Clojure
in 10 big ideas

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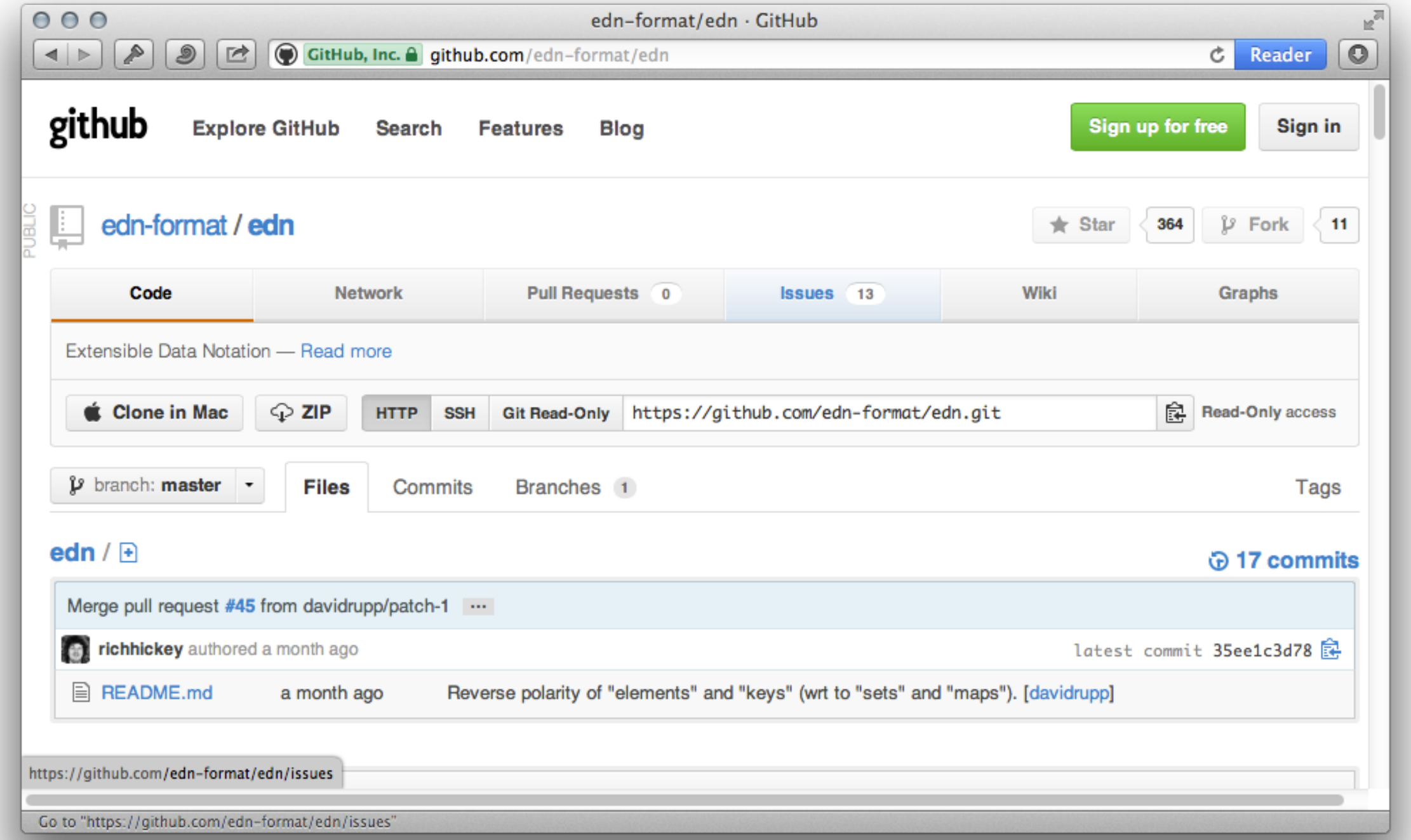
1. edn


edn-format/edn · GitHub
GitHub, Inc.
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Star
364
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11
Code
Network
Pull Requests 0
Issues 13
Wiki
Graphs
Extensible Data Notation — Read more
Clone in Mac
ZIP
HTTP
SSH
Git Read-Only
https://github.com/edn-format/edn.git
Read-Only access
branch: master
Files
Commits
Branches 1
Tags
edn /
17 commits
Merge pull request #45 from davidrupp/patch-1
richhickey authored a month ago
latest commit 35ee1c3d78
README.md
a month ago
Reverse polarity of "elements" and "keys" (wrt to "sets" and "maps"). [davidrupp]
https://github.com/edn-format/edn/issues
Go to "https://github.com/edn-format/edn/issues"

edn example

```
{ :firstName "John"
  :lastName "Smith"
  :age 25
  :address {
    :streetAddress "21 2nd Street"
    :city "New York"
    :state "NY"
    :postalCode "10021" }
 :phoneNumber
    [ {:type "name" :number "212 555-1234"}
      {:type "fax" :number "646 555-4567" } ] }
```

type	examples
string	`"foo"`
character	`\f`
integer	`42, 42N`
floating point	`3.14, 3.14M`
boolean	`true`
nil	`nil`
symbol	`foo, +`
keyword	`:foo, ::foo`

