

Resolving Linux issues, kernel panics, patching/updating systems, restoring AI/ML compute nodes.
In no particular order or groupings, just proof of my day to day :-)

// reviewing/editing ssh configurations

```
moduli ssh_config.d/ sshd_config.d/ ssh_host_dsa_key.pub ssh_h
ssh_config sshd_config ssh_host_dsa_key ssh_host_ecdsa_key ssh_h
root@henry:~# cat /etc/ssh/sshd_config
# File is managed by Puppet
Port 22

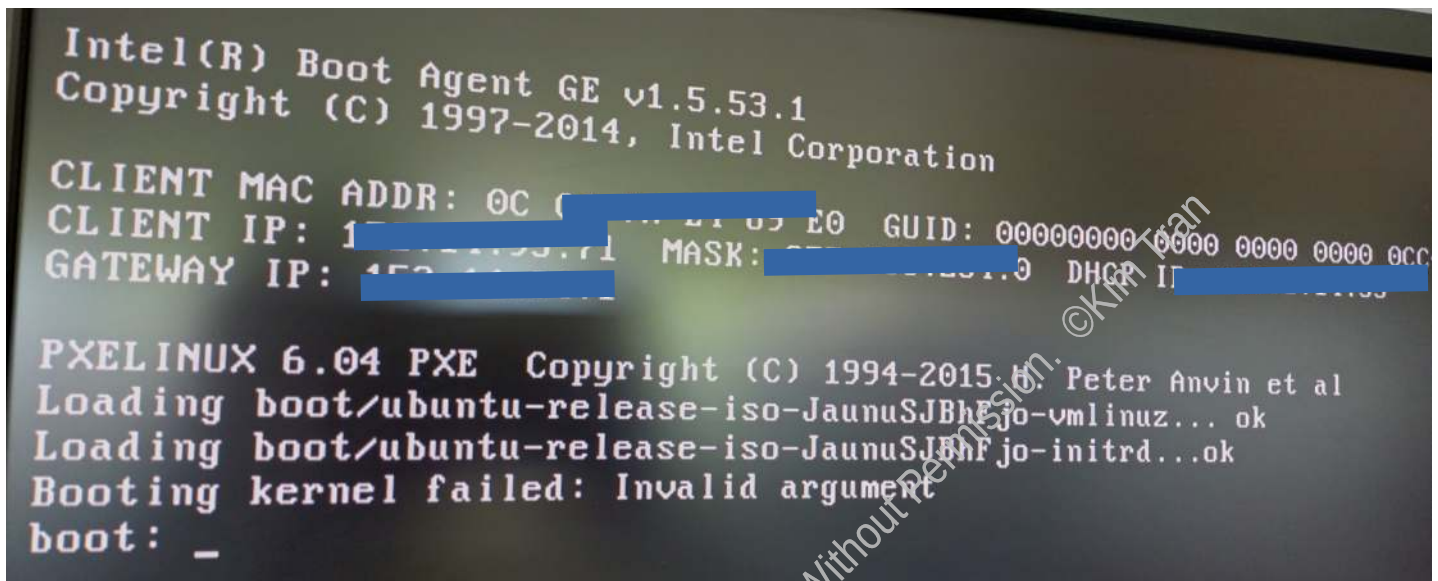
AcceptEnv LANG LC_*
AllowUsers
AllowUsers
AllowUsers
AllowUsers
ChallengeResponseAuthentication yes
Ciphers aes128-ctr,aes192-ctr,aes256-ctr
ClientAliveCountMax 2
ClientAliveInterval 20
GSSAPIAuthentication yes
GSSAPICleanupCredentials yes
HostKey /etc/ssh/ssh_host_rsa_key
HostKey /etc/ssh/ssh_host_ecdsa_key
HostKey /etc/ssh/ssh_host_ed25519_key
KerberosAuthentication no
KexAlgorithms diffie-hellman-group-exchange-sha256,diffie-hellman-group16-sha512,diffie-hellman-group18-sha512
MACs hmac-sha2-512,hmac-sha2-256-etm@openssh.com,hmac-sha2-512-etm@openssh.com
MaxAuthTries 3
PermitRootLogin no
PrintMotd yes
Subsystem sftp internal-sftp
UseDNS no
UsePAM yes
X11Forwarding yes
root@henry:~#
```

