: 120005

a) $k_1 + K_1 = \rho_1^T(x)\rho_1(y) + \rho_1^T(x)\rho_1(y)$ $\phi' = \begin{bmatrix} \rho_1 \\ \rho_1 \end{bmatrix} \longrightarrow \rho(x)\rho(y) = \rho_1^T(x)\rho_1(y) + \rho_1^T(x)\rho_1(y) = K_1+K_1$

b)
$$K_{1}K_{1} = [\emptyset, T(x)\emptyset, (y)](\emptyset_{T}(x)\emptyset_{T}(y))$$

$$= (\Sigma \emptyset_{1}^{(i)}(x)\emptyset_{1}^{(i)}(y))(\Sigma \emptyset_{T}^{(i)}(x)\emptyset_{T}^{(i)}(y))$$

وكسر كارسى كدمل ي كشر

$$= \sum_{i,j} \phi_{i}^{(i)}(n)\phi_{i}^{(j)}(y)\phi_{r}^{(j)}(n)\phi_{r}^{(j)}(y)$$

$$= \sum_{i,j} (\phi_{i}^{(i)}(n)\phi_{r}^{(j)}(n))(\phi_{i}^{(i)}(y)\phi_{r}^{(j)}(y))$$

$$= e^{-K_{1}} = \sum_{i,j} \frac{K_{i}^{(i)}}{n!} = \sum_$$

Scanned with CamScanne

$$= e^{-xtr} x^{j} t_{1}^{k} (t_{r}-t_{1})^{j-k}$$

$$= e^{-xtr} x^{j} t_{1}^{k} (t_{r}-t_{1})^{j-$$

=P(N(E)=0)xP(N(EQ)>+ DP(N(EY)=0)P(N(Y)=1) KP (N(36,0) > T) +P(N(Y)=1)P(N(Y, E)=0) * P (N(E,a) > E) + P(N(4)=0) D(N(4,E)=1) D(N(EO)>1) + (N(r)=1))P(N(r,E)=1)P(N(E,Q)>r) -A(N(r)=r)P(N(r,E)=0)P(N(E,Q)>E) a) car (-X+, Xs) =? var (X+Xs) = var(X+)+var (Xs)+ (Cov(X+,Xs) KLEXS~N(9, FE-SI) -> XX+~N(0,0) -> X+= 1/86) - VESI = 0+0+100V(X+,Xs) - OUTX R(S,t)=CV(X+,Xs) = FVH-SI کے وابع گاوسی اسے باتھ مارس کواریانی BO [ij = + /tj-ti] M=0 will,

t+\$;

$$Var(X_{t}-X_{S}) = Var(X_{t}) + Var(X_{S}) - Vcar(X_{t},X_{S})$$

$$= 0 + 0 - Y \times \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{|t-S|} = -\sqrt{|t-S|} \frac{t+S}{2}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{|t-S|} = -\sqrt{|t-S|} = -$$

Ti -o maintenanc times P(T,>h)===- Ph break dawn ind o land X (b EEEX]=E[X|T,>h]P(T,>h) +E[x|T, <h]P(T, <h) = phase->h +(E[T,1T, <h)+E[x])(1-e-h) - DEE[X] = h+(e mh) E[Til Tich] = h+ 1/(e -1)

no break break - break proportion . Laster Too E(X) S عرف برطور سائلین لم طول جاکترنا عالمین او میل از max(exp(λ1), exp(λχ)) δ ;) ; () ; طل فاران که به اصلاه دری را دری از ان که که اندازه کا (628/80 6 P B) IT Words 1 $\sim \frac{1}{\lambda_1} + \frac{1}{\lambda_1} + \frac{1}{\lambda_2} - \frac{1}{\lambda_1 + \lambda_2} + \frac{1}{\lambda_1}$ $= \Upsilon\left(\frac{1}{\lambda_1} + \frac{1}{\lambda_1}\right) - \frac{1}{\lambda_1 + \lambda_2}$ 6 -V Et (GL < a, D+ (y) ن فا مله ما زند کرن وی کرن ما متا ملی وهممن کا و کاهوری event in Dt Losbo Evantico = Ches > E event's las (see event to by 0, till tx

$$= (N_{\downarrow} \times N_{\downarrow} \times N$$

$$P(D_{t} \leq y) = P(G_{t} = t, D_{t} \leq y)$$

$$+ P(G_{t} \leq t, D_{t} \leq y)$$

$$= e^{-\lambda t} (1 - e^{-\lambda y}) + (1 - e^{-\lambda t}) (1 - e^{-\lambda y})$$

