



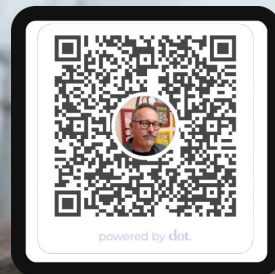
Embracing Disruption

Adding a Bit of Chaos to Help You Grow!



Paul Balogh

Developer Advocate, Grafana Labs
@javaducky



Overview

1

Why are we here?

2

A brief history of how we test

3

How fault injection can help us

4

Where do we go from here?



Application reliability is hard

Complex
architecture and
infrastructure

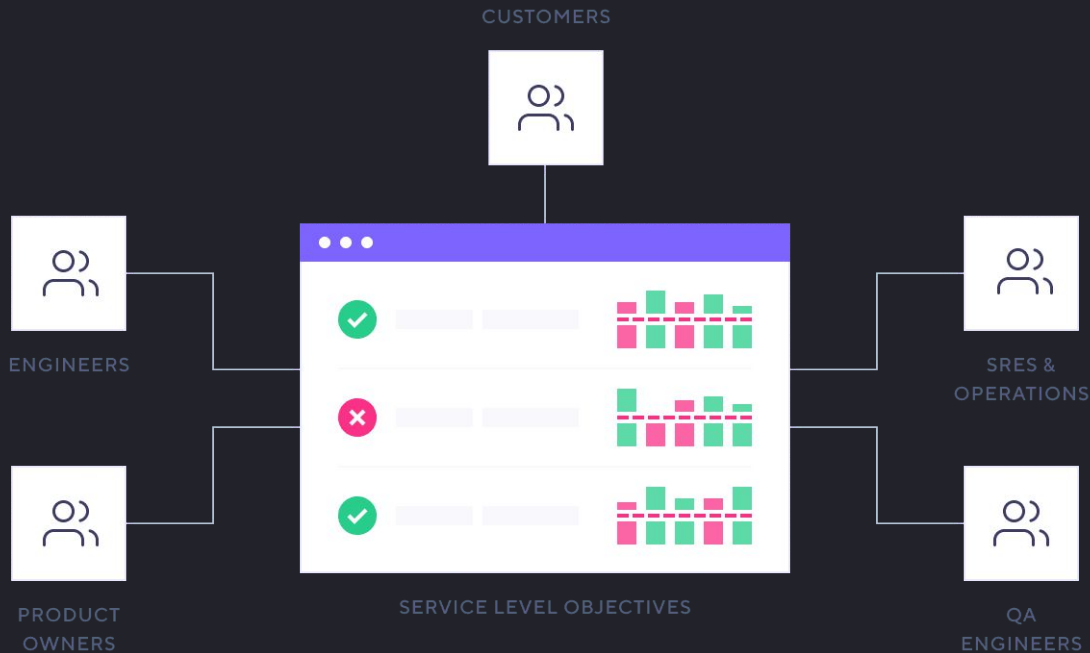
Many potential
points of failure

Inadequate
tooling and
practices



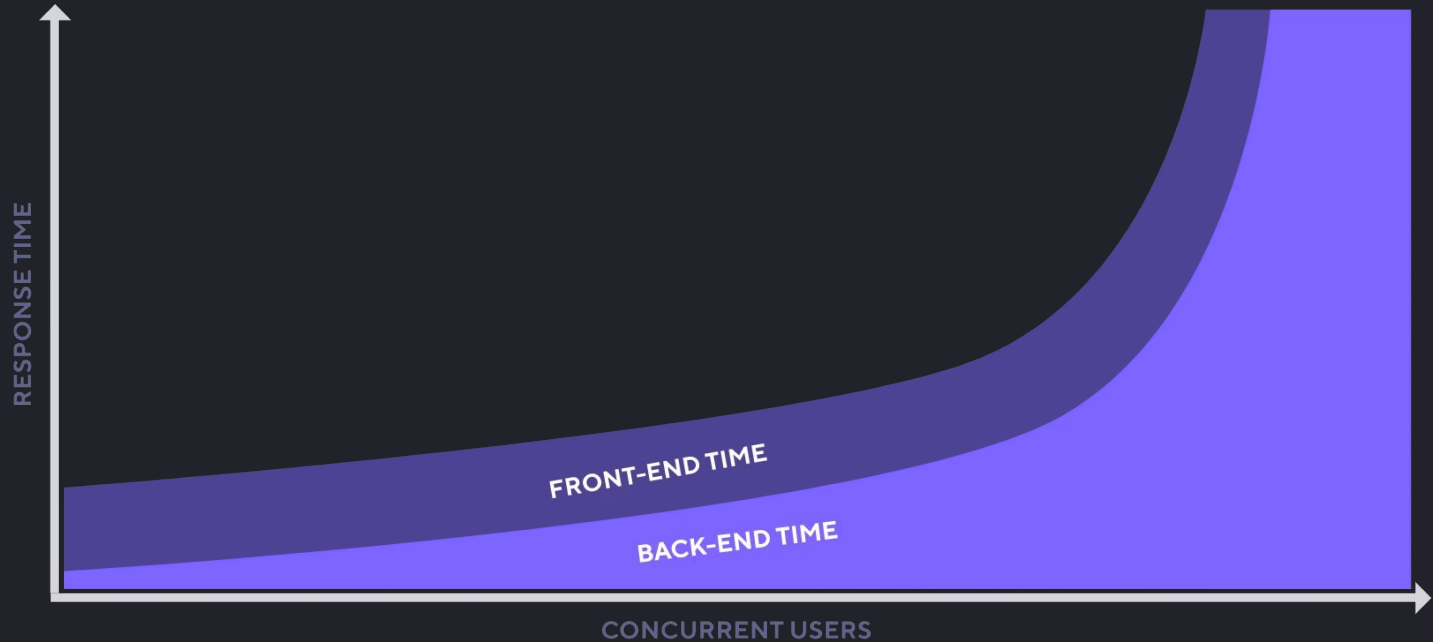
High demands on **availability**

SLOs



High demands on **usability**

UX

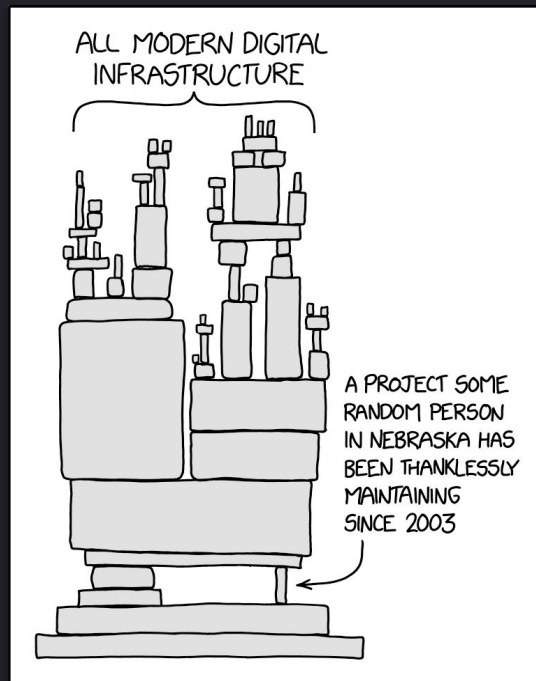


Distributed



Potentially fateful interdependency

Fragility



<https://xkcd.com/2347/>



You are not alone



