```
1
 2
    * Implementation of Prim's algorithm to build an MST
 3
   * Time Complexity: O(|E|.log|V|)
 5
    * Author: Mithusayel Murmu
 6
 7
 8
 9 #include <stdio.h>
10 #include <string.h>
11 #include <stdlib.h>
12 #include <limits.h>
13
14 #define GRAPH_SZ 50
15 typedef enum { FALSE, TRUE } BOOL;
16
17 /** Rudimentary Graph definition */
18 typedef struct _Graph Graph;
19 typedef struct _GraphNode GraphNode;
20
21 struct _Graph {
       size_t size;
22
23
       GraphNode *nodeList[GRAPH_SZ];
24
       int adjList[GRAPH_SZ][GRAPH_SZ][2];
                                                   // [i][0] => adjNodeID; [i][1] => edgeWeight
25 };
26 struct _GraphNode {
27    int id;
                                                   // Unique ID per node
       int key;
28
                                                   // To be used in Prim's algo
29
       size_t adjSize;
30
       BOOL heapCutSet;
31 };
32
33 /** Min-Heap implementation */
34 #define HEAP_DTYPE GraphNode
35
36 typedef int (*compare func)(int, int);
37 typedef struct _MinHeap MinHeap;
38
39 struct _MinHeap {
40
       size_t size;
       HEAP_DTYPE *arr[GRAPH_SZ];
int idxMap[GRAPH_SZ]; // Internal mapping: GraphNode.id => Min-Heap.index
41
42
43 };
44
45 static inline void heap_swap_data(MinHeap *heap, size_t i1, size_t i2) {
46
        // Update internal mappings
       heap->idxMap[heap->arr[i1]->id] = i2;
47
48
       heap->idxMap[heap->arr[i2]->id] = i1;
49
50
       HEAP_DTYPE *temp
       temp = heap->arr[i1]; heap->arr[i1] = heap->arr[i2]; heap->arr[i2] = temp;
51
52
53
54
   void heap_init(MinHeap *heap, HEAP_DTYPE **arr, size_t size) {
55
       heap->size = size;
56
       memcpy(heap->arr, arr, size * sizeof(HEAP_DTYPE *));
57
58
       // Build internal index map
59
       int i;
       for (i = 0; i < heap->size; i++)
60
            heap->idxMap[heap->arr[i]->id] = i;
61
62 }
63
64
   * Recursively min-heapify a node at index idx
65
    * @heap:
                    The heap to use
66
    * @idx:
67
                    Index of node to min-heapify
   */
68
69
   void min_heapify(MinHeap *heap, size_t idx) {
       int \overline{l}t = 2 * idx + 1;
70
       int rt = \frac{1}{2} * (idx + \frac{1}{1});
71
72
       int min;
73
74
       if (lt < heap->size && heap->arr[idx]->key > heap->arr[lt]->key)
75
           min = lt;
76
       else
77
            min = idx;
78
       if (rt < heap->size && heap->arr[min]->key > heap->arr[rt]->key)
79
           min = rt;
```

```
80
 81
        if (idx != min) {
 82
             heap_swap_data(heap, idx, min);
 83
             min_heapify(heap, min);
 84
 85 }
 86
 87
     * Builds a min-heap out of the given heap
 88
    * @heap:
 89
                     The heap to use
 90
                     Size of the array
       @asz:
 91
 92 void build_min_heap(MinHeap *heap) {
        int i;
for (i = heap->size / 2 - 1; i >= 0; i--)
 93
 94
 95
             min_heapify(heap, i);
 96 }
 97
 98 HEAP_DTYPE * heap_extract_min(MinHeap *heap) {
 99
        if (heap->size == 0) return NULL;
100
        HEAP_DTYPE *node = heap->arr[0];
101
102
        heap_swap_data(heap, 0, heap->size - 1);
103
        heap->size--; min_heapify(heap, ∅);
104
105
        return node;
106
107
108 /** Parent index */
109 #define PIDX(x) (((x)-1)/2)
110
111 void heap_decrease_key(MinHeap *heap, HEAP_DTYPE *node, int nkey) {
112
        if (nkey > node->key) return;
113
114
        node->key = nkey;
115
        int i = heap->idxMap[node->id];
116
117
