#### Transformation & Innovation Conference

# Business Data Transformation

Prof. Paul A. Strassmann, George Mason University May 22, 2006

## How to Save \$20 Billion through Transformation

|                             | IBM in 1990 | IBM in 2004 |
|-----------------------------|-------------|-------------|
| Purchase Order Process Time | One month   | One day     |
| Procurement Sources         | 300         | 3           |
| Electronic Purchases        | <20%        | 95%         |
| E-Enabled Suppliers         | <500        | 35,000      |
| Electronic Catalogs         | 0           | 280         |

#### Indicators of Transformation Potential

|                                   | IBM - 2004      | Navy - 2004      |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------|------------------|
| Revenue                           | \$ 96.3 Billion | \$ 103.7 Billion |
| Personnel                         | 319,000         | 550,000          |
| Management Layers                 | 6               | 27               |
| Total Number of Networks          | 1               | 850              |
| IT Appllications                  | 4,100           | 23,755           |
| Financial Management Applications | 406             | 1,083            |
| HR Applications                   | 300             | 708              |

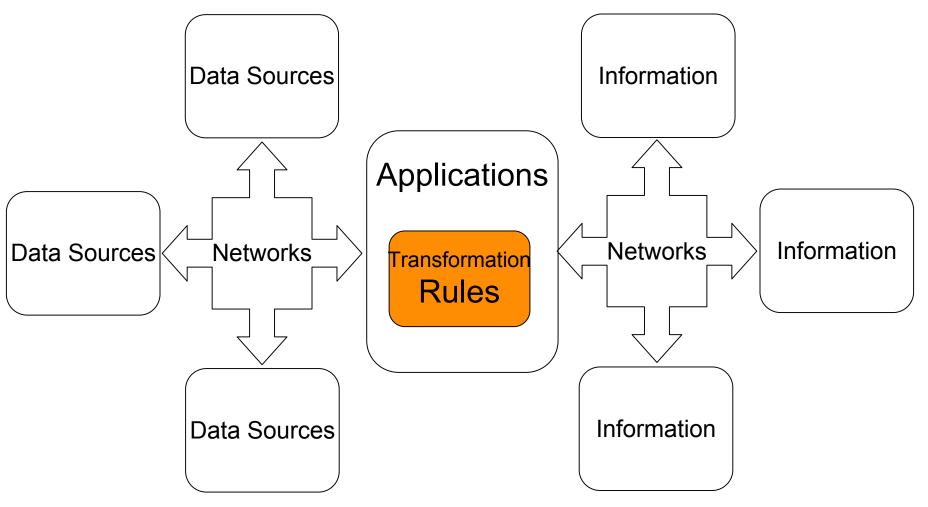
#### A Historical Perspective

- 1771 Factory mechanization.
- 1829 Steam and Railways
- 1875 Steel and Electricity
- 1908 Automobile, Mass Production
- 1971 Information and Telecommunications

#### The Context of Transformation

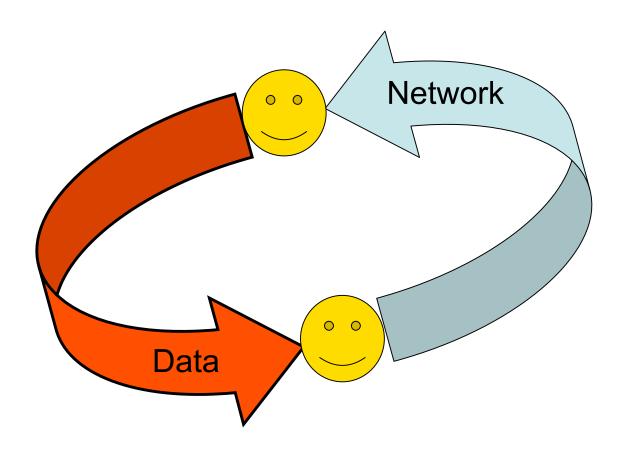
- Irruption: Invention/development of the new technological paradigm, decay of the preceding paradigm (1971).
- Frenzy: Rapid adoption of the new paradigm and intensive financial investment, a financial bubble (1998-2000).
- Transformation: The rationalization of the new paradigm and renewed economic expansion after a purging of the excesses of the bubble (2005-?).
- Maturity: Saturation and the gradual exhaustion of the potential of the new technology setting the stage for the next cycle (?).