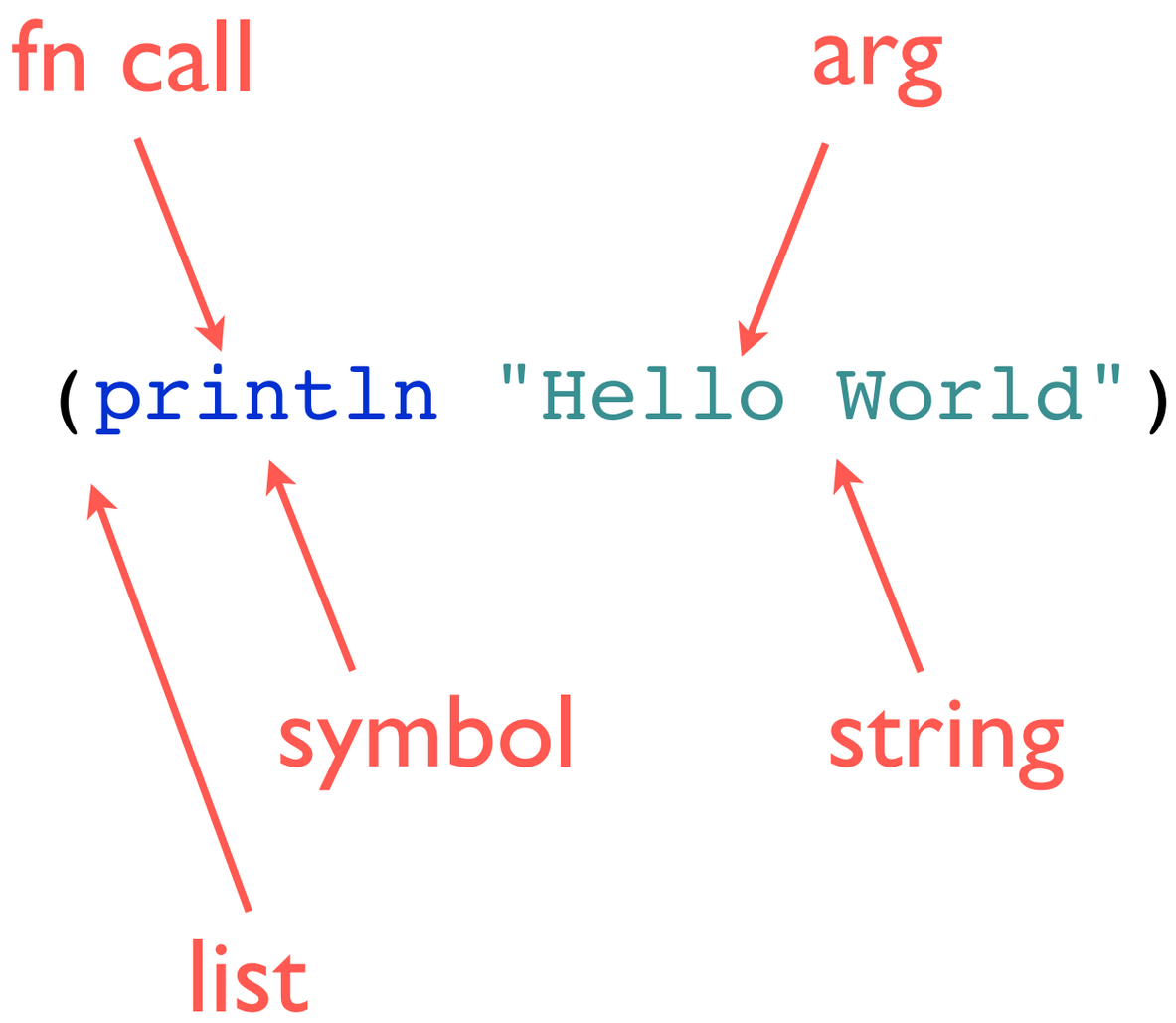
type	properties	examples
list	sequential	`(1 2 3)`
vector	sequential and random access	`[1 2 3]`
map	associative	`{:a 100` `:b 90}`
set	membership	`#{:a :b}`

program in data, not text

function call

semantics:

structure:



function def

define a fn

fn name

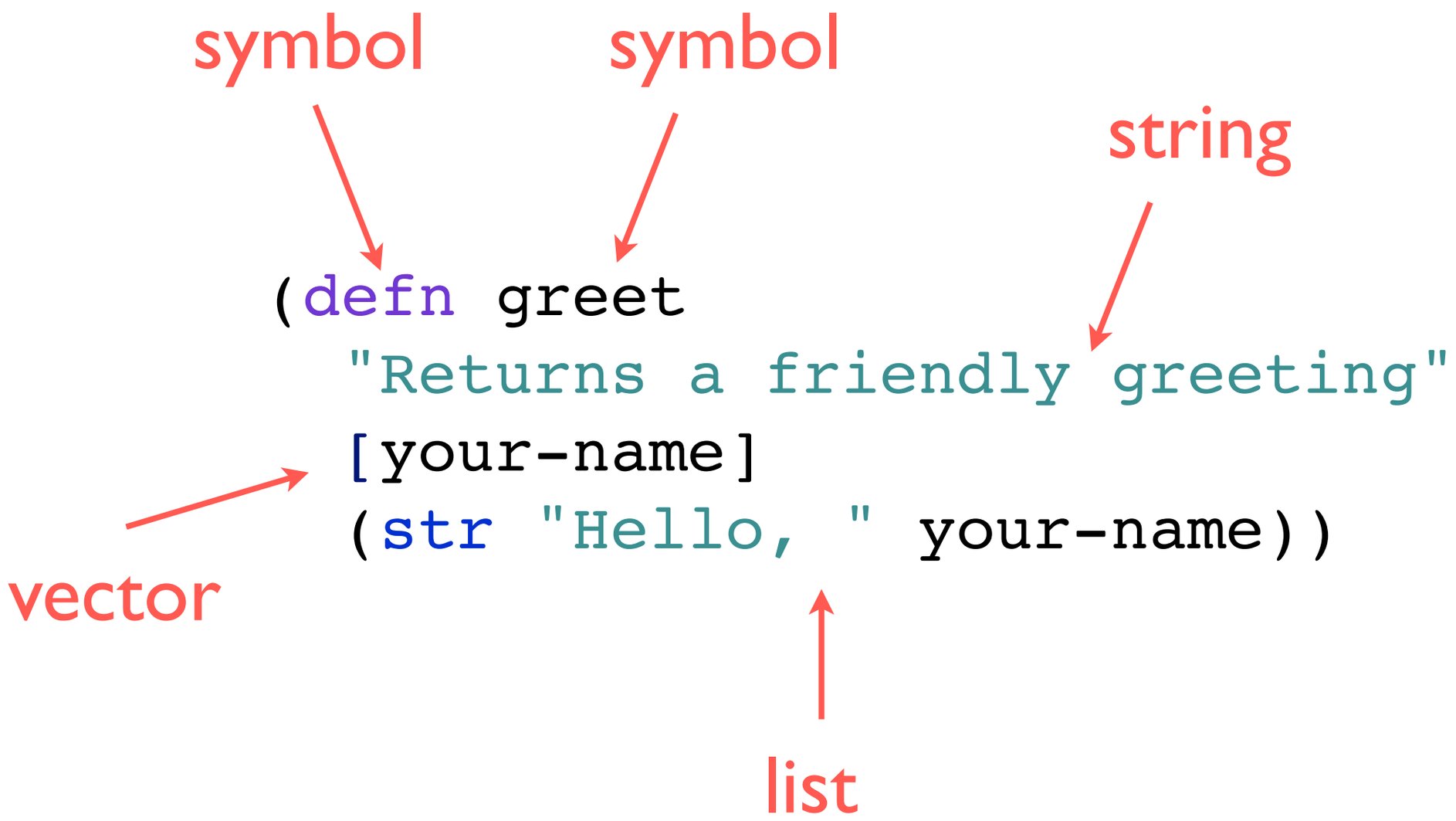
docstring

```
(defn greet
  "Returns a friendly greeting"
  [your-name]
  (str "Hello, " your-name))
```