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The way we test

Checklist / OLD WAY

Release frequency

Quarterly or biannually

Testing frequency

Before releases

How it's initiated

Manually

Testing environment

Test and Production

- QA bottleneck
- Lower coverage
- Late in process

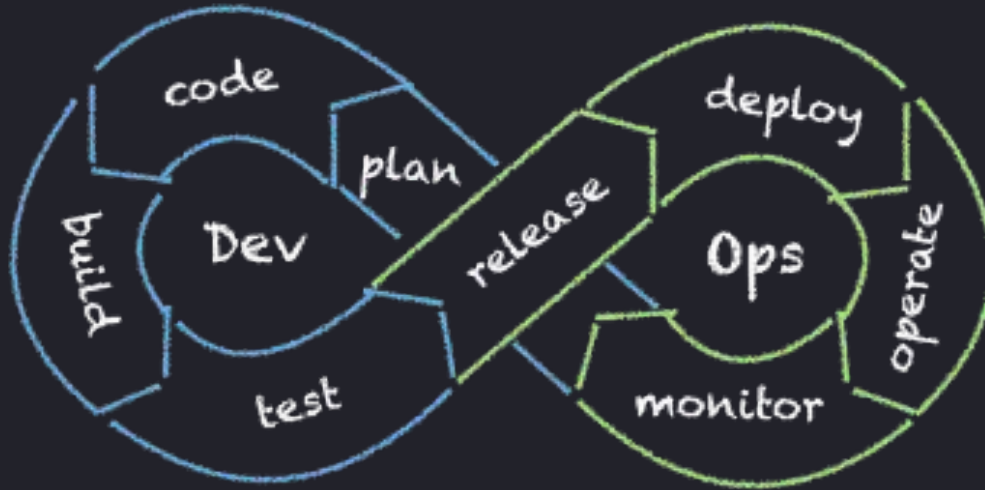


The way we test

| | Checklist / OLD WAY | DevOps / MODERN WAY |
|---------------------|-------------------------|---|
| Release frequency | Quarterly or biannually | Weekly, Daily, As needed |
| Testing frequency | Before releases | Nightly, feature branches, continuous with synthetic monitoring |
| How it's initiated | Manually | Scheduled. Automatically as part of CI/CD |
| Testing environment | Test and Production | Staging (Long-lived) and ephemeral environments (Short-lived) |



