28 11 2020 Lect. dr. Stefan Berinde

Siruri

- 1. (admitere 2016) Fie functia $f: \mathbb{R} \to \mathbb{R}, f(x) = |x| \sqrt[3]{1-x^2}$
 - a) Aratati ca f este marginita superior pe \mathbb{R}
 - b) Calculati $\lim_{n\to\infty} \int_{-1}^1 x^{2n} f(x) dx$
- 2. (admitere 2019) Calculati limitele sirurilor

$$x_n = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{k=1}^n \frac{k}{\sqrt{n^2 + k}}, \quad y_n = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{k=1}^n \frac{k}{\sqrt{n^2 + k^2}}, \quad n \in \mathbb{N}^*$$

- 3. (admitere 2015) Fie functia $f: \mathbb{R} \to \mathbb{R}, f(x) = e^{x-1}$
 - a) Aratati ca $f(x) > x, \forall x \in \mathbb{R} \setminus \{1\}$
- b) Definim sirul $(x_n)_{n\geq 1}$ prin $x_1=2,\ x_{n+1}=f(x_n), \forall n\geq 1$. Aratati ca sirul este strict monoton si calculati limita sa. Ce se intampla daca luam $x_1=1/2$?
- 4. Calculati urmatoarele limite
 - a) $\lim_{n\to\infty} \frac{7^n}{n^7}$
 - b) $\lim_{n \to \infty} \sqrt{n} \left(7^{\sqrt{n+1} \sqrt{n}} 1 \right)$
 - c) $\lim_{n \to \infty} n \left(\sqrt[7]{\frac{n+1}{n}} 1 \right)$
 - d) $\lim_{n \to \infty} \sqrt{n} \left[(\sqrt{n} + 1 \sqrt{n+1})^7 1 \right]$
 - e) $\lim_{n\to\infty} \frac{7^n}{(7n)!}$
 - f) $\lim_{n\to\infty} \frac{1\cdot 3\cdot 5\cdot \dots\cdot (2n-1)}{2\cdot 4\cdot 6\cdot \dots\cdot (2n)}$