

Topological Equivariant Artist Model

March 21, 2022

Hannah Aizenman, Tom Caswell, Michael Grossberg

Mathematical Data Abstraction

Fiber Bundles "unified, dimension-independent framework" that expresses data as the mapping between continuity and fields

[butlerVectorBundleClassesForm1992,
butlerVisualizationModelBased1989]

Category Theory Language express constraints in specifications
[wielsManagementEvolvingSpecifications1998]

Sheaves on Bundles "algebraic data structure" for representing data over topological spaces

[ghristElementaryAppliedTopology2014]

Fiber Bundle



Sections

$$\Gamma(U, E|_U) := \{\tau: U \rightarrow E|_U \mid \pi(\tau(k)) = k \text{ for all } k \in U\}$$

Locally Trivial for every point $k \in K$, there exists an open neighborhood $k \in U \subseteq K$ s.t. there is a homeomorphism $\pi^{-1}(U) \xrightarrow{\eta} U \times F$

(Globally) Trivial $E = K \times F$

Presheaf: $\mathcal{O} : \mathcal{C}^{op} \rightarrow \text{Set}$

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 F \hookrightarrow E & \text{Set} \ni \Gamma(U_1, E|_{U_1}) & \xleftarrow{\iota^*} \Gamma(U_2, E|_{U_2}) \\
 \pi \downarrow \curvearrowright \tau \in \Gamma(K, E) & \uparrow \mathcal{O}_{K,E} & \uparrow \mathcal{O}_{K,E} \\
 K & Ob(\mathcal{K}^{op}) \ni U_1 & \xleftarrow{\iota} U_2
 \end{array}$$

stalk

$$\mathcal{O}_{K,E}|_k \coloneqq \lim_{U \ni k} \Gamma(U, E|_U)$$

$$F_k \subset \mathcal{O}_{K,E}|_k$$

germ

$$\tau(k) \in \mathcal{O}_{K,E}|_k$$

Sheaves on Bundles

A sheaf is a presheaf that satisfies the following two axioms [bakerMathsSheaf]

locality

given $U = \bigcup_{i \in I} U_i$ and $\tau^a, \tau^b \in \mathcal{O}(U)$,

if $\tau^a|_{U_i} = \tau^b|_{U_i}$ for each $U_i \in U$ then $\tau^a = \tau^b$

gluing

given $\tau^i \in \mathcal{O}(U_i)$ s.t. $\tau^i|_{U_i \cap U_j} = \tau^j|_{U_i \cap U_j}$ for $U_i, U_j \in U$,
there exists $\tau \in \mathcal{O}(U)$ such that $\tau|_{U_i} = \tau^i$

Data

$$\begin{array}{c} U \\ \downarrow \mathcal{O}_{K,E} \\ \Gamma(U, E|_U) \end{array}$$

- ▶ $F \hookrightarrow E \xrightarrow{\pi} K$
- ▶ $\mathcal{O}_{K,E}: U \mapsto \Gamma(U, E|_U), U \subseteq K$
- ▶ $\tau: U \rightarrow F|_U \in \Gamma(U, E|_U)$
- ▶ $\tau(k) = \{f_0 : v_0, \dots, \}, k \in U$

Graphic

$$\Gamma(W, H|_W)$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \uparrow \\ \mathcal{O}_{S,H} \\ \downarrow \\ W \end{array}$$

- ▶ $D \hookrightarrow H \xrightarrow{\pi} S$
- ▶ $\mathcal{O}_{S,H} : W \mapsto \Gamma(W, E|_W), W \subseteq S$
- ▶ $\rho : W \rightarrow D|_W \in \Gamma(W, H|_W)$
- ▶ $\rho(s) = \{d_0, \dots\}, s \in W$

Function: $\xi : S \rightarrow K$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \Gamma(W, H|_W) & & \\ \uparrow \textcolor{brown}{\circ}_{S,H} & & \\ \overbrace{U \times [0,1]^m}^W & \xrightarrow{\xi} & U \\ & & \downarrow \textcolor{brown}{\circ}_{K,E} \\ & & \Gamma(U, E|_U) \end{array}$$

Pullback: data to region of the visualization

$$\begin{array}{ccc} W & \xrightarrow{\xi} & U \\ \downarrow \textcolor{brown}{\mathcal{O}_{S,\xi^*E}} & & \downarrow \textcolor{brown}{\mathcal{O}_{K,E}} \\ \Gamma(W, \xi^*E|_W) & \xleftarrow{\xi^*} & \Gamma(U, E|_U) \end{array}$$

