

# HANDS ON WITH DEEP LEARNING AND IOT



You will use fruits for the exercises!



GRACE HOPPER  
CELEBRATION



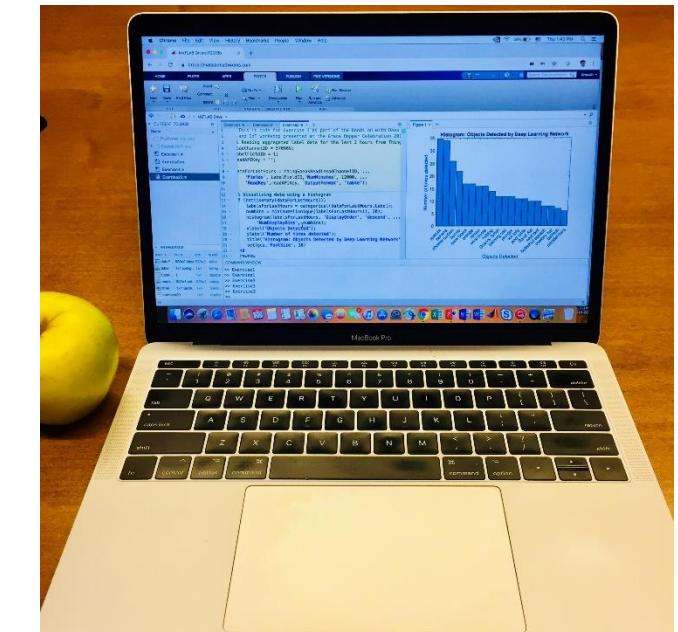
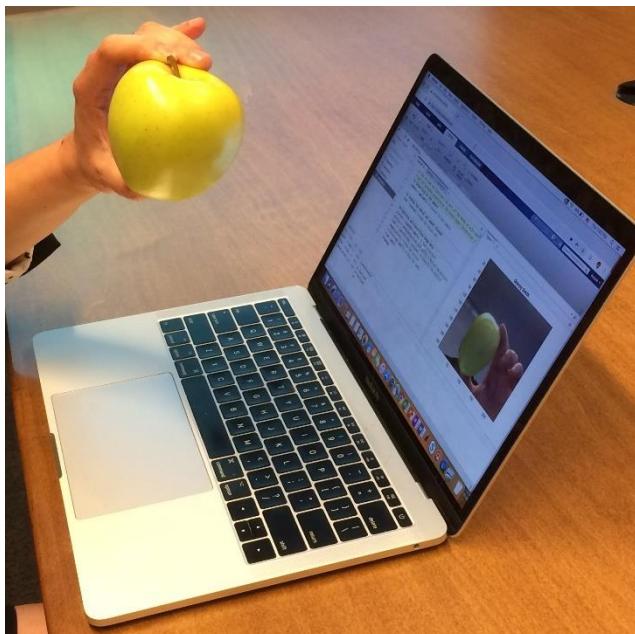
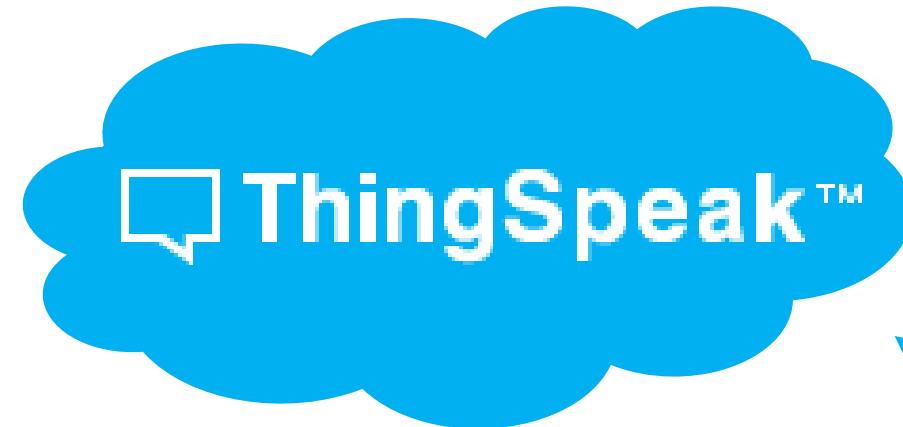
 Shruti Sapre



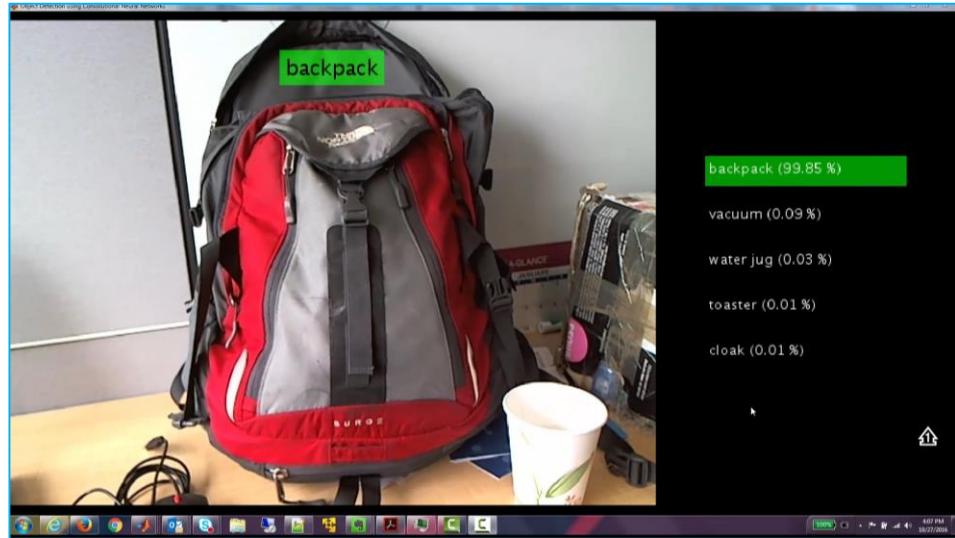
 Madhumitha Raghu



Today, you will see how easy it is  
to get started with deep learning and IoT



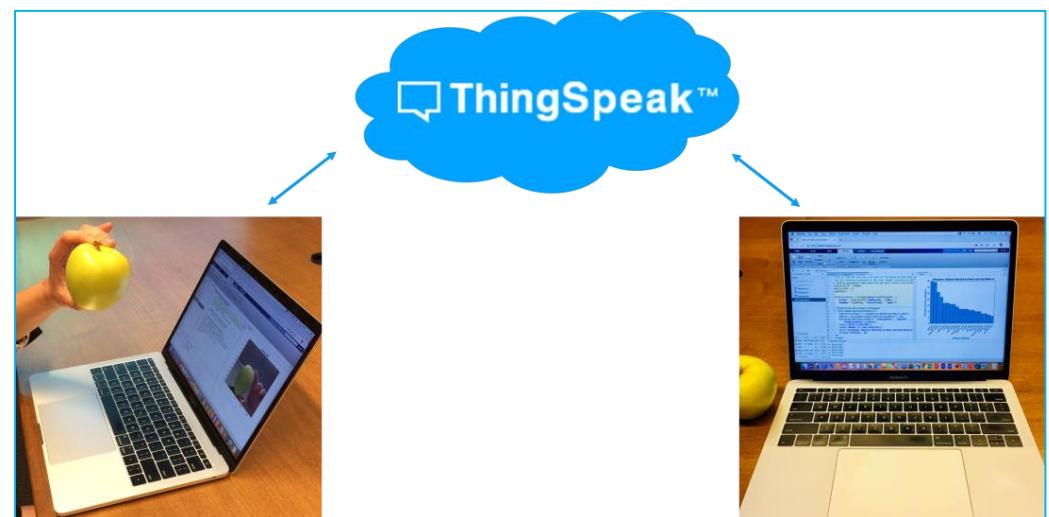
# Workshop plan



MATLAB® Online

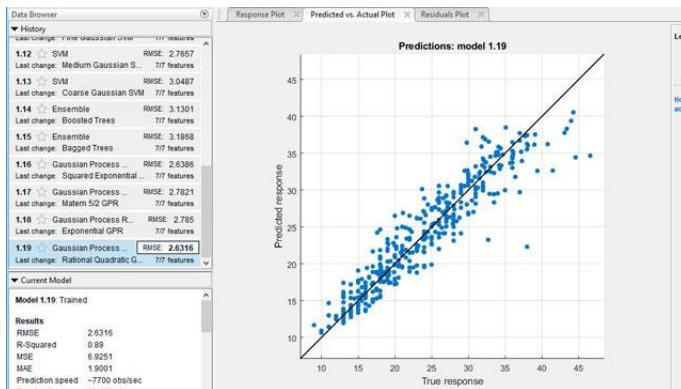
Sign in to your MathWorks Account

Email Address or User ID  
Password  
Forgot Password?