arguments

fn body

still just data



generic extensibility

`#name edn-form`

name describes interpretation of following element

recursively defined

all data can be literal

built-in tags

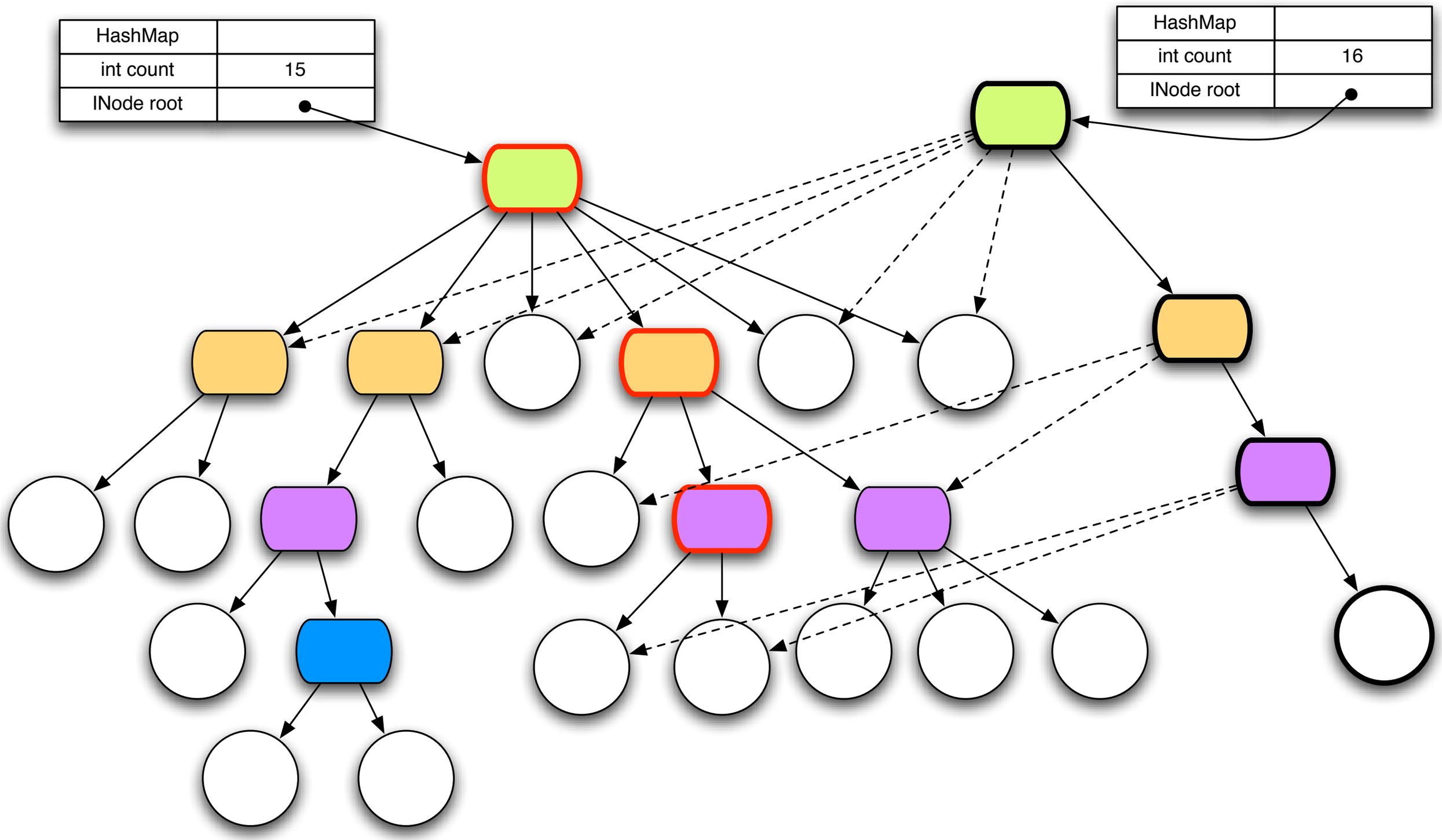
`#inst "rfc-3339-format"`

tagged element is a string in RFC-3339 format

`#uuid "f81d4fae-7dec-11d0-a765-00a0c91e6bf6"`

tagged element is a canonical UUID string

2. persistent data structures



persistent data structures

immutable

“change” by function application

maintain performance guarantees

full-fidelity old versions

transience vs. persistence

characteristic	update-in-place	persistent
sharing	difficult	trivial
distribution	difficult	easy
concurrent access	difficult	trivial
access pattern	eager	eager or lazy
caching	difficult	easy
examples	Java, .NET collections relational databases NoSQL databases	Clojure, F# collections Datomic database

vectors

```
(def v [42 :rabbit [1 2 3]])

(v 1) -> :rabbit

(peek v) -> [1 2 3]

(pop v) -> [42 :rabbit]

(subvec v 1) -> [:rabbit [1 2 3]]
```

maps

```
(def m {:a 1 :b 2 :c 3})


(m :b) -> 2

(:b m) -> 2
```

```
(keys m) -> (:a :b :c)

(assoc m :d 4 :c 42) -> {:d 4, :a 1, :b 2, :c 42}

(dissoc m :d) -> {:a 1, :b 2, :c 3}

(merge-with + m {:a 2 :b 3}) -> {:a 3, :b 5, :c 3}
```

nested structure

```
(def jdoe {:name "John Doe",
           :address {:zip 27705, ...}})

(get-in jdoe [:address :zip])
-> 27705
```

```
(assoc-in jdoe [:address :zip] 27514)
-> {:name "John Doe", :address {:zip 27514}}

(update-in jdoe [:address :zip] inc)
-> {:name "John Doe", :address {:zip 27706}}
```

sets

```
(use clojure.set)
(def colors #{"red" "green" "blue"})
(def moods #{"happy" "blue"})

(disj colors "red")
-> #{"green" "blue"}
```

```
(difference colors moods)
-> #{"green" "red"}

(intersection colors moods)
-> #{"blue"}

(union colors moods)
-> #{"happy" "green" "red" "blue"}
```