$$= 1 - e^{-\lambda y}$$

$$- D_{t} \sim \text{exponential } (\lambda)$$

$$P(G_{t} < x, D_{t} < y) = (1 - e^{-\lambda x}) (1 - e^{-\lambda x})$$

$$= P(G_{t} < x) = \text{proposed } (1 - e^{-\lambda x})$$

$$= P(G_{t} < x) = \text{proposed } (1 - e^{-\lambda x})$$

$$= P(G_{t} < x) = \text{proposed } (1 - e^{-\lambda x})$$

$$= P(G_{t} < x) = \text{proposed } (1 - e^{-\lambda x})$$

$$= P(G_{t} < x) = \text{proposed } (1 - e^{-\lambda x})$$

$$= P(G_{t} < x) = \text{proposed } (1 - e^{-\lambda x})$$

$$= P(G_{t} < x) = \text{proposed } (1 - e^{-\lambda x})$$

$$= P(G_{t} < x) = \text{proposed } (1 - e^{-\lambda x})$$

$$= P(G_{t} < x) = \text{proposed } (1 - e^{-\lambda x})$$

$$= P(G_{t} < x) = \text{proposed } (1 - e^{-\lambda x})$$

$$= P(G_{t} < x) = \text{proposed } (1 - e^{-\lambda x})$$

$$= P(G_{t} < x) = \text{proposed } (1 - e^{-\lambda x})$$

$$= P(G_{t} < x) = \text{proposed } (1 - e^{-\lambda x})$$

$$= P(G_{t} < x) = \text{proposed } (1 - e^{-\lambda x})$$

$$= P(G_{t} < x) = \text{proposed } (1 - e^{-\lambda x})$$

$$= P(G_{t} < x) = \text{proposed } (1 - e^{-\lambda x})$$

$$= P(G_{t} < x) = \text{proposed } (1 - e^{-\lambda x})$$

$$= P(G_{t} < x) = \text{proposed } (1 - e^{-\lambda x})$$

$$= P(G_{t} < x) = \text{proposed } (1 - e^{-\lambda x})$$

$$= P(G_{t} < x) = \text{proposed } (1 - e^{-\lambda x})$$

$$= P(G_{t} < x) = \text{proposed } (1 - e^{-\lambda x})$$

$$= P(G_{t} < x) = \text{proposed } (1 - e^{-\lambda x})$$

$$= P(G_{t} < x) = \text{proposed } (1 - e^{-\lambda x})$$

$$= P(G_{t} < x) = \text{proposed } (1 - e^{-\lambda x})$$

$$= P(G_{t} < x) = \text{proposed } (1 - e^{-\lambda x})$$

$$= P(G_{t} < x) = \text{proposed } (1 - e^{-\lambda x})$$

$$= P(G_{t} < x) = \text{proposed } (1 - e^{-\lambda x})$$

$$= P(G_{t} < x) = \text{proposed } (1 - e^{-\lambda x})$$

$$= P(G_{t} < x) = \text{proposed } (1 - e^{-\lambda x})$$

$$= P(G_{t} < x) = \text{proposed } (1 - e^{-\lambda x})$$

$$= P(G_{t} < x) = \text{proposed } (1 - e^{-\lambda x})$$

$$= P(G_{t} < x) = \text{proposed } (1 - e^{-\lambda x})$$

$$= P(G_{t} < x) = \text{proposed } (1 - e^{-\lambda x})$$

$$= P(G_{t} < x) = \text{proposed } (1 - e^{-\lambda x})$$

$$= P(G_{t} < x) = \text{proposed } (1 - e^{-\lambda x})$$

$$= P(G_{t} < x) = \text{proposed } (1 - e^{-\lambda x})$$

$$= P(G_{t} < x) = \text{proposed } (1 - e^{-\lambda x})$$

$$= P(G_{t} < x) = \text{proposed } (1 - e^{-\lambda x})$$

$$= P(G_{t} < x) = \text{pro$$

 $\Rightarrow P(\min(T_{i,i}t) < x) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} 1 - e^{-\lambda x} n < t$ $= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} 1 - e^{-\lambda x} n < t$ $P(G_{t} < n, D_{t} < \gamma) = (G_{t} < n, D_{t} < \gamma)$ (1-e-xy)(1[ust](1-e-x) $=f(y)\times f(x)$ الله المرد المحتل أن الله المحتل المعتل المع 3) $E[G_t] = \int P(G_t / x) dx = \int_{s}^{t \infty} (1 - P(G_t / n)) dx$ = f(1-e(1-e-1x))+(1-1)dx = S. te-Andr = - (1-e-At) E(B++D+]= - (1-e-xt) + - = - (r-ext) to Exponential

Sie G_{+} G_{+}