// looks like setup of linux for a compute stick, checking the ip routes

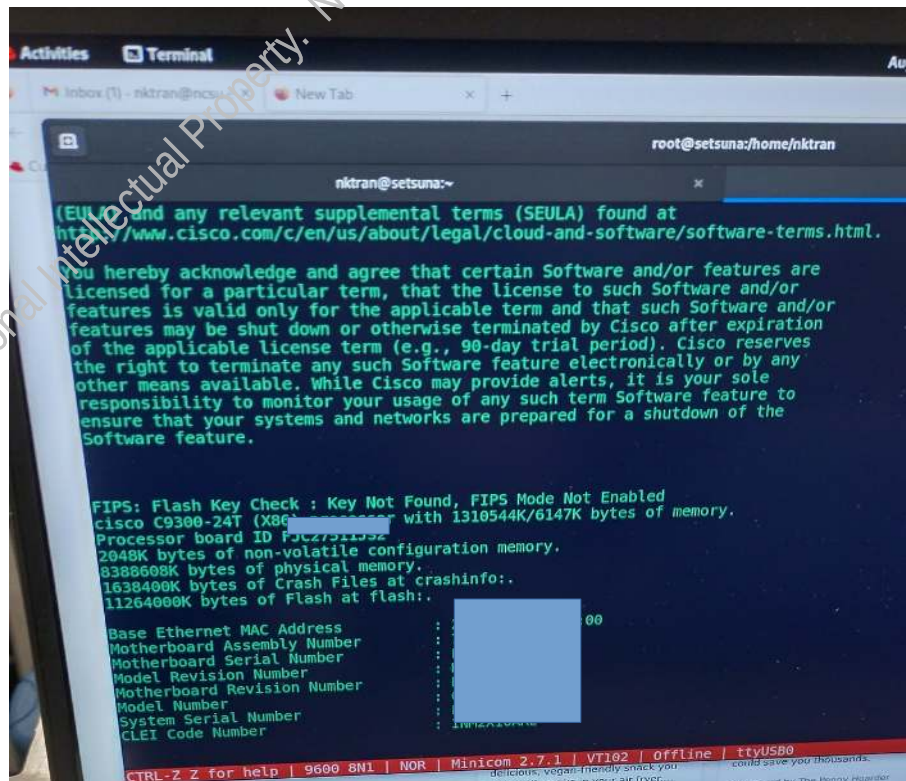
```
valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever
inet6 fe80::2ce:39ff:fed4:14f1/64 scope link
valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever
3: wlp3s0: <BROADCAST,MULTICAST,UP,LOWER_UP> mtu 1500 qdisc noqueue state UP gro
    default qlen 1000
    link/ether 7:8f:3d:86:1d:13 brd ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:ff
    inet 10.153.0.10 brd 10.153.0.15 scope global dynamic noprefixroute w
        wlp3s0
        valid_lft 66767sec preferred_lft 66767sec
        inet6 fe80::fbda:96b7:17d1:7472/64 scope link noprefixroute
        valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever
nktran@icstick1:~$ ip route show
default via 10.153.0.1 dev enp2s0 proto dhcp src 10.153.0.10 metric 100
default via 10.153.0.1 dev wlp3s0 proto dhcp metric 600
10.153.0.10 wlp3s0 proto kernel scope link src 10.153.0.10 metric 600
1: ::: ::: scope link metric 100
1: ::: ::: scope link metric 100
1: ::: ::: scope link metric 100
1: ::: ::: scope link metric 100
1: ::: ::: scope link metric 100
1: ::: ::: scope link metric 100
10.153.0.10 dev wlp3s0 scope link metric 100
nktran@icstick1:~$
```

```
Setting up iptables (1.6.1-2ubuntu2.1) ...
Setting up nplan (0.99-0ubuntu3~18.04.5) ...
Setting up ubuntu-minimal (1.417.5) ...
Setting up ubuntu-standard (1.417.5) ...
Setting up ufw (0.36-0ubuntu0.18.04.2) ...
Setting up liblxc1 (3.0.3-0ubuntu1~18.04.3) ...
Setting up liblxc-common (3.0.3-0ubuntu1~18.04.3) ...
Setting up lxd (3.0.3-0ubuntu1~18.04.3) ...
Processing triggers for libc-bin (2.27-3ubuntu1.6) ...
Processing triggers for systemd (237-3ubuntu10.57) ...
Processing triggers for man-db (2.8.3-2ubuntu0.1) ...
Processing triggers for dbus (1.12.2-1ubuntu1.4) ...
Processing triggers for rsyslog (8.32.0-1ubuntu4.2) ...
Processing triggers for ureadahead (0.100.0-21) ...
ureadahead will be reprofiled on next reboot
Processing triggers for initramfs-tools (0.130ubuntu3.13) ...
update-initramfs: Generating /boot/initrd.img-4.15.0-213-generic
W: Possible missing firmware /lib/firmware/ast_dp501_fw.bin for module ast
root@nps6:~#
```

Personal Intellectual Property. No Corporate Use Without Permission. ©Kim Tran



// looks like a login to a cisco switch/router for configuration



// looks like an upgrade installation of ubuntu

```
If you continue, an additional ssh daemon will be started at port
'1022'.
Do you want to continue?

Continue [yN] y

Starting additional sshd

To make recovery in case of failure easier, an additional sshd will
be started on port '1022'. If anything goes wrong with the running
ssh you can still connect to the additional one.
If you run a firewall, you may need to temporarily open this port. As
this is potentially dangerous it's not done automatically. You can
open the port with e.g.:
'iptables -I INPUT -p tcp --dport 1022 -j ACCEPT'

To continue please press [ENTER]

Reading package lists... Done
Building dependency tree
Reading state information... Done
```