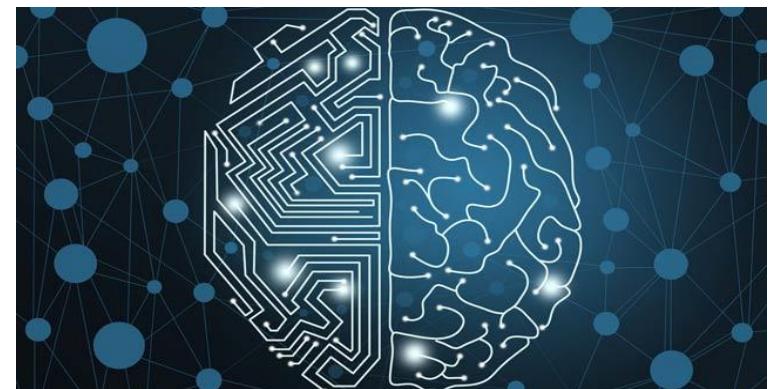




## Artificial intelligence



## Machine learning



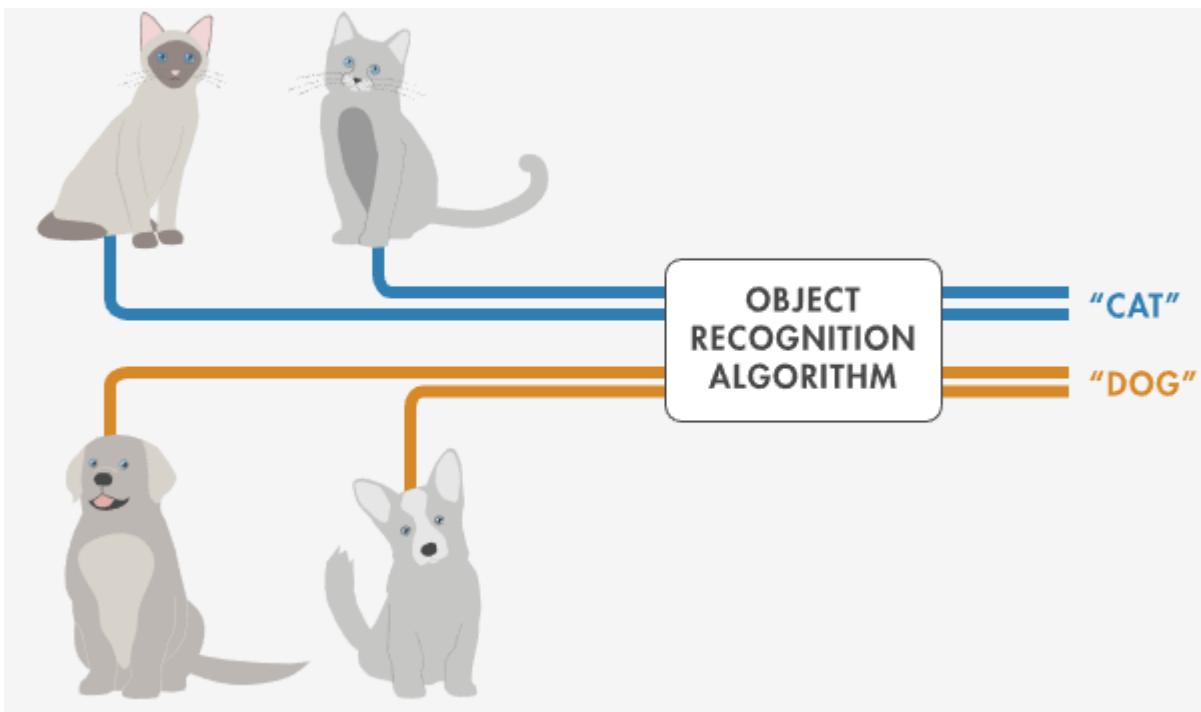
## Deep learning

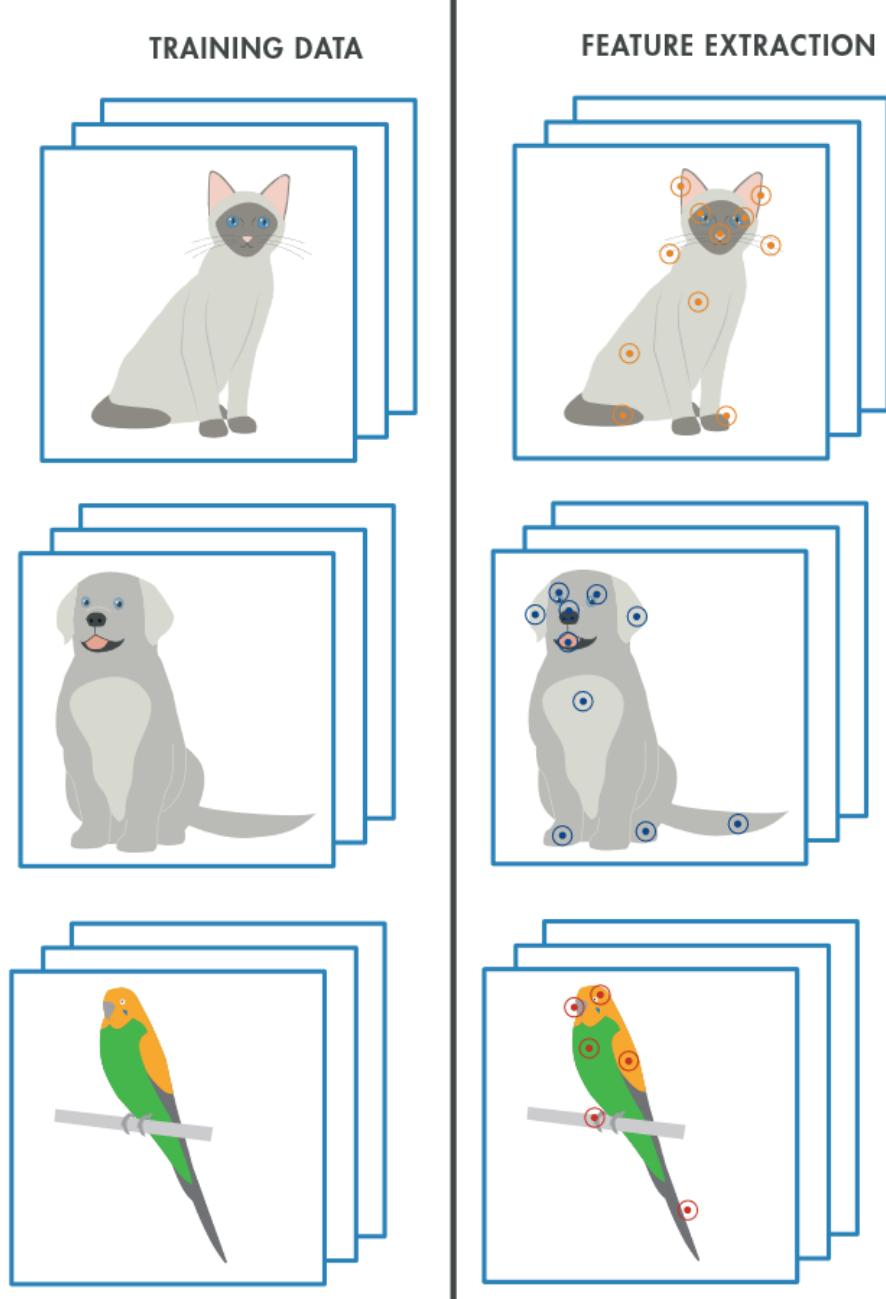
# Artificial intelligence is all around us!



