

Accelerating Real Time Analytics with Spark Streaming and FPGAaaS

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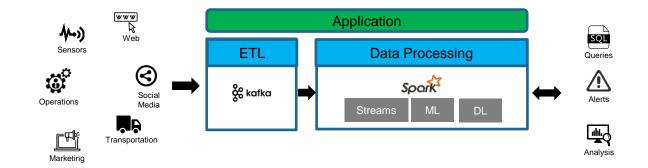
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Agenda

- Using Spark Streaming for Real Time Analytics
- Why FPGA: Low Latency and High Throughput
 - Inline Processing
 - Offload Processing
- Challenges in Using FPGA accelerators
- Megh Platform
 - Arka Runtime
 - Sira AFUs
- Demo Applications
- Conclusion

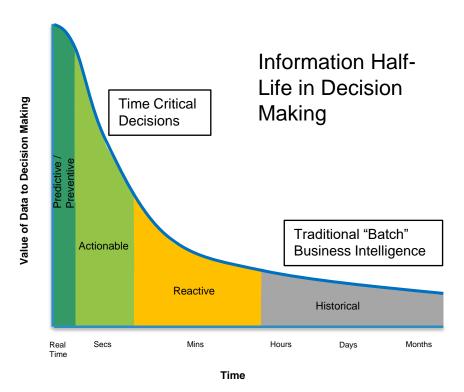


Using Spark Streaming with ML / DL for Real Time Analytics





Real Time vs. Batch Insights

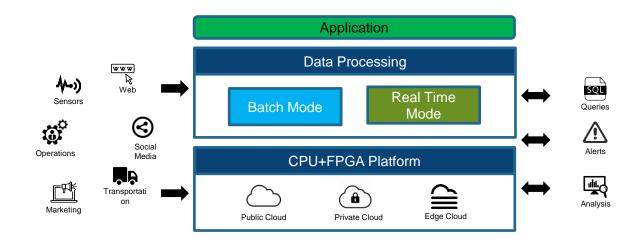




Real Time Insights

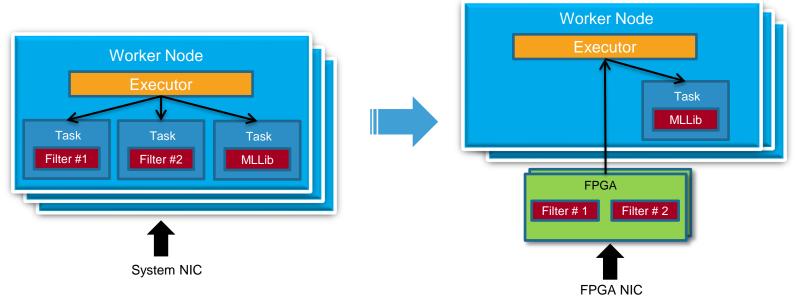


Real Time Analytics platform: using Heterogeneous CPU+FPGA computing





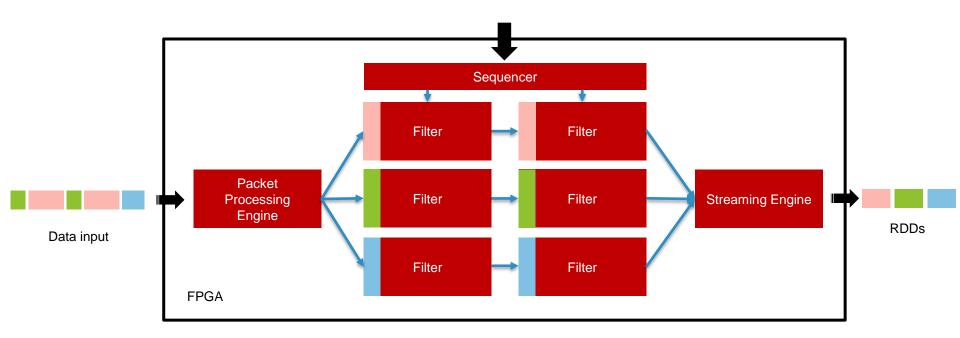
In-Line Stream Processing: using heterogeneous CPU+FPGA platform



FPGA terminates Network and dynamically chains filters to provide pre-processed / low latency DStreams to SPARK apps transparently

