

abstract

Java

a)  $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{function [no body, only signature]} \\ \text{class [no object creation allowed]} \end{array} \right\}$

eg) class C {

abstract void fun();

void fun1() {

}

}

C++

pure virtual function  
class C {

virtual void fun() = 0;

void fun1() {

}

}

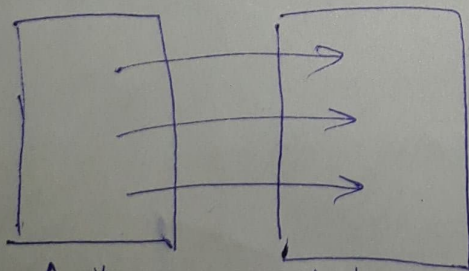
Q) Does being an abstract fn means class needs to be abstract? True

[Bcoz if we create object of class with abstract function it would result to a runtime error]

Q) Does being abstract class you need have abstract function? False

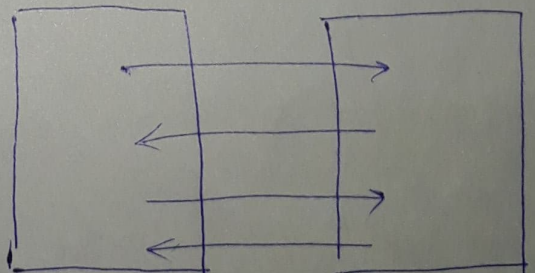
[Not necessary as we can have abstract class without an abstract function.]

→ When we derive an abstract class containing abstract fn's either you provide ~~you provide~~ definition for the abstract fn's or you yourself become abstract.



Application Library

One-to-one



Application Framework

So we basically implement a Framework by using the concept of abstract

Can we have a constructor for abstract class?

```

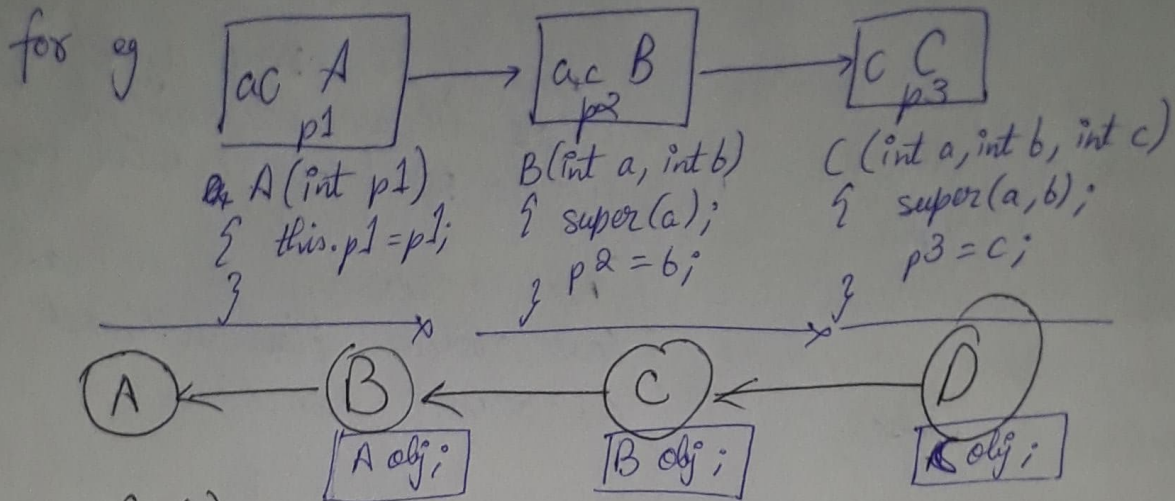
y ac P {
    p1, p2;
    a & fun();
}

C: P {
    p3, p4;
    fun() { }
}
    
```

`C c = new C();` ← This would have p1, p2, p3, p4

[P's constructor will be called, then C's constructor will be called.]

- Destructor's would be fired in opposite direction.



main()  
`D d = new D();`

O/P:

```

A
B
A
C
A
B
A
D
A
B
A
C
A
B
A
    
```