# Machine learning is a set of algorithms which make predictions/decisions

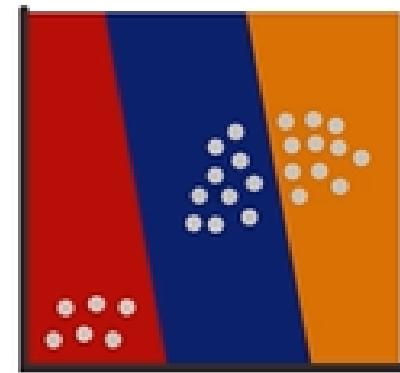
Object recognition application



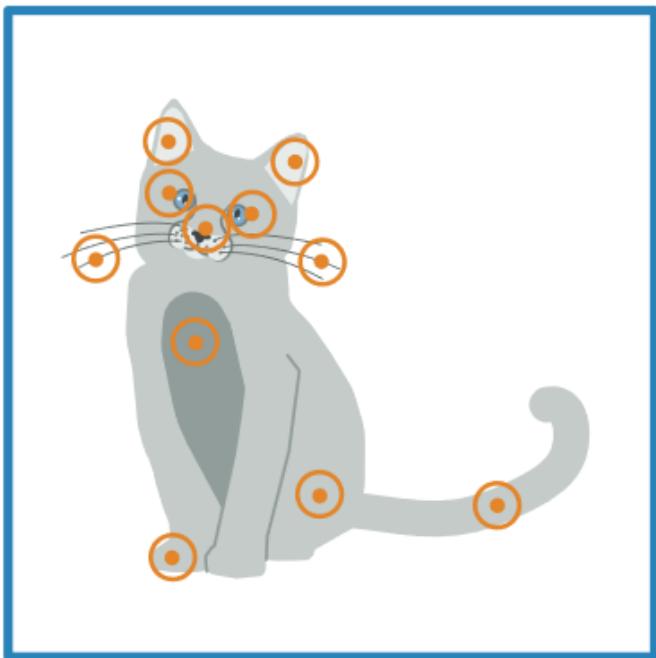


Machine learning is a set of algorithms which make predictions/decisions

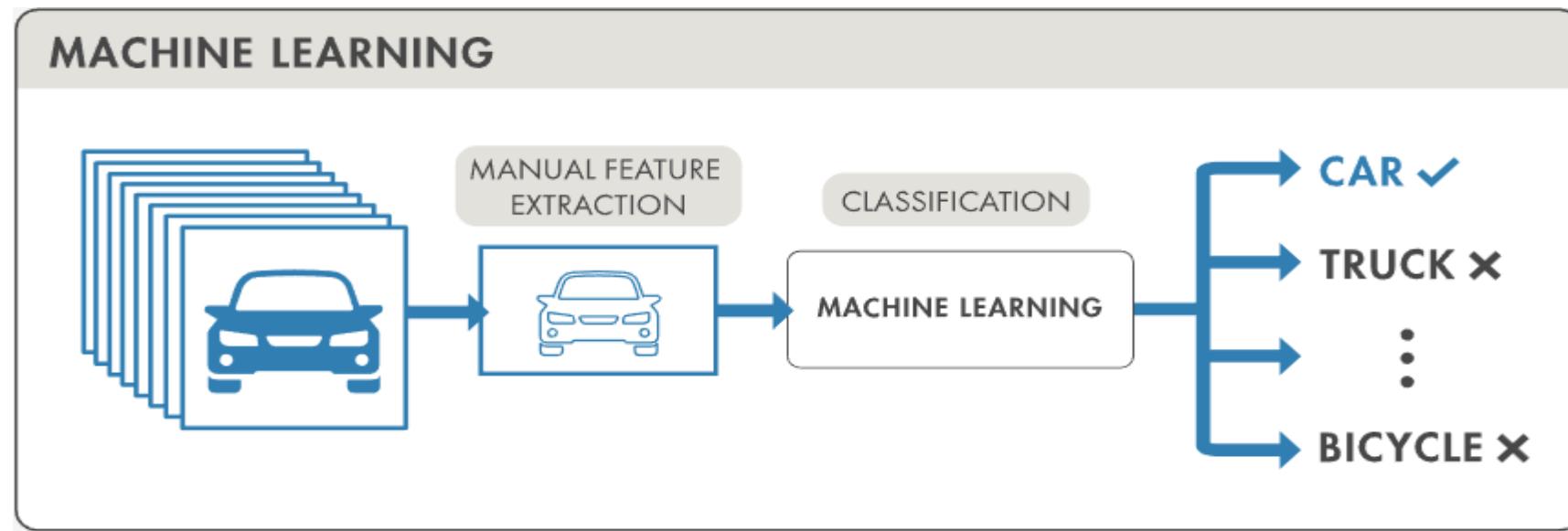
MACHINE LEARNING  
MODEL CLASSIFICATION



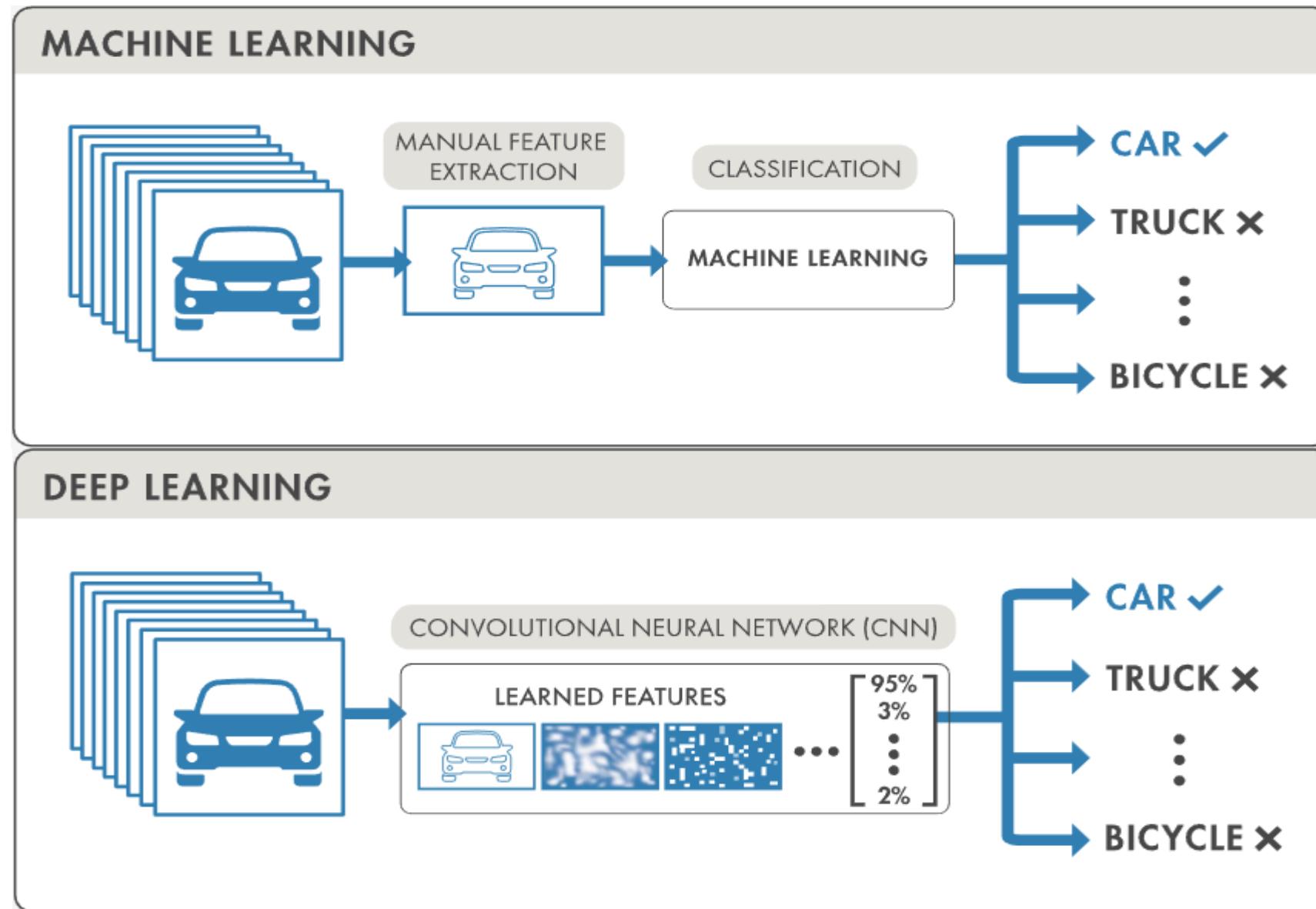
TEST DATA



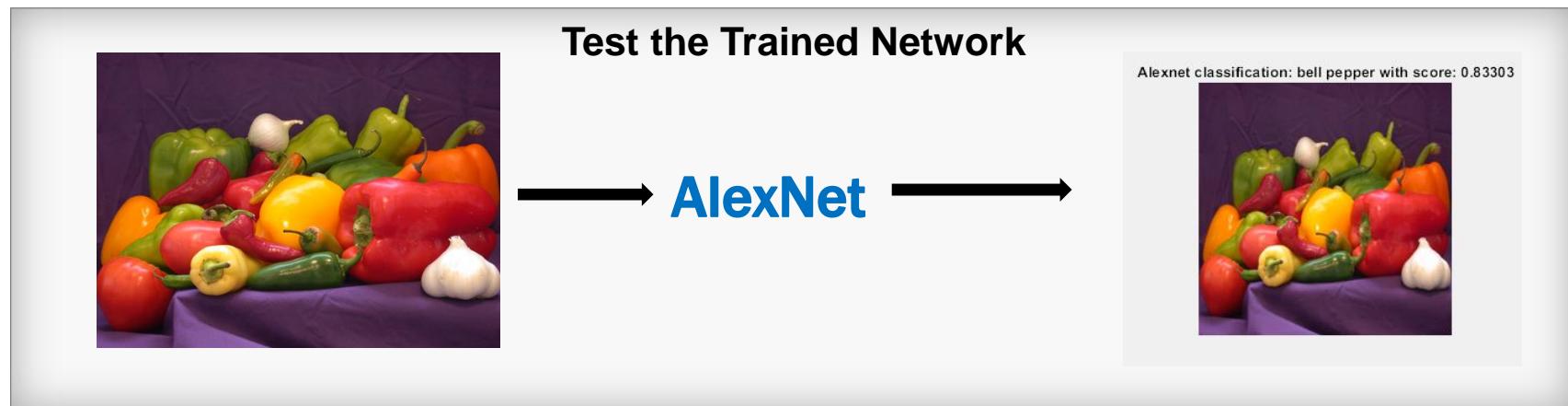
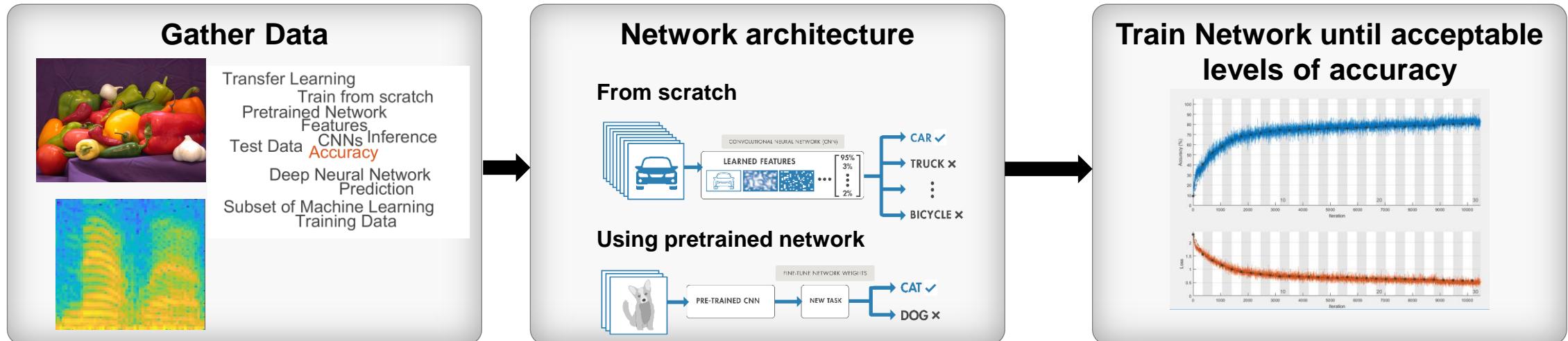
Machine learning is a set of algorithms which make predictions/decisions



# Deep learning intelligently uses the foundation of machine learning



# Deep learning workflow defines the steps for training and testing a deep network



# Pretrained models help get started with deep learning

Researchers created network architectures for classifying hundreds of objects:

**AlexNet**

PRETRAINED MODEL

**ResNet**

PRETRAINED MODEL

**VGG-16/19**

PRETRAINED MODEL

**GoogLeNet**

PRETRAINED MODEL

# Are objects correctly classified all of the time?



TopClasses	Scores
'chocolate sauce'	0.28587
'plate'	0.19347
'frying pan'	0.15759

Several factors can influence what an object is classified as and some of those reasons are listed next.

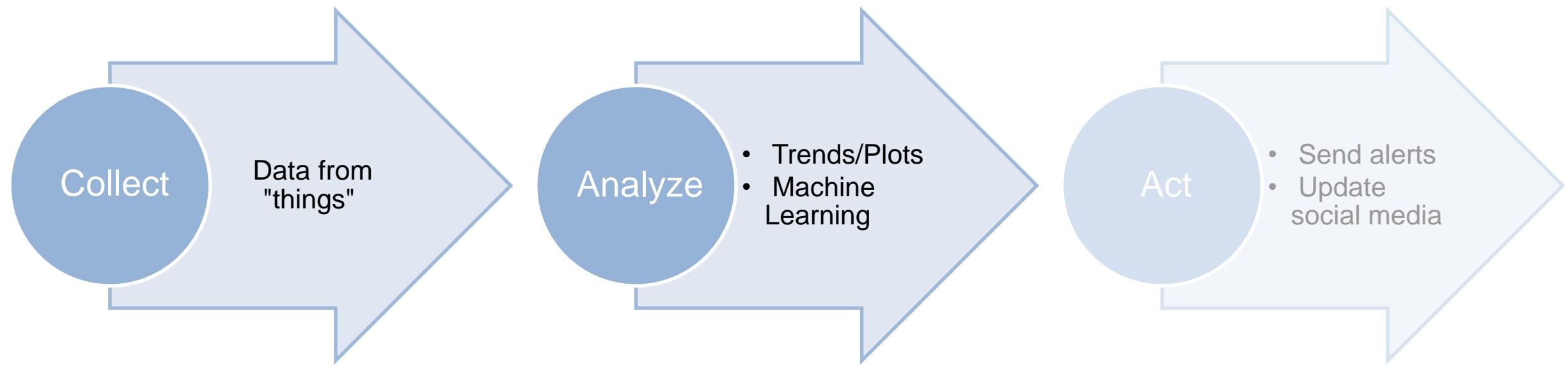
- Lighting
- Position of the object
- Other objects in the image
- Was the network trained for this object?

