

Latent Behavioral Structure in Online Communities

Case Study in /r/science

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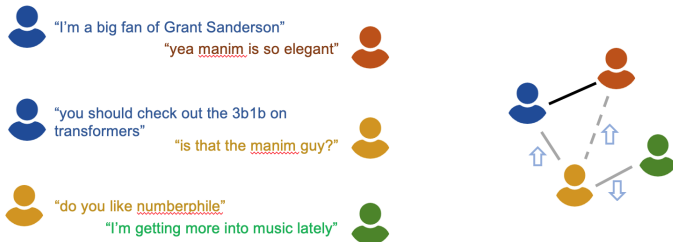
William & Mary, Data Science
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Overview

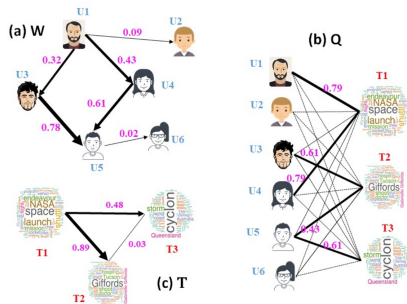
Problem statement

In social forums, observable behavior is often limited to **who you talk to** (interaction) and **what you talk about** (topics). Can we learn the underlying **relational structure** of the community given these observables? Is the structure predictive of behavior over **time**?



Related work

- Latent variable approaches based on features
[Hoff et al., 2002, Airoidi et al., 2008]
- ... based on timing
[Linderman and Adams, 2014]
- Topic modeling [Chang and Blei, 2009]
- Dynamic community-topic modeling
[Zhang et al., 2019, Li et al., 2012]
- Dynamic networks
[Pareja et al., 2020, Sankar et al., 2020]
- Graph autoencoders
[Kipf and Welling, 2016, Simonovsky and Komodakis, 2018]
- Joint graph + feature learning
[Lerique et al., 2020]

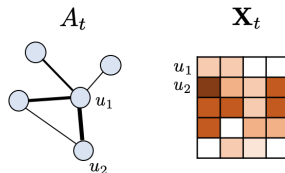


[Choudhari et al., 2021]

Data overview and preparation

- Reddit: > 12.7 billion comments over 17 years (2007-2022) [Baumgartner et al., 2020]
- We focus on 2007-2011 in the /r/science subreddit to enforce the idea of **community**.
- We engineer two inputs to our model:
 - Co-reply **interaction graph**
 - User **topic participation signature**

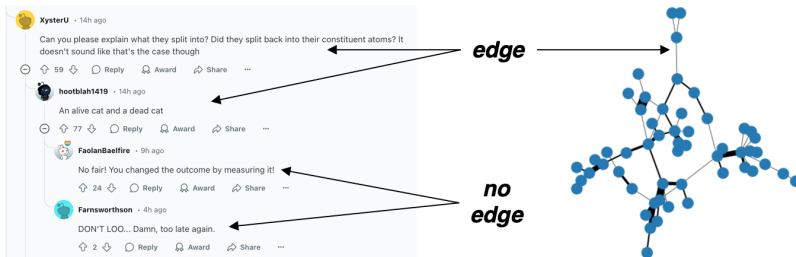
2007-11	All	/r/science	filtered
Users	2,158,590	166,286	2,144
Entries	156,675,275	1,758,159	355,237



User-to-user co-reply interaction

Interaction graph

Define $G^{(\tau)} = (V, E)^{(\tau)}$ with $e_{uv} = m$ such that m is a count of occurrences where u replies to v (or v to u) within two comments and within two months, during τ .