        while (i > ∅ && nkey < heap->arr[PIDX(i)]->key)
118
             heap_swap_data(heap, i, PIDX(i)); i = PIDX(i);
119
        }
120 }
121
122 Graph * graph_create() {
        Graph *graph = (Graph *) malloc(sizeof(Graph));
123
124
        size_t i;
        for (i = 0; i < GRAPH_SZ; ++i)
125
126
             graph->nodeList[i] = NULL;
127
        graph->size = 0; return graph;
128
129
130 void graph_destroy(Graph *graph) {
131
        size_t i;
        for (i = 0); i < graph->size; i++) {
132
133
             free(graph->nodeList[i]);
134
             graph->nodeList[i] = NULL;
135
136
        graph->size = 0; free(graph);
137
138 }
139
140 GraphNode * graph_create_node(const int _id) {
141     GraphNode *node = (GraphNode *) malloc(sizeof(GraphNode));
        node->id = id; node->key = 0; node->adjSize = 0;
142
143
        node->heapCutSet = FALSE; return node;
144
145
146
    static void prim_init(Graph *graph, MinHeap *heap) {
        if (graph == NULL || graph->size == 0)
147
148
             return;
149
150
        size_t i;
        for (i = 0; i < graph->size; i++) {
    // Emulate positive infinity
151
152
153
             graph->nodeList[i]->key = INT_MAX;
154
             graph->nodeList[i]->heapCutSet = FALSE;
155
156
        graph->nodeList[0]->key = 0;
157
158
        heap_init(heap, graph->nodeList, graph->size);
```

```
159
        build_min_heap(heap);
160 }
161
162 void prim_print_mst(Graph *graph, MinHeap *heap, void (*callback)(HEAP_DTYPE *)) {
        prim_init(graph, heap);
163
164
        size_t i, wt;
GraphNode *node, *adj_node;
165
166
167
168
        while (heap->size) {
169
             node = heap_extract_min(heap);
170
             node->heapCutSet = TRUE; callback(node);
171
172
             // Iterate through adjacent nodes
             for (i = 0; i < node->adjSize; i++) {
    adj_node = graph->nodeList[graph->adjList[node->id][i][0]];
173
174
175
                 wt = graph->adjList[node->id][i][1];
176
177
                 if (wt < adj_node->key && !adj_node->heapCutSet)
178
                      heap_decrease_key(heap, adj_node, wt);
179
             }
180
        }
181 }
182
183 #define _scand(n) scanf("%d", &(n))
184 void graph_input(Graph *graph) {
185
        int vs, asz, vi, i, j;
186
187
         _scand(vs);
                                            // Number of vertices
        graph->size = vs;
188
        for (i = 0; i < vs; ++i) {
189
              scand(asz);
                                            // Adjacency list size
190
             GraphNode *node = graph_create_node(i);
191
             node->adjSize = asz;
192
193
             for (j = 0; j < asz; ++j) {
194
                  scand(vi);
                                            // Scan adjacent node's ID
195
                 graph->adjList[i][j][0] = vi;
196
                                            // Scan edge weight for the adjacent node
                  _scand(vi);
197
                 graph->adjList[i][j][1] = vi;
198
199
200
             graph->nodeList[i] = node;
201
        }
202 }
203
204 static void print_utility(HEAP_DTYPE *node) { printf("%d ", node->id); }
205
206 /** Driver function */
207 int main(int argc, char const *argv[]) {
        Graph *graph = graph_create();
208
209
        MinHeap heap;
210
        printf("Enter graph data:\n");
211
        graph_input(graph);
212
213
        printf("\nMST result:\n");
214
        prim_print_mst(graph, &heap, print_utility);
printf("\n"); graph_destroy(graph);
215
216
217
218
        return ∅;
219 }
220
```