o PyTorch

An open source deep learning platform that provides a seamless path from research prototyping to production deployment.

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OPyTorch 1.0

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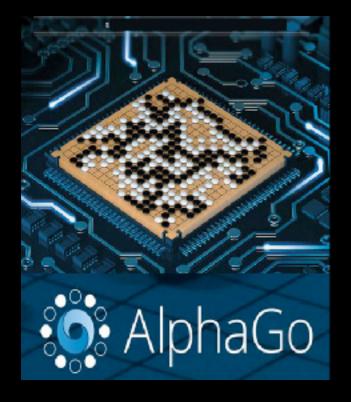
Outline

What's machine learning, and what software is required?

Explanation and demo on features of PyTorch

What's the enabling technology?

https://github.com/stsievert/talks

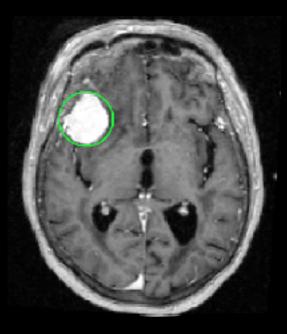




Siri/Alexa



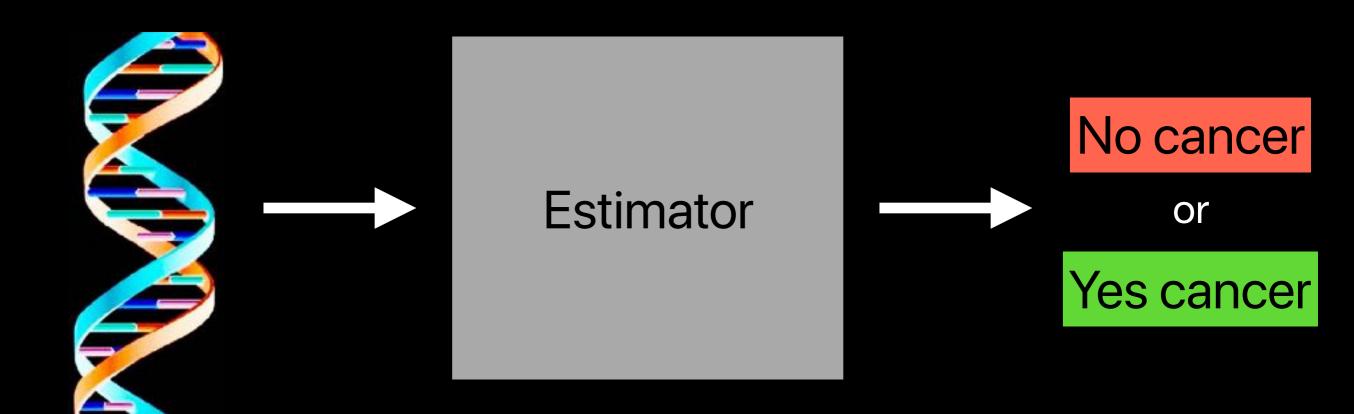
Self driving cars



Helping doctors

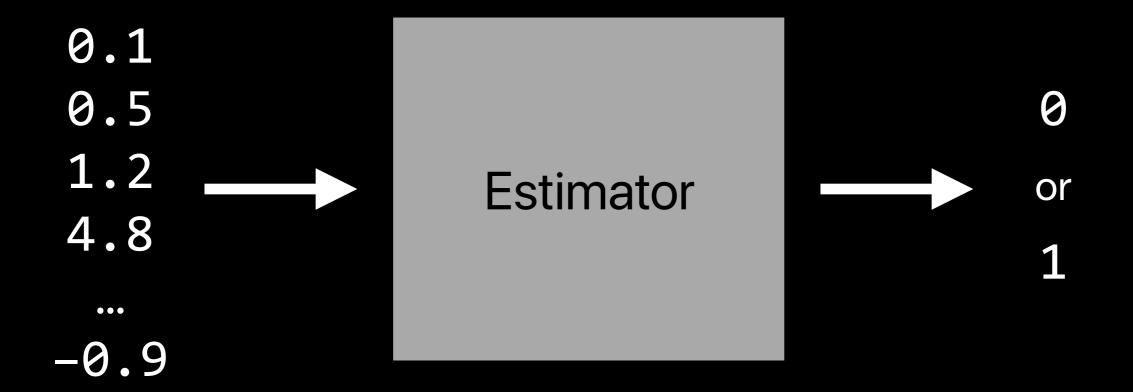


What's the goal of machine learning?