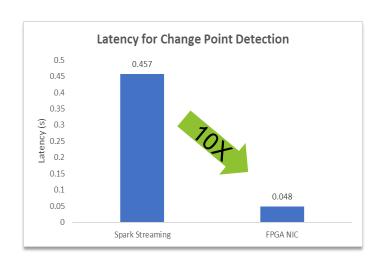


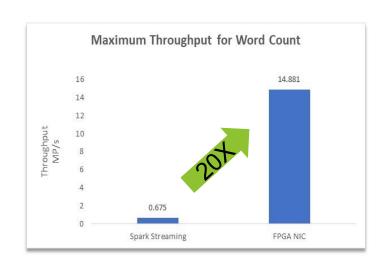
In-Line Stream Processing: FPGA Architecture





In-Line Stream Performance





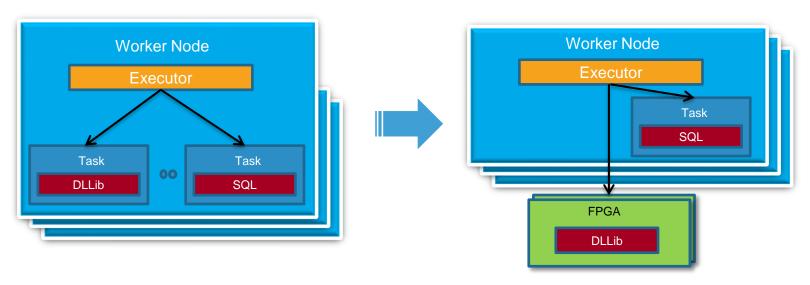
Lower Latency

Higher Throughput

Source: An FPGA Based Low Latency Network Processing for Spark Streaming, K. Nakamura et.al. Proceedings - 2016 IEEE International Conference on Big Data, Big Data 2016



Off-load Processing (ML/DL): using heterogeneous CPU+FPGA platform

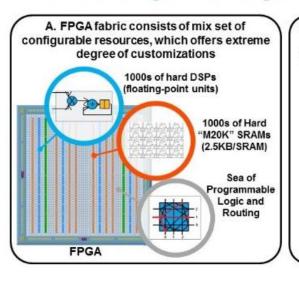


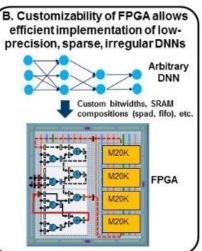
Accelerate ML/DL algorithm transparently by providing SPARK bindings to FPGA implementations of ML/DL libraries



Off-load ML/DL Processing: FPGA Architecture

FPGA fabric is great for irregular (and regular) computation





Source: CAN FPGAS BEAT GPUS IN ACCELERATING NEXT-GENERATION DEEP LEARNING? The Next Platform, March 21, 2017



Off-load ML/DL Performance



Lower Latency



Higher Throughput

Source: Accelerating Persistent Neural Networks at Datacenter Scale Eric Chung, et. Al, HotChips, 2017



Challenges in using FPGA

1

Programming FPGAs

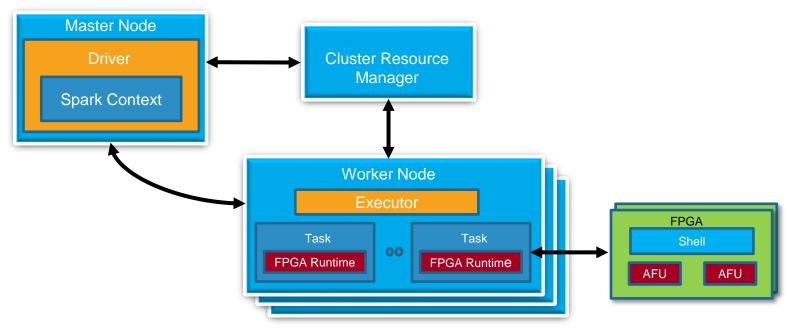
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Managing FPGAs in the DataCenter

3

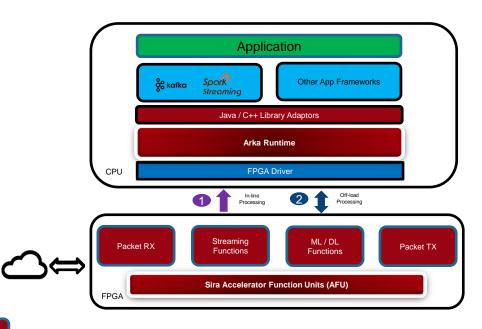
Integrating FPGAs into applications

Spark Streaming Architecture using CPU+FPGA platform





Megh Platform: abstracts the complexity of the FPGA



Application:

