Deep Learning Powered HAR Models

Forecasting the Realized Volatility of Bitcoin

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This project was created using Google Colab. $\,$

The notebook can be found at Google Colab.

https://colab.research.google.com/drive/1sJzRECcHC5H5JRsX7B5iEZdrGE-onn3X?usp=sharing

The computations done in Colab was done on a GPU, with a Colab Pro License.

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Introduction

1.1 Volatility Forecasting in Finance

The volatility of financial assets is one of the most important concepts in finance. Understanding volatility is paramount in the realms of asset pricing, risk management and portfolio optimization (Elton, 2014, p. 44-47). Thus, the modeling and forecasting of the volatility of financial assets, is a widely researched topic in the financial and econometric literature.

- 1.2 Cryptocurrency Trading
- 1.3 Previous Works
- 1.4 Contributions and Limitations

Research Question

 $How\ can\ neural\ networks\ enhance\ the\ forecasting\ capability\ of\ HAR-style\ models\ in\ realized\ volatility$

Theory

The research statement specifies that this thesis revolves around the prediction of the volatility of Bitcoin returns. This section aims to lay the foundation for the subjects from a financial perspective. Hence, an introduction to the nature of financial markets, volatility and its stylistic facts will be presented. Furthermore, as we are working with high-frequency intraday data, the subject of market microstructure is necessary to understand. Lastly, a general overview of cryptocurrencies as financial assets is given.

- 3.1 Efficient Markets
- 3.2 Volatility
- 3.3 Market Microstructure
- 3.4 Cryptocurrencies as a Financial Asset

Econometric Models

- 4.1 Linear Time Series Models
- 4.2 HAR Models
- 4.2.1 Variants of the HAR Model
- 4.3 Assumptions

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Chapter 5

Deep Learning

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5.1	Machine	Learning

- 5.1.1 Origins of Deep Learning
- 5.2 Multilayer Perceptron
- 5.2.1 Neural Network Architecture
- 5.2.2 Activation Functions
- 5.2.3 Stochastic Gradient Descent
- 5.3 Deep Learning in Time Series Forecasting
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- 5.5.1 Dilated Causal Convolutional Neural Networks
- 5.6 HAR-Inspired Neural Networks
- 5.6.1 Training Data
- 5.6.2 Network Architecture

Network Architecture

Criterion and Optimizer

Training Setup

Results

- 6.1 Stationarity
- 6.2 In-Sample Evaluation
- 6.2.1 HAR Models
- 6.2.2 Neural Networks
- 6.2.3 HAR Inspired Neural Networks
- 6.3 Forecasting Performance
- 6.3.1 HAR Models
- 6.3.2 Neural Networks
- 6.3.3 HAR Inspired Neural Networks

Discussion

- 7.1 Machine Learning in Finance
- 7.2 Inference or Accuracy

Conclusion

References

Elton, E. J. (2014). Modern portfolio theory and investment analysis (Ninth edition ed.). Hoboken, NJ: Wiley.