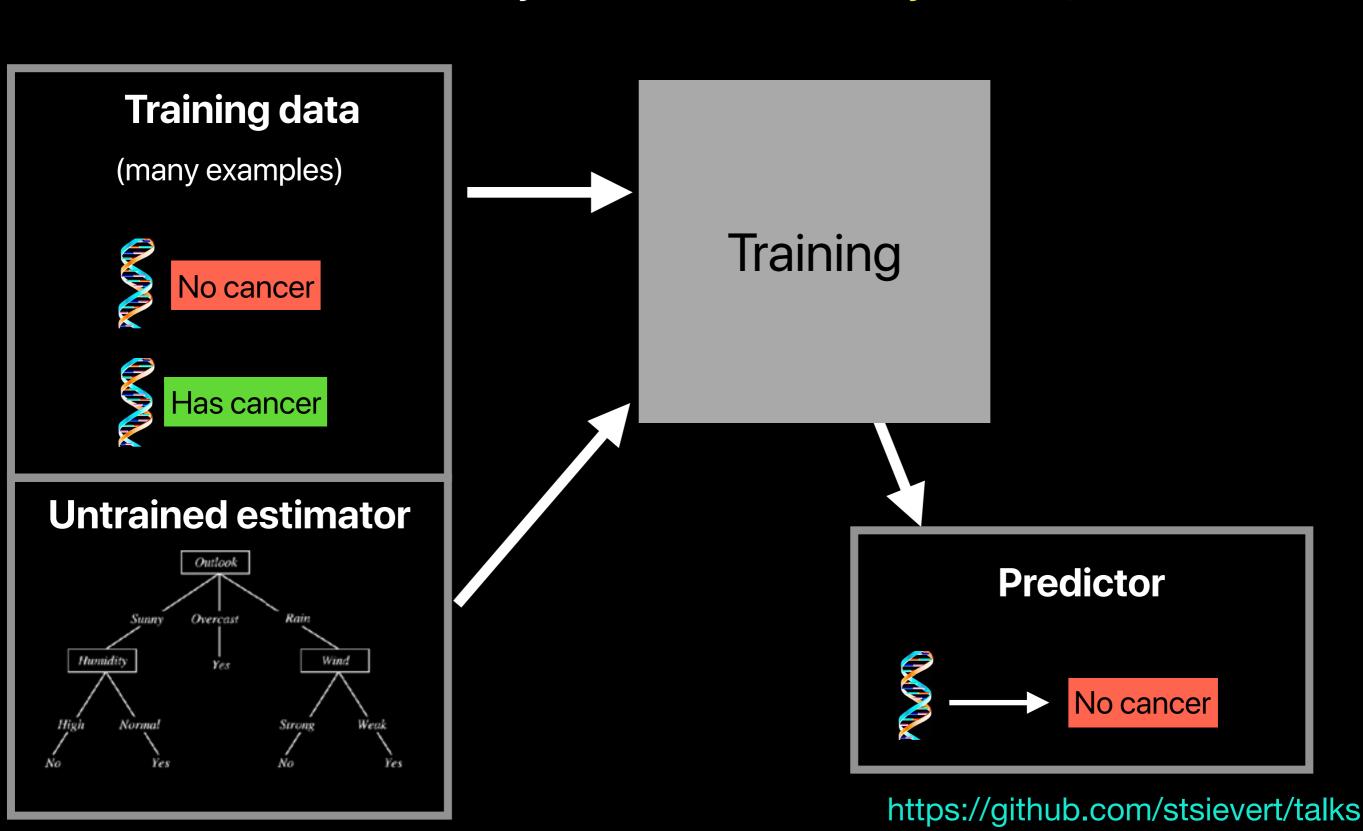
What's the goal of machine learning?