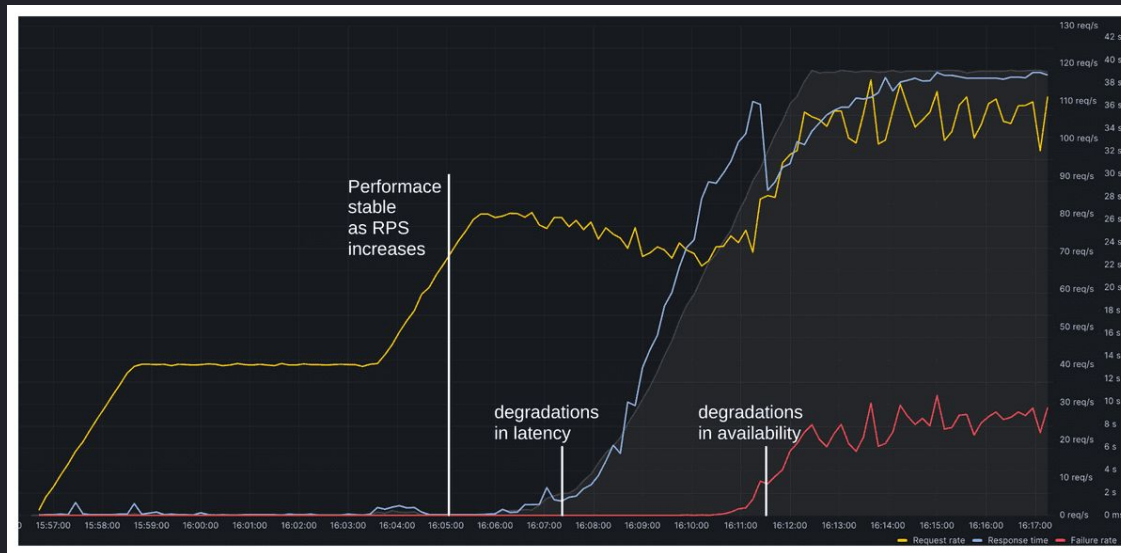
The way we test



- Unit testing
- Integration testing
- Contract testing
- Functional testing
- E2E testing
- Load testing