# What is IoT, the Internet of Things?

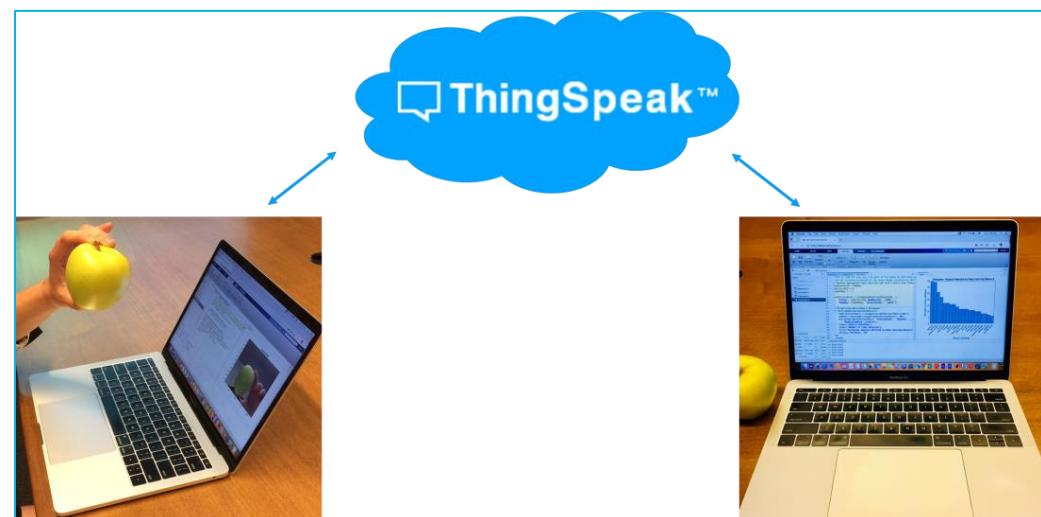
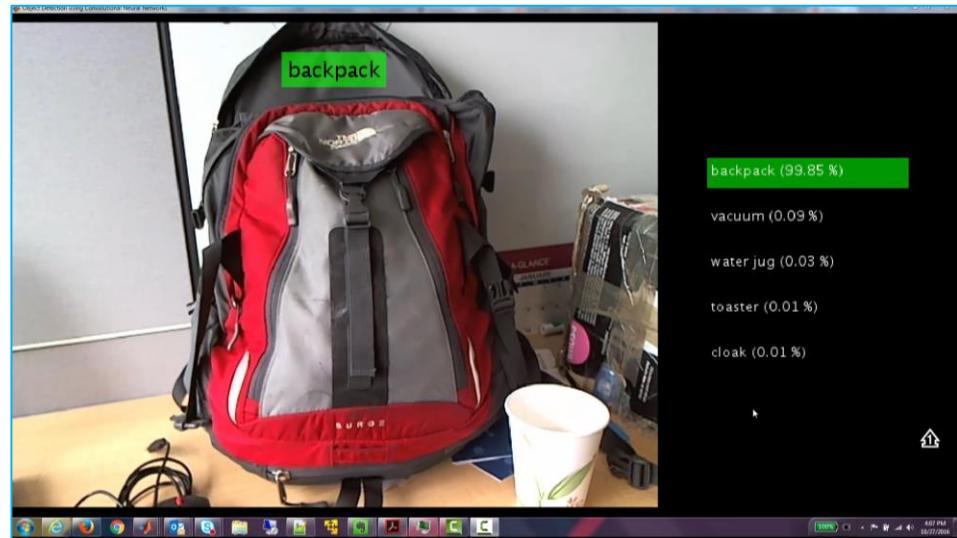


Smart products are already part  
of our everyday lives...

Typical IoT workflow involves collecting and analyzing data, and acting on the results



# We learned about deep learning and IoT, now let's get set up to do hands-on exercises



# Let's complete the setup to do our hands-on exercises

- Create a MathWorks account

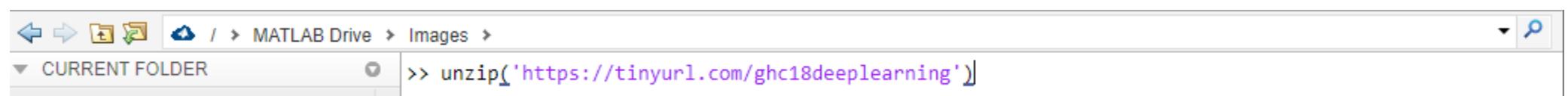
<https://www.mathworks.com/mwaccount/>

- Activate your workshop license

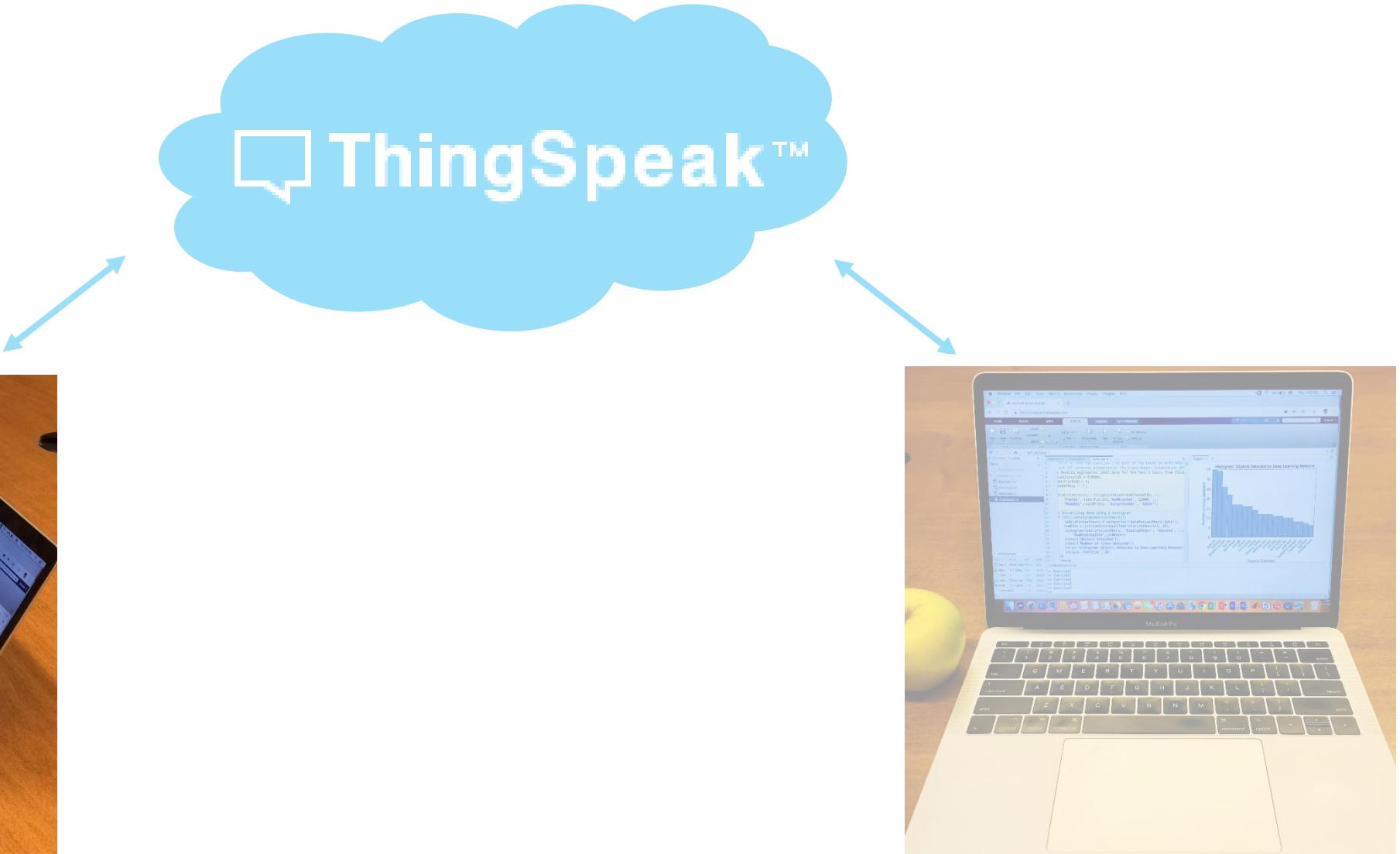
<https://tinyurl.com/StrangeLoop2019License>

- Download the exercises

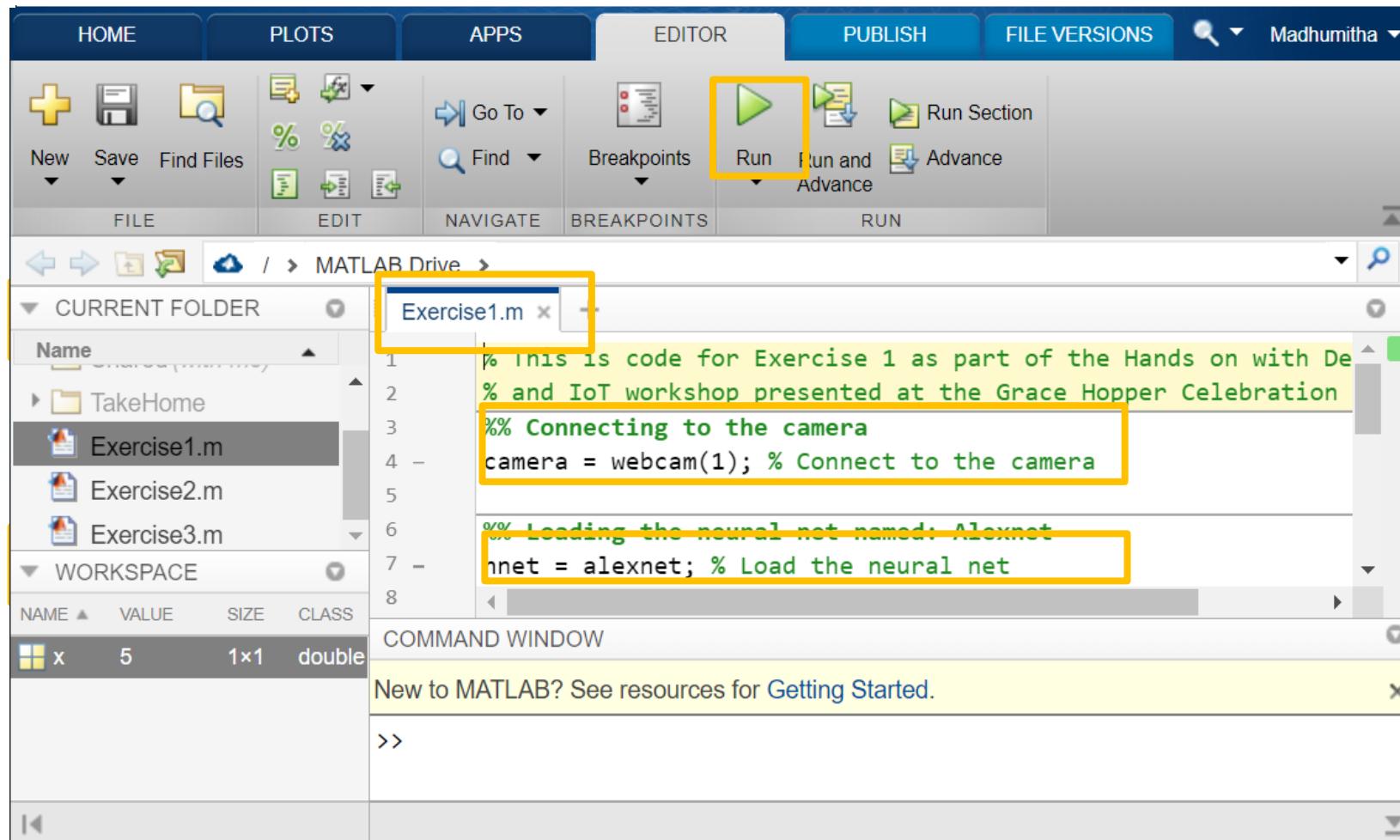
```
unzip('https://tinyurl.com/ghc18deeplearning')
```