3. sequences

first / rest /cons

```
(first [1 2 3])
-> 1

(rest [1 2 3])
-> (2 3)

(cons "hello" [1 2 3])
-> ("hello" 1 2 3)
```

take / drop

```
(take 2 [1 2 3 4 5])
-> (1 2)
```

```
(drop 2 [1 2 3 4 5])
-> (3 4 5)
```

predicates

```
(every? odd? [1 3 5])
-> true

(not-every? even? [2 3 4])
-> true

(not-any? zero? [1 2 3])
-> true

(some nil? [1 nil 2])
-> true
```

lazy and infinite

```
(set! *print-length* 5)
-> 5

(iterate inc 0)
-> (0 1 2 3 4 ...)

(cycle [1 2])
-> (1 2 1 2 1 ...)

(repeat :d)
-> (:d :d :d :d :d ...)
```

map / filter / reduce

```
(range 10)
-> (0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9)

(filter odd? (range 10))
-> (1 3 5 7 9)

(map odd? (range 10))
-> (false true false true false true
false true false true)

(reduce + (range 10))
-> 45
```

seqs work everywhere

collections

directories

files

XML

JSON

result sets

consuming JSON

What actors are in more than one movie currently topping the box office charts?

http://developer.rottentomatoes.com/docs/read/json/v10/Box_Office_Movies

consuming JSON

```
find the JSON input
download it
parse json
walk the movies
accumulating cast
extract actor name
get frequencies
sort by highest frequency
```

http://developer.rottentomatoes.com/docs/read/json/v10/Box_Office_Movies

consuming JSON

```
(->> box-office-uri
     slurp
     json/read-json
     :movies
     (mapcat :abridged_cast)
     (map :name)
     frequencies
     (sort-by (comp - second)))
```

http://developer.rottentomatoes.com/docs/read/json/v10/Box_Office_Movies

consuming JSON

```
["Shiloh Fernandez" 2]
["Ray Liotta" 2]
["Isla Fisher" 2]
["Bradley Cooper" 2]
["Dwayne \"The Rock\" Johnson" 2]
["Morgan Freeman" 2]
["Michael Shannon" 2]
["Joel Edgerton" 2]
["Susan Sarandon" 2]
["Leonardo DiCaprio" 2]
```

http://developer.rottentomatoes.com/docs/read/json/v10/Box_Office_Movies

4. transducers

transducers

composable algorithmic transformations

independent of source/destination context

- element transformation only
- N->M

no intermediate aggregates

reducing fns

```
1 ;; reducing function signature
2 whatever, input -> whatever
3
4 (reduce + [2 3 4])
5 => 9
```

transformation needed

```
1 (def data [[1 -1 2] [3 4 5 -2]])
2 (reduce + data)
3 => ClassCastException
```

collections of numbers
are not numbers

transducer

```clojure
(def data [[1 -1 2] [3 4 5 -2]])

;; transducer signature
(whatever, input -> whatever) ->
(whatever, input -> whatever)

(transduce cat + data)
=> 12
```


transforms the reduction,
not the input!

naming an xf (xform)

```clojure
(def data [[1 -1 2] [3 4 5 -2]])

(def pos-values
  "Concat the positive values into the algorithm"
  (comp cat (filter pos?)))

(transduce pos-values + data)
=> 15
```

transducers cost/benefit

Cost

higher level of abstraction

Benefits

performance

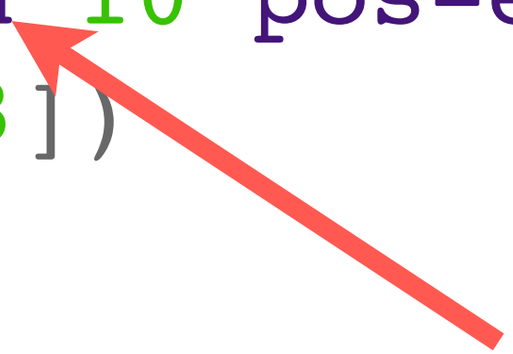
clarity

reuse

a la carte and in place upgrade of sequence code

transducer generality

```
1 (def ch (a/chan 10 pos-entries))
2 (>!! ch [1 -2 3])
3
4 (<!! ch)
5 => ?
6
7 (<!! ch)
8 => ?
```