- uses standard APIs
- And/or custom APIs

Arka Runtime:

- FPGA management
- SW fallback
- Expose AFaaS

Sira Accelerators:

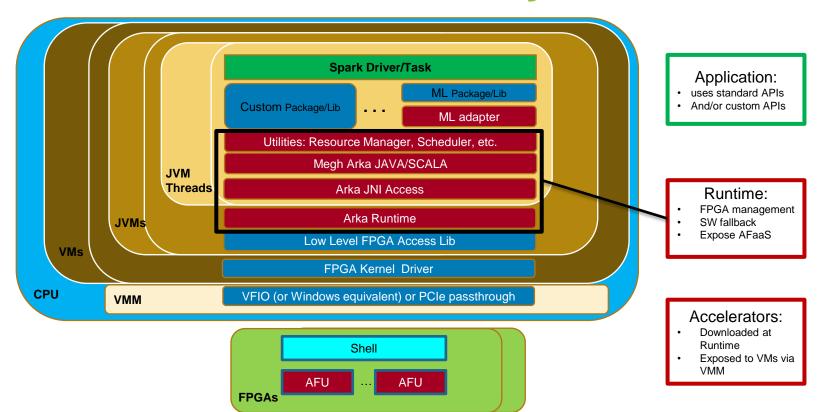
- Downloaded at Runtime
- Bare Metal or Exposed to VMs via VMM





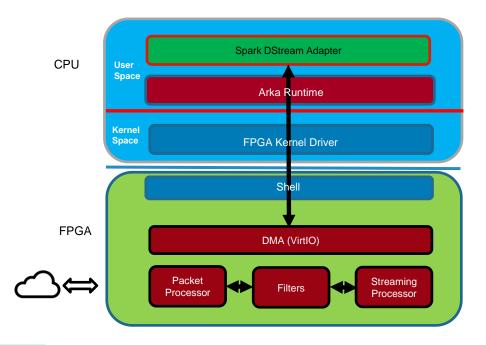


Virtualized Real Time Analytics Stack





In-Line Processing: Smart rx/tx adaptor architecture



- Packet Processor: Intercepts network packets destined to Spark
- Filters: Performs data cleaning, re-size, layout transforms (ETL operations)
- Streaming Processor:
 Creates D-Stream packets for Spark







Inline sample implementation

```
public final class JavaSqlNetworkWordCount {
  private static final Pattern SPACE = Pattern.compile(" ");
  public static void main(String[] args) throws Exception {
    if (args.length < 2) {
      System.err.println("Usage: JavaNetworkWordCount <hostname> <port>");
      System.exit(1);
    StreamingExamples.setStreamingLogLevels();
    // Create the context with a 1 second batch size
    SparkConf sparkConf = new SparkConf().setAppName("JavaSqlNetworkWordCount");
    JavaStreamingContext ssc = new JavaStreamingContext(sparkConf, Durations.seconds(1)); 1
    // Create a JavaReceiverInputDStream on target ip:port and count the
    // words in input stream of \n delimited text (eq. generated by 'nc')
    JavaReceiverInputDStream<String> lines = ssc.socketTextStream(
        args[0], Integer.parseInt(args[1]), StorageLevels.MEMORY AND DISK SER);
    JavaDStream<String> words = lines.flatMap(Split2Words());
```

CPU IMPLEMENTATION

- 1. Sets up the DStream CPU adapter connected to System NIC.
- 2. Configure IP/port on CPU NIC
- 3. etlLibCPU.jar (CPU implementation)
 - split2Words()
 - spilt2Sort()
 - split2Count()

FPGA IMPLEMENATAION

- Sets up the DStream FPGA adapter connected to FPGA NIC.
- 2. Configures IP/Port on FPGA NIC
- etlLibCPU.jar(FPGA implementation)
 - split2Words()
 - spilt2Sort()
 - split2Count()

* Full implementation

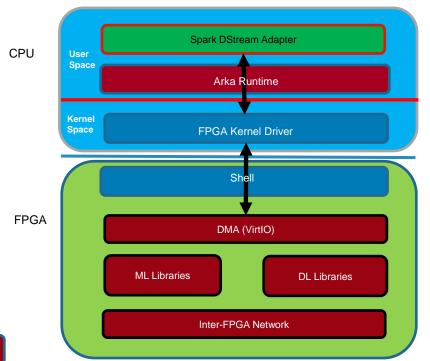
https://github.com/apache/spark/blob/master/examples/src/main/java/org/apache/spark/examples/streaming/JavaSqlNetworkWordCount.java

FPGA is setup to stream and filter data - before passing it to SPARK as DStream object.