#### How to Avoid the Possibility of 10 Trillion Errors?

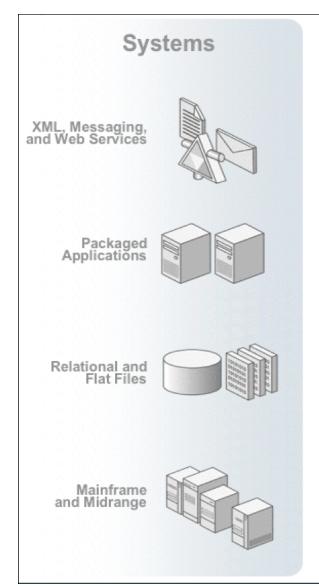


Example: I million Data Sources; 1,000 Networks; 10,000 Applications; 10 million Rules

## A Data-Centric Perspective on Transformation



#### Where is the Data?



IBM MQSeries Web Services
TIBCO XML
webMethods JMS
SAP NetWeaver XI ODBC, etc.

SAP
NetWeaver
SAP IDOC
SAP BCI
SAP DMI

Peoplesoft
Oracle Apps
Siebel
SAS, etc.

Oracle Informix
DB2 UDB Teradata
DB2/400 ODBC
SQL Server Flat Files
Sybase Web Logs, etc.

ADABAS VSAM
Datacom C-ISAM
DB2 Complex Files
IDMS Tape Formats
IMS CICS

Flat Files Oracle
FTP SQL Server
Encrypted Stream Industry
XML, EDI Codes

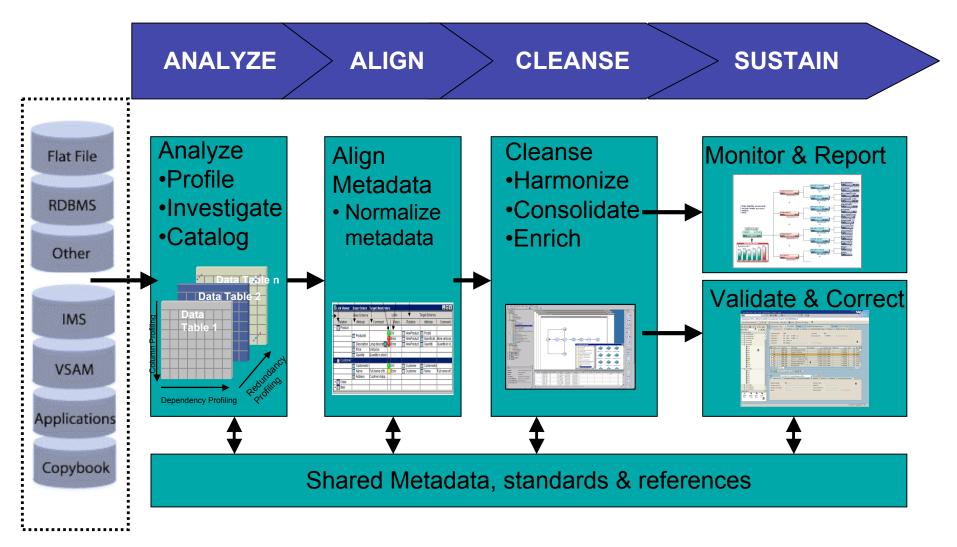
#### What Data?

| UNSTRUCTURED    | SEMI-<br>STRUCTURED | XML         |
|-----------------|---------------------|-------------|
| Microsoft Word  | XML                 | LegalXML    |
| Microsoft Excel | HL7                 | IFX         |
| PowerPoint      | HIPAA               | cXML        |
| PDF             | ASTM                | ebXML       |
| Star Office     | EDI-X12             | HL7 ∨3.0    |
| Word Perfect    | EDI-Fact            | ACORD (AL3, |
| ASCII reports   | FIX                 | GJXDM       |
| HTML            | Cargo IMP           | TWPDES      |
| EBCDIC          | MVR                 |             |
| Undocumented    | AFP                 |             |
| Flat files      | Post Script         |             |
| RPG             | DJDE                |             |
| ANSI            |                     |             |