# Exercise 1: Let's use a deep network to recognize objects



# MATLAB Online view



# Let's review the code for our first exercise

```
4 - camera = webcam(1); % Connect to the camera
5 -
6 %% Loading the neural net named: Alexnet
7 nnet = alexnet; % Load the neural net
8 -
9 %% Capturing and classifying image data
10 picture = snapshot(camera); % Take a picture
11 picture = imresize(picture,[227,227]); % Resize the picture
12 [label,scores] = classify(nnet, picture); % Classify the picture and
13 % obtain confidence score
14 [sorted_scores,indices]=sort(scores,'descend'); % Sorting scores in
15 % descending order
16 image(picture); % Show the picture
17 title(['Alexnet classification: ',char(label),' score:',...
18 num2str(sorted_scores(1))]); % Show the label
19 clear camera
20 drawnow;
```



# Step 1. Connecting to the camera

```
3    %% Connecting to the camera
4    camera = webcam(1); % Connect to the camera
5
6
7    camera = webcam(1); % Connect to the camera
8
9    %% Capturing and classifying image data
10   picture = snapshot(camera); % Take a picture
11   picture = imresize(picture,[227,227]); % Resize the picture
12   [label,scores] = classify(nnet, picture); % Classify the picture and
13   % obtain confidence score
14   [sorted_scores,indices]=sort(scores,'descend'); % Sorting scores in
15   % descending order
16   image(picture); % Show the picture
17   title(['Alexnet classification: ',char(label),' score:',...
18         num2str(sorted_scores(1))]); % Show the label
19   clear camera
20   drawnow;
```

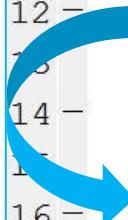
## Step 2. Getting access to a pretrained model (AlexNet)

```
3    %% Connecting to the camera
4    camera = webcam(1); % Connect to the camera
5
6    %% Loading the neural net named: Alexnet
7    nnet = alexnet; % Load the neural net
8
9
10   nnet = alexnet; % Load the neural net
11
12   [label,scores] = classify(pic,Picture); % Classify the picture and
13   % obtain confidence score
14   [sorted_scores,indices]=sort(scores,'descend'); % Sorting scores in
15   % descending order
16   image(picture); % Show the picture
17   title(['Alexnet classification: ',char(label),' score:',...
18         num2str(sorted_scores(1))]); % Show the label
19   clear camera
20   drawnow;
```



# Step 3. Getting a snapshot from the camera and using the pretrained model to classify image data

```
3 %% Connecting to the camera
4 camera = webcam(1); % Connect to the camera
5
6 %% Loading the neural net named: Alexnet
7 nnet = alexnet; % Load the neural net
8
9 %% Capturing and classifying image data
10 picture = snapshot(camera); % Take a picture
11 picture = imresize(picture,[227,227]); % Resize the picture
12 [label,scores] = classify(nnet, picture); % Classify the
13 % obtain confidence score
14 [sorted_scores,indices]=sort(scores,'descend'); % Sortin
15 % descending order
16 image(picture); % Show the picture
17 title(['Alexnet classification: ',char(label),' score: ',
18 num2str(sorted_scores(1))]); % Show the label
19
20
```



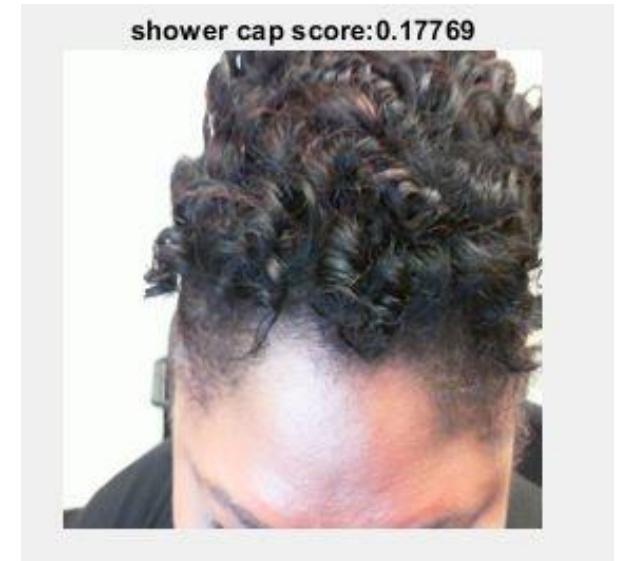
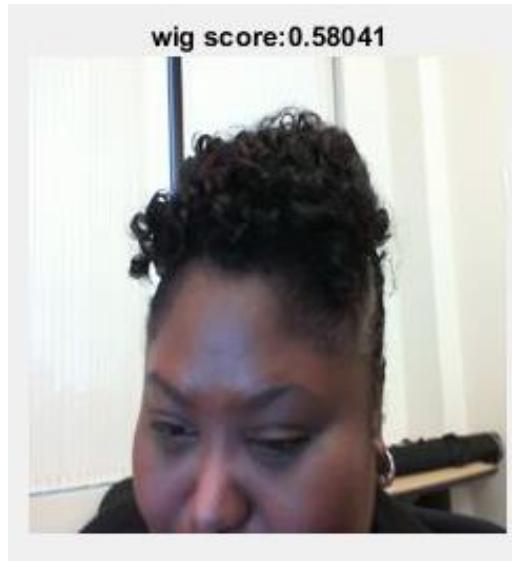
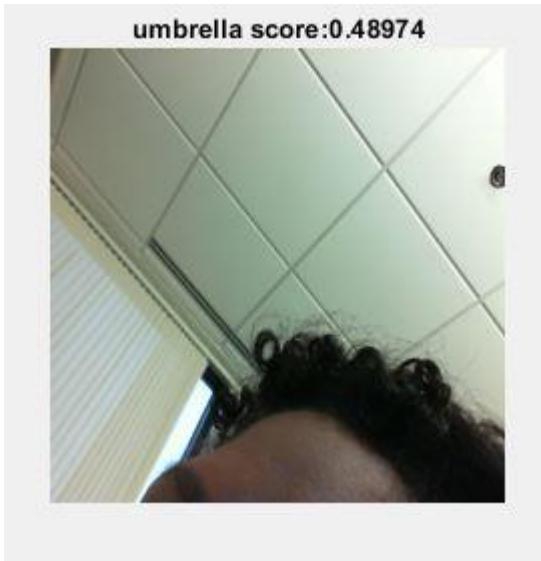
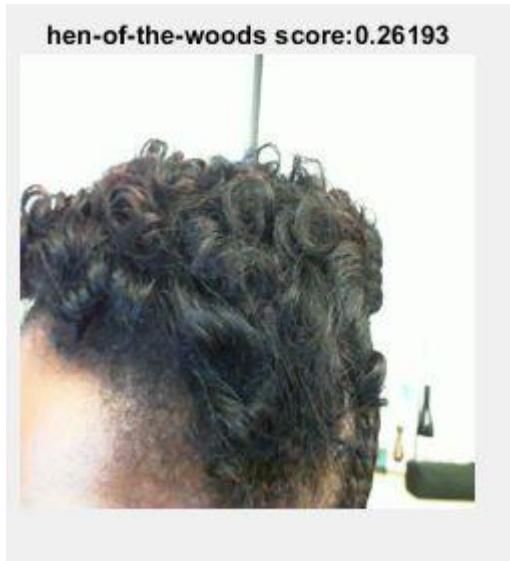
# First exercise: Reminders

Several factors can impact object classification

- Lighting
- Position of the object
- Other objects in the image
- Was the network trained very well with this type of object



Louvere Walker-Hannon



# Let's do our first exercise hands-on!

1. Place an Object in front of the camera



2. Place your cursor on line #1 in your Editor

```
%% Connecting to the camera
camera = webcam(1); % Connect to the camera

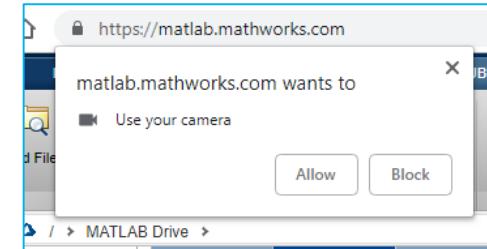
%% Loading the neural net named: GoogLeNet
nnet = googlenet; % Load the neural net

%% Capturing and classifying image data
picture = snapshot(camera); % Take a picture
picture = imresize(picture,[224,224]); % Resize the picture
[label,scores] = classify(nnet, picture); % Classify the picture and
% obtain confidence score
[sorted_scores,indices]=sort(scores,'descend'); % Sorting scores in
% descending order
image(picture); % Show the picture
title(['GoogLeNet classification: ',char(label), ' score:',...
    num2str(sorted_scores(1))]); % Show the label
clear camera
drawnow;
```