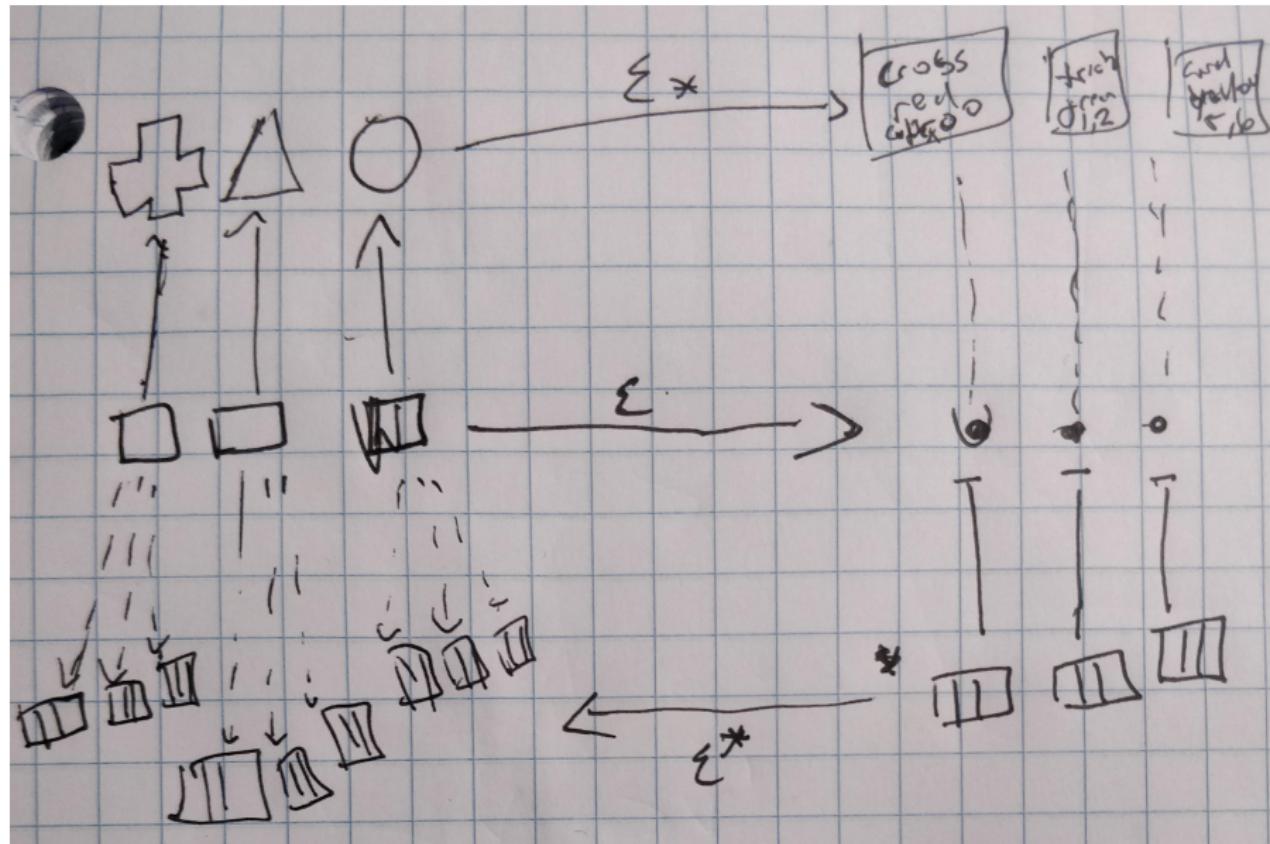
- ▶ $\xi^*F \hookrightarrow \xi^*E \xrightarrow{\pi} S$
- ▶ $\xi^*\mathcal{O}_{K,E}: W \mapsto \Gamma(W, \xi^*E|_W), W \subseteq S$
- ▶ $\xi^*\tau: W \rightarrow \xi^*F|_W \in \Gamma(W, \xi^*E|_W)$
- ▶ $\xi^*\tau(s) = \tau(\xi(s)) = \tau(k)$

Pushforward: visualization to index of data

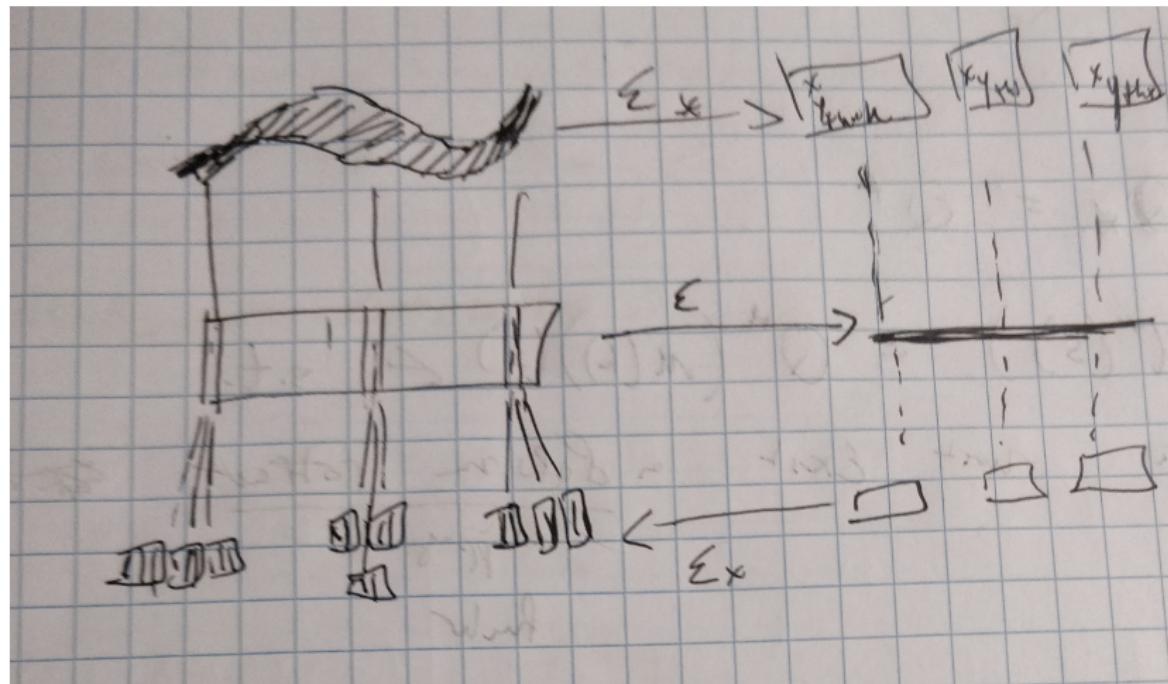
$$\begin{array}{ccc} \Gamma(W, H|_W) & \xrightarrow{\xi_*} & \Gamma(U, \xi_* H|_U) \\ \uparrow \mathcal{O}_{S,H} & & \uparrow \mathcal{O}_{K, \xi_* H} \\ W & \xrightarrow{\xi} & U \end{array}$$