// looks like pre-upgrade check for rhel 7/8

```
Check all generated results messages and notify user about them.
Debug output written to /var/log/leapp/leapp-preupgrade.log

=====
REPORT OVERVIEW
=====

Upgrade has been inhibited due to the following problems:
1. Leapp detected a processor which is no longer supported in RHEL 8. Upgrade cannot proceed.

HIGH and MEDIUM severity reports:
1. Packages not signed by Red Hat found on the system
2. Difference in Python versions and support in RHEL 8
3. SSSD Domain "ncsu.edu": sudo rules containing wildcards will stop working.
4. Upgrade can be performed, but KDE will be uninstalled.
5. Upgrade can be performed, but KDE/Qt apps will be uninstalled.
6. Module pam_pkcs11 will be removed from PAM configuration

Reports summary:
Errors: 0
Inhibitors: 1
HIGH severity reports: 3
MEDIUM severity reports: 3
LOW severity reports: 8
INFO severity reports: 3

Before continuing consult the full report:
A report has been generated at /var/log/leapp/leapp-report.json
A report has been generated at /var/log/leapp/leapp-report.txt

=====
END OF REPORT OVERVIEW
=====
```


// looks like more upgrade checks complaining about nfs being on and active

```
h exit code 32.
May 09 16:33:39 localhost upgrade[890]: CalledProcessError: Command ['/bin/mount', '-a'] failed with
amStart: Actor remove_upgrade_boot_entry has crashed: Traceback (most recent call last):
May 09 16:33:39 localhost upgrade[890]: File "/usr/lib/python2.7/site-packages/leapp/repository/ac
tor_definition.py", line 74, in _do_run
May 09 16:33:39 localhost upgrade[890]: actor_instance.run(*args, **kwargs)
May 09 16:33:39 localhost upgrade[890]: File "/usr/lib/python2.7/site-packages/leapp/actors/_init
_.py", line 289, in run
May 09 16:33:39 localhost upgrade[890]: self.process(*args)
May 09 16:33:39 localhost upgrade[890]: File "/usr/share/leapp-repository/repositories/system_upgr
ade/common/actors/removeupgradebootentry/actor.py", line 20, in process
May 09 16:33:39 localhost upgrade[890]: remove_boot_entry()
May 09 16:33:39 localhost upgrade[890]: File "/usr/share/leapp-repository/repositories/system_upgr
ade/common/actors/removeupgradebootentry/libraries/removeupgradebootentry.py", line 41, in remove_bo
ot_entry
May 09 16:33:39 localhost upgrade[890]: '/bin/mount', '-a'
May 09 16:33:39 localhost upgrade[890]: File "/usr/lib/python2.7/site-packages/leapp/libraries/std
lib/_init_.py", line 192, in run
May 09 16:33:39 localhost upgrade[890]: result=result
May 09 16:33:39 localhost upgrade[890]: CalledProcessError: Command ['/bin/mount', '-a'] failed with
exit code 32.
May 09 16:33:39 localhost upgrade[890]: =====
May 09 16:33:39 localhost upgrade[890]: =====
```

```
May 09 15:07:35 localhost upgrade[887]:
May 09 15:07:35 localhost upgrade[887]: File "/usr/lib/python2.7/site-packages/leapp/libraries/std
lib/_init_.py", line 192, in run
May 09 15:07:35 localhost upgrade[887]: result=result
May 09 15:07:35 localhost upgrade[887]: CalledProcessError: Command ['/bin/mount', '-a'] failed with
exit code 32.
May 09 15:07:35 localhost upgrade[887]: =====
May 09 15:07:35 localhost upgrade[887]: Actor remove_upgrade_boot_entry unexpectedly terminated with
exit code: 1 - Please check the above details
May 09 15:07:35 localhost upgrade[887]: =====
May 09 15:07:36 localhost upgrade[887]: Debug output written to /var/log/leapp/leapp-upgrade.log
May 09 15:07:36 localhost upgrade[887]: =====
May 09 15:07:36 localhost upgrade[887]: REPORT OVERVIEW
May 09 15:07:36 localhost upgrade[887]: HIGH and MEDIUM severity reports:
May 09 15:07:36 localhost upgrade[887]: 1. Packages not signed by Red Hat found on the system
May 09 15:07:36 localhost upgrade[887]: 2. Difference in Python versions and support in RHEL 8
May 09 15:07:36 localhost upgrade[887]: 3. SSSD Domain "ncsu.edu": sudo rules containing wildcard
May 09 15:07:36 localhost upgrade[887]: 4. Module pam_pkcs11 will be removed from PAM configurat
ds will stop working.
May 09 15:07:36 localhost upgrade[887]: 5. Upgrade can be performed, but KDE will be uninstalled
ion
May 09 15:07:36 localhost upgrade[887]: 6. Upgrade can be performed, but KDE/Qt apps will be uni
May 09 15:07:36 localhost upgrade[887]: Reports summary:
May 09 15:07:36 localhost upgrade[887]: Errors: 1
May 09 15:07:36 localhost upgrade[887]: Inhibitors: 0
May 09 15:07:36 localhost upgrade[887]: HIGH severity reports: 3
```