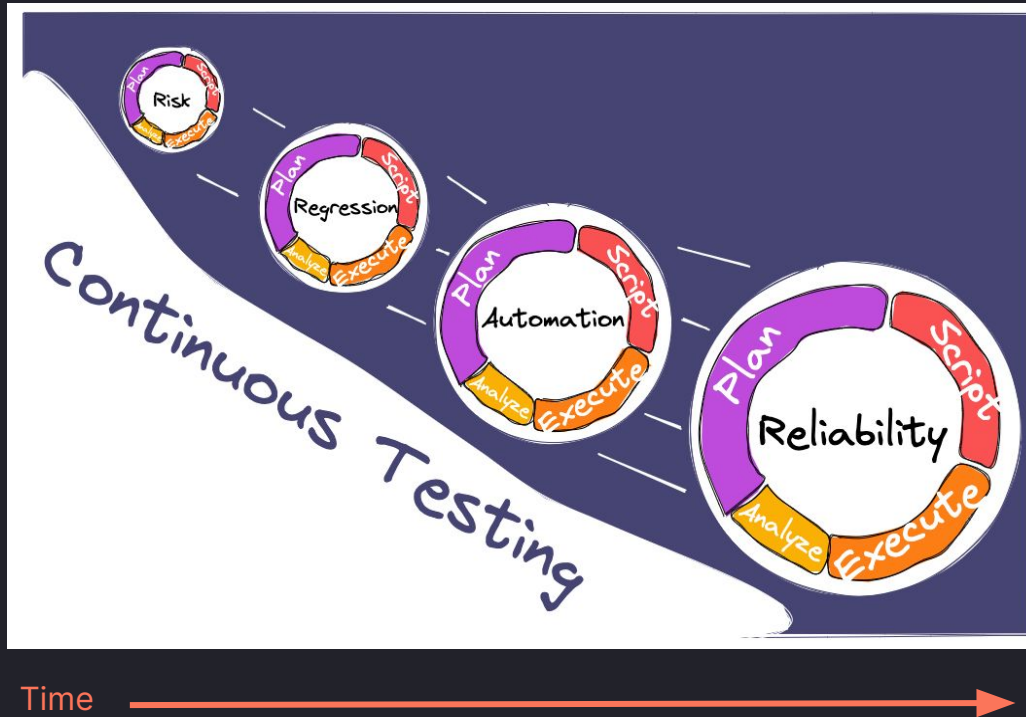
The way we test



- Applications instrumented
- Observability platform available



The way we test



- Start simple
- Test frequently
- Continually expand
- Evolve over time



Yet we learn from
failure



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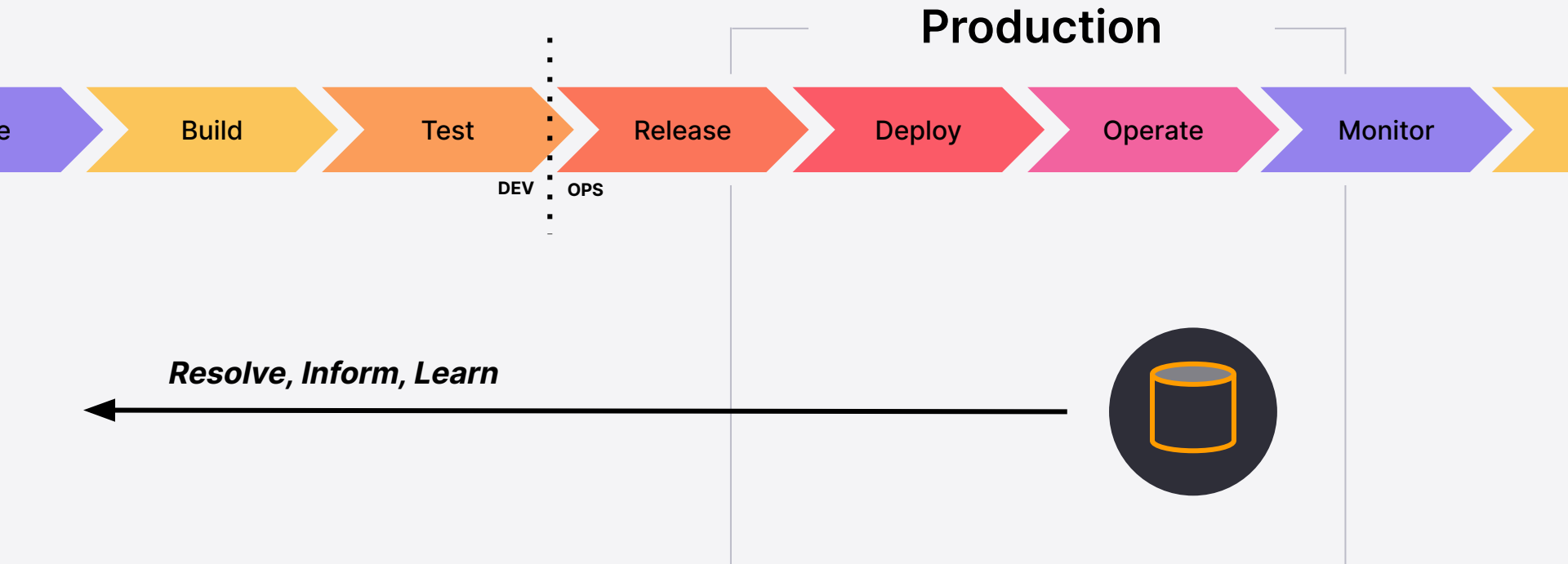


Fault Injection

A software testing technique which **introduces errors** to a system to **ensure** it can **withstand** and **recover** from those conditions.



Failure happens



Build **more** confidence to withstand failures?



“ ”

From the distributed system perspective, almost all interesting availability experiments can be driven by affecting latency or response type.

