

1) Hyd $n = 11$, Mumbai $n = 9$

$$F_{\text{test}} = \frac{S_1^2}{S_2^2} \quad \text{where } S_1^2, S_2^2$$

$$\text{Variance } S^2 = \frac{\sum (x - \bar{x})^2}{n-1}$$

$$\bar{x} = \frac{\sum x_i}{n} = \frac{2121}{11} = 192.81$$

$$\bar{y} = \frac{\sum y_i}{n} = \frac{3102}{9} = 344.66$$

$$\sum (x - \bar{x})^2 = 17374.69$$

$$\sum (y - \bar{y})^2 = 3485.888$$

$$S_x^2 = \frac{\sum (x - \bar{x})^2}{n-1} = \frac{17374.69}{10} = 1737.46$$

$$S_y^2 = \frac{\sum (y - \bar{y})^2}{n-1} = \frac{3485.888}{8} = 435.736$$

$$F_{\text{test}} = \frac{S_x^2}{S_y^2} = \frac{1737.46}{435.736} = 3.9874$$

Subject:

$$F_{\text{test}} (\text{dof } 10, \text{dof } 8) = 3.35$$

$$\downarrow \quad \downarrow$$

$$11-1 \quad 9-1$$

As $F_{\text{test}} = 3.35 < F_{\text{critical}} = 3.98$, therefore we reject H_0 hypothesis.

3) s_1 = Sample SD, σ = Pop SD

$$F_{\text{test}} = \frac{s_1^2 / \sigma_1^2}{s_2^2 / \sigma_2^2}$$

Womens data

$$F_{\text{test}} = \frac{35^2 / 50^2}{45^2 / 50^2} = \frac{1225 / 900}{2025 / 2500} = 1.68$$

Dof for $v_1 = 7-1 = 6$

$v_2 = 12-1 = 11$

Mens data

$$F_{\text{test}} = \frac{45^2 / 50^2}{35^2 / 30^2} = \frac{2205 / 2000}{1225 / 900} = \frac{0.81}{1.361} = 0.59$$

Dof for $v_1 = 12-1 = 11$

$v_2 = 7-1 = 6$

$$4) P(F_{\text{test}}_{11,6} > 3.881) = 2.5\%$$

$$2) P\left(\frac{1}{F_{stat}} > \frac{1}{3.881}\right) = 2.5\%$$

$$2) P\left(F_{stat} < 0.258\right) = 2.5\%$$

As per above cumulative Probability of F Stats is Greater than 10%.

Question 265 - I was not able to solve these problems.

The End