// fixing intermittent network gremlins :-)

```
-- The start-up result is done.
[root@localhost ~]# ip addr
1: lo: <LOOPBACK,UP,LOWER_UP> mtu 65536 qdisc noqueue state UNKNOWN group default
link/loopback 00:00:00:00:00:00 brd 00:00:00:00:00:00
inet 127.0.0.1/8 scope host lo
valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever
inet6 ::1/128 scope host
valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever
2: emp3s0f0: <BROADCAST,MULTICAST> mtu 1500 qdisc noop state DOWN group default qlen
link/ether ac:1f:6b:02:7d:b6 brd ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:ff
3: emp3s0f1: <BROADCAST,MULTICAST> mtu 1500 qdisc noop state DOWN group default qlen
link/ether 82:00:00:00:00:00 brd ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:ff
[root@localhost ~]#
```


// looks like fixing missing/corrupt system libraries/modules

```
no file '/usr/lib64/lua/5.1/posix.lua'
no file '/usr/lib64/lua/5.1/posix/init.lua'
no file '/usr/lib64/lua/5.1/posix.so'
no file '/usr/lib64/lua/5.1/loadall.so'
stack traceback:
[C]: in function 'require'
/usr/share/lmod/lmod/libexec/addto:65: in main chunk
[C]: in ?
/usr/bin/lua: /usr/share/lmod/lmod/libexec/addto:65: module 'posix' not found:
no field package.preload['posix']
no file '/usr/share/lua/5.1/posix.lua'
no file '/usr/share/lua/5.1/posix/init.lua'
no file '/usr/lib64/lua/5.1/posix.lua'
no file '/usr/lib64/lua/5.1/posix/init.lua'
no file '/usr/lib64/lua/5.1/posix.so'
no file '/usr/lib64/lua/5.1/loadall.so'
stack traceback:
[C]: in function 'require'
/usr/share/lmod/lmod/libexec/addto:65: in main chunk
[C]: in ?
/usr/bin/lua: /usr/share/lmod/lmod/libexec/addto:65: module 'posix' not found:
no field package.preload['posix']
no file '/usr/share/lua/5.1/posix.lua'
no file '/usr/share/lua/5.1/posix/init.lua'
no file '/usr/lib64/lua/5.1/posix.lua'
```

// looks like fixing a kernel panic preventing bootup and normal startup

```
8.554832] md: If you don't use raid, use raid=noautodetect
8.572991] md: Autodetecting RAID arrays.
8.590269] md: autorun ...
8.606587] md: ... autorun DONE.
8.622594] UFS: Cannot open root device "nme0n1p1" or unknown-block(0,0):
error -6
8.656152] Please append a correct "root=" boot option; here are the availa
le partitions:
8.691325] Kernel panic - not syncing: UFS: Unable to mount root fs on unk
wn-block(0,0)
8.728307] CPU: 1 PID: 1 Comm: swapper/0 Not tainted 5.4.0-186-generic #206
Ubuntu
8.766496] Hardware name: Supermicro SYS-4029GP-TURT/K11DGO-T, BIOS 2.0b 04
16/2018
8.806758] Call Trace:
8.826566] dump_stack+0x6d/0x8b
8.846723] panic+0x114/0x2f6
8.867061] mount_block_root+0x23f/0x2e8
8.887840] mount_root+0x38/0x3a
8.908668] prepare_namespace+0x13f/0x194
8.929928] kernel_init_freeable+0x265/0x289
8.951723] ? rest_init+0xb0/0xb0
8.973427] kernel_init+0xe/0x110
8.994986] ret_from_fork+0x1f/0x40
9.016635] Kernel Offset: 0xyc00000 from 0xffffffff81000000 (relocation ran
```



```
8.8067581 Call Trace:
8.8265661 dump_stack+0x6d/0x8b
8.8467231 panic+0x114/0x2f6
8.8670611 mount_block_root+0x23f/0x2e8
8.8878401 mount_root+0x38/0x3a
8.9086681 prepare_namespace+0x13f/0x194
8.9299281 kernel_init_freeable+0x265/0x289
8.9517231 ? rest_init+0xb0/0xb0
8.9734271 kernel_init+0xe/0x110
8.9949861 ret_from_fork+0x1f/0x40
9.0166351 Kernel Offset: 0xec000000 from 0xffffffff81000000
: 0xffffffff80000000-0xffffffffbfffffff)
9.0687661 ---[ end Kernel panic - not syncing: VFS: Unable to
on unknown-block(0,0) ]---
```