like a j.u.c.Queue
but more general

transducer generality

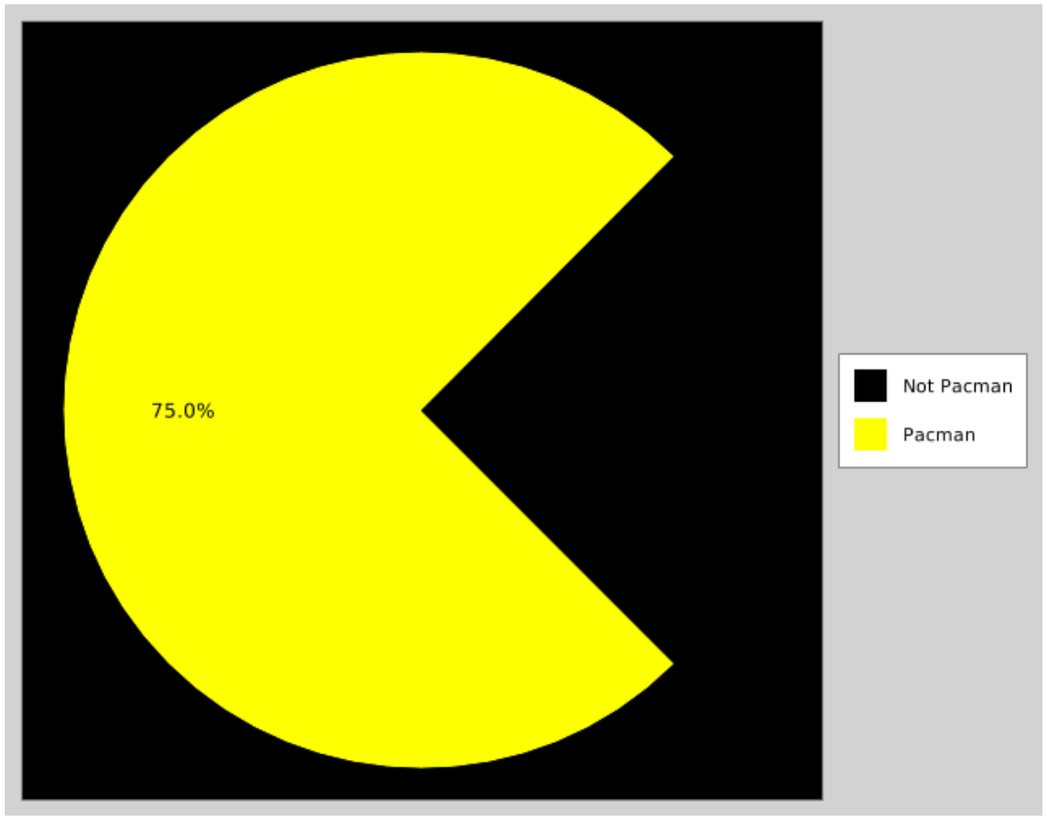
```
1 (def ch (a/chan 10 pos-entries))
2 (>!! ch [1 -2 3])
3
4 (<!! ch)
5 => 1
6
7 (<!! ch)
8 => 3
```

5. spec

expressivity

	Java types	spec
usage	mandatory	opt in
structure	classes	keyword maps etc.
predicates		arbitrary
composition	reference	reference
combination		boolean logic
syntax		regular expressions

clj-xchart and XChart




```
(c/view
 (c/pie-chart
  [["Not Pacman" 1/4]
   ["Pacman" 3/4]]
  {:start-angle 225.0
   :plot {:background-color :black}
   :series [{:color :black} {:color :yellow}]}))
```

```clojure
(s/fdef c/xy-chart :args ::xy-chart-args)

(s/def ::xy-chart-args
  (s/and (s/cat :series ::xy/series
                :style (s/? ::sty/xy-styling))
         styling-matches-series?
         series-compatible-with-render-style?))

(s/def ::series (s/map-of ::series/series-name
                          ::series-elem))

(s/def ::series-elem
  (s/and (s/keys :req-un [::series/x ::series/y]
                 :opt-un [::series/error-bars ::style])
         series/axis-counts-match?
         series/data-compatible-with-render-style?))

(s/def ::y (s/every ::chartable-number :min-count 1))

(s/def ::chartable-number (s/and number? finite?))

(s/def ::xy-styling (s/merge ::styling-base
                             (s/keys :opt-in [::xy/render-style])))
```

```clojure
(s/def ::xy-chart-args
  (s/and (s/cat :series ::xy/series
                :style (s/? ::sty/xy-styling))
```

regex for reusable syntax:
optional style follows series

required vs. optional fields

```
(s/fdef c/xy-chart :args ::xy-chart-args)

(s/def ::xy-chart-args
  (s/and (s/cat :series ::xy/series
                :style (s/? ::sty/xy-styling))
         styling-matches-series?
         series-compatible-with-render-style?))

(s/def ::series (s/map-of ::series/series-name
                          ::series-elem))

(s/def ::series-elem
  (s/and (s/keys :req-un [::series/x ::series/y]
                 :opt-un [::series/error-bars ::style])
         series/axis-counts-match?
         series/data-compatible-with-render-style?))

(s/def ::y (s/every ::chartable-number :min-count 1))

(s/def ::chartable-number (s/and number? finite?))

(s/def ::xy-styling (s/merge ::styling-base
                             (s/keys :opt-in [::xy/render-style])))
```

```clojure
(s/fdef c/xy-chart :args ::xy-chart-args)

(s/def ::xy-chart-args
  (s/and (s/cat :series ::xy/series
                :style (s/? ::sty/xy-styling))
         styling-matches-series?
         series-compatible-with-render-style?))

(s/def ::series (s/map-of ::series/series-name
                          ::series-elem))

(s/def ::series-elem
  (s/and (s/keys :req-un [::series/x ::series/y]
                 :opt-un [::series/error-bars ::style])
         series/axis-counts-match?
         series/data-compatible-with-render-style?))

(s/def ::y (s/every ::chartable-number :min-count 1))

(s/def ::chartable-number (s/and number? finite?))

(s/def ::xy-styling (s/merge ::styling-base
                             (s/keys :opt-in [::xy/render-style])))
```

boolean combination

(& anonymous spec!)

collection size predicate

```
(s/def ::y (s/every ::chartable-number :min-count 1))
```

```clojure
(s/def ::chartable-number (s/and number? finite?))
```

numeric range

predicate

```
styling-matches-series?
series-compatible-with-render-style?))
```

bring your own predicates

dev time power

	Java types	spec
instrumentation errors	no	yes
compilation errors	yes	no
DSL errors	no	yes
example generation	no	yes
automatic tests	no	yes
tool support	yes	yes

what is wrong with this?

