```
#define qh_QHimport
#include "qhull_ra.h"
#include "result.h"
double* inverse3X3(double mat){
double det = det3_(mat[0][0], mat[0][1], mat[0][2],
mat[1][0], mat[1][1], mat[1][2],
mat[2][0], mat[2][1], mat[2][2]);
double d00 = det2_(mat[1][1], mat[1][2], mat[2][1], mat[2][2]);
double d01 = det2_(mat[1][0], mat[1][2], mat[2][0], mat[2][2]);
double d02 = det2_(mat[1][0], mat[1][1], mat[2][0], mat[2][1]);
\label{eq:double_d10} \mbox{double d10} = \mbox{det2}(\mbox{mat[0][1], mat[0][2], mat[2][1], mat[2][2])};
double d11 = det2_(mat[0][0], mat[0][2], mat[2][0], mat[2][2]);
double d12 = det2_{mat[0][0]}, mat[0][1], mat[2][0], mat[2][1]);
double d20 = det2_(mat[0][1], mat[0][2], mat[1][1], mat[1][2]);
double d21 = det2_(mat[0][0], mat[0][2], mat[1][0], mat[1][2]);
double d22 = det2_(mat[0][0], mat[0][1], mat[1][0], mat[1][1]);
static double out[3][3];
out[0][0] = d00/det;
out[0][1] = -d10/det;
// out = { { d00/det, -d10/det, d20/det}
// , {-d01/det, d11/det, -d21/det}
// , { d02/det, -d12/det, d22/det} };
return out;
double** solve3X3(double** mat, double* vec){
double*** imat = inverse3X3(mat);
static double out[3];
out = { imat[0][0]vec[0]+imat[0][1]vec[1]+imat[0][2]vec[2] , imat[1][0]vec[0]+imat[1][1]vec[1]+imat[1][2]vec[2]
, imat[2][0]vec[0]+imat[2][1]vec[1]+imat[2][2]*vec[2] };
return out;
}
struct Result* delaunay(
double* vertices,
unsigned dim,
unsigned n,
unsigned* nf,
unsigned* exitcode,
char* tmpFile
)
char flags[250]; /* option flags for qhull, see qh_opt.htm/sprintf(flags, "qhull d Qt Fn Qbb", ""); qhT qh_qh; / Qhull's data
structure. First argument of most calls */
qhT *qh= &qh_qh;
QHULL LIB CHECK
boolT ismalloc = False; /* True if qhull should free points in qh_freeqhull() or reallocation */
FILE *errfile = NULL;
int curlong, totlong; /* to free the memory later / unsigned indices;
double* areas;
// int* sizneighbors;
unsigned* neighbors;
double* centers;
unsigned* toporient;
unsigned** ridges; // size n_neighbors X (1+dim); first column for id
```

```
unsigned n_neighbors;
// FILE* tmpstdout = fopen(tmpFile, "w");
FILE* tmpstdout = tmpfile();
exitcode[0] = qh_new_qhull(qh, dim, n, vertices, ismalloc, flags, tmpstdout,
fclose(tmpstdout);
FILE* summaryFile = fopen(tmpFile, "w");
qh_printsummary(qh, summaryFile);
fclose(summaryFile);
qh_getarea(qh, qh->facet_list);
if (!exitcode[0]) { /* 0 if no error from qhull */
facetT *facet; /* set by FORALLfacets */
vertexT *vertex, **vertexp;
facetT *neighbor, **neighborp;
// ridgeT *ridge, **ridgep;
int numfacets = qh->num_facets;
//coordT *center, *centerp; / Count the number of facets so we know how much space to allocate / nf[0]=0; / Number of facets / //
int k = malloc(1+sizeof(int)qh->num facets); // k[0] = 0; // int I =0; // int m =0; // int facetsok = malloc(qh->num facets * sizeof(int));
// int* facetsid = malloc(qh->num_facets * sizeof(int));
// FORALLfacets {
// // if (!facet->upperdelaunay && facet->simplicial && !facet->degenerate) {
// unsigned delete = 0;
// FOREACHvertex (facet->vertices) {
// FOREACHneighbor_(vertex) {
// if (!qh setin(facet->neighbors, neighbor)) { // lqh setin(vertex->neighbors, neighbor)) {
// delete++;
// printf("delete vertex %d in facet %d\n", vertex->id, facet->id);
// qh_removevertex(qh, vertex);
//}
//}
// // FOREACHneighbor (vertex) {
// // if (!qh_setin(facet->neighbors, neighbor)) {
// // delete++;
// // printf("delete ---neighbor---- facet %d\n", facet->id);
// // qh_removefacet(qh,facet);
// // }
// // }