// looks like normal bootup post kernel panic resolution :-)

```
*Ubuntu, with Linux 5.4.0-186-generic
Ubuntu, with Linux 5.4.0-186-generic (recovery mode)
Ubuntu, with Linux 4.15.0-213-generic
Ubuntu, with Linux 4.15.0-213-generic (recovery mode)
Ubuntu, with Linux 4.15.0-169-generic
Ubuntu, with Linux 4.15.0-169-generic (recovery mode)
```

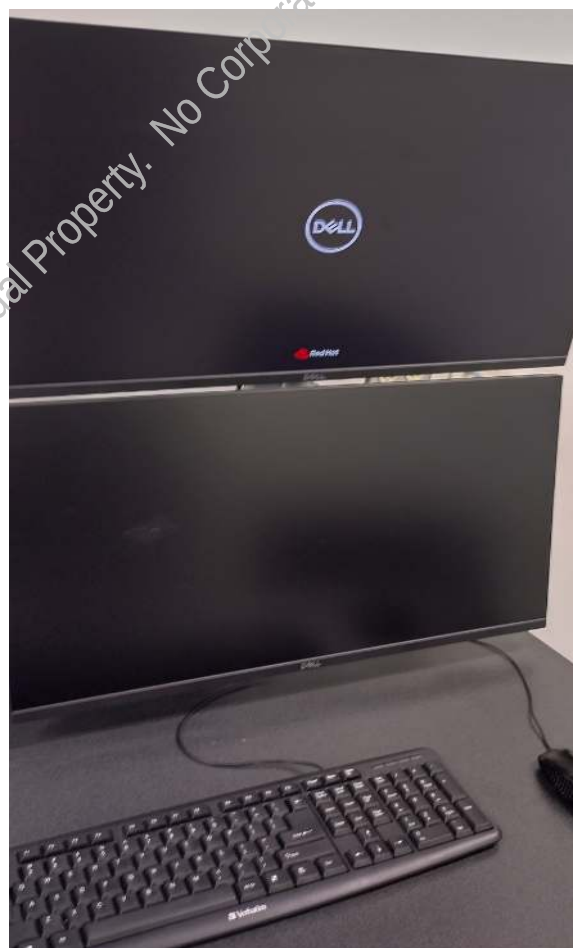
// looks like fixing display driver issues

```
Both GFMF and LFMT may contain:
%
%
%c'C' the single character C
[ ] ~1$
[ ] ~1$
[ ] ~1$ diff -sy /etc/X11/xorg.conf.d/10-nvidia.conf /etc/X11/xorg.conf.d/10-nvidia.conf.bak
Section "OutputClass"
    Identifier "nvidia"
    MatchDriver "nvidia-drm"
    Driver "nvidia"
    Option "AllowEmptyInitialConfiguration"
    Option "PrimaryGPU" "yes"
    Option "SLI" "Auto"
    Option "BaseMosaic" "on"
EndSection
Section "OutputClass"
    Identifier "intel"
    MatchDriver "i915"
    Driver "modesetting"
EndSection
Files /etc/X11/xorg.conf.d/10-nvidia.conf and /etc/X11/xorg.conf.d/10-nvidia.conf.bak are identical
Section "OutputClass"
    Identifier "nvidia"
    MatchDriver "nvidia-drm"
    Driver "nvidia"
    Option "AllowEmptyInitialConfiguration"
    Option "PrimaryGPU" "yes"
    Option "SLI" "Auto"
    Option "BaseMosaic" "on"
EndSection
Section "OutputClass"
    Identifier "intel"
    MatchDriver "i915"
    Driver "modesetting"
EndSection
```

// restoring/fixing a redbarn hpc compute node



// restoring a nvidia/gpu compute node in the AI/ML learning lab



// As to that \$70k+ Nvidia DGX workstation, AI/ML deep learning supercomputer rebuild?
Well, that's in the NCSU / ECE servicenow helpdesk ticket system. Just look up my worked ticket history :-)

When I performed a bare metal restore and rebuild of that \$70K+ deep learning AI/ML supercomputer, Nvidia DGX workstation out of vendor contract support, reinstalled vanilla base os, system drivers and firmware, gpu cuda and toolkit drivers, management and utility layer api's, restoring the system back to the DGX platform configuration, verified and addressed all system issues and placed back into production use...