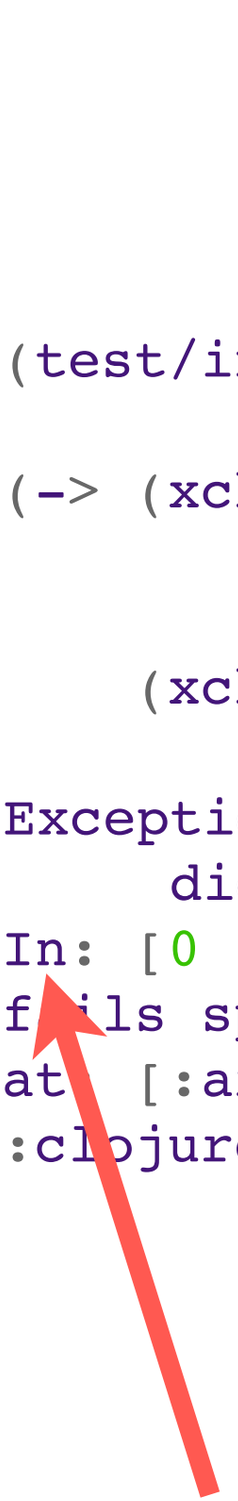
```
1 (test/instrument [`xchart/xy-chart])
2
3 (xchart/xy-chart {"bad-doublings"
4                   {:x [3 2 1] :y [4 5 7]
5                    :style {:render-style :area}}})
6
7
```

instrumentation

```
(test/instrument [`xchart/xy-chart])

(xchart/xy-chart {"bad-doublings"
                  {:x [3 2 1] :y [4 5 7]
                   :style {:render-style :area}}})


ExceptionInfo Call to #'com.hypirion.clj-xchart/xy-chart
       did not conform to spec:
In: [0 "bad-doublings" 1]
fails spec: :com.hypirion.clj-xchart.specs.series.xy/series-elem
at: [:args :series 1] predicate: data-compatible-with-render-style?
:clojure.spec.test.alpha/caller {:file "example.clj",
                                 :line 25,
                                 :var-scope my.example/x}
```

instrumentation

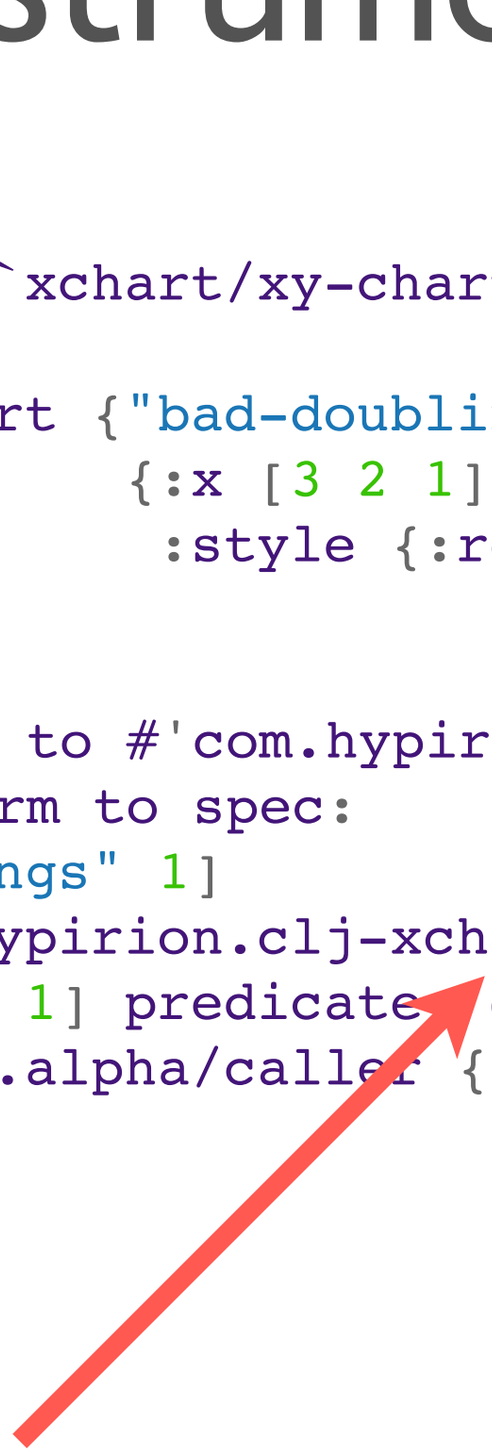
```
1 (test/instrument [`xchart/xy-chart])
2
3 (-> (xchart/xy-chart {"bad-doublings"
4                       {:x [3 2 1] :y [4 5 7]
5                        :style {:render-style :area}}})
6     (xchart/view))
7
8 ExceptionInfo Call to #'com.hypirion.clj-xchart/xy-chart
       did not conform to spec:
9 In: [0 "bad-doublings" 1]
10 fails spec: :com.hypirion.clj-xchart.specs.series.xy/series-elem
11 at: [:args :series 1] predicate: data-compatible-with-render-style?
12 :clojure.spec.test.alpha/caller {:file "example.clj",
13                                  :line 25,
14                                  :var-scope my.example/x}
```



where the data was bad

instrumentation

```
1 (test/instrument [`xchart/xy-chart])
2
3 (-> (xchart/xy-chart {"bad-doublings"
4                       {:x [3 2 1] :y [4 5 7]
5                        :style {:render-style :area}}})
6     (xchart/view))
7
8 ExceptionInfo Call to #'com.hypirion.clj-xchart/xy-chart
       did not conform to spec:
9 In: [0 "bad-doublings" 1]
10 fails spec: :com.hypirion.clj-xchart.specs.series.xy/series-elem
11 at: [:args :series 1] predicate: data-compatible-with-render-style?
12 :clojure.spec.test.alpha/caller {:file "example.clj",
13                                  :line 25,
14                                  :var-scope my.example/x}
```