To make this a "good" approximation for *unseen* data

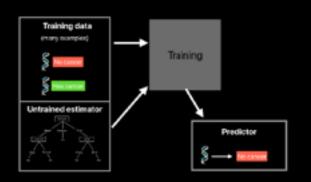


How is the estimator created?

The same way humans learn: by example.



What will I talk about?

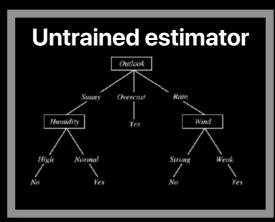


Software required for

Training

, not the math required

...and specifically not software required for



```
Untrained estimator

Outlook

High Normal Strong Weak

No Yes No Yes
```

```
Training
```

```
from sklearn.linear_model import

estimator = LogisticRegression(
    penalty="l1",
    tol=1e-8,
    C=0.1,
    solver="saga",
)
```

```
estimator.fit(X_train, y_train)
estimator.score(X_test, y_test)
```

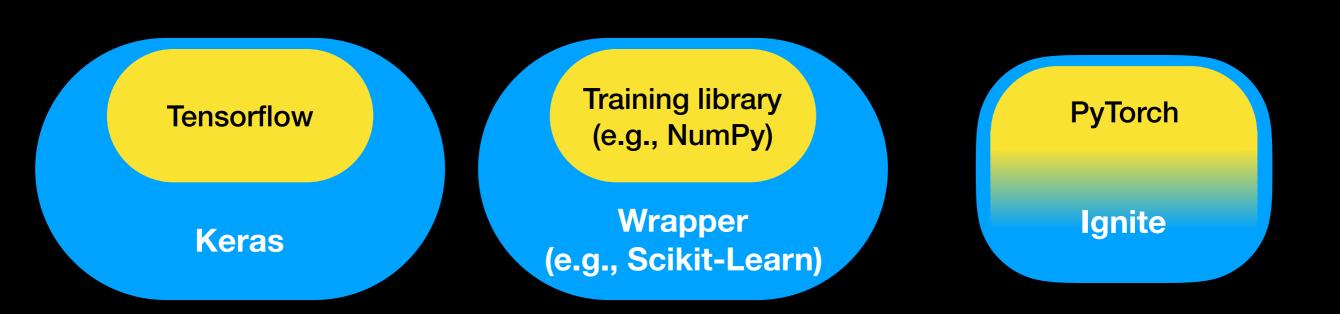
```
from keras.models import Sec
from keras.layers import Der

model = Sequential()
model.add(Dense(10, activati

model.compile(
    loss=keras.losses.catego
    optimizer=keras.optimize
)
```

```
model.fit(x_train, y_train)
score = model.evaluate(x_tes
```

Every library has wrappers to create models easily.



PyTorch requires minimal wrapping

we s

mirr







e. Creator of Keras,

/. Author of 'Deep

. Opinions are my own.



🔪 François Chollet 🤣

Keras creator

Clas Cleator

Follow

Here is the same dynamic RNN implemented in 4 different frameworks (TensorFlow/Keras, MXNet/Gluon, Chainer, PyTorch). Can you tell which is which?

```
class *yren(acci);

def _inti_(self, units=32);
    super(%thM, self)__init_()
    self.units = units
    self.projection_1 = loyers.Bense(units-units, activation="tarh")
    self.projection_2 = loyers.Bense(units-units, activation="tarh")

def coll(self, iquate);
    outputs = []
    stote = zeros(shape=(inputs.shape[N], self.units))
    for t in range(inputs.shape[N]);
    x = inputs(; t, :]
    h = self.projection_1(o)
    y = h + self.projection_2(stote)
    state = y
    outputs.append(y)
    return concatenate(sutputs, sels=1)
```

```
class Mythm(Cheir):

def __init__(self, units=32):
    super(MyRM, self), __init__()
    self.units = units
    unit self.init_scape():
        self.projection_1 = layers.Linear(in_size=Mone, out_size=units)
        self.projection_1 = layers.Linear(in_size=Mone, out_size=units)

def forward(self, inputs):
    outputs = [
        state = zeros(skape=(inputs.shape)(), self.units())
        for t in range(Inputs.shape[]):
        x = inputs[; t, :]
        h = torm(self.projection_i(o))
        y = h + torm(self.projection_i(o))
        state = y
        outputs.separd(y)
    return stack(sutputs, oris=1)
```