That was just another day, just another linux system that was down and needed to be brought back to life :-D

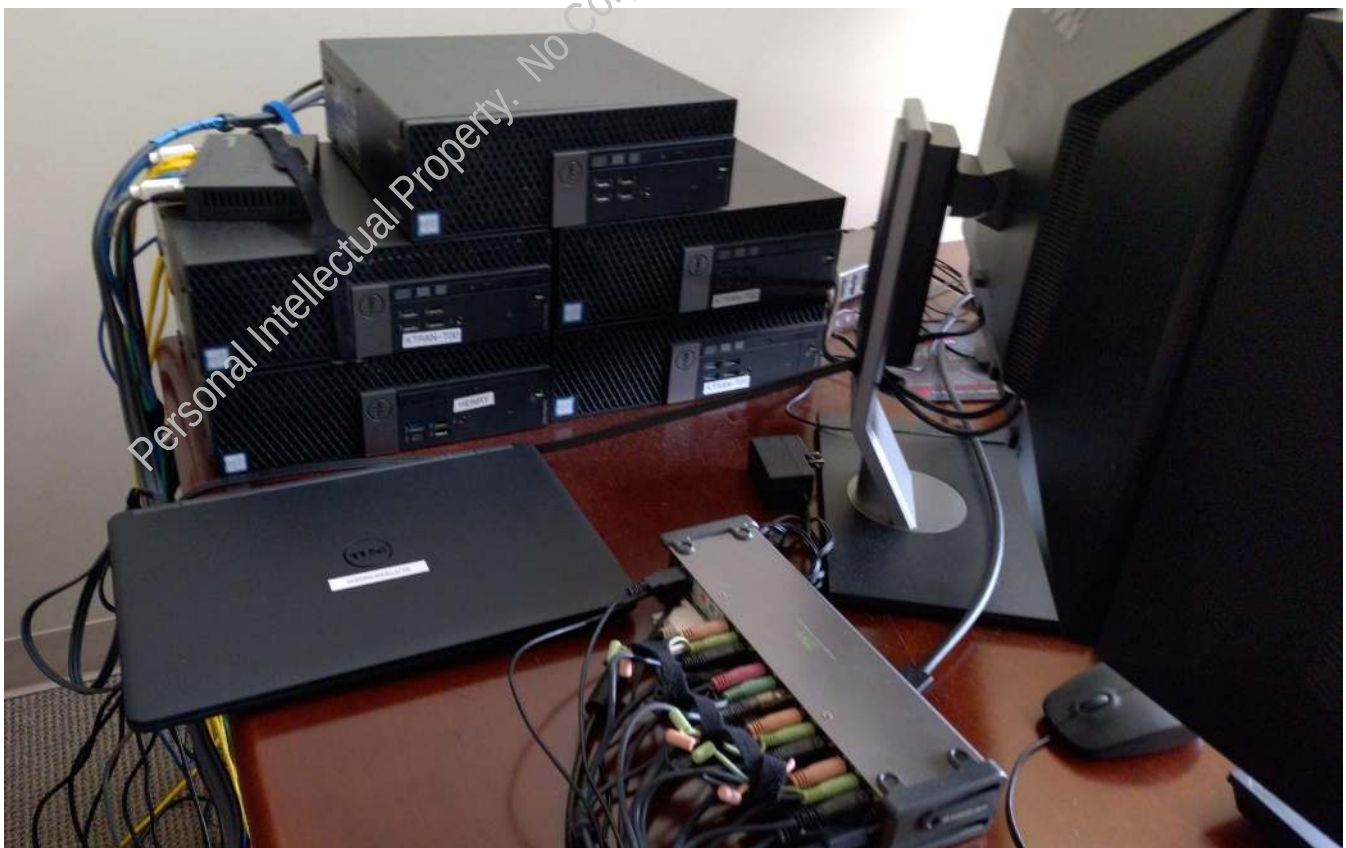
// Working in the server room for the AI/ML gpu compute nodes, server farms/clusters