// // FOREACHneighbor (vertex) {
// // FOREACHridge_(neighbor->ridges) {
// // if (!qh_setin(facet->ridges, ridge)) {
// // delete++;
// // printf("delete vertex BECAUSE PB RIDGE %d\n", vertex->id);
// // qh_removevertex(qh, vertex);
// // }
// // }
// // }
// }
// if(delete){
// printf("DON'T DELETE FACET %d", facet->id);
// //qh_removefacet(qh,facet);
// }
// //}
//}
```

```
int* facetsvisitid = malloc(numfacets * sizeof(int));
                FORALLfacets {
// gh makeridges(gh, facet);
// facetsok[facet->id] = 1;
//printf("visitid: %d - id: %d\n", facet->visitid, facet->id);
if (!facet->upperdelaunay && facet->simplicial && !facet->degenerate) {
nf[0]++;
facet->id = nf[0];
facetsvisitid[nf[0]] = facet->visitid;
// FOREACHridge (facet->ridges) {
// printf("facet %d top ridge: %d\n", facet->id, ridge->top->id);
// printf("facet %d bottom ridge: %d\n", facet->id, ridge->bottom->id);
// facetsid[facet->id] = (int)(nf[0]);
//printf("orientation: %d ", facet->toporient);
// facet->id = |>0 & facet->id > 0 & facet->id <= & facet->id <= & facet->id <| facet->id - | facet->id - | facet->id - | facet->id - | facet->id <| facet->id <| facet->id - | facet->id <| f
// for(int k=0; knormal[k]);
// printf("\n");
// }
}else{
// facetsok[facet->id] = 0;
// facetsid[facet->id] = 0;
qh_removefacet(qh, facet);
// |++;
// il faut réindexer les neighbours!
}
//m++:
// k[m] = I;
// printf("%d", I);
// vertexT* vertexx = qh->vertex_list;
// w hile(vertexx && vertexx->next){
// //if(qh_setsize(qh, vertexx->neighbors)){
// gh order vertexneighbors(gh, vertexx);
// vertexx = vertexx->next;
//}
// qh->facet_list = qh->new facet_list;
// faire une nouvelle liste de facettes pour que les neighbours soient ok
/* Alocate the space / indices = (unsigned) malloc(nf[0] * (dim+1) * sizeof(unsigned));
areas = (double*) malloc(nf[0] * sizeof(double));
//sizneighbors = (int*) malloc(nf[0] * sizeof(int));
neighbors = (unsigned*) malloc(nf[0] * (dim+1) * sizeof(unsigned));
centers = (double*) malloc(nf[0] * dim * sizeof(double));
toporient = (unsigned*) malloc(nf[0] * sizeof(unsigned));
unsigned* neighborok = malloc(nf[0] * sizeof(unsigned));
n neighbors = 0;
       /st Iterate through facets to extract information - first pass st/
               unsigned i = 0; // facet counter
       FORALLfacets {
                       unsigned j;
                         areas[i] = facet->f.area;
```

```
j = 0;
  FOREACHvertex (facet->vertices) {
    indices[i*(dim+1)+j] = qh_pointid(qh, vertex->point);
    j++;
        j = 0;
        FOREACHneighbor (facet) {
            //sizneighbors[i] = qh_setsize(qh, facet->neighbors);
            //printf("%d\n", sizneighbors[i]); // toujours dim+1
            \label{lem:continuous} $$/\rho = ("visitid: %d - id: %d\n", neighbor->visitid, neighbor->id); // ? neighbor->visitid: 0 - neighbor->id) $$
            // neighbors[i*(dim+1)+j] = neighbor-> visitid ? (unsigned) neighbor-> visitid: (unsigned) 0; \\
            //\; neighbors[i*(dim+1)+j] = neighbor->visitid >= numfacets \; ||\; neighbor->id > nf[0] \; ? \; //\; marche \; pas \; pour \; test4
            // (unsigned)(0) : (unsigned)(neighbor->id);
            // OK: neighbors[i*(dim+1)+j] = neighbor->id > nf[0] ? // marche pas pour test4 !
            //
                                                              (unsigned)(0) :
            11
                                                              (neighbor->visitid == facetsvisitid[neighbor->id] ?