9:03 AM - 16 Oct 2018

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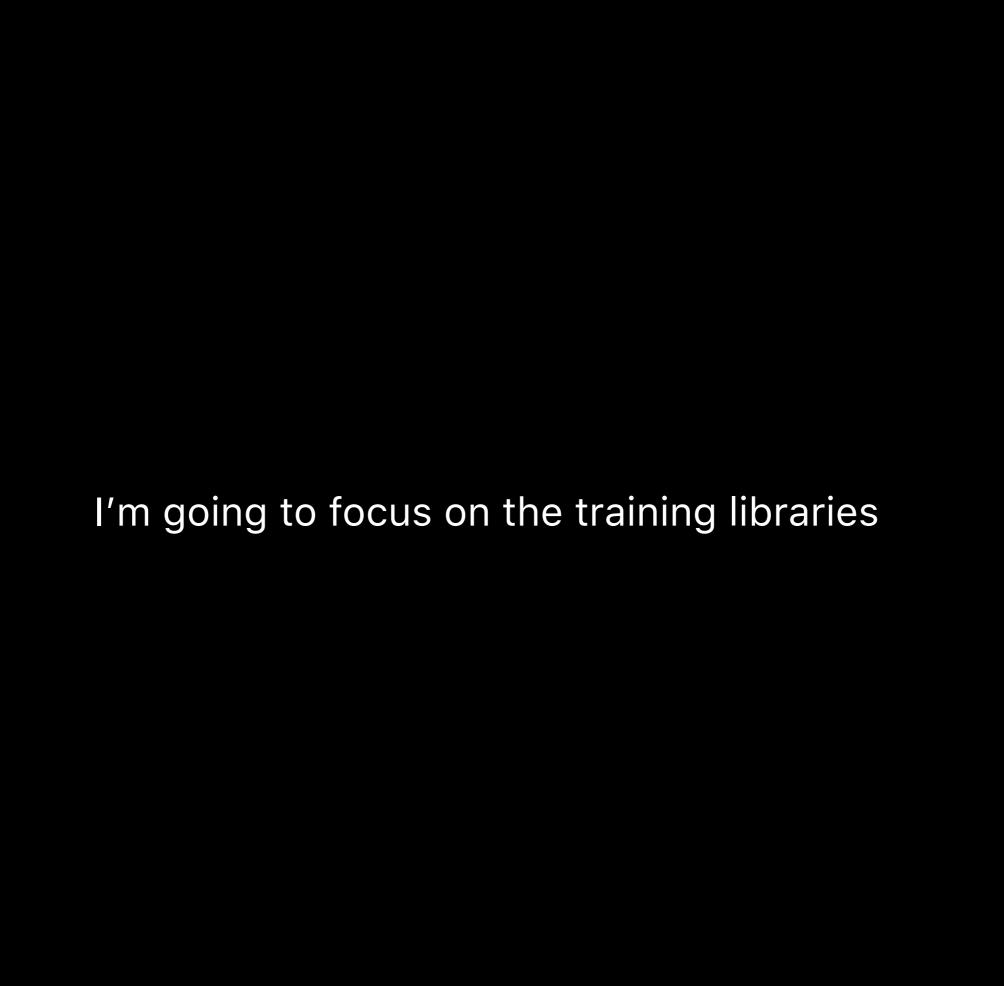












Why should you care?

Training libraries determine....

- Speed
- Memory
- Debugging
- Adoption (StackOverflow, blog posts, etc)
- Performance monitoring
- Integration with other libraries

Demo

Benefits

- Easy debugging
- Easy NumPy integration
- Python control flow works

What's the enabling feature behind these benefits?