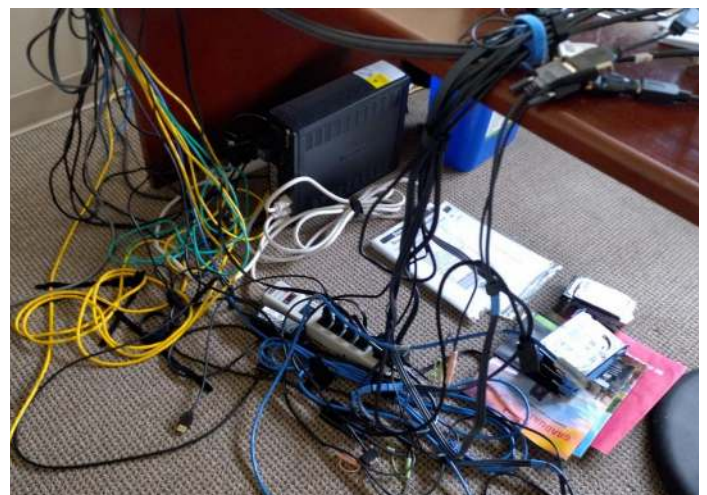
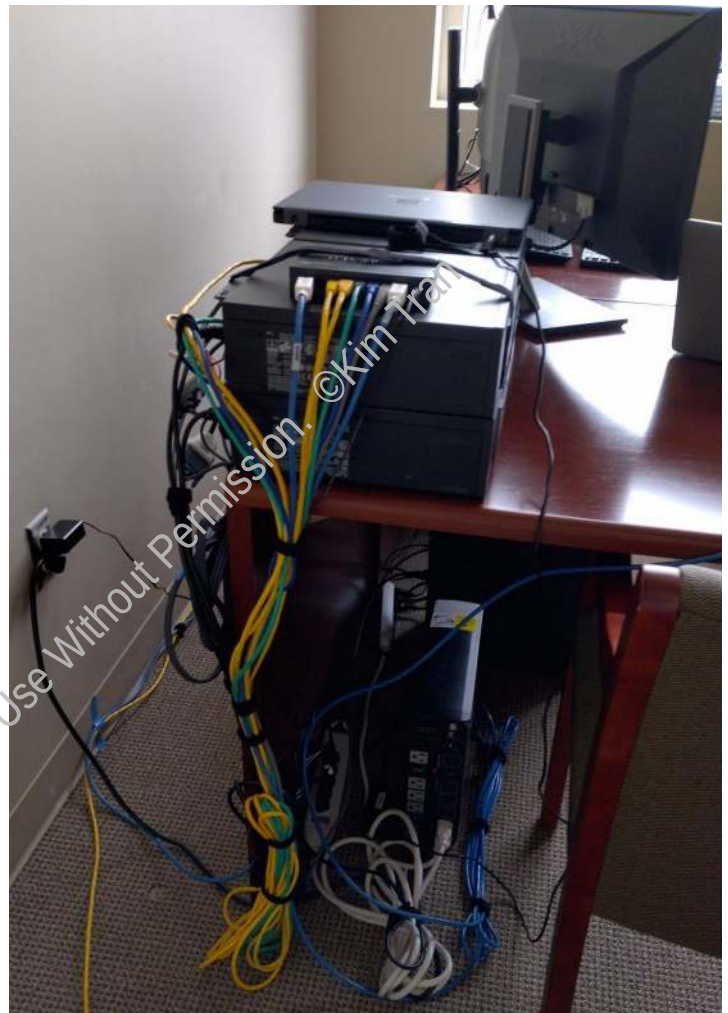
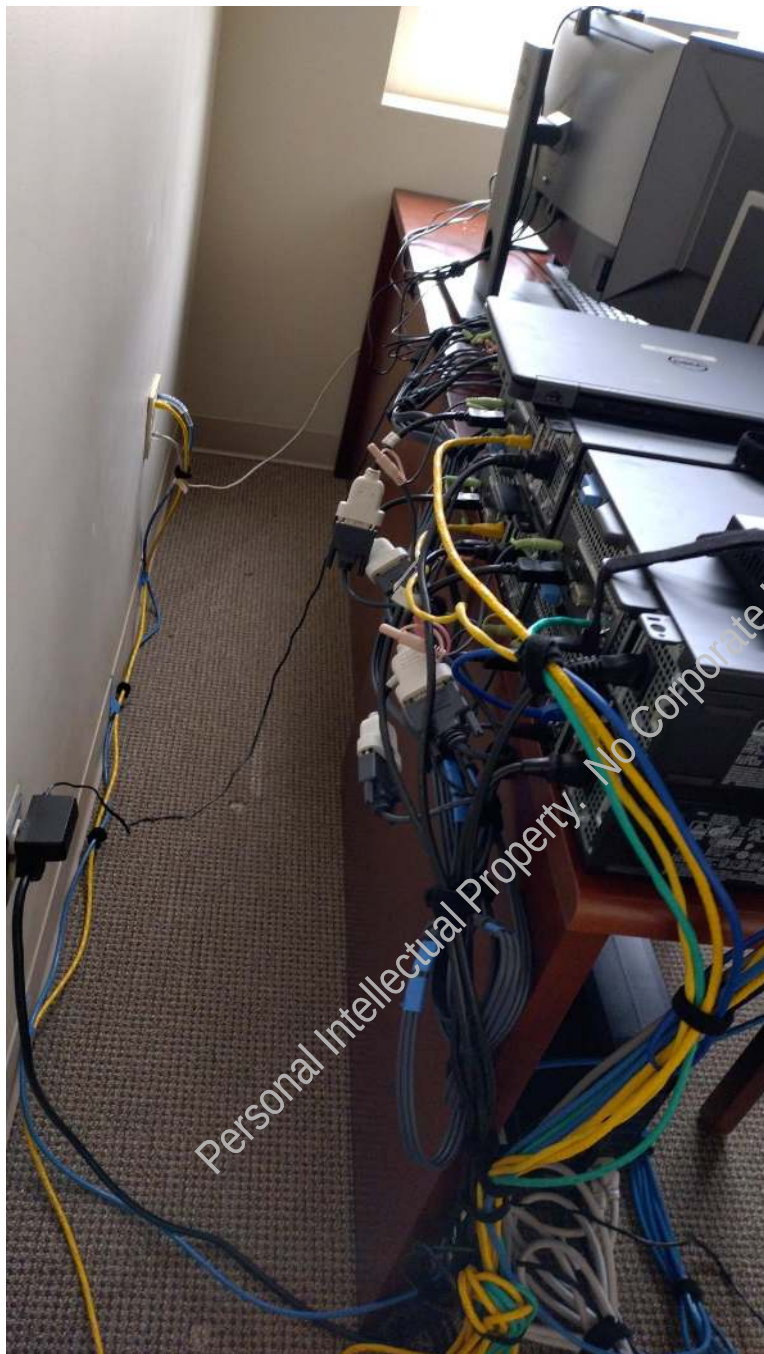