                                             (unsigned)(neighbor->id) : 0);
            if(neighbor->id > nf[0] || neighbor->visitid != facetsvisitid[neighbor->id]){
                neighbors[i*(dim+1)+j] = (unsigned)0;
                neighborok[neighbor->id] = 0;
                neighbors[i*(dim+1)+j] = (unsigned)(neighbor->id);
                neighborok[neighbor->id] = 1;
                n neighbors++;
            //neighbors[i*(dim+1)+j] = facetsok[neighbor->id] ? (unsigned)(facetsid[i]) : (unsigned)(0);
        }
       i++;
   }
   double* distances = malloc(n_neighbors * sizeof(double));
    ridges = malloc(n_neighbors * sizeof(unsigned*)); // (intersections, adjacencies, ridges)
   //unsigned* neighborsIndices = malloc(n_neighbors * sizeof(unsigned));
   // unsigned combinations[4][3] = { {0, 1, 2}
 //
                                    , {0, 1, 3}
    //
                                                                 , {0, 2, 3}
   //
                                                                 , {1, 2, 3} };
   unsigned i neighbor = 0;
   i = 0; // facet counter
FORALLfacets {
        toporient[i] = facet->toporient;
        coordT* center = qh_facetcenter(qh, facet->vertices);
        for(unsigned j=0; j<dim; j++){</pre>
            centers[i*dim+j] = center[j];
        FOREACHneighbor_(facet){
            if(neighborok[neighbor->id]){
                double dist;
                qh_distplane(qh, center, neighbor, &dist);
                printf("dist to center %d (=%d) to neighbor %d: %f (negative ? %d ; zero ? %d)\n",
                        facet->id, i, neighbor->id, dist, dist<0, dist==0);</pre>
                // vaudrait mieux un tableau 3d - non va y avoir des vides
                 //neighborsIndices[i_neighbor] = neighbor->id;
                 // on pourrait mettre le id dans la 1ère colonne
                 ridges[i_neighbor] = (unsigned*) malloc((1+3)*sizeof(unsigned));
                \verb"ridges[i_neighbor][0] = \verb"neighbor">id; // \verb"plutot" facet id"
                unsigned* combination = malloc(3*sizeof(unsigned));
                unsigned k = 0;
                 FOREACHvertex_(neighbor->vertices) {
                    unsigned vertexid = qh_pointid(qh, vertex->point);
                    if (vertexid == indices[i*(dim+1)+0] ||
                           vertexid == indices[i*(dim+1)+1] ||
                             vertexid == indices[i*(dim+1)+2] ||
                             vertexid == indices[i*(dim+1)+3])
                    \{\ //\ \text{je crois que ce test peut planter}: \text{s'il n'y a pas dim adjacences...}\ \text{non dans ce cas c'est pas un}
```

```
unsigned l = 0;
                     while(1){
                         if(vertexid == indices[i*(dim+1)+l]){
                             break:
                         1++:
                     combination[k] = 1:
                     ridges[i_neighbor][k+1] = vertexid;
                 }
             }
             printf("facet id: %d\n", facet->id);
             vertexT* vertex1 = (vertexT*)facet->vertices->e[combination[0]].p;
             vertexT* vertex2 = (vertexT*)facet->vertices->e[combination[1]].p;
             vertexT* vertex3 = (vertexT*)facet->vertices->e[combination[2]].p;
             printf("vertex1: %d - ", qh_pointid(qh, vertex1->point));
             printf("vertex2: %d - ", qh_pointid(qh, vertex2->point));
             printf("vertex3: %d \n ", qh_pointid(qh, vertex3->point));
             pointT* point1 = vertex1->point;
             pointT* point2 = vertex2->point;
             pointT* point3 = vertex3->point;
             double u1 = point2[0]-point1[0];
             double v1 = point2[1]-point1[1];
             double w1 = point2[2]-point1[2];
             double u2 = point3[0]-point1[0];
             double v2 = point3[1]-point1[1];
             double w2 = point3[2]-point1[2];
             // faudrait aussi retourner la normale ou alors résoudre le système ici et retourner le vecteur
             double* normal = malloc(3*sizeof(double));
             normal[0] = det2_(v1, v2, w1, w2);
             normal[1] = det2_(u2, u1, w2, w1);
             normal[2] = det2_(u1, u2, v1, v2);
             qh_normalize2(qh, normal, 3, 1, NULL, NULL); // 3:dim\ 1:toporient
