The rate at which Minneapolis police use force on suspects has dropped by about 50 percent since 2008, according to Star Tribune analysis of recently-released data from the City of Minneapolis.

Measuring the rate of incidents per 10,000 police calls where an officer used bodily force, tasers, mace, firearms or other physical means of subduing a suspect shows those actions becoming rarer over the past decade.

The data also provides a snapshot of what police use-of-force typically looks like in Minneapolis: about 70 percent involved police using bodily force like head or arm locks on a suspect, more than half of incidents didn't involve a 911 call and about two-thirds of suspects were black. Suspects commonly tended to be approached by police for suspicious behavior and often attempted to resist by tensing or fleeing.

Neighborhoods in Downtown and the North Side had the highest rates of officer use-of-force incidents per 10,000 police calls.

The number of times police used a taser in a year dropped almost 70 percent over the time period, while use of bodily force fell about 40 percent, which seem to be two of the most significant drivers behind falling use-of-force rates.

How often police use force doesn’t seem to be affected in any obvious way by major events like the police shooting deaths of Jamar Clark or Philando Castile.

Police use force more often in January, perhaps because of New Year’s Eve celebrations getting out of hand, though that’s not entirely clear at this point.