
                #---double steps with integrating factor method(4th-order Runge-Kutta)---
                zetaf=np.exp(-mu*(KX2+KY2)**2*dt)*zetaf
                     =np.exp(-mu*(KX2+KY2)**2*dt)*nf
                gw1,ga1=adv(zetaf
                                             ,nf
                gw2,ga2=adv(zetaf+0.5*dt*gw1,nf+0.5*dt*ga1)
                gw3,ga3=adv(zetaf+0.5*dt*gw2,nf+0.5*dt*ga2)
                gw4,ga4=adv(zetaf+
                                      dt*gw3,nf+
                                                     dt*ga3)
                zetaf=zetaf+dt*(gw1+2*gw2+2*gw3+gw4)/6
                nf = nf
                           +dt*(ga1+2*ga2+2*ga3+ga4)/6
                if(it%isav==0):
                    phif=zetaf/(-(KX2+KY2)); phif[0,0]=0
                    phi=np.real(sf.ifft2(phif))
                        =np.real(sf.ifft2(nf))
                    zeta=np.real(sf.ifft2(zetaf))
                    phihst[it//isav,:,:]=phi
                    nhst[it//isav,:,:]=n
                    zetahst[it//isav,:,:]=zeta
            return locals()
        def adv(zetaf,nf):
            phif=zetaf/(-(KX2+KY2)); phif[0,0]=0
            phi=np.real(sf.ifft2(phif))
            n =np.real(sf.ifft2(nf))
            phixf = 1j*KX*phif; phix =np.real(sf.ifft2(phixf *KXD*KYD))
            phiyf = 1j*KY*phif; phiy =np.real(sf.ifft2(phiyf *KXD*KYD))
```

```
zetaxf= 1j*KX*zetaf; zetax=np.real(sf.ifft2(zetaxf*KXD*KYD))
zetayf= 1j*KY*zetaf; zetay=np.real(sf.ifft2(zetayf*KXD*KYD))
     = 1j*KX*nf;
                           =np.real(sf.ifft2(nxf
                     nnx
                                                   *KXD*KYD))
                           =np.real(sf.ifft2(nyf
      = 1j*KY*nf;
nyf
                     nny
                                                   *KXD*KYD))
advf =-(phix*zetay-phiy*zetax)+alph*(phi-n)
advg =-(phix*nny -phiy*nnx) +alph*(phi-n)-kap*np.real(sf.ifft2(phiyf))
advff=sf.fft2(advf)
advgf=sf.fft2(advg)
return advff,advqf
```

Initial Condition

Run

```
In [4]: data=HW(nx,ny,lx,ly,nt,dt,kap,alph,mu,phi,n,isav)
locals().update(data)
```

/home/mnakanot/anaconda3/lib/python3.7/site-packages/scipy/fftpack/basic.py:160: FutureWarning: Using a non-tuple sequence for multidimensional indexing is depre cated; use `arr[tuple(seq)]` instead of `arr[seq]`. In the future this will be i nterpreted as an array index, `arr[np.array(seq)]`, which will result either in an error or a different result.

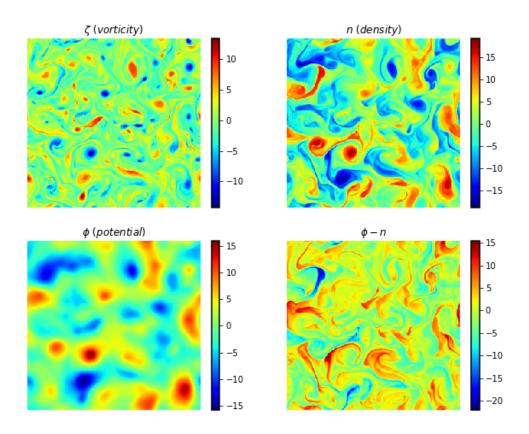
```
z[index] = x
/home/mnakanot/anaconda3/lib/python3.7/site-packages/ipykernel_launcher.py:53: R
untimeWarning: invalid value encountered in true_divide
/home/mnakanot/anaconda3/lib/python3.7/site-packages/ipykernel_launcher.py:53: R
untimeWarning: divide by zero encountered in true_divide
/home/mnakanot/anaconda3/lib/python3.7/site-packages/ipykernel_launcher.py:42: R
untimeWarning: divide by zero encountered in true_divide
/home/mnakanot/anaconda3/lib/python3.7/site-packages/ipykernel_launcher.py:42: R
untimeWarning: invalid value encountered in true_divide
```

Animation