             double offset = -(point1[0]*normal[0]+point1[1]*normal[1]+point1[2]*normal[2]);
             distances[i_neighbor] = qh_distnorm(3, center, normal, &offset);
             double mat[3][3] = { {u1, v1, w1}
                                                   , {u2, v2, w2}
                                                 , {normal[0], normal[1], normal[2]} };
             double rhs[3] = { center[0]*u1 + center[1]*v1 +center[2]*w1
                                             , center[0]*u2 + center[1]*v2 + center[2]*w2
                                            , -offset };
             double* vector = solve3X3(mat, rhs);
             printf("Vertex1: %f %f %f\n", point1[0], point1[1], point1[2]);
             printf("Vertex2: %f %f %f\n", point2[0], point2[1], point2[2]);
             printf("Vertex3: %f %f %f\n", point3[0], point3[1], point3[2]);
             printf("NORMAL: %f %f %f\n", normal[0], normal[1], normal[2]);
             printf("MYDISTANCE: %f\n", mydistance);
             printf("VECTOR: %f %f %f %f\n", vector[0], vector[1], vector[2]);
             free(vector);
             i neighbor++:
             // ? free(combination);
     }
     i++:
 free(facetsvisitid);
 free(neighborok):
 //free(facetsok);
 //free(facetsid);
 // qhT myqh_qh;
 // qhT *myqh= &myqh_qh;
 // myqh->hull_dim = 3;
 // mygh->RANDOMdist=0;
 // myqh->IStracing=0;
 // mygh->MINdenom = 1e-16;
 // myqh->MINdenom_1 = 1e-16;
 // facetT* thefacet = qh->facet_list;
 // coordT* thecenter = qh_facetcenter(qh, thefacet->vertices);
// facetT* myfacet = malloc(sizeof(facetT));
 // setT* myvertices = qh_setnew(myqh, 3);
 // vertexT* vertex1 = (vertexT*)thefacet->vertices->e[0].p; // indices[0*(dim+1)+0]
 // vertexT* vertex2 = (vertexT*)thefacet->vertices->e[1].p;
```

```
// vertexT* vertex3 = (vertexT*)thefacet->vertices->e[2].p;
    // qh_setappend(myqh, &myvertices, (void*)vertex1);
    // qh_setappend(myqh, &myvertices, (void*)vertex2);
    // qh_setappend(myqh, &myvertices, (void*)vertex3);
    // myfacet->vertices = myvertices;
    // pointT* point1 = vertex1->point;
    // pointT* point2 = vertex2->point;
    // pointT* point3 = vertex3->point;
    // double u1 = point1[1]-point1[0];
    // double u2 = point2[1]-point2[0];
    // double u3 = point3[1]-point3[0];
    // double v1 = point1[2]-point1[0];
    // double v2 = point2[2]-point2[0];
    // double v3 = point3[2]-point3[0];
    // double* normal = malloc(3*sizeof(double));
    // normal[0] = det2_(u2, v3, u3, v2);
    // normal[1] = det2_(u3, v1, u1, v3);
    // normal[2] = det2_(u1, v2, u2, v1);
    // //qh_normalize2(myqh, normal, 3, 1, NULL, NULL); // 3\!:\!dim\ 1\!:\!toporient
    // double offset = -(point1[0]*normal[0]+point1[1]*normal[1]+point1[2]*normal[2]);
    // mvfacet->normal = normal:
    // myfacet->offset = offset;
    // // double mydistance;
    // // qh_distplane(myqh, thecenter, myfacet, &mydistance);
    // // printf("MYDISTANCE: %f", mydistance);
    // free(myfacet);
    // int mycurlong, mytotlong;
                                                   /* free long memory */
    // qh_freeqhull(myqh, !qh_ALL);
    // qh_memfreeshort (myqh, &mycurlong, &mytotlong); /* free short memory and memory allocator */
}
struct Result* out = malloc(sizeof(ResultT));
if(!exitcode[0]){
    unsigned* ridges_ = malloc(n_neighbors*(1+3)*sizeof(unsigned));
    for(unsigned 1=0; 1<n_neighbors; 1++){</pre>
        printf("l=%d:\n", 1);
        for(unsigned 11=0; 11<4; 11++){</pre>
           ridges_[l*(1+dim)+ll] = ridges[l][ll];
            printf("ll=%d - id=%d ", ll, ridges_[l*dim+ll]);
       }
  out->dim
                = dim:
  out->length
               = nf[0];
  out->indices = indices;
   out->areas
                  = areas;
   out->neighbors = neighbors;
   out->centers = centers;
   out->toporient = toporient;
    out->ridges = ridges_;
free(ridges); // remettre ça avant
/st Do cleanup regardless of whether there is an error st/
qh_freeqhull(qh, !qh_ALL);
                                           /* free long memory */
qh_memfreeshort (qh, &curlong, &totlong); /* free short memory and memory allocator */
// if (exitcode) {
// error("Received error code %d from qhull.", exitcode);
                                                    Ш
```

return out;
}