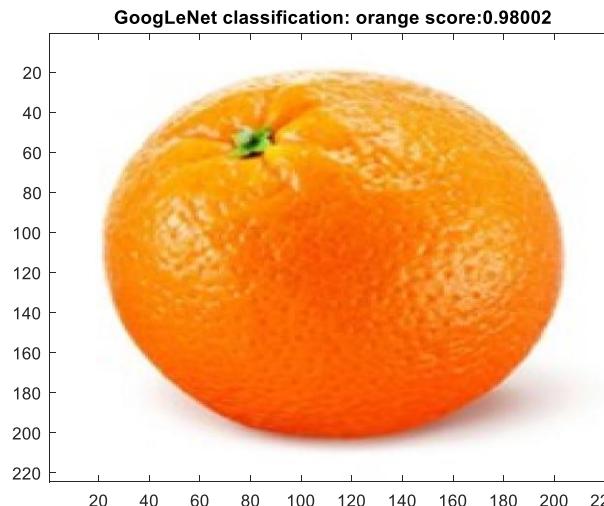
3. Press the Run button



4. Press Allow to use the webcam for the first time



5. Look at your results



## Try the exercises with different objects!

- Use real objects around you
- Use objects with different lighting, angles or background
- Use the images of fruit provided
- Use `imread` to read any of your images and classify them!
  - <https://drive.matlab.com/files/>

# Let's now use GoogLeNet

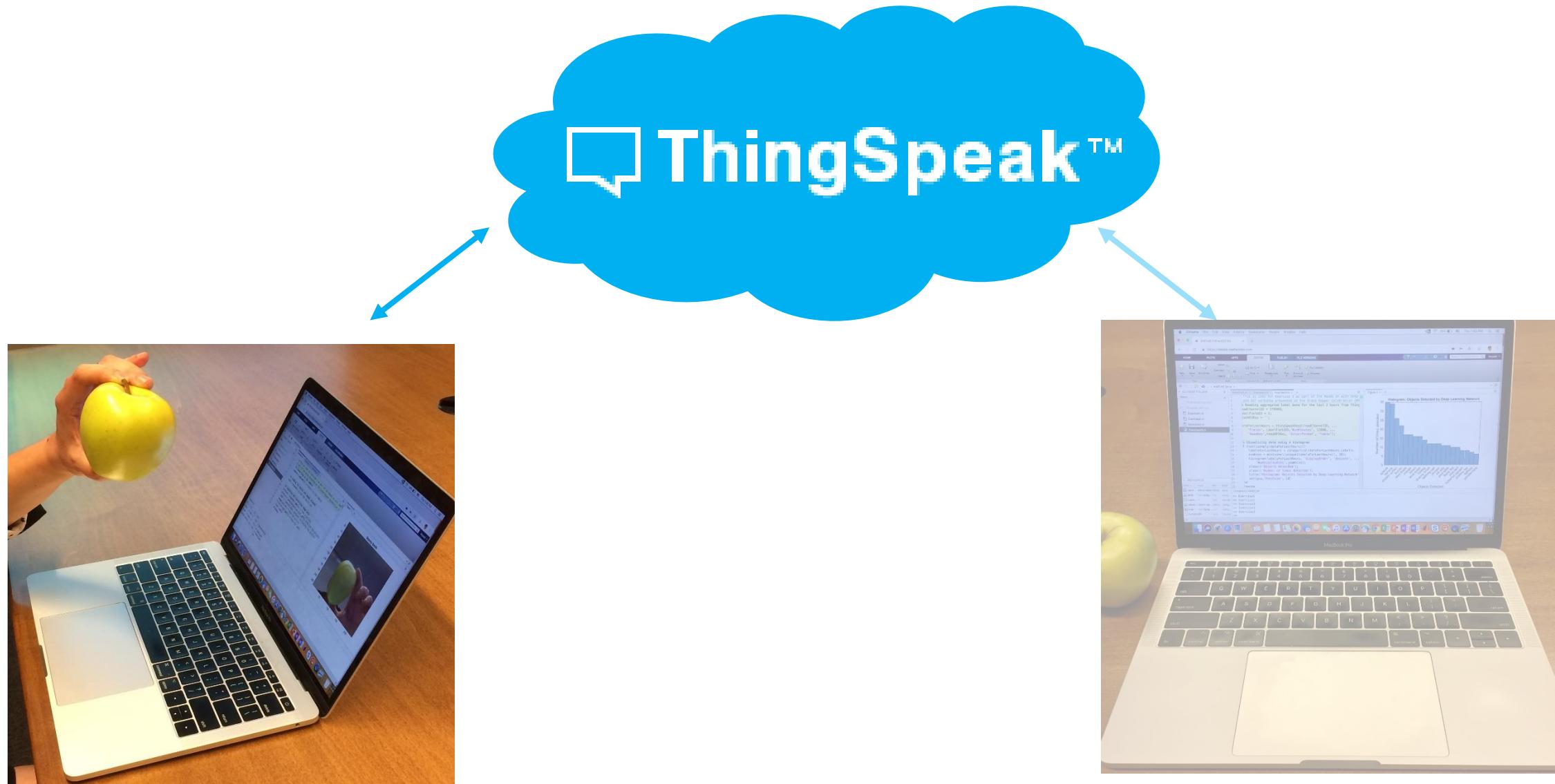
```
3    %% Connecting to the camera
4    camera = webcam(1); % Connect to the camera
5
6    %% Loading the neural net named: GoogLeNet
7    nnet = googlenet; % Load the neural net
8
9    %% Capturing and classifying image data
10   picture = snapshot(camera); % Take a picture
11   picture = imresize(picture,[224,224]); % Resize the picture
12   [label,scores] = classify(nnet, picture); % Classify the picture and
13   % obtain confidence score
14   [sorted_scores,indices]=sort(scores,'descend'); % Sorting scores in
15   % descending order
16   image(picture); % Show the picture
17   title(['GoogLeNet classification: ',char(label),' score:',...
18         num2str(sorted_scores(1))]); % Show the label
19   clear camera
20   drawnow;
```

# First exercise: Follow-Up and Observations

1. Were your object(s) classified?
2. Were your object(s) correctly classified?
3. Do you think you can improve the accuracy of your result(s)?

<https://www.mathworks.com/learn/tutorials/deep-learning-onramp.html>

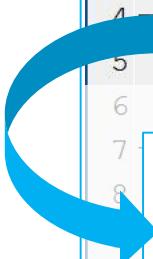
## Exercise 2 : Let's send object recognition data to the IoT data aggregator



# Let's review the code for our second exercise

```
4 - camera = webcam(1); % Connect to the camera
5 -
6 - %% Loading the neural net named: Alexnet
7 - nnet = alexnet; % Load the neural net
8 -
9 - %% Capturing and classifying image data
10 - picture = snapshot(camera); % Take a picture
11 - picture = imresize(picture,[227,227]); % Resize the picture
12 - [label,scores] = classify(nnet, picture); % Classify the picture and
13 - % obtain confidence score
14 - [sorted_scores,indices]=sort(scores,'descend'); % Sorting scores in
15 - % descending order
16 - image(picture); % Show the picture
17 - title(['Alexnet classification: ',char(label),' score:',...
18 -     num2str(sorted_scores(1))]); % Show the label
19 - clear camera
20 - drawnow;
21 - %% Aggregating label data to open IoT platform
22 - try
23 -     thingSpeakWrite(570969,string(label), 'WriteKey', 'W355TMVX9IFROIE2')
24 - catch
25 -     pause(randi(5))
26 - end
```

# Step 1. Connecting to the camera



```
4 camera = webcam(1); % Connect to the camera
5
6 %% Loading the neural net named: Alexnet
7
8 camera = webcam(1); % Connect to the camera
9
10
11 picture = imresize(picture,[227,227]); % Resize the picture
12 [label,scores] = classify(nnet, picture); % Classify the picture and
13 % obtain confidence score
14 [sorted_scores,indices]=sort(scores,'descend'); % Sorting scores in
15 % descending order
16 image(picture); % Show the picture
17 title(['Alexnet classification: ',char(label),' score:',...
18 num2str(sorted_scores(1))]); % Show the label
19 clear camera
20 drawnow;
21 %% Aggregating label data to open IoT platform
22 try
23     thingSpeakWrite(570969,string(label),'WriteKey','W355TMVX9IFROIE2')
24 catch
25     pause(randi(5))
26 end
```

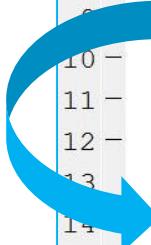
## Step 2. Getting access to a pretrained model (AlexNet)

```
4 - camera = webcam(1); % Connect to the camera
5 -
6 - %% Loading the neural net named: Alexnet
7 - nnet = alexnet; % Load the neural net
8 -
9 -
10 - % obtain confidence score
11 - [sorted_scores,indices]=sort(scores,'descend'); % Sorting scores in
12 - % descending order
13 - image(picture); % Show the picture
14 - title(['Alexnet classification: ',char(label),' score:',...
15 -     num2str(sorted_scores(1))]); % Show the label
16 - clear camera
17 - drawnow;
18 - % Aggregating label data to open IoT platform
19 - try
20 -     thingSpeakWrite(570969,string(label),'WriteKey','W355TMVX9IFROIE2')
21 - catch
22 -     pause(randi(5))
23 - end
```

A blue callout arrow points from the text "nnet = alexnet; % Load the neural net" to the corresponding line in the MATLAB code.