```
In [5]: def update anim(it):
            fig.clf()
            ax1 = fig.add subplot(221)
            ax2 = fig.add_subplot(222)
            ax3 = fig.add subplot(223)
            ax4 = fig.add_subplot(224)
            for ax in (ax1, ax2, ax3, ax4):
                ax.clear()
            im1=ax1.imshow(zetahst[it,:,:]
                                                       ,aspect='auto',origin='lower',cmap=
        'jet');ax1.axis('off');fig.colorbar(im1, ax=ax1);ax1.set title(r'$\zeta\ (vortici
        ty)$')
            im2=ax2.imshow(nhst[it,:,:]
                                                       ,aspect='auto',origin='lower',cmap=
        'jet');ax2.axis('off');fig.colorbar(im2, ax=ax2);ax2.set_title(r'$n\ (density)$')
                                                       ,aspect='auto',origin='lower',cmap=
            im3=ax3.imshow(phihst[it,:,:]
        'jet');ax3.axis('off');fig.colorbar(im3, ax=ax3);ax3.set_title(r'$\phi\ (potentia
        1)$')
            im4=ax4.imshow(phihst[it,:,:]-nhst[it,:,:],aspect='auto',origin='lower',cmap=
         'jet');ax4.axis('off');fig.colorbar(im4, ax=ax4);ax4.set title(r'$\phi-n$')
```

In [6]: fig=plt.figure(figsize=(10,8))
 anim=animation.FuncAnimation(fig,update_anim,frames=nt//isav)
 plt.close()
 anim

Out[6]:





Modified Hasegawa-Wakatani Equation $\partial_t \zeta + \{\phi,\zeta\} = \alpha \left(\tilde{\phi} - \tilde{n}\right) - \mu \nabla^4 \zeta$

$$\partial_{t}\zeta + \{\phi, \zeta\} = \alpha \left(\phi - \tilde{n}\right) - \mu \nabla^{4}\zeta$$

$$\partial_{t}n + \{\phi, n\} = \alpha \left(\tilde{\phi} - \tilde{n}\right) - \kappa \partial_{y}\phi - \mu \nabla^{4}n$$

$$\zeta \equiv \nabla^{2}\phi$$

$$\{a, b\} \equiv \partial_{x}a\partial_{y}b - \partial_{y}a\partial_{x}b$$

$$\tilde{f} \equiv f - \langle f \rangle$$

$$\langle f \rangle \equiv \frac{1}{L_{y}} \int f dy$$

Source Code

```
In [7]: def MHW(nx,ny,lx,ly,nt,dt,kap,alph,mu,phi,n,isav):
            global KX,KY,KX2,KY2,KXD,KYD
            dx=lx/nx; dy=ly/ny
            ### define grids ###
            kx = 2*np.pi/lx*np.r [np.arange(nx/2),np.arange(-nx/2,0)]
            ky = 2*np.pi/ly*np.r_[np.arange(ny/2),np.arange(-ny/2,0)]
            kxd=np.r [np.ones(nx//3),np.zeros(nx//3+nx%3),np.ones(nx//3)]
                                                                             #for de-alias
        ing
            kyd=np.r [np.ones(ny//3),np.zeros(ny//3+ny%3),np.ones(ny//3)]
                                                                             #for de-alias
        ing
            kx2=kx**2; ky2=ky**2
            KX ,KY =np.meshgrid(kx ,ky )
            KX2,KY2=np.meshgrid(kx2,ky2)
            KXD,KYD=np.meshgrid(kxd,kyd)
            phif=sf.fft2(phi)
            nf = sf.fft2(n)
            #zetaf=sf.fft2(np.random.randn(nx,ny)*2)
            zetaf=-(KX2+KY2)*phif
            phihst =np.zeros((nt//isav,nx,ny))
                   =np.zeros((nt//isav,nx,ny))
            nhst
            zetahst=np.zeros((nt//isav,nx,ny))
            phihst[0,:,:] =np.real(sf.ifft2(phif))
            nhst[0,:,:] =np.real(sf.ifft2(nf))
            zetahst[0,:,:]=np.real(sf.ifft2(zetaf))
            for it in range(1,nt):
                #---double steps with integrating factor method(4th-order Runge-Kutta)---
                zetaf=np.exp(-mu*(KX2+KY2)**2*dt)*zetaf
                     =np.exp(-mu*(KX2+KY2)**2*dt)*nf
                gw1,ga1=adv(zetaf
                                             ,nf
                gw2,ga2=adv(zetaf+0.5*dt*gw1,nf+0.5*dt*ga1)
                gw3,ga3=adv(zetaf+0.5*dt*gw2,nf+0.5*dt*ga2)
                gw4,ga4=adv(zetaf+
                                       dt*gw3,nf+
                                                     dt*ga3)
                zetaf=zetaf+dt*(gw1+2*gw2+2*gw3+gw4)/6
                     =nf
                           +dt*(ga1+2*ga2+2*ga3+ga4)/6
                if(it%isav==0):
                    phif=zetaf/(-(KX2+KY2)); phif[0,0]=0
                    phi=np.real(sf.ifft2(phif))
                        =np.real(sf.ifft2(nf))
                    zeta=np.real(sf.ifft2(zetaf))
                    phihst[it//isav,:,:]=phi
                    nhst[it//isav,:,:]=n
                    zetahst[it//isav,:,:]=zeta
            return locals()
        def adv(zetaf,nf):
            phif=zetaf/(-(KX2+KY2)); phif[0,0]=0
            phi=np.real(sf.ifft2(phif))
            n =np.real(sf.ifft2(nf))
            phiz=np.sum(phi*dy,axis=0)/ly
```