spec that failed

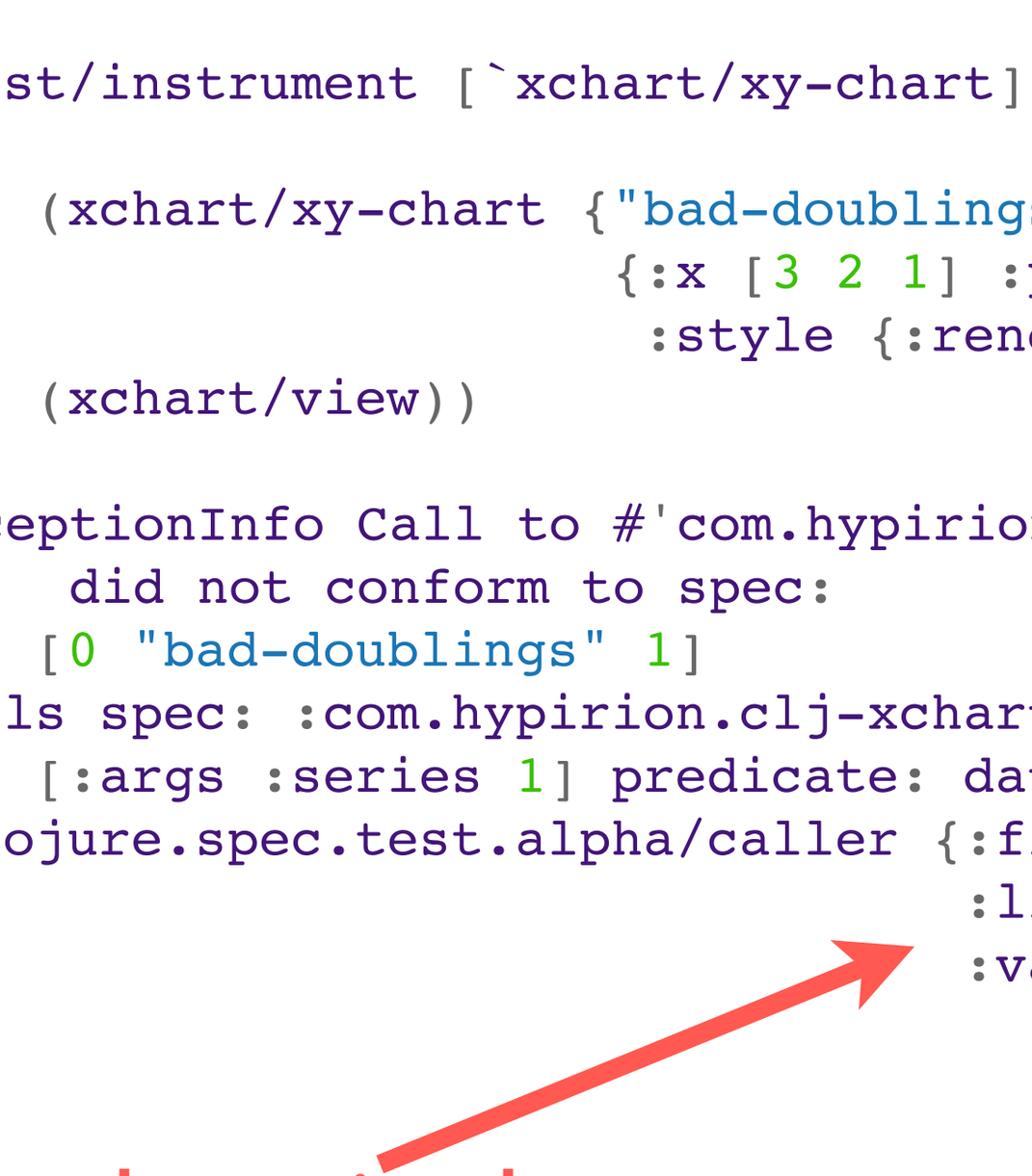
instrumentation

```
(test/instrument [`xchart/xy-chart])

(-> (xchart/xy-chart {"bad-doublings"
                      {:x [3 2 1] :y [4 5 7]
                       :style {:render-style :area}}})
    (xchart/view))

ExceptionInfo Call to #'com.hypirion.clj-xchart/xy-chart
      did not conform to spec:
In: [0 "bad-doublings" 1]
fails spec: :com.hypirion.clj-xchart.specs.series.xy/series-elem
at: [:args :series 1] predicate: data-compatible-with-render-style?
:clojure.spec.test.alpha/caller {:file "example.clj",
                                 :line 25,
                                 :var-scope my.example/x}
```