// AI/ML gpu server farms/clusters compute nodes : Keeping these workloads backbone up and alive :-)

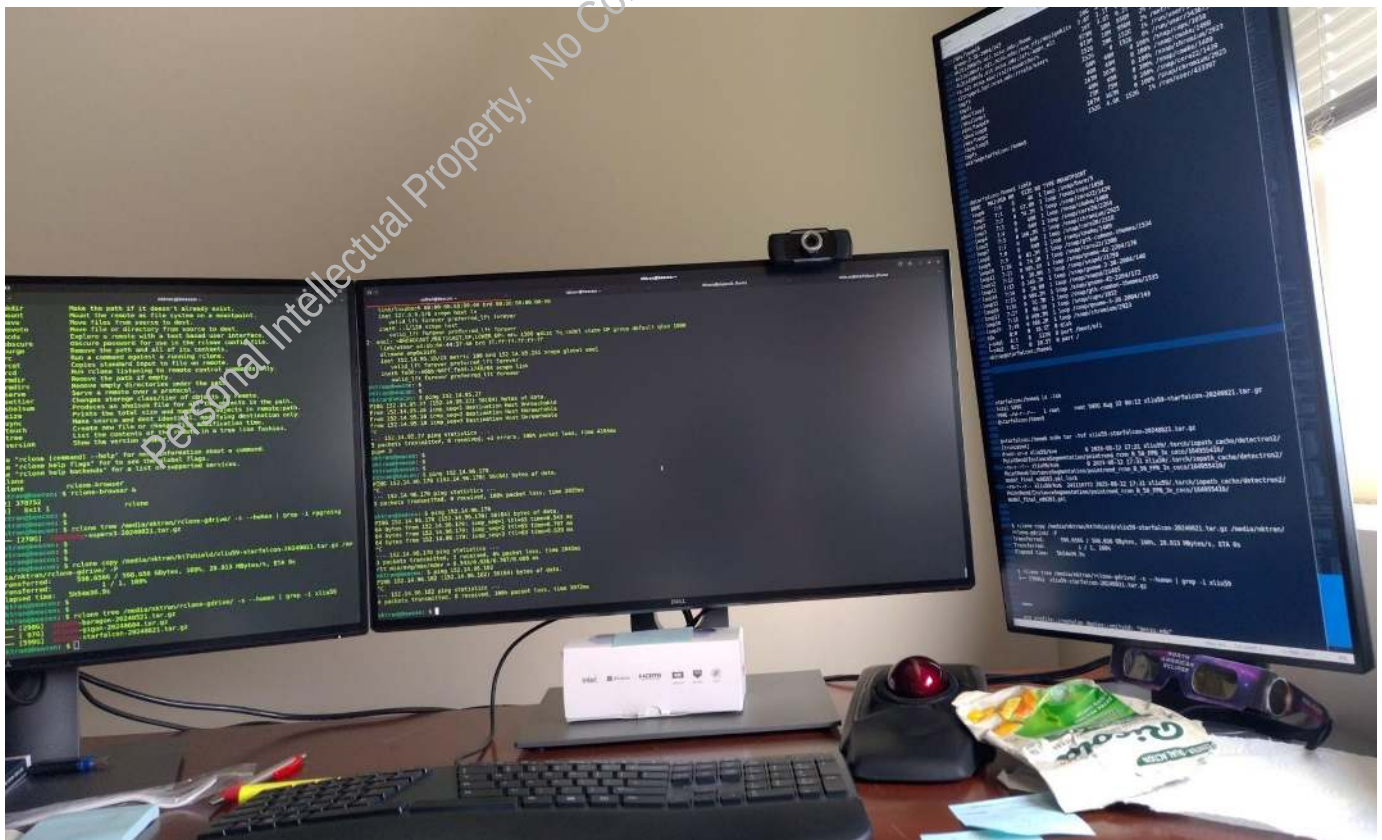


// My workstation setup to support the AI/ML/Linux server farms/compute nodes :-)





// Is this enough proof of systems utilization and multitasking? :-)



// The question was, do I need all these monitors and systems?

The answer is YES :-)