A graph describes the required computation and communication for a given program

```
x=1
def inc(i):
    return i + 1
                                        inc
def add(a, b):
    return a + b
                                 10
y = inc(x)
                                     add
z = add(y, 10)
```

Graph choices

	Dynamic	Static
Execution model	Define by running	Define then run
which means	Functions run when expected	Functions run once for graph creation
Example	PyTorch	Tensorflow

What impact does graph choice have?

- Control flow (e.g., tf.while_loop, tf.cond)
- Debugging
- Library integration
- Deployment

PyTorch

Originally, a dynamic graph system

Now, has static graph:

```
@torch.jit.script
def RNN(h, x, W_h, U_h, W_y, b_h, b_y):
    y = []
    for t in range(x.size(0)):
        h = torch.tanh(x[t] @ W_h + h @ U_h + b_h)
        y += [torch.tanh(h @ W_y + b_y)]
        if t % 10 == 0:
            print("stats: ", h.mean(), h.var())
    return torch.stack(y), h
```

Tensorflow

Originally, a static graph system.

Now, has dynamic graph through "eager execution"

Eager: Distributed Execution #14129

(1) Open asimshankar opened this issue on Oct 31, 2017 · 1 comment · Jump to bottom

Eager: Random seeds #14134

① Open asimshankar opened this issue on Oct 31, 2017 · 1 comment · Jump to bottom

Eager: Variable item-assignment #14132

① Open asimshankar opened this issue on Oct 31, 2017 · 3 comments · Jump to bottom

Eager: CPU Performance/Operation Overheads #14130

Deployment

Branch: master ▼ pytorch / caffe2 /

Caffe2 and PyTorch join forces to create a Research + Production platform PyTorch 1.0

Posted May 02, 2018

https://caffe2.ai/blog/2018/05/02/Caffe2_PyTorch_1_0.html

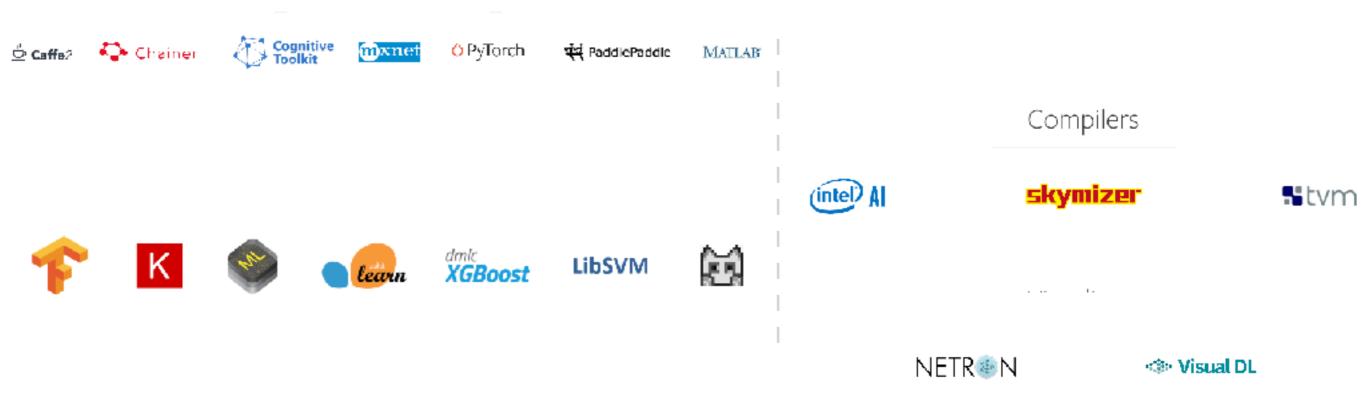
Branch: master ▼ pytorch / torch / onnx /

Open Neural Net Exchange (ONNX)

ONNX

OPEN NEURAL NETWORK EXCHANGE FORMAT

The new open ecosystem for interchangeable AI models







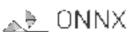














Thanks!

Questions?

PyTorch

Tensorflow

Performance

Performance

Debugging

Debugging

Integration with other libraries

Integration with other libraries

Deployment

Deployment

Community

Community