- *Chaos Engineering, O'Reilly*



Nora Jones



Casey Rosenthal



Introducing k6 and xk6-disruptor

k6, a reliability testing tool

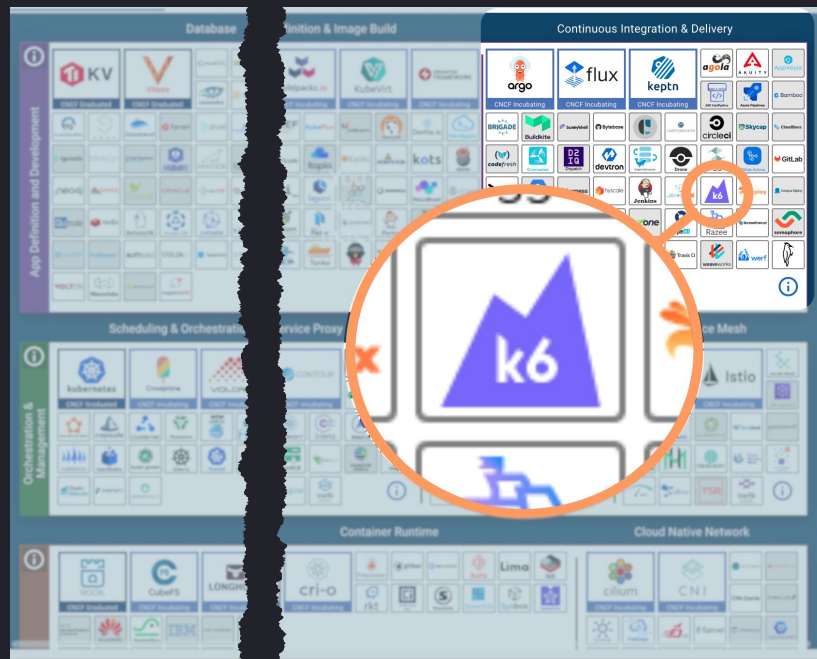
- Formerly known as *Load Impact*
- Open Source since 2016
- ~22.4k GitHub stars (as of January 2024)
- Promotes “shift-left” testing
- Acquired by Grafana Labs in 2021

github.com/grafana/k6

xk6-disruptor for fault injection

- Becomes a project in August 2022, evolved from previous experiments

github.com/grafana/xk6-disruptor



k6: a reliability testing tool

OpenSource

OSS is at the heart of **what we do** and helps leave the world a little better than we found it

Scriptable

CLI and API **designed for automating** your tests with pass/fail criteria using JavaScript syntax

Performant

A k6 engine **written in Go** making it one of the the best performing tools available

Extensible

Use Go(lang) code to **add support** for new outputs, protocols, and products from within your test scripts



Testing with errors



How effective is testing known errors?

92% of the catastrophic system failures are the result of incorrect handling of non-fatal errors

In 58% of the cases the resulting faults could have been detected through simple testing of error handling code

“Simple Testing Can Prevent Most Critical Failures: An Analysis of Production Failures in Distributed Data-Intensive Systems”
Yuan et al. USENIX OSDI 2014



How to improve error handling?

In **35%** of the cases, error handling code falls into one of three patterns:

Overreactive. Aborts the system under non-fatal errors

Low Context. Was empty or only contained a log printing statement

Incomplete. Related comments like “FIXME” or “TODO”



Introduce chaos testing

Incorporate chaos engineering principles **early** in the development process

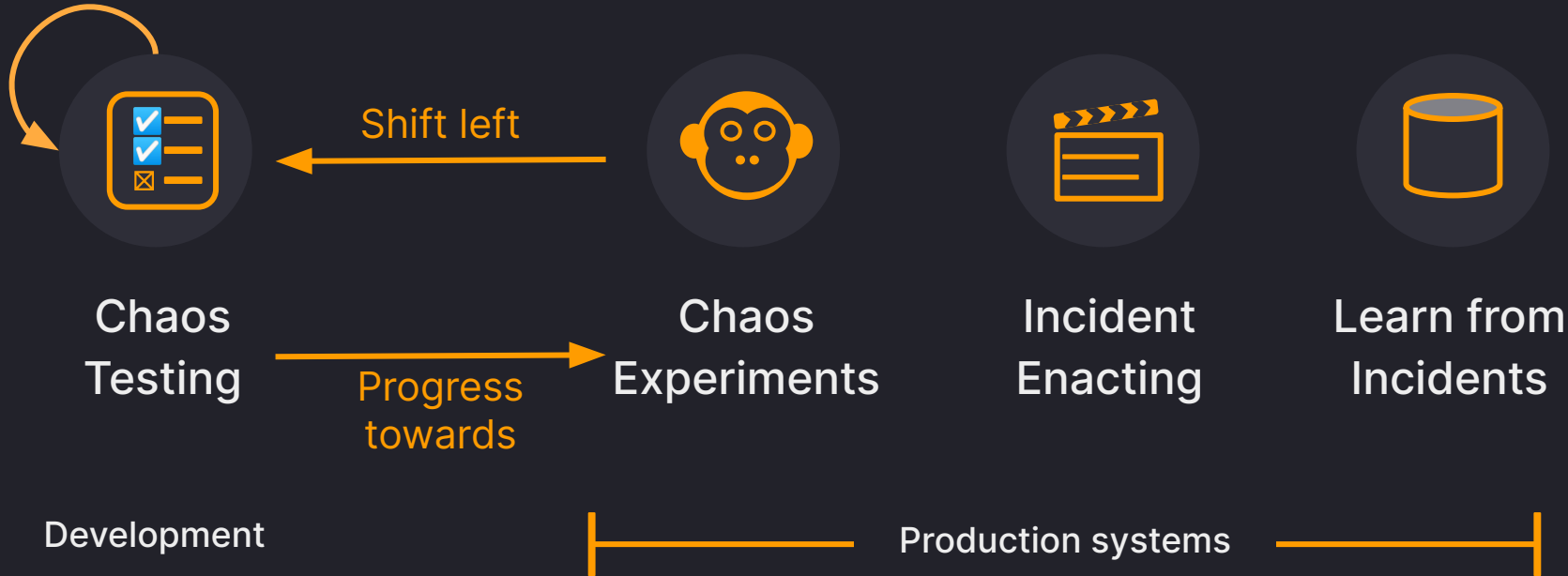
Emphasize **verification** over **experimentation**