## Example of Data Pollution

| Citizen?      | Frequency |
|---------------|-----------|
| US            | 9,451     |
| Yes           | 228       |
| USA           | 158       |
| U.S.A.        | 128       |
| U.S.          | 88        |
| United States | 20        |
| (US)          | 5         |
| Green Card    | 2         |
| Naturalized   | 1         |
| Applied       | 1         |
| -             | 323       |

## Transformation Process Engineering



## Data Pollution Diagnostics

| 1-4GZUD   | Bank One                            | 456542345  | 1 Bank One Plaza Mail Suite II | Chicago     | II     | 60670   | USA | Current |
|---|-------------------------------------|------------|--------------------------------|-------------|--------|---------|-----|---------|
| 1-KRVV  | Prudential Securities               | 23467T665  | 100 Mulberry Street            | Newark      | Ni     | 7102    | usa | Current |
| 1-KRWP  | Herzog Heine Geduld                 | 7893434344 | 525 Washington Blvd            | Jersey City | Nj     | 7310    | USA | Current |
| 1-KRYD  | Scudder Kemper Investments          | 7658786    | 222 South Riverside            | Chicago     | II     | 60606   | USA | Current |
| 1-KS2P  | Pioneer Management                  |            | 60 State Street                | Boston      | MD     | 2109    | USA | Current |
| I-KS4D  | Donald & Company                    | 999999999  | 512 Seventh Avenue             | New York    | Ny     | 10018   | USA | Current |
| 1-KS55  | Merrill Lynch                       | 98756543   | 233 S. Wacker Drive            | Chicago     | H      | 60606   | USA | Current |
| 1-KS5S  | Dni Holdings Inc Co Exodus Communic | cations    | 300 Boulevard East             | Weehawker   | Ni     | 7087    | USA | Current |
| 1-KS6K  | Raymond James Financial Services-Br | # 4af01    | 5980 Lake Michigan Drive       | Allendale   | Mi     | 49401   | USA | Current |
| 1-KS7F  | Raymond James Financial Services-Br | #4ky       | Beckwith Street                | Frenchtown  | Mt     | 59834   | USA | Current |
| 3D-50KX   | 3Com Corporation                    | 999999999  | 11 Penn Plaza, Suite 1710      | New York    | New Yo | 10001   | USA | Prospe  |
| JG-3FLC   | Aquilla Corporation                 | 9.9999E+10 | Unknown                        | Kansas City |        | Unknown | USA | Prospe  |
| JG-5GSE   | MICHAEL FITZGERALD                  |            | Lake Union Building Suite 320  | Seattle     |        | 98109   | USA | Prospe  |
| Y8+7V-51Y   | Bank One, N.A.                      | 1E+11      | 1 Bank One Plaza, IL1-0047     | Chicago     |        | 60670   | USA | Current |
| COMPLETENESS CONFORMITY CONSISTENCY DUPLICATION INTEGRITY |                                     |            |                                |             |        |         |     |         |

### Policy-Driven Transformation in Government

## Policy

#### Policy: Synchronization Through Metadata

- Data assets visible by associating metadata ("tagging") for each data element.
- Metadata conforms to Metadata Specifications.
- Metadata discoverable, searchable, and retrievable government-wide.

#### Rationalization Through Shared Services and Registry

- Data assets shall be accessible as shared services.
- Data assets shall conform to methods consistent with GIG technologies.
- Data assets shall be made understandable by semantic metadata in a DoD metadata registry.
- Data interoperability shall be supported by making data assets available and reused.

#### Example of a Metadata Registry

Department of Defense Metadata Registry and Clearinghouse Version 5.0



#### Mission of Metadata Registry

- The Metadata Registry provides software developers access to XML data and metadata components.
- This enhances capabilities for transforming shared data and to deploy "plug-and-play" software.