```
nz = np.sum(n *dy,axis=0)/ly
   phixf = 1j*KX*phif; phix =np.real(sf.ifft2(phixf *KXD*KYD))
   phiyf = 1j*KY*phif; phiy =np.real(sf.ifft2(phiyf *KXD*KYD))
   zetaxf= 1j*KX*zetaf; zetax=np.real(sf.ifft2(zetaxf*KXD*KYD))
   zetayf= 1j*KY*zetaf; zetay=np.real(sf.ifft2(zetayf*KXD*KYD))
         = 1j*KX*nf;
                               =np.real(sf.ifft2(nxf *KXD*KYD))
                         nnx
   nyf
         = 1j*KY*nf;
                         nny
                               =np.real(sf.ifft2(nyf *KXD*KYD))
   advf =-(phix*zetay-phiy*zetax)+alph*((phi-phiz)-(n-nz))
   advg =-(phix*nny -phiy*nnx) +alph*((phi-phiz)-(n-nz))-kap*np.real(sf.ifft2(
phiyf))
   advff=sf.fft2(advf)
   advgf=sf.fft2(advg)
   return advff,advgf
```

Initial Condition

```
In [8]: nx=256; ny=256; nt=5000; isav=25
kap=1.0
alph=1.0
mu=1e-4
dt=2e-2
lx=2*np.pi/0.15; ly=2*np.pi/0.15
dx=lx/nx; dy=ly/ny
x =np.arange(nx)*dx
y =np.arange(ny)*dy
X,Y=np.meshgrid(x,y)
s=2; s2=s**2
r1=(X-lx/2)**2+(Y-ly/2)**2
n =np.exp(-r1/s2)
phi=n
```

Run

```
In [9]: data=MHW(nx,ny,lx,ly,nt,dt,kap,alph,mu,phi,n,isav)
locals().update(data)
```

/home/mnakanot/anaconda3/lib/python3.7/site-packages/scipy/fftpack/basic.py:160: FutureWarning: Using a non-tuple sequence for multidimensional indexing is depre cated; use `arr[tuple(seq)]` instead of `arr[seq]`. In the future this will be i nterpreted as an array index, `arr[np.array(seq)]`, which will result either in an error or a different result.

```
z[index] = x
/home/mnakanot/anaconda3/lib/python3.7/site-packages/ipykernel_launcher.py:54: R
untimeWarning: invalid value encountered in true_divide
/home/mnakanot/anaconda3/lib/python3.7/site-packages/ipykernel_launcher.py:54: R
untimeWarning: divide by zero encountered in true_divide
/home/mnakanot/anaconda3/lib/python3.7/site-packages/ipykernel_launcher.py:43: R
untimeWarning: divide by zero encountered in true_divide
/home/mnakanot/anaconda3/lib/python3.7/site-packages/ipykernel_launcher.py:43: R
untimeWarning: invalid value encountered in true_divide
```

Animation

```
In [10]: fig=plt.figure(figsize=(10,8))
    anim=animation.FuncAnimation(fig,update_anim,frames=nt//isav)
    plt.close()
    anim
```

Out[10]:

