# AIRS Plus CrIS/IASI Multi-Decadal Trends and Anomalies with Full Spatial Sampling and Rigorous Error Characterization

AIRS Science Team Meeting

L. Larrabee Strow<sup>1,2</sup>, Sergio De-Souza Machado<sup>1,2</sup>, Steven Leroy<sup>3</sup>, Howard Motteler<sup>2</sup>, Chris Hepplewhite<sup>2</sup>, and Steven Buczkowski<sup>2</sup>

April 25, 2018

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> UMBC Physics Dept.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>UMBC JCET

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>AER

## **Overview: Two Products Proposed**

### (1) Multi-Instrument Hyperspectral Radiance Climate Time Series

- 1:30 Orbit: AIRS + CrIS, 9:30 Orbit: IASI
- Convert to common ILS to allows inter-instrument radiance calibration
- Emphasizes routine/fast processing of data for extensive testing
- Produce time/space grids of radiance time series and anomalies for climate analysis

#### (2) Level 3 Geophysical Products

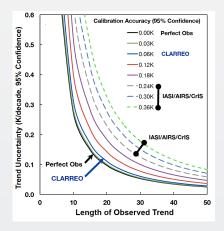
- Generate geophysical (T/Q, etc.) "Level 3" anomaly time series and trends from radiance trends and anomailes
- This approach reduces influence of a-priori and allows better error estimation?
- May include well established microwave radiance products in retrievals

#### Validation/Comparisons

- Reanalysis: ERA+, MERRA-2
- Microwave
- Surface and SST climatologies
- GPS-RO (Leroy)

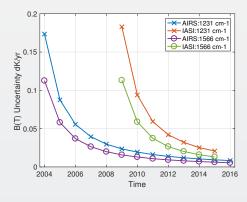
# **Time Series Length Nearing Climate Scales**

### **CLARREO Schematic: Our Uncertainty?**



AIRS, CrIS, IASI are all very stable

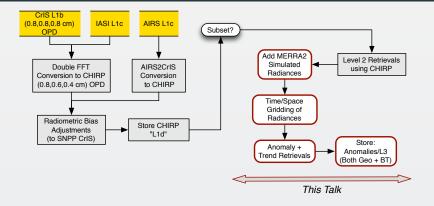
#### AIRS 14-Year global trends



These are  $2-\sigma$  B(T) statistical uncertainties due to inter-annual variability.

Some channels, some latitudes not gaussian (strat sudden warmings, QBO, etc.)

# **CHIRB Processing Flow**

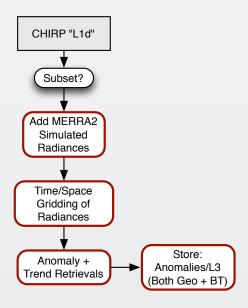


CHIRB: (Common or Climate) Hyperspectral InfraRed Basis

0.8 /0.6 /04

0.0625 / 0.0833 / 0.1250

# Time/Space Gridded Radiance Data Flow



## **Anomaly and Trend Approach**

Linear solution for trends with a-priori state = 0 given by,

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = \left(K^T S_{\epsilon}^{-1} K + R^{-1}\right)^{-1} \left(K^T S_{\epsilon}^{-1} \frac{dBT}{dt}\right)$$

- x is the atmospheric state
- K are the B(T) Jacobians
- $S_{\epsilon}$  is the observation error covariance matrix.
- R combines empirical regularization (Tikonov L1-type) and the a-priori covariance-based terms

 $S_{\epsilon}$  covariances represent inter-annual variability and instrument stability. Provides signficiant constraints compared to L3 time derivatives.

Jacobian state from standard all-sky retrievals or from re-analysis; high accuracy not needed.

### MERRA2, ERA, etc

- Barnet's CLIMCAPS will use MERRA-2 as a-priori
- My understanding is that MERRA-2 will be embedded in the CLIMAPS products

#### This Work

- We match every radiance measurement with ERA (and soon MERRA-2)
- We simulated radiances from MERRA-2 and use them to test our retrieval algorithms
- · Our Jacobians are dependent on MERRA-2 profiles
- MERRA-2 also provides partial validation

#### Suggestion

- Create a separate Sounding Product that co-locates MERRA-2 with each observation
- Provides a common resource for our sounding algorithms and for future users
- Maybe we could get MERRA-2 integrated to the sensor observation time (w/in 1/2 hour instead of 3 hours)?

