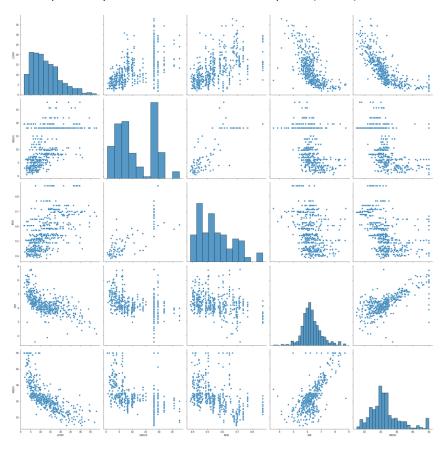
ShunTat Lam (stlam2)

IE517 S23

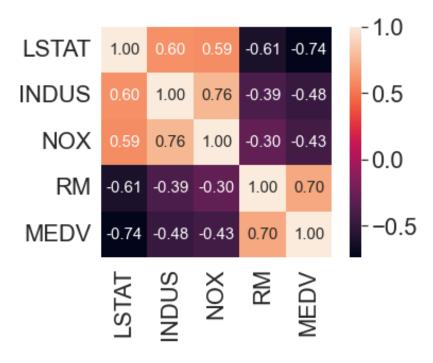
Module 4 Homework (Regression)

Part 1: Exploratory Data Analysis

The data contains 13 explanatory variables and one scalar response(MEDV)



scatter plot of features.



heatmap of correlations between features

(In EDA part only parts of the "x" are selected, since trying to run all of them ruined the laptop and resulted to a forced -shut down.)

### Part 2: Linear regression

The first regression trying is using all 13 x, into a regular linear regression.

The models' coefficients and y intercept are shown below

```
Slope 1 :-0.108

Slope 2 :0.075

Slope 3 :0.030

Slope 4 :0.077

Slope 5 :-0.217

Slope 6 :0.337

Slope 7 :-0.019

Slope 8 :-0.331

Slope 9 :0.242

Slope 10 :-0.190

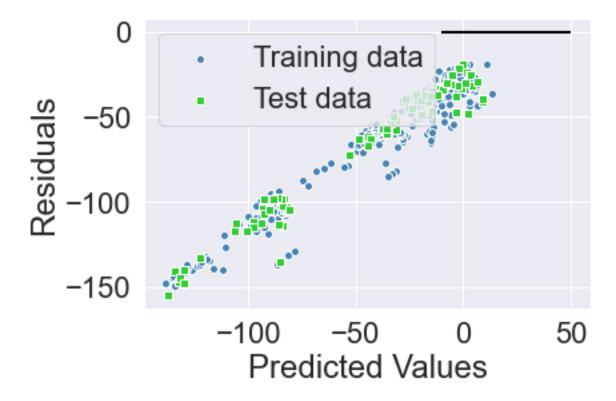
Slope 11 :-0.219

Slope 12 :0.121

Slope 13 :-0.387

Intercept:0.000
```

## The residual



The models MSE and R^2:

MSE train: 5101.026, test:5611.544 R square :-57.718

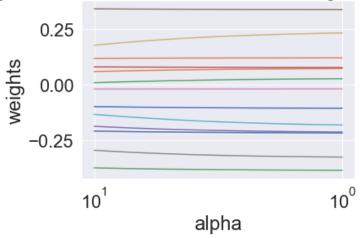
apparently the model is not good. There is undesired pattern in the residual plot, the MSE is high.

(Tried multiple methods, including .score and manually calculating R^2 but always get a negative value.)

Part 3.1: Ridge regression

The next trying is to use ridge. The graph below shows the changing of weight in predictors with the changing of alpha. Looks like alpha does not affect much.

# Ridge coefficients as a function of the Ridge regularization

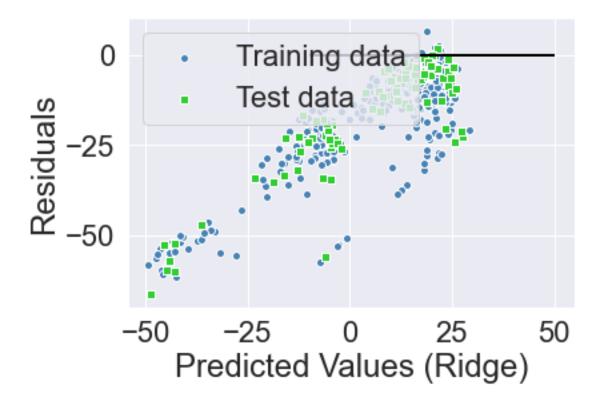


## The coefficients and intercept:

Slope 1 :-0.074 Slope 2 :0.027 Slope 3 :-0.035 Slope 4 :0.084 Slope 5 :-0.091 Slope 6 :0.322 Slope 7 :-0.019 Slope 8 :-0.159 Slope 9 :0.044 Slope 10 :-0.054 Slope 11 :-0.170 Slope 12 :0.100 Slope 13 :-0.305 Intercept:0.000

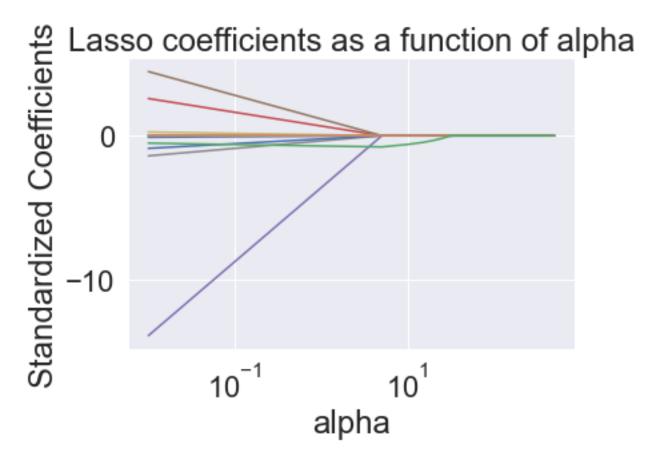
#### MSE and R-squares:

MSE train: 451.152, test:471.666 R square :-4.193 The residual:



Based on the MSE, ridge performs better.

Part 3.2: LASSO regression



The issue of lasso is it seems like the alpha setting results to set all predictors' weight to 0.

```
Slope 1 :-0.000
Slope 2 :0.000
Slope 3 :-0.000
Slope 4 :0.000
Slope 5 :-0.000
Slope 6 :0.000
Slope 7 :-0.000
Slope 8 :0.000
Slope 9 :-0.000
Slope 10 :-0.000
Slope 11 :-0.000
Slope 12 :0.000
Slope 13 :-0.000
Intercept:0.000
```

MSE train: 24.060, test:23.466

R square :0.723

So, just use the ridge

Part 4: Conclusions

When dealing with multiple x, ridge performs much better than the regular regression with no penalty. For lasso, it seems like alphas are hard to deal with, sometimes they just result to all weights = 0

Part 5: Appendix

Link to github repo

https://github.com/stlam2/IE517 S2023/blob/main/IE517 S23 HW4/Homework4.py

link to reference:

https://scikit-learn.org/stable/auto\_examples/linear\_model/plot\_ridge\_path.html#sphx-glr-auto-examples-linear-model-plot-ridge-path-py

https://www.kirenz.com/post/2019-08-12-python-lasso-regression-auto/