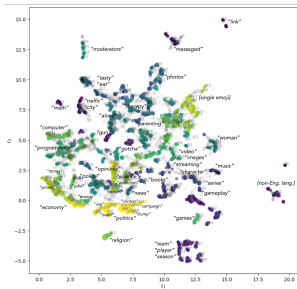


Topic discovery

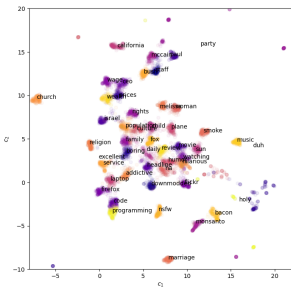
Contextualized semantic clustering

Given an embedder $\mathcal{E} : \mathcal{S}_\ell \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^d$ and clustering $\mathcal{C} : \mathbb{R}^d \rightarrow L$,

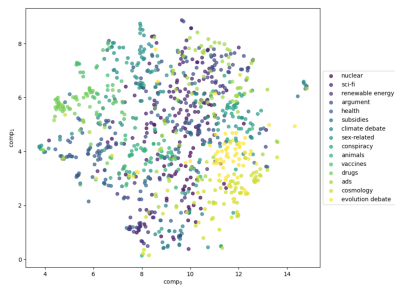
$$\mathcal{D} = \{(s_i, u_i, t_i)\}_i \quad \longrightarrow \quad \mathcal{D}_L = \{(\mathbf{e}_i, u_i, t_i, l_i)\}_i$$



2007-2022



July 2008 (All)



July 2008 (/r/science)

User participation over topics

User topic signature

Define a user u 's participation in k topics at time τ as the **signature**:

$$\mathbf{x}_u^{(\tau)} = (x_k^{(\tau)}) \quad \text{with} \quad \hat{x}_k^{(\tau)} = |\mathcal{D}_L : u_i = u, t_i \in \tau, l_i = k|, \quad x_k^{(\tau)} = \frac{\hat{x}_k^{(\tau)}}{||\hat{\mathbf{x}}_u^{(\tau)}||}$$

...

March 2007:

- 13 (cosmology): Human understanding of time cannot be complete as long as ...
- 7 (sex-related): The sudden reduction of pain is a powerful simulacrum of pleasure.
- 1 (sci-fi): Time Cub (beaten by an angry horde)
- 9 (animals): The title make a good quote, but the implications of a city as an organism
- 0 (nuclear): It's like there's an anti-progressive monster inside California struggling to get out. :-{
- 11 (drugs): Uhhh....for me yes. I want the drugs "now" :-{
- 3 (argument): There's an important point about politics that needs to be made. Americans are ...
- 0 (nuclear): That wasn't my point at all - in fact most Western countries "including" France ...
- 5 (subsides): I'm not an anti-oil nut, but drilling in our own territory is indeed more palatable.

...

$\hat{\mathbf{x}}_u^{(\tau)}$

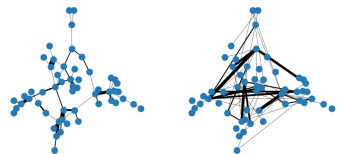
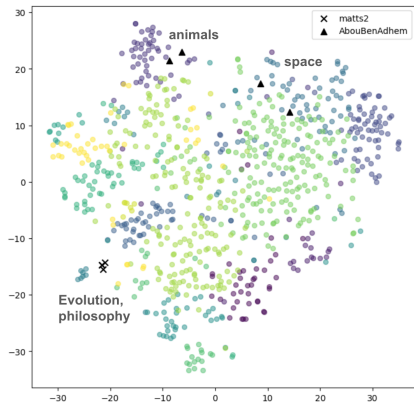
author	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	total_posts
485 Prysorrra	4	1	2	1	4	1	3	1	2	11	5	9	4	0	3	51

$\mathbf{x}_u^{(\tau)}$

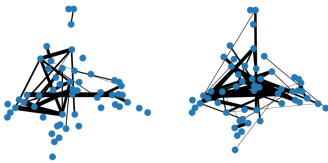
[0.23 0.06 0.11 0.06 0.23 0.06 0.17 0.06 0.11 0.63 0.29 0.52 0.23 0.00 0.17]

Observations

- Users' signatures and their co-reply behaviors evolve over time.
- Topic signatures and co-reply interaction are only weakly correlated.