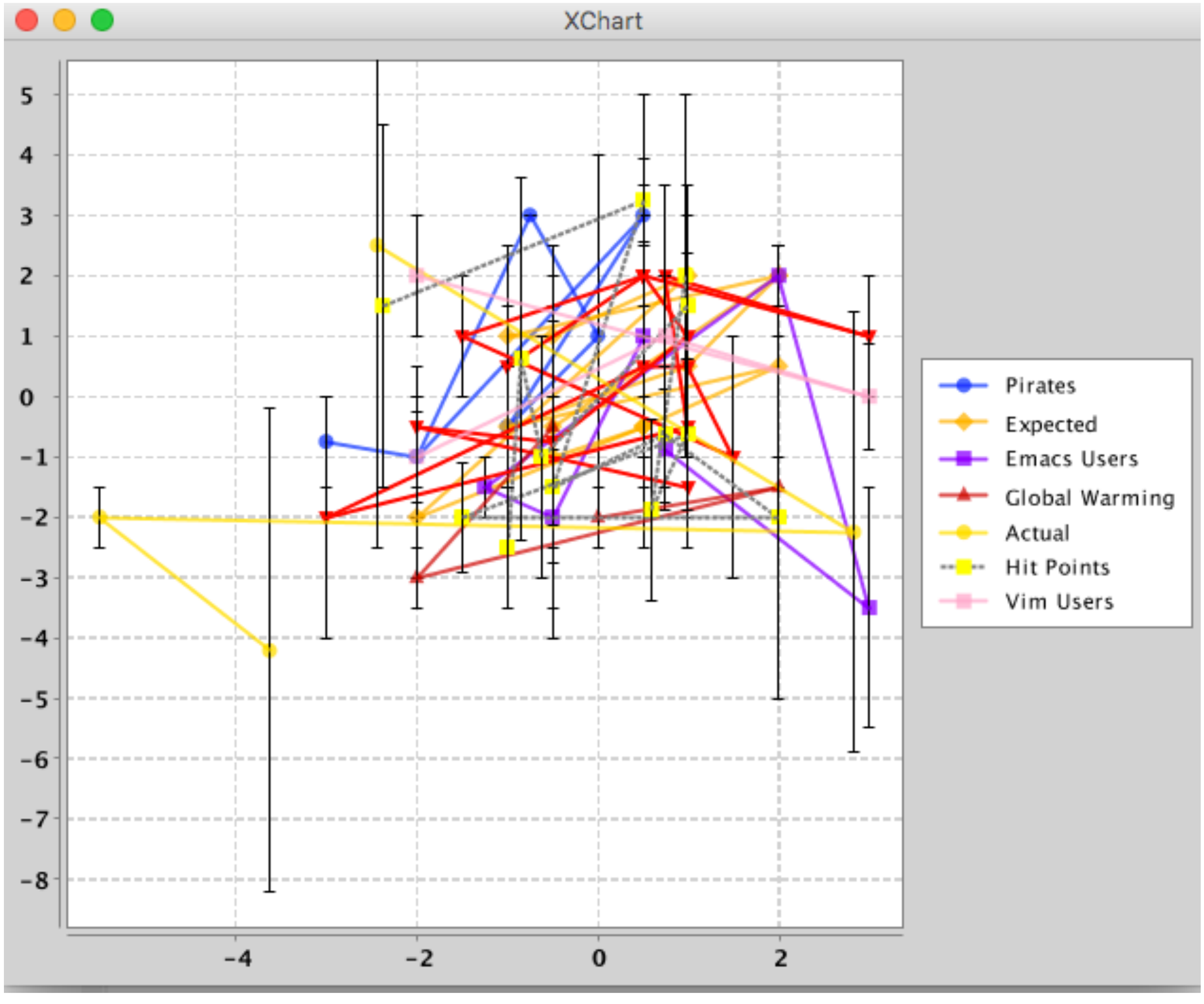
where the spec disagreed
with the data

instrumentation

```
1  (test/instrument [`xchart/xy-chart])
2
3  (-> (xchart/xy-chart {"bad-doublings"
4                        {:x [3 2 1] :y [4 5 7]
5                         :style {:render-style :area}}})
6      (xchart/view))
7
8  ExceptionInfo Call to #'com.hypirion.clj-xchart/xy-chart
       did not conform to spec:
9  In: [0 "bad-doublings" 1]
10 fails spec: :com.hypirion.clj-xchart.specs.series.xy/series-elem
11 at: [:args :series 1] predicate: data-compatible-with-render-style?
12 :clojure.spec.test.alpha/caller {:file "example.clj",
13                                  :line 25,
14                                  :var-scope my.example/x}
```



generating examples



generative testing

```
Thread 0 Crashed:: AppKit Thread  Dispatch queue: com.apple.main-thread
0   libsystem_kernel.dylib          0x00007fff8a94ff72 mach_msg_trap + 10
1   libsystem_kernel.dylib          0x00007fff8a94f3b3 mach_msg + 55
2   com.apple.CoreFoundation        0x00007fff966281c4 __CFRunLoopServiceMachPort + 212
3   com.apple.CoreFoundation        0x00007fff9662768c __CFRunLoopRun + 1356
4   com.apple.CoreFoundation        0x00007fff96626ed8 CFRunLoopRunSpecific + 296
5   com.apple.HIToolbox             0x00007fff8cb24935 RunCurrentEventLoopInMode + 235
6   com.apple.HIToolbox             0x00007fff8cb2476f ReceiveNextEventCommon + 432
7   com.apple.HIToolbox             0x00007fff8cb245af _BlockUntilNextEventMatchingListInModeWithFilter + 71
8   com.apple.AppKit                0x00007fff8aa50df6 _DPSNextEvent + 1067
9   com.apple.AppKit                0x00007fff8aa50226 -[NSApplication
_nextEventMatchingEventMask:untilDate:inMode:dequeue:] + 454
10  libosxapp.dylib                 0x000000012687c3aa -[NSApplicationAWT
nextEventMatchingMask:untilDate:inMode:dequeue:] + 124
11  com.apple.AppKit                0x00007fff8aa44d80 -[NSApplication run] + 682
12  libosxapp.dylib                 0x000000012687c14d +[NSApplicationAWT runAWTLoopWithApp:] + 156
13  libawt_lwawt.dylib              0x0000000126ebb55b -[AWTStarter starter:] + 905
14  com.apple.Foundation            0x00007fff8772afde __NSThreadPerformPerform + 279
15  com.apple.CoreFoundation        0x00007fff96648881 __CFRUNLOOP_IS_CALLING_OUT_TO_A_SOURCE0_PERFORM_FUNCTION__ + 17
16  com.apple.CoreFoundation        0x00007fff96627fbc __CFRunLoopDoSources0 + 556
17  com.apple.CoreFoundation        0x00007fff966274df __CFRunLoopRun + 927
18  com.apple.CoreFoundation        0x00007fff96626ed8 CFRunLoopRunSpecific + 296
19  java                            0x0000000107893463 CreateExecutionEnvironment + 871
20  java                            0x000000010788f1ac JLI_Launch + 1952
21  java                            0x00000001078954c0 main + 101
22  java                            0x000000010788ea04 start + 52
```

https://github.com/stuarthalloway/clj-xchart/blob/master/examples/jvm_bug.repl

prod time power

	Java types	spec
validation	types only	all data
explanation	yes	no
conformance	no	yes
assertion	types only	all data

web service validator

```
1 (defn conform!
2   [spec x]
3   (when-not (s/valid? spec x)
4     {:status 400
5      :body {:cause (s/explain-str spec x)}}))
```

6. REPL

REPL

read: input stream -> data

eval: data -> data

print: data -> output stream

REPL Advantages

Immediate interaction

"Faster than a speeding test"

Interact with running programs

No "pour concrete" phase

Copy code REPL dev session <-> program

Shell Limitations

	Shell	REPL
semantics	caveats	like programs
state	new abstractions	like programs
context	new wrappers	like programs
modifying code	new semantics	like programs
forward reference	new semantics	no (like programs!)
dependencies	new semantics	like programs
testing	new semantics	(should be) like programs
risks	classloaders confusing	<- yeah, that

openjdk.java.net/jeps/222

REPL Debugging

```clojure
(defn foo
  [n]
  (cond (> n 40)① (+ n 20)②
        (> n 20)③ (- (first n) 20)④
        :else⑤ 0⑥))

(def n 24)

;; results evaluating with cursor at each position
① => false
② => 44
③ => true
④ => Broken! HaHa!
⑤ => :else
⑥ => 0
```

blog.cognitect.com/blog/2017/6/5/repl-debugging-no-stacktrace-required

7. core.async

http://swannodette.github.io/2013/08/02/100000-processes

problems

objects make terrible machines

function chains make poor machines

direct connections = tight coupling

callback hell in e.g. UI frameworks

so queues!

queue problems

consume real threads (e.g. JVM)

don’t play well with