Change focus from uncovering **unknown** faults to ensuring proper handling of **known** faults



Continually **improve** reliability

Improve



Four **tenets** of Chaos Testing



Incremental
adoption



Application
Centric



Chaos as
Code



Controlled
Chaos

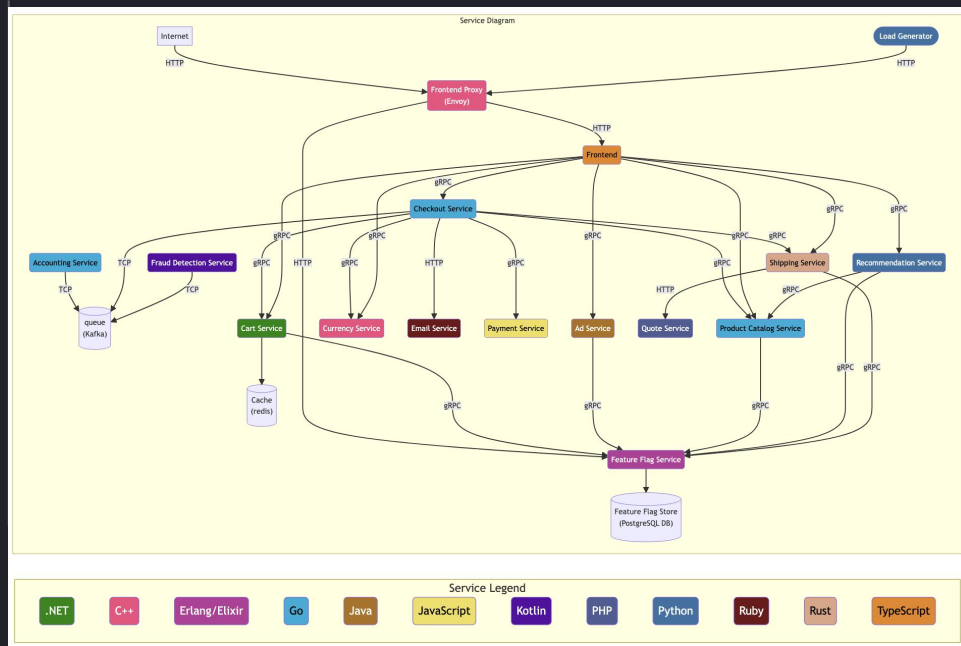


Chaos Testing in action



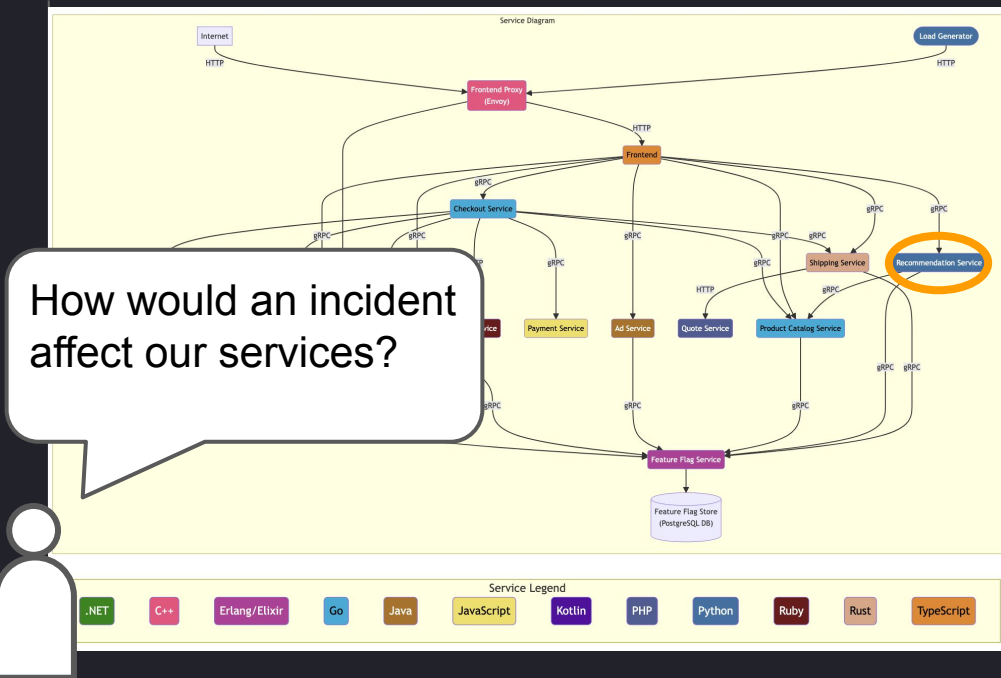
OpenTelemetry Demo - Astronomy Shop

- Microservices architecture
- HTTP, gRPC, Kafka between services
- Polyglot (Go, Java, JS, ...)
- Kubernetes-ready



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Demo!



Chaos testing **principles** in action

- Tests can be **reused** to validate the system under turbulent conditions
- Conditions are defined in familiar terms: **latency** and **error rate**
- Tests have a **controlled effect** on the target service
- Tests are **repeatable** with results that are **predictable**
- Fault injection is coordinated from the **test code**
- Fault injection **should not** add any operational complexity