#### Gains from Transformation

## **Economics**

## Excessive Costs for an Enterprise Environment

| Number of<br>Projects | Budget (BEA) Classification      | FY 2006<br>Budget - \$000 | % of total |
|-----------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------|------------|
| 539                   | Warfighter                       | \$7,887,228               | 26.2%      |
| 62                    | Acquisition                      | \$159,932                 | 0.5%       |
| 1,786                 | Enterprise Environment           | \$16,250,971              | 53.9%      |
| 241                   | Finance, Accounting              | \$481,541                 | 1.6%       |
| 492                   | Human Resource Management        | \$1,859,608               | 6.2%       |
| 35                    | Installations and Environment    | \$117,901                 | 0.4%       |
| 394                   | Logistics                        | \$1,653,823               | 5.5%       |
| 77                    | Strategic Planning and Budgeting | \$90,555                  | 0.3%       |
| 362                   | Unspecified General Support      | \$1,647,667               | 5.5%       |
| 3,449                 | Subtotal - Support Costs         | \$22,261,998              | 73.8%      |
| 3,988                 | Total                            | \$30,149,226              | 100.0%     |

## Example of a Transformation Case

| Data Management<br>Functions | Prior to<br>Transformation | After<br>Transformation |
|------------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|
| Number of Applications       | 185                        | 42                      |
| Number of Databases          | 40                         | 2                       |

## Changing Scope After Transformation

| Data Management Functions                            | Prior to<br>Transformation | After<br>Transformation |  |
|--|----------------------------|-------------------------|--|
| SCOPE OF DATA MANAGEMENT                             |                            |                         |  |
| Data Sources   | 22,800                     | 18,800                  |  |
| Median Number of Data Elements Entered / Transaction | 8                          | 10                      |  |
| Median Number of Transactions / Source / Day         | 800                        | 750                     |  |
| Data Elements Entered / Year - Millions              | 53,261                     | 51,465                  |  |

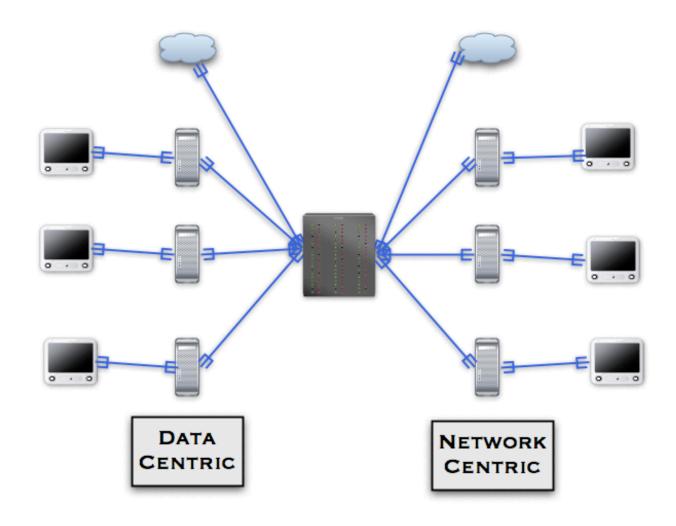
## Changing Quality After Transformation

| Data Management Functions                               | Prior to<br>Transformation | After<br>Transformation |
|---|----------------------------|-------------------------|
| DATA MANAGEMENT QUALITY MEASURES                        |                            |                         |
| Data Element Entry Completeness per Requirement         | 97.00%                     | 99.99%                  |
| Data Element Entry Verification against Data Dictionary | 98.00%                     | 99.99%                  |
| Inconsistent Duplicate Data Element Entered in Database | 5.00%                      | 0.50%                   |
| Conformity of Database Entries with Defined Rules       | 90.00%                     | 99.00%                  |

## The Payoff from Data Transformation for Quality

| Data Management Functions   | Prior to<br>Transformation | After<br>Transformation |
|---|----------------------------|-------------------------|
| DATA MANAGEMENT METRICS   |                            |                         |
| Data Requiring Correction - Millions/Year   | 2,663.0                    | 10.0                    |
| Defective/Inconsistent additions to Database - Millions/Year                                  | 266.0                      | 2.6                     |
| DATA INTEGRITY MANAGEMENT COSTS   |                            |                         |
| Estimated cost of data audit and remediation - Cost per automated intervention for errors -\$ | \$0.10                     | \$0.20                  |
| Estimated administrative costs caused by data base defects - Cost per defect -\$              | \$0.08                     | \$0.03                  |
| Estimated Annual Costs for Defective Data<br>Management - \$Millions                          | \$287.60                   | \$2.14                  |

## Data Centricity at Enterprise Level



### Summary: Enterprise Data Control is First Step in Transformation