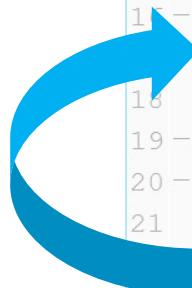
# Step 3. Getting a snapshot from the camera and using the pretrained model to classify image data

```
4 -     camera = webcam(1); % Connect to the camera
5 -
6 -     %% Loading the neural net named: Alexnet
7 -     nnet = alexnet; % Load the neural net
8 -
9 -     %% Capturing and classifying image data
10 -    picture = snapshot(camera); % Take a picture
11 -
12 -
13 -    picture = snapshot(camera); % Take a picture
14 -    picture = imresize(picture,[227,227]); % Resize the picture
15 -    [label,scores] = classify(nnet, picture); % Classify the
16 -    % obtain confidence score
17 -    [sorted_scores,indices]=sort(scores,'descend'); % Sorting
18 -    % descending order
19 -    image(picture); % Show the picture
20 -
21 -
22 -    title(['Alexnet classification: ',char(label),' score:',
23 -        num2str(sorted_scores(1))]); % Show the label
24 -
25 -
26 -
```



# Step 4. Aggregating labels of recognized objects and writing data to a channel

```
4 - camera = webcam(1); % Connect to the camera
5 -
6 - %% Loading the neural net named: Alexnet
7 - nnet = alexnet; % Load the neural net
8 -
9 - %% Capturing and classifying image data
10 - picture = snapshot(camera); % Take a picture
11 - %% Aggregating label data to open IoT platform
12 - try
13 -     thingSpeakWrite(570969,string(label),'WriteKey','W355TMVX9IFROIE2')
14 - catch
15 -     pause(randi(5))
16 - end
17 - %% Aggregating label data to open IoT platform
18 - try
19 -     thingSpeakWrite(570969,string(label),'WriteKey','W355TMVX9IFROIE2')
20 - catch
21 -     pause(randi(5))
22 - end
23 - try
24 -     thingSpeakWrite(570969,string(label),'WriteKey','W355TMVX9IFROIE2')
25 - catch
26 -     pause(randi(5))
27 - end
```

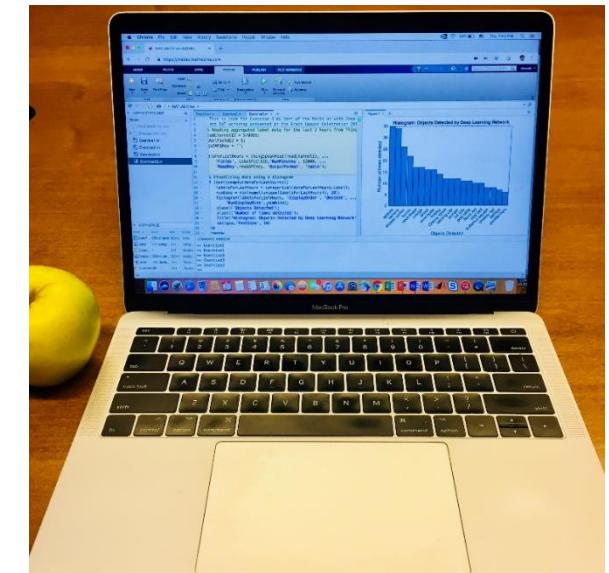
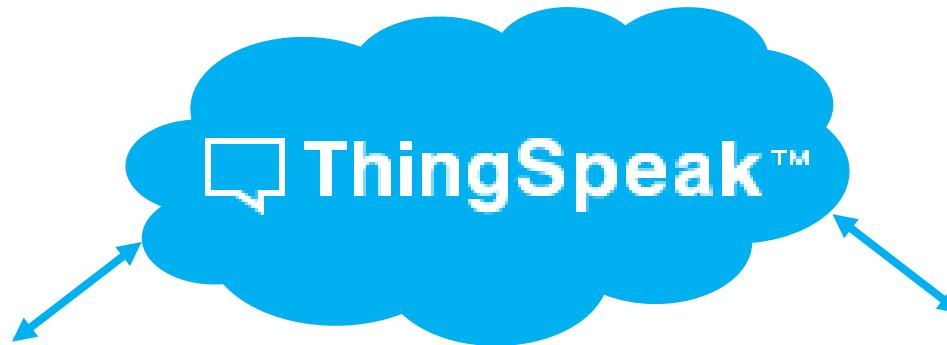
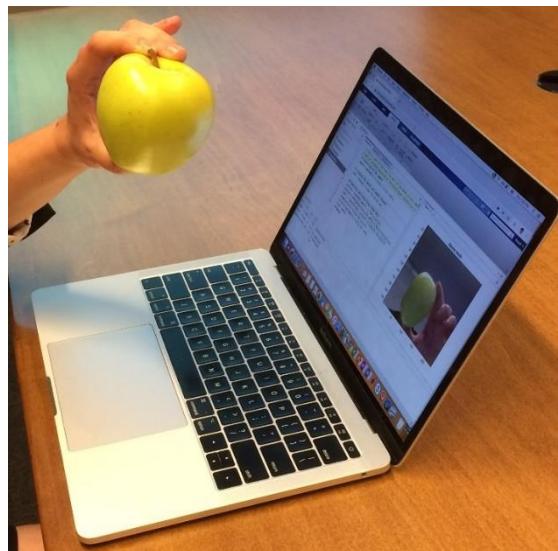


# Let's do our second exercise hands-on!

```
4 - camera = webcam(1); % Connect to the camera
5 -
6 - %% Loading the neural net named: Alexnet
7 - nnet = alexnet; % Load the neural net
8 -
9 - %% Capturing and classifying image data
10 - picture = snapshot(camera); % Take a picture
11 - picture = imresize(picture,[227,227]); % Resize the picture
12 - [label,scores] = classify(nnet, picture); % Classify the picture and
13 - % obtain confidence score
14 - [sorted_scores,indices]=sort(scores,'descend'); % Sorting scores in
15 - % descending order
16 - image(picture); % Show the picture
17 - title(['Alexnet classification: ',char(label), ' score:',...
18 -     num2str(sorted_scores(1))]); % Show the label
19 - clear camera
20 - drawnow;
21 - %% Aggregating label data to open IoT platform
22 - try
23 -     thingSpeakWrite(570969,string(label), 'WriteKey', 'W355TMVX9IFROIE2')
24 - catch
25 -     pause(randi(5))
26 - end
```

Visit ThingSpeak channel: <https://thingspeak.com/channels/570969>

# Exercise 3: Let's access the data on the IoT aggregator and visualize it



Visit ThingSpeak channel: <https://thingspeak.com/channels/570969>

# Let's review the code for our third exercise

```
3 %>> Reading aggregated label data for the last 2 hours from ThingSpeak
4 readChannelID = 570969;
5 LabelFieldID = 1;
6 readAPIKey = '';
7
8 dataForLastHours = thingSpeakRead(readChannelID, ...
9     'Fields', LabelFieldID, 'NumMinutes', 120, ...
10    'ReadKey',readAPIKey, 'OutputFormat', 'table');
11
12 %% Visualizing data using a histogram
13 if (isempty(dataForLastHours))
14     labelsForLastHours = categorical(dataForLastHours.Label);
15     numbins = min(numel(unique(labelsForLastHours)), 20);
16     histogram(labelsForLastHours, 'DisplayOrder', 'descend', ...
17         'NumDisplayBins', numbins);
18     xlabel('Objects Detected');
19     ylabel('Number of times detected');
20     title('Histogram: Objects Detected by Deep Learning Network');
21     set(gca,'FontSize', 10)
22 end
23 drawnow
```

Visit ThingSpeak channel: <https://thingspeak.com/channels/570969>

# Step 1. Reading data from a channel with a particular ID

```
3      %% Reading aggregated label data for the last 2 hours from ThingSpeak
4      readChannelID = 570969;
5      LabelFieldID = 1;
6      readAPIKey = '';
7      %% Reading aggregated label data for the last 2 hours
8      readChannelID = 570969;
9
10     LabelFieldID = 1;
11
12     readAPIKey = '';
13
14
15
16     dataForLastHours = thingSpeakRead(readChannelID, ...
17                                         'Fields', LabelFieldID, 'NumMinutes', 120, ...
18                                         'ReadKey', readAPIKey, 'OutputFormat', 'table');
19
20
21     set(gca, 'FontSize', 10)
22
23 end
drawnow
```

## Step 2. Visualizing the data imported from a channel

```
3 %% Reading aggregated label data for the last 2 hours from ThingSpeak
4 readChannelID = 570969;
5 LabelFieldID = 1;
6 readAPIKey = '';
7
8 dataForLastHours = thingSpeakRead(readChannelID, ...
9     'Fields', LabelFieldID, 'NumMinutes', 120, ...
10    'ReadKey', readAPIKey, 'OutputFormat', 'table');
11
12 %% Visualizing data using a histogram
13 if ~isempty(dataForLastHours)
14     %% Visualizing data using a histogram
15     if (~isempty(dataForLastHours))
16         labelsForLastHours = categorical(dataForLastHours.Label);
17         numbins = min(numel(unique(labelsForLastHours)), 20);
18         histogram(labelsForLastHours, 'DisplayOrder', 'descend', ...
19             'NumDisplayBins', numbins);
20         xlabel('Objects Detected');
21         ylabel('Number of times detected');
22         title('Histogram: Objects Detected by Deep Learning Network');
23         set(gca, 'FontSize', 10)
24     end
25 end
```