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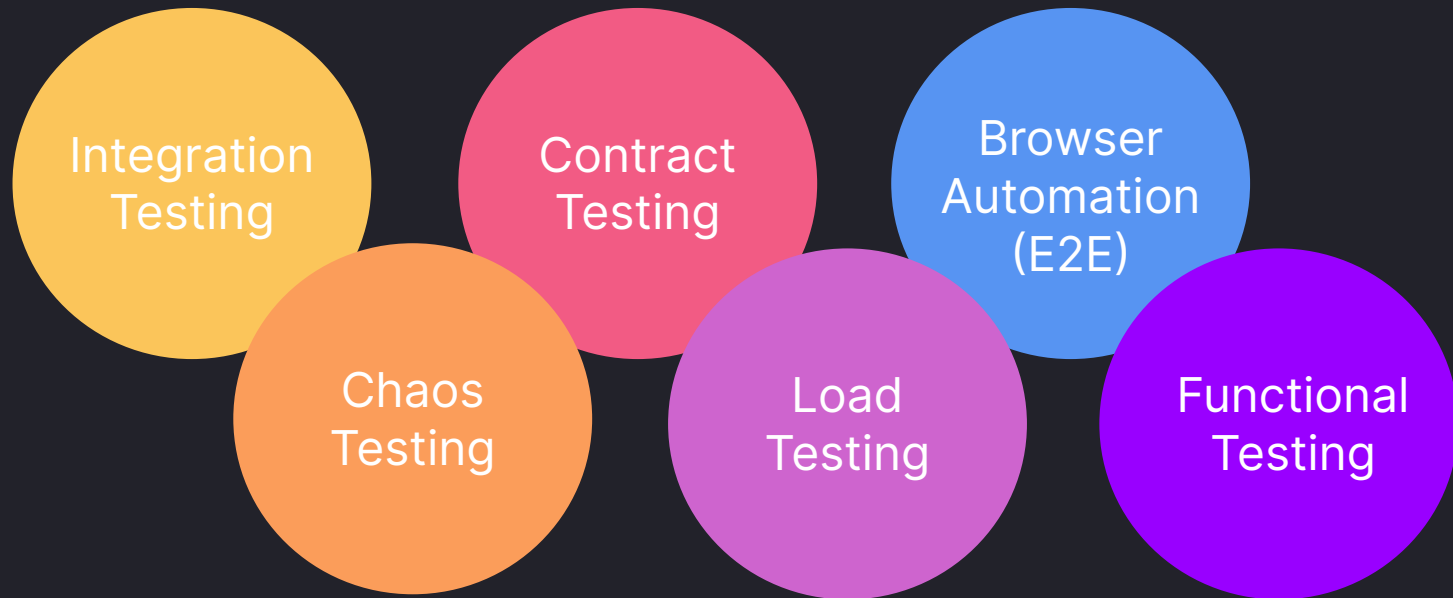
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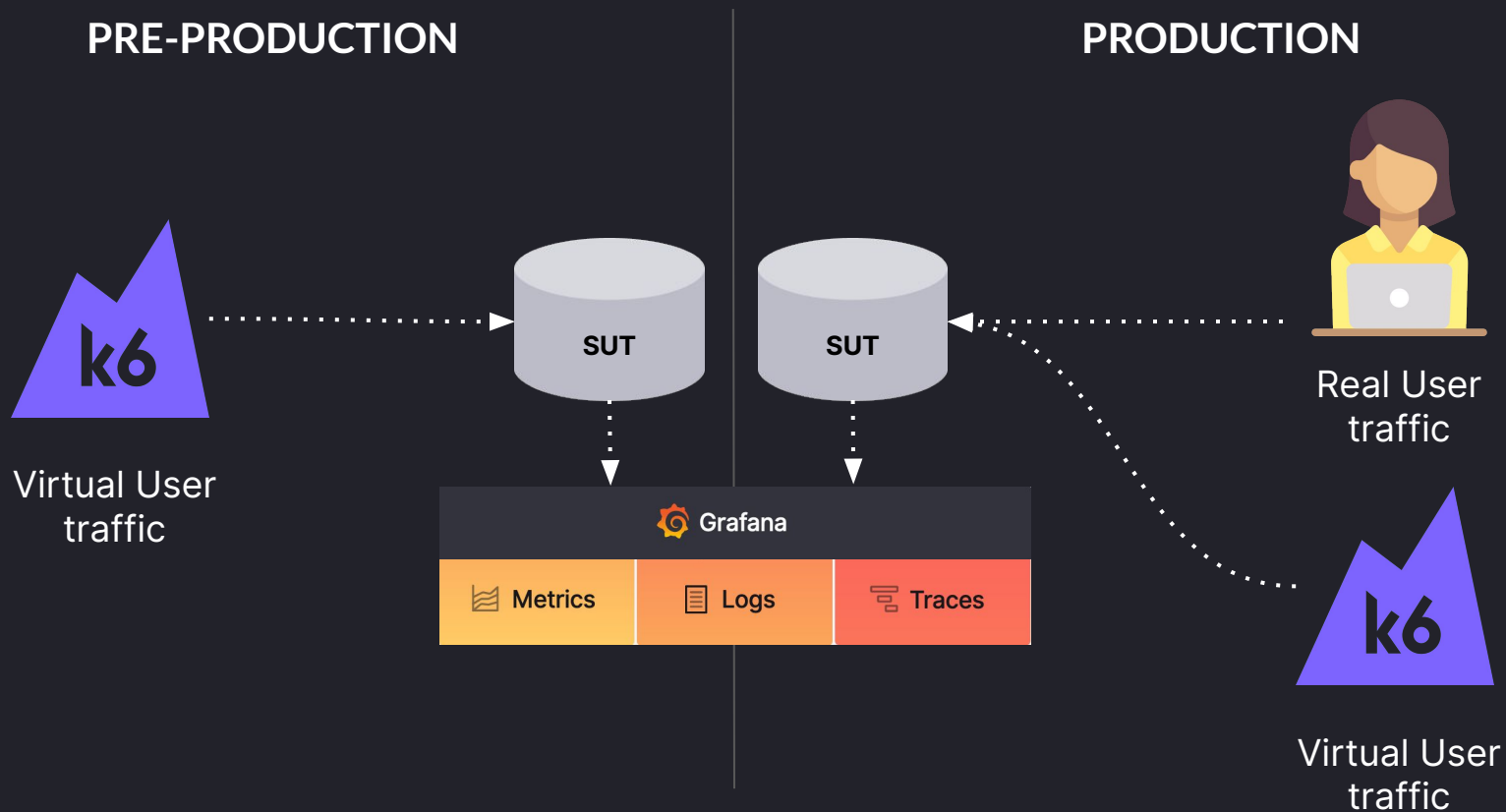
Where do we go from here?



Reliability testing strategy



Proactively improve reliability



Final remarks

The ability to **operate reliably** should not be a privilege of the technology elite

Chaos Engineering can be democratized by promoting the **adoption** of Chaos Testing

To be effective, Chaos Testing **must** be compatible with the **existing testing practices** used by development teams



Our Goal

Make Chaos Engineering practices **accessible** to a broad spectrum of organizations by building a solid **foundation** from which they can progress towards more **reliable** applications

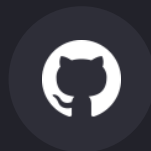


Thanks for participating!

Connect with Paul as
[@javaducky](#) or [linkedin/in/pabalogh](#)



k6.io/slack



grafana/xk6-disruptor