## **Data Used for Preliminary Results**

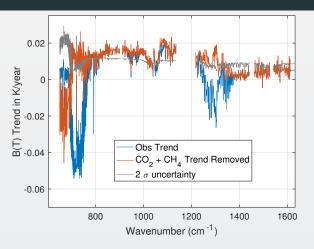
- Start with a ~1% random, area-weighted subset (for quick processing)
- Produce 40 area weighted zonal bins
- Save daily averages of these 40 zonal bins

Long-term: 16 day bins using 3x5 degree grids derived from all data (not from just 1% random subset)

### Data set size for preliminary work:

• (5475 days) X (2645 L1c spectral channels) X (40 latitude bins)

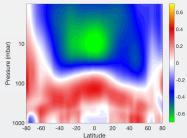
# Global B(T) Trend (Area Weighted)



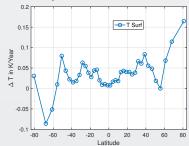
- CO<sub>2</sub> corrected trends show nominal 0.015K/year warming for the surface and throughout the troposphere
- CO<sub>2</sub> corrected stratospheric channels show cooling

## Retrieved Zonal Trends (T/H<sub>2</sub>O/T<sub>surf</sub>)

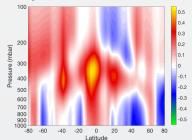
### Temperature (K/Decade)



### Surface Temperature (K/Decade)



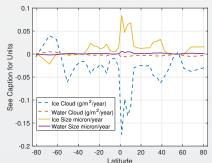
#### Water Vapor (%/Year)



- Tropospheric warming, stratospheric cooling
- Very high arctic warming (as expected)
- Cloud problems ± 20 Deg lat in troposphere?
- Error estimates require off-diagonal measurement error covariance

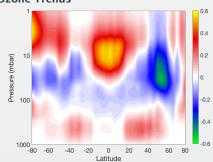
# Retrieved O<sub>3</sub>, Clouds

#### **Cloud Trends**



- Ice cloud trends some similarity to B. Kahn's 2018 paper!
- Except for decrease in ice water path near equator

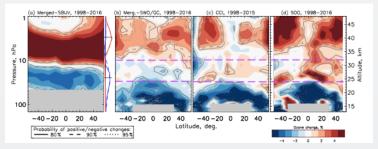
#### **Ozone Trends**



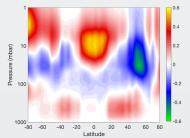
- Tropospheric O<sub>3</sub> increases similar to the recent literature
- Stratospheric variability also in agreement, hot topic right now

# **Stratopsheric Ozone Trend Inter-Comparisons**

### Ball et. al., ACP (2018)



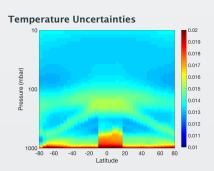
#### **AIRS Ozone Trends**

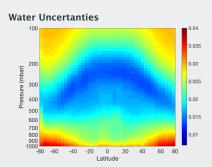


- We see a nominal 10-100 hPa reduction in O<sub>3</sub> (Chinese CFC issue?)
- And, somewhat similar increase in O<sub>3</sub> in the upper strat
- Encouraging results for first look

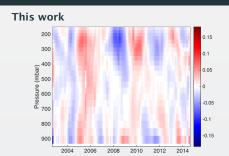
## Trend Uncertainties: Only Diagonal Meas. Error Covariance

- Trend retrieval measurement errors are (a) inter-annual variability (b) instrument drift, and (c) sampling noise
- Off-diagonal elements of (a) are LARGE and have not been used/characterized, thus error estimates are incorrect. Trial covariance matrices have large condition numbers.
- However, uncertainties using diagonal only errors do show reasonable patterns
- Striping in tropical troposphere likely related to clouds

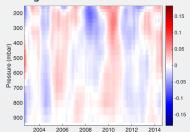




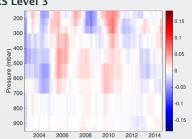
# Anomaly Example: Water Vapor (27N to 30N Latitude Zonal)







#### AIRS Level 3



- Input: radiance anomalies, a-priori of zero
- These are old, working on updates
- New work using Jacobians that vary with time, here just using a single Jacobian for all times

### **Conclusions and Future Work**

- Develop gridded radiance product using CHIRP data
- Refine and validate trend and anomaly geophysical products derived from these radiance grids (zonal for now)
  - Measurement error covariances
  - Test TwoSlab cloud approach in more detail
  - Include microwave in trend/anomaly retrievals?
  - Validate, esp. using GPS-RO
  - Retrieve CO<sub>2</sub> and other minor gases (trends and anomalies)