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Off-load Processing: Low latency off-Load of ML/DL libraries



- Machine Learning Libraries:
 Optimized libraries for K-Means, SVM, etc.
- Deep Learning Libraries:
 Optimized libraries for DNN based inference engines.
- Inter-FPGA Network: FPGA network for sharing FPGA resources for larger DNN topologies







Offload Sample Implementation

```
public class JavaKMeansExample {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    SparkConf conf = new SparkConf().setAppName("JavaKMeansExample");
    JavaSparkContext jsc = new JavaSparkContext(conf);
    ...
    // Cluster the data into two classes using KMeans
    int numClusters = 2;
    int numIterations = 20;
    KMeansModel clusters = KMeans.train(parsedData.rdd(), numClusters,numIterations);
    ...
    double cost = clusters.computeCost(parsedData.rdd());
    System.out.println("Cost: " + cost);

    // Evaluate clustering by computing Within Set Sum of Squared Errors
    double WSSSE = clusters.computeCost(parsedData.rdd());
    System.out.println("Within Set Sum of Squared Errors = " + WSSSE);
    ...
    jsc.stop();
}
```

```
mlib.jar
(CPU library implementation)
• KmeansModel.train()
• KmeansModel.computeCost()
```

```
mlibFPGA.jar
(FPGA accelerated library implementation)
• KmeansModel.train()
• KmeansModel.computeCost()
```

* Full implementation:

https://github.com/apache/spark/blob/master/examples/src/main/java/org/apache/spark/examples/mllib/JavaKMeansExample.java

CPU and FPGA share the same function signature - providing application transparent acceleration by using FPGA library



numAdd Demo: Implementation details

```
public static void main( String[] args ) throws Exception +
    System.out.println(" Java: NumAdd Spark Demo.\n");
    Long total = null;
    SparkConf sparkConf = new SparkConf().setAppName( "NumAdd" );
    JavaSparkContext ctx = new JavaSparkContext( sparkConf );
    JavaRDD<String> lines = ctx.textFile( args[0], 1 );
    JavaRDD<Long> sums = lines.map( new sumOneString() );
    total = sums.reduce((a,b) \rightarrow (a+b));
    System.out.println( "Total is -> " + total );
    ctx.stop();
```

numAdd is slight variation of the popular WordCount Sample where numbers in the files are parsed and added up using SPARK



Accelerated Operation: sumOneString

```
AFU.Factory fpgaFactory = new AFU.Factory();
AFU wc = fpgaFactory.createAFU("meghna");
TransferBuffer inbuf = wc.getTransferBuffer( input1.length() );
wc.queueInputBuffer( inbuf );
// Reuse buffer 1 for the output. AFU design ensures this is safe.
wc.queueOutputBuffer( inbuf ); // Arka permits it.
wc.startFunction(); ___ // The real work starts here
TransferBuffer obuff = wc.waitOnOutputQueue();
return ( obuff.getByteBuffer().asLongBuffer().get(0) );
```

Instantiate AFU as a Service. Enables multiple distinct implementations to co-exist and be selected dynamically: specifically, an FPGA implementation and a CPU-based fallback implementation.

Buffer Queue based model

(Register interface available but not shown)

AFU optimized Transfer Buffers allow for:

- Zero copy to HW. And efficient access.
- · Efficient access from Java/Scala
- AFU specific implementation.
- May use direct byte buffers, SVM, Netty, Apache Arrow etc...

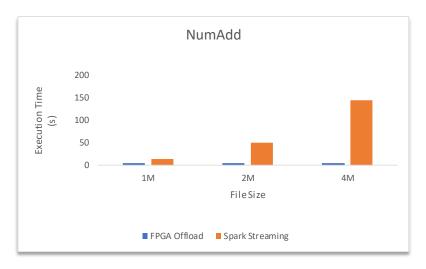
Start operation.

Wait for results in output queue.



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Demo: NumAdd Offload Profiling



^{*} Executor/task on the worker node restricted to 1 thread



In Summary....

- Megh CPU+FPGA platform optimized for Real Time Analytics
- Arka Runtime supports different streaming frameworks
- Sira AFUs deliver low latency and high throughput for inline and offload processing





Thank You



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