- ▶ $\xi_* D \hookrightarrow \xi_* H \xrightarrow{\pi} K$
- ▶ $\xi_* \mathcal{O}_{S,H} : U \mapsto \Gamma(U, \xi_* H|_U), U \subseteq K$
- ▶ $\xi_* \rho : U \rightarrow \xi_* D|_U \in \Gamma(U, \xi_* H|_U)$
- ▶ $\xi_* \rho(k) = \rho|_{\xi^{-1}(k)} = \rho(s) \forall s \in \xi^{-1}(k)$

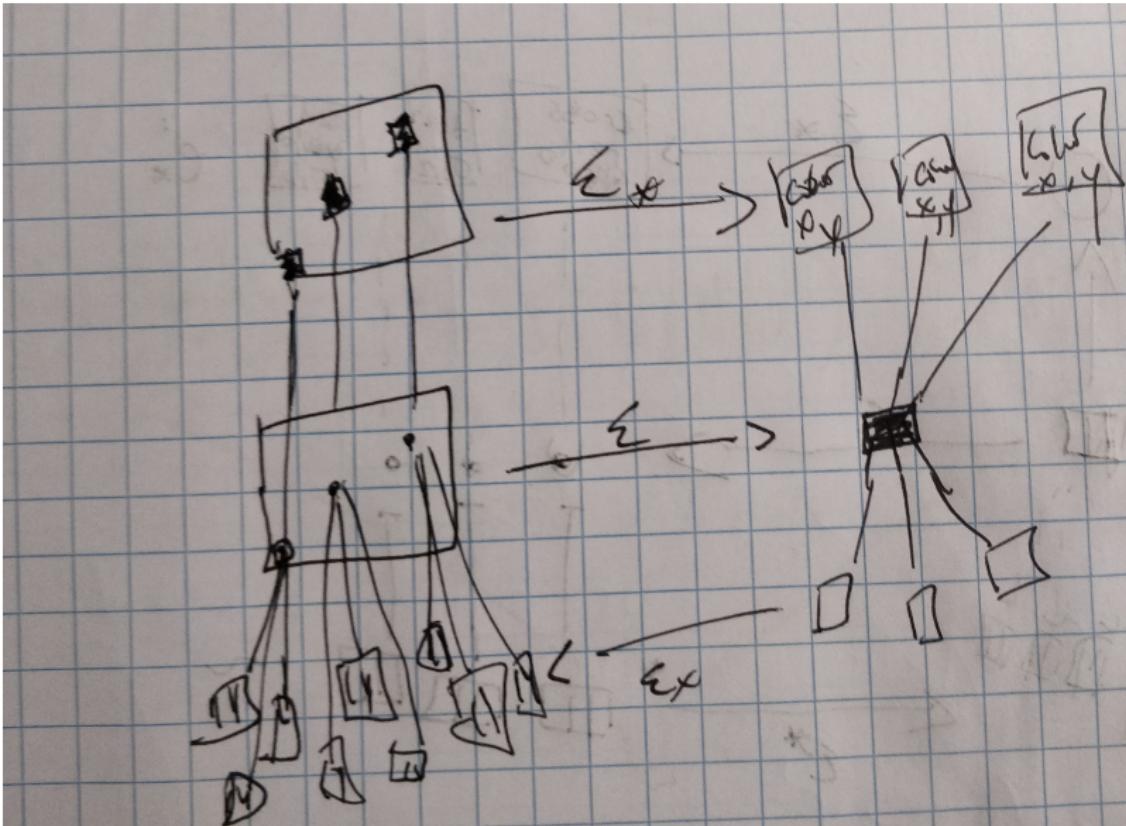
Example: Scatter Plot



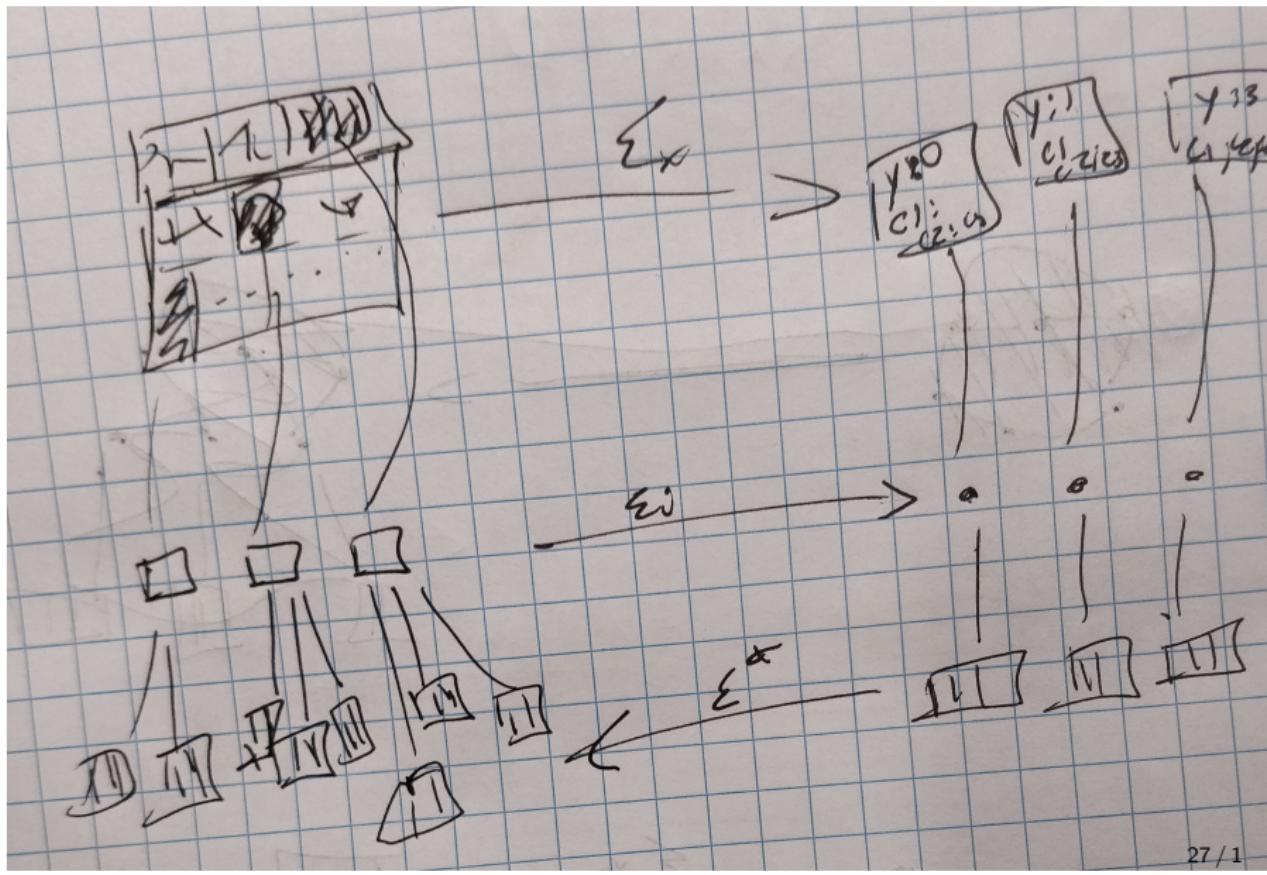
Example: Line Plot



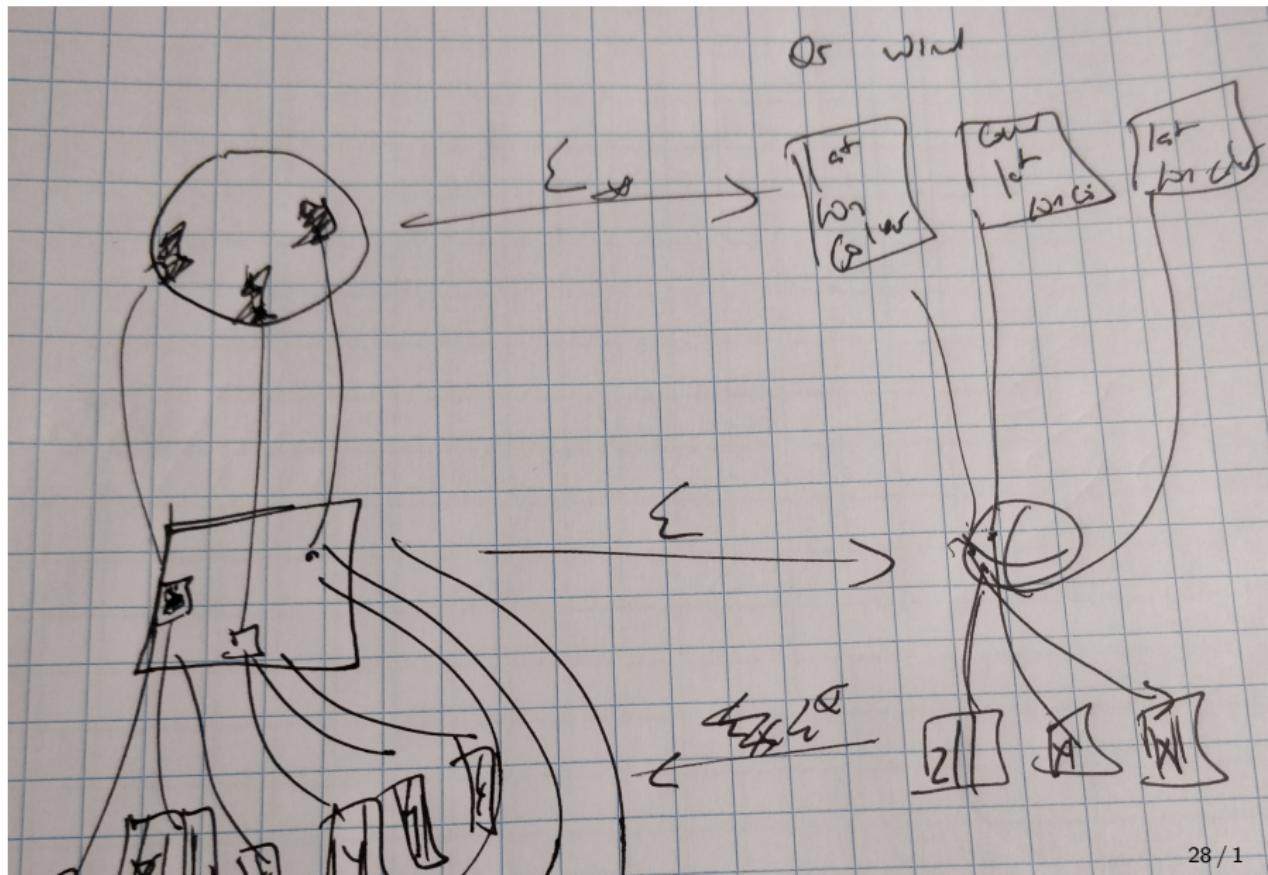
Example: Image



Example: Heatmap



Example: Sphere



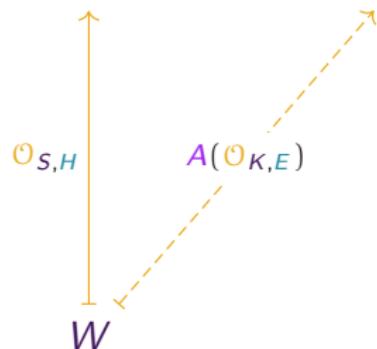
Artist: $A : \mathcal{O}_{K,E} \rightarrow \mathcal{O}_{S,H}$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \mathcal{O}_{S,H} & \xrightarrow{\xi_*} & \xi_* \mathcal{O}_{S,H} \\ A_W \uparrow \parallel & \nwarrow A & \uparrow A_U \\ \xi^* \mathcal{O}_{K,E} & \xleftarrow{\xi^*} & \mathcal{O}_{K,E} \end{array}$$

$$Nat_W(\xi^* \mathcal{O}_{K,E}, \mathcal{O}_{S,H}) = Nat_U(\mathcal{O}_{K,E}, \xi_* \mathcal{O}_{S,H})$$

Reachable ρ ?

$$\Gamma(W, H|_W) \supset Im_A(W, H|_W)$$



Output Subtype

$$Im_A(W, H|_W) = \{\rho \mid \exists \tau \in \Gamma(U, E|_U) \text{ s.t. } A(\tau) = \rho, \xi(W) = U\}$$

Transform Data

Fiber Category

The fiber F is a monoidal category (single object w/ bicartesian product operator on category) of an arbitrary type \mathcal{C} . The morphisms on the fiber are $\tilde{\phi} \in Hom(F, F)$

Fiber Bundle Category

object $F \hookrightarrow E \xrightarrow{\pi} K$

morphisms $\phi : (\hat{\phi}, \tilde{\phi})$

$$\phi = (\hat{\phi}, \tilde{\phi})$$

$$\begin{array}{ccccc}
\Gamma(U, E|_U) & \xrightarrow{\hat{\phi}^*} & \Gamma(U', \hat{\phi}^* E|_{U'}) & \xrightarrow{\tilde{\phi}} & \Gamma(U', \hat{\phi}^* E|_{U'}) \\
\textcolor{brown}{\circlearrowleft} \textcolor{brown}{\mathcal{O}_{K,E}} & & \textcolor{brown}{\circlearrowleft} \textcolor{brown}{\mathcal{O}_{K,\hat{\phi}^* E}} & & \textcolor{brown}{\nearrow} \textcolor{brown}{\mathcal{O}_{K,\hat{\phi}^* E}} \\
U & \xleftarrow{\hat{\phi}} & U' & &
\end{array}$$

Base Transformation: $\hat{\phi} : U' \rightarrow U$ where $U, U' \subseteq K$,

$$\hat{\phi}^* \tau|_U : \tau \mapsto \tau|_U \circ \hat{\phi}$$

Fiber Transformation:

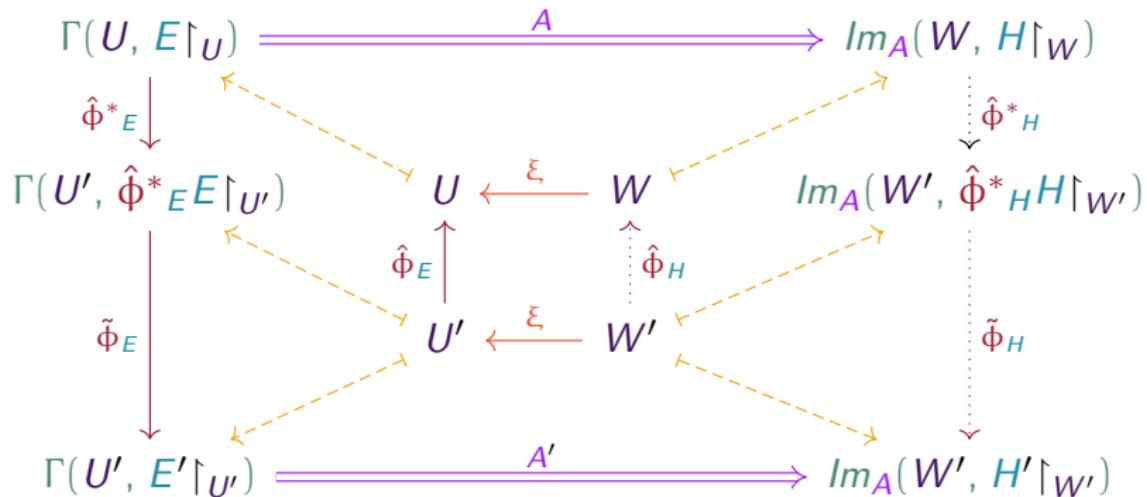
$$\tilde{\phi} : \hat{\phi}^* E_{k'} \rightarrow \hat{\phi}^* E_{k'} \in \text{Hom}(\hat{\phi}^* F|_k, F|_k), k' \in U'$$

$$\tilde{\phi} : \hat{\phi}^* \tau|_U \mapsto \hat{\phi}^* \tau'|_U, \tau, \tau' \in \Gamma(U', \hat{\phi}^* E|_{U'})$$

$$\text{Section Transform: } \phi : \tau|_U \mapsto \hat{\phi}^* \tau'|_U$$

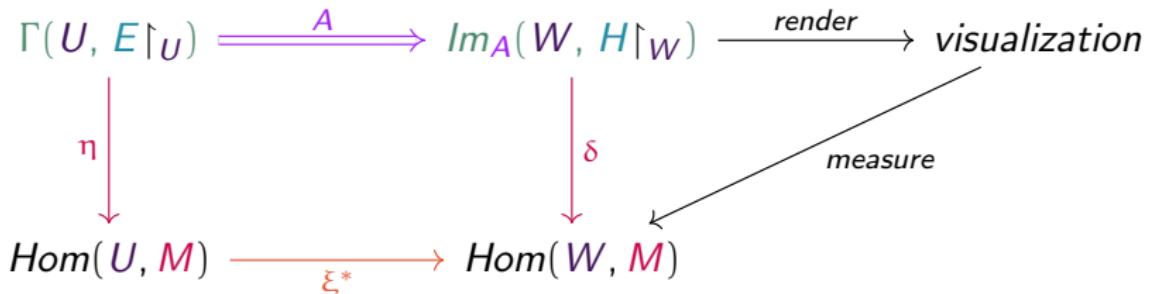
Equivariant Artist

(A, A') are equivariant with respect to ϕ_E if a compatible transform ϕ_H can be defined such that



Testing if A is equivariant

M is a (scalar, vector) measurable component (e.g. color, position, shape, texture, rotation,) of the rendered visual element.



input $\eta : \tau \mapsto (U \xrightarrow{\eta_\tau} M)$

output $\delta : \rho \mapsto (W \xrightarrow{\delta_\rho} M)$

$$\eta_\tau(k) = \delta_\rho(s) \text{ for all } \xi(s) = k, k \in K, s \in S$$

Using output ρ to check if A is equivariant

$$\begin{array}{ccccc}
 \Gamma(U, E|_U) & \xrightarrow{A} & \text{Im}_A(W, H|_W) & \xrightarrow{\delta} & \text{Hom}(W, M) \\
 \Phi_E \downarrow & & \Phi_H \downarrow & & \downarrow \Phi_M \\
 \Gamma(U', E'|_{U'}) & \xrightarrow{A} & \text{Im}_A(W', H'|_{W'}) & \xrightarrow{\delta} & \text{Hom}(W', M')
 \end{array}$$

$$A'(\tilde{\phi}_E(\tau(\hat{\phi}_E(\xi(s'))))) = \tilde{\phi}_H(A(\tau(\xi(\hat{\phi}_H(s')))))$$

$$\delta(\tilde{\phi}_H(\rho(\hat{\phi}_H)))(s') = \phi_M(\delta(\rho))(s') = \delta_{\tilde{\phi}_H \rho}(s')$$

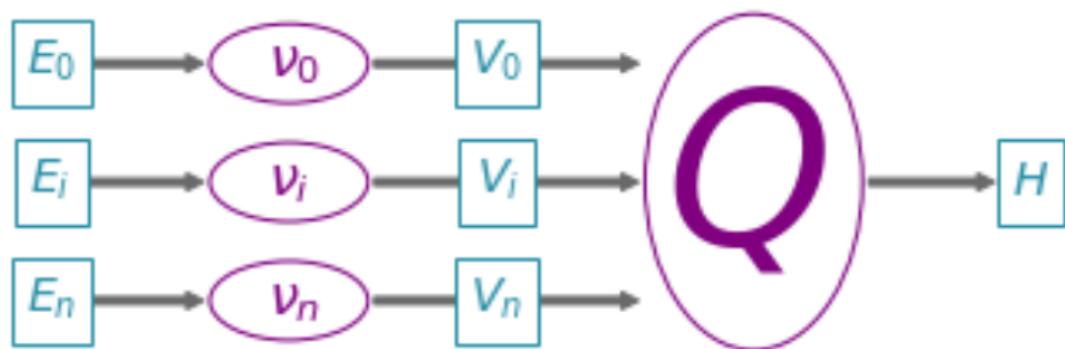
Using input τ to check if A is equivariant