Interaction graphs (t_0, t_1)



Feature similarities (t_0, t_1)

(Temporal) Dual-decoder Graph Autoencoder (TDGAE)

- Learn a latent graph Z of behavioral homophily

- Encoder:

$$\mathbf{h}^{(1)} = \text{GCN}(\mathbf{x}, E)$$

$$\mathbf{h}^{(2)} = \text{GCN}(\mathbf{h}^{(1)}, E)$$

$$\mathbf{z}_{uv} = \text{MLP}([\mathbf{h}_u^{(2)}, \mathbf{h}_v^{(2)}])$$

- (Graph) Decoder:

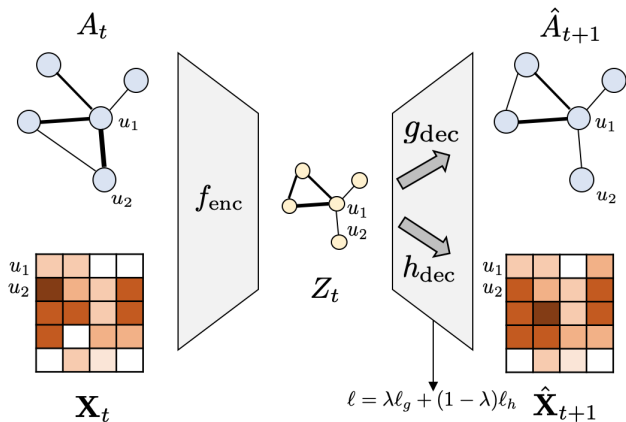
$$\mathbf{v} = \text{MLP}(\mathbf{z})$$

$$p(e_{uv}) = \sigma(\mathbf{v})$$

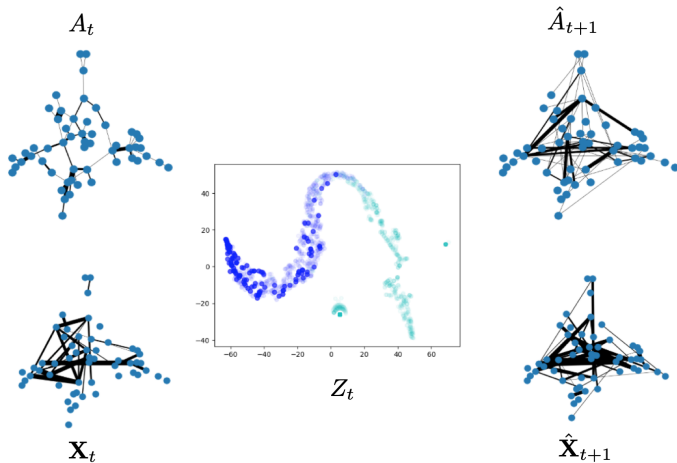
- (Feature) Decoder:

$$\mathbf{a} = \text{Agg}(\mathbf{z})$$

$$\mathbf{x} = \text{MLP}(\mathbf{a})$$

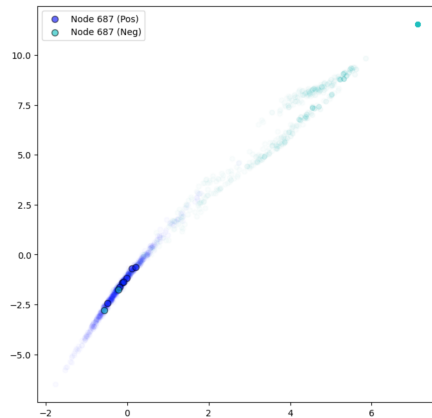


Example



2007: Jan-Jun (t), Jul-Dec ($t + 1$)

Example



With latent dimension $d = 2$, single node highlighted

- “Naive” model:
 - Edges: $e_{uv}^{(\tau)} = e_{uv}^{(\tau+1)}$
 - Features: $\mathbf{x}_u^{(\tau)} = \mathbf{x}_u^{(\tau+1)}$
- LR (features-only) is linear regression $f : \mathbb{R}^d \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^d$
- GCN: single-layer $\text{GCN}(A_\tau, \mathbf{X}_\tau)$

	Edges (AUC)	Features (MSE)
Naive	0.508	0.0685
LR	-	0.0410
GCN	0.894	0.0433
DGAE	0.903	0.0445

Next steps

- <https://github.com/stmorse/sgg>
- More data; non-social network data
- Deeper networks, harder baselines
- Re-examine model architecture (e.g. $h(Z_t)$ or $h(g(Z_t))$ or something else)
- Latent space dimension tuning

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Questions?