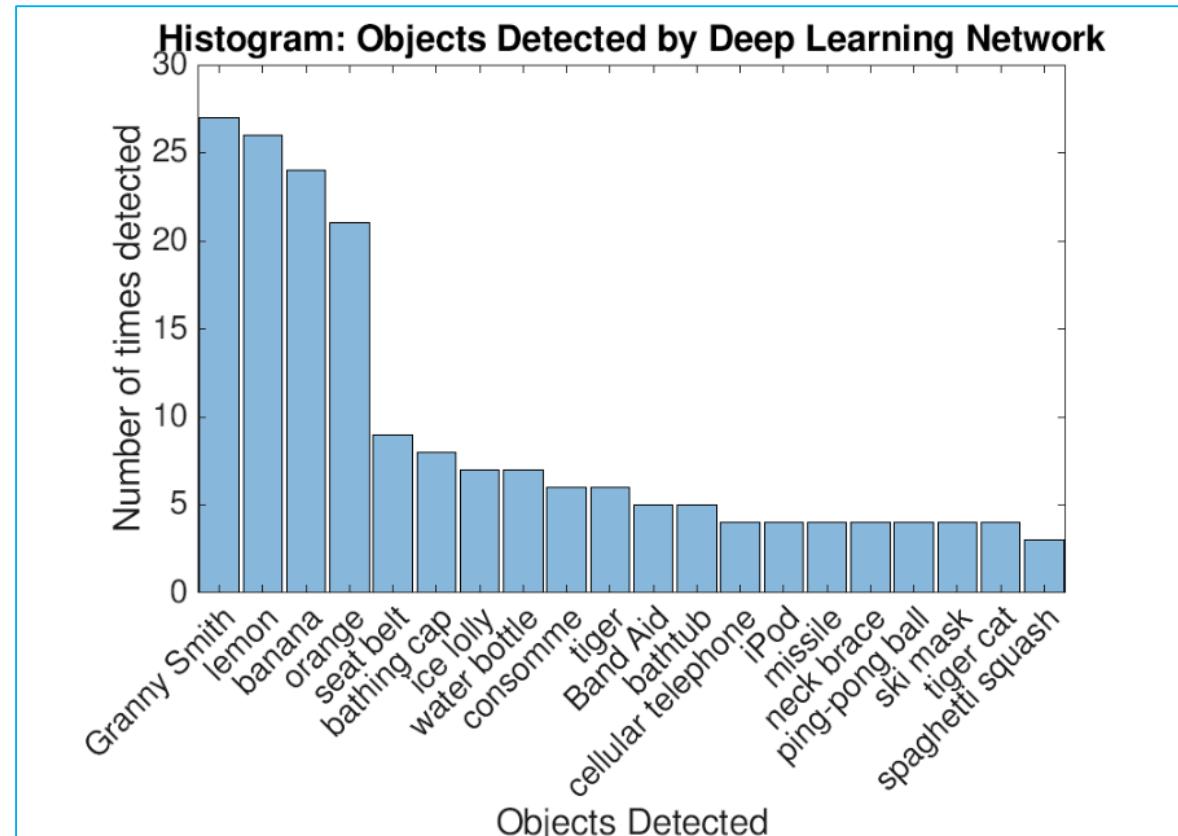


# Let's do our third exercise hands-on!

```
3    %% Reading aggregated label data for the last 2 hours from ThingSpeak
4    readChannelID = 570969;
5    LabelFieldID = 1;
6    readAPIKey = '';
7
8    dataForLastHours = thingSpeakRead(readChannelID, ...
9        'Fields', LabelFieldID, 'NumMinutes', 120, ...
10       'ReadKey',readAPIKey, 'OutputFormat', 'table');
11
12    %% Visualizing data using a histogram
13    if (isempty(dataForLastHours))
14        labelsForLastHours = categorical(dataForLastHours.Label);
15        numbins = min(numel(unique(labelsForLastHours)), 20);
16        histogram(labelsForLastHours, 'DisplayOrder', 'descend', ...
17            'NumDisplayBins', numbins);
18        xlabel('Objects Detected');
19        ylabel('Number of times detected');
20        title('Histogram: Objects Detected by Deep Learning Network');
21        set(gca,'FontSize', 10)
22    end
23    drawnow
```

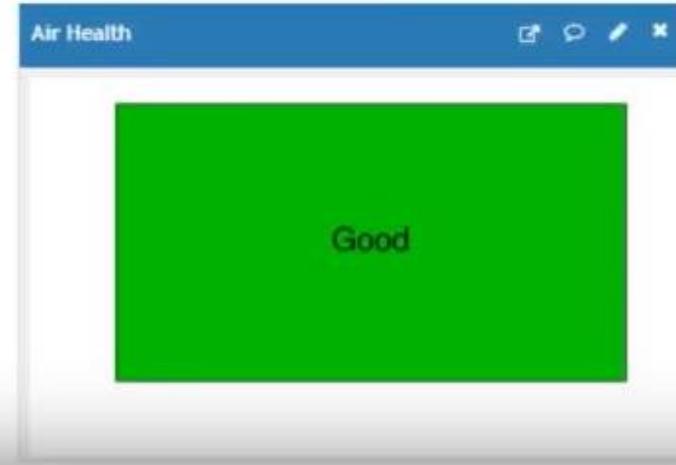
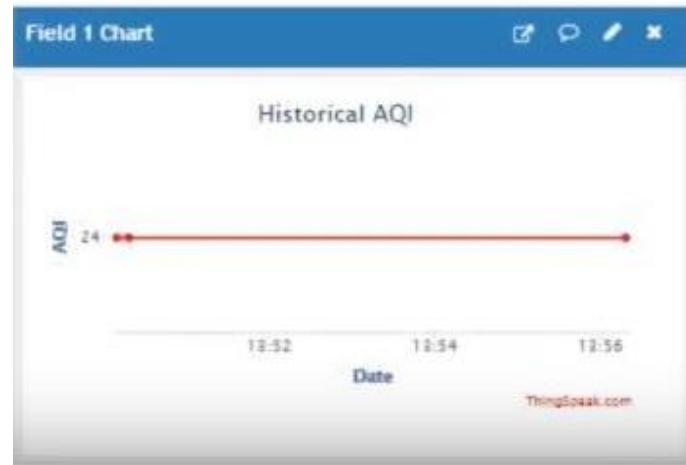
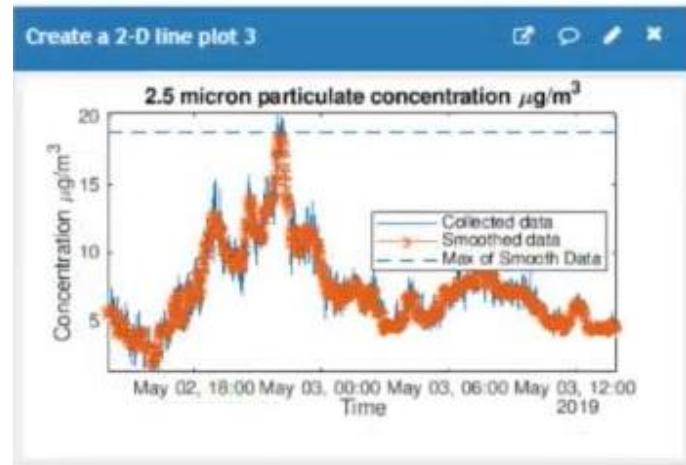
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# Visualizing aggregated data helps us analyze it and decide on next steps



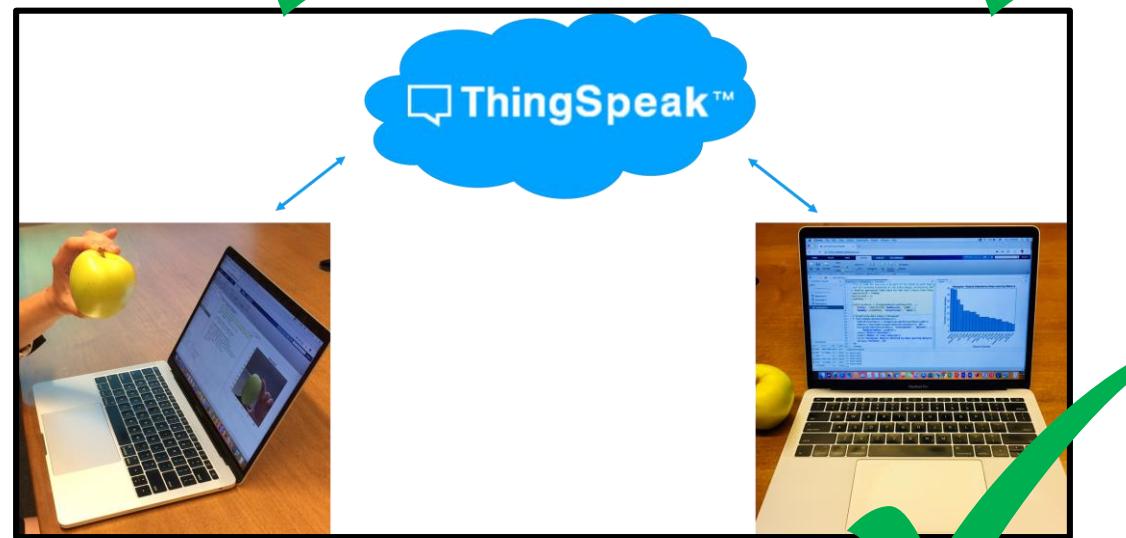
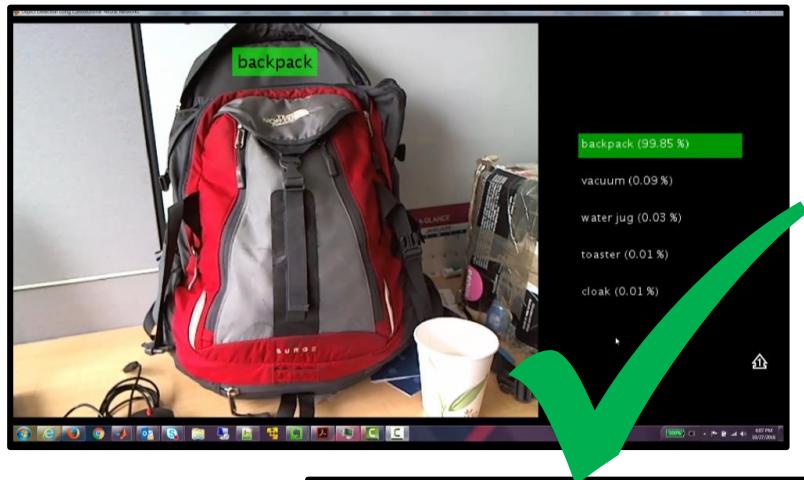
Visit ThingSpeak channel: <https://thingspeak.com/channels/570969>

# Analyze and Visualize Air Quality Data with IoT



<https://blogs.mathworks.com/iot/2019/07/16/analyze-and-visualize-air-quality-data-with-matlab/>

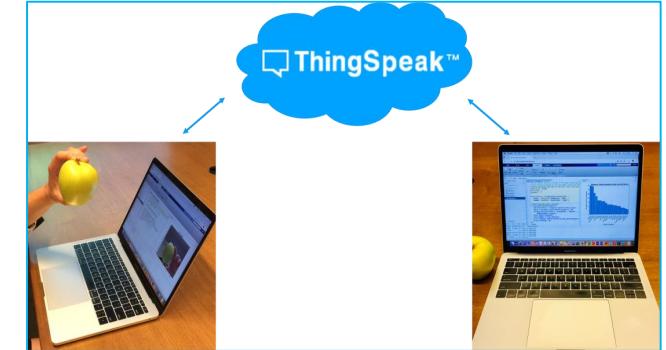
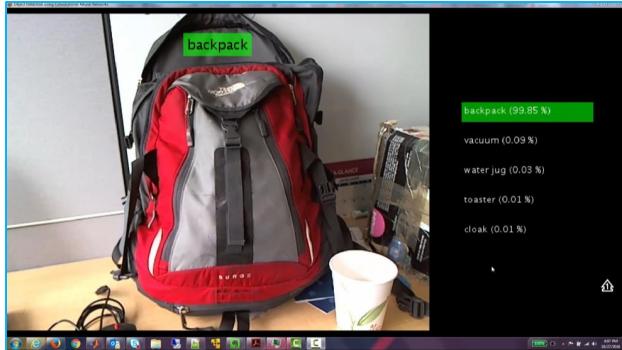
# Today, we learnt...



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