$$\begin{array}{ccccc}
 & & \eta & & \\
 & \nearrow & & \searrow & \\
 \Gamma(U, E|_U) & \xrightarrow{A} & Im_A(W, H|_W) & \xrightarrow{\xi^{-1} \circ \delta} & Hom(U, M) \\
 \Phi_E \downarrow & & \Phi_H \downarrow & & \downarrow \Phi_M \\
 \Gamma(U', E'|_{U'}) & \xrightarrow{A} & Im_A(W', H'|_{W'}) & \xrightarrow{\xi^{-1} \circ \delta} & Hom(U', M') \\
 & \searrow & \nearrow & & \\
 & & \eta & &
 \end{array}$$

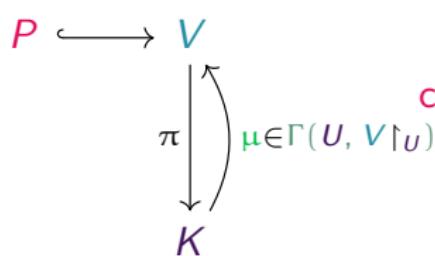
equivariance $\eta(\tilde{\phi}_E(\tau(\hat{\phi}_E)))(k') = \phi_M(\eta(\tau))(k') = \eta_{\tilde{\phi}_E \tau}(k')$ for all $k' \in K'$

continuity $\lim_{x \rightarrow k} \eta_\tau(x) = \eta_\tau(k)$ for all $k \in K$

Building an equivariant A ?



Typed Measurable Visual Components: V



Data V continuity + visual fields

Continuity K data continuity

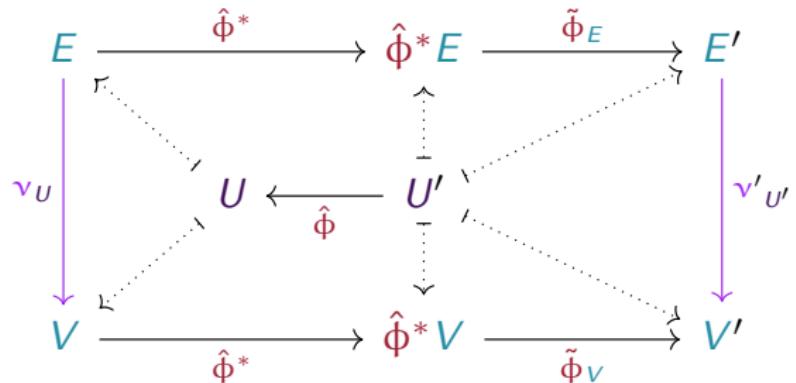
components P visual components

[berlinIIPropertiesGraphic2011]

of a graphic, e.g. x and y
position, area, color, line
thickness

visual components $\Gamma(U, V|_U) := \{\mu : U \rightarrow V|_U \mid \pi(\mu(k)) = k \text{ for all } k \in U\}$

Data to Visual Transformation: $\nu : E \rightarrow V$



Given $\tau(k) = \tau(\hat{\phi}(k'))$ and $\mu(k) = \mu(\hat{\phi}(k'))$

equivariance $\tilde{\phi}_V(\nu_U(\tau)) = \nu_U(\tilde{\phi}_E(\tau))$, $\nu_U = \nu'_U$

continuity $\lim_{x \rightarrow k} (\nu(\tau(x))) = \nu(\tau(k))$ for all $k \in K$

Data to Visual Transformation $\nu : F_k \mapsto P_k$

$\pi(E) = \pi(\nu(E))$ and ν is composable s.t

$$\begin{array}{ccc} F_k & \xrightarrow{\nu} & P_k \\ \tilde{\Phi}_E \downarrow & \dashrightarrow & \downarrow \tilde{\Phi}_V \\ F'_k & \xrightarrow{\nu'} & P'_k \end{array}$$

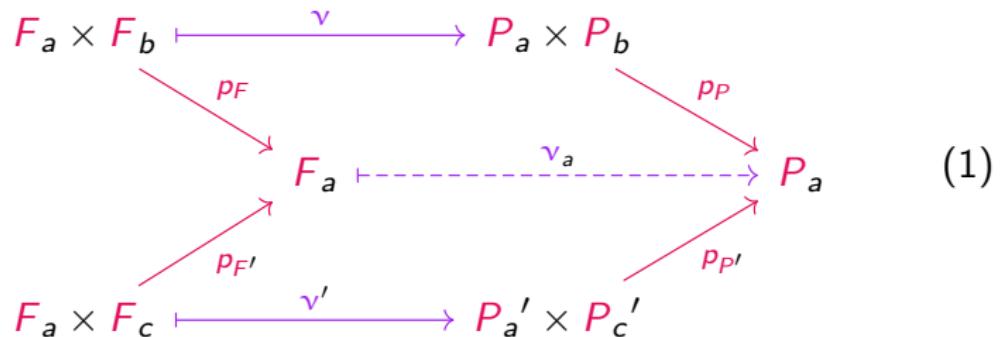
$$\begin{array}{ccc} F_k & \xrightarrow{\nu_E} & P_k := F_k^V \\ \uparrow & \searrow \nu_{E,V} & \downarrow \nu_V \\ & & P_k^V \end{array}$$

$v : \Phi_E \rightarrow \Phi_V$: Stevens' Scales

[stevensTheoryScalesMeasurement1946]

scale	group	constraint
nominal	permutation	$\text{if } r_1 \neq r_2 \text{ then } v(r_1) \neq v(r_2)$
ordinal	monotonic	$\text{if } r_1 \leq r_2 \text{ then } v(r_1) \leq v(r_2)$
interval	translation	$v(r + c) = v(r) + v(c)$
ratio	scaling	$v(r * c) = v(r) * v(c)$

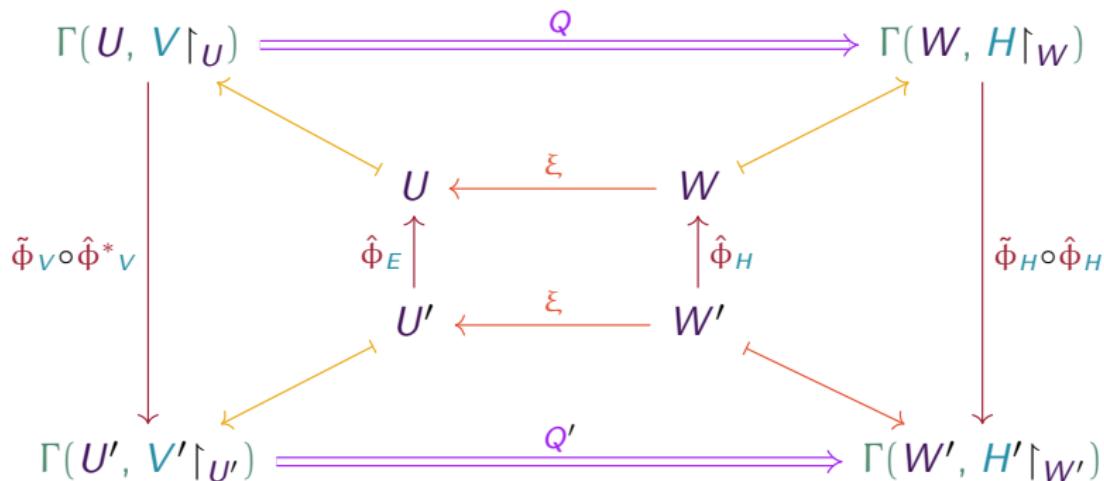
Shared Components: $\nu = \prod_{i=0}^n \nu_i$



Consistent Transformations [hullmanKeeping2018]

if $p_F = p_{F'}$ then $p_P(\nu(\tau)) = p_{P'}(\nu'(\tau'))$ s.t. there exists a transformation $\nu_a : F_a \rightarrow P_a$

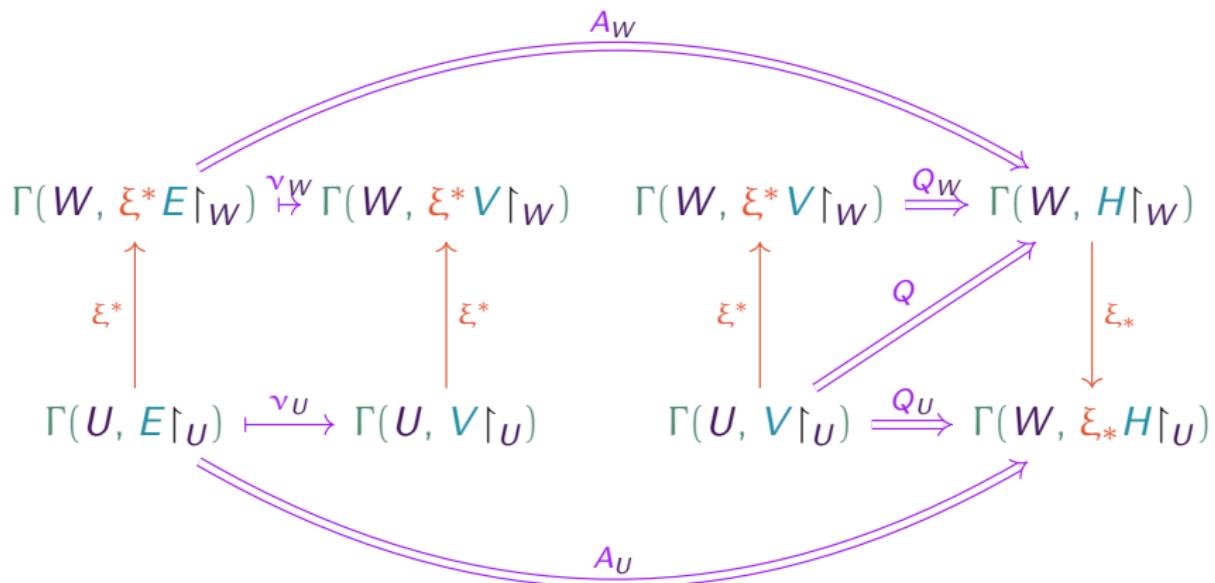
Assembly Q



equivariance

$$Q'(\tilde{\phi}_V(\mu(\hat{\phi}_E(\xi(s'))))) = \tilde{\phi}_H(Q(\mu(\xi(\hat{\phi}_H(s')))))$$

Implementation Choices: $A_U = A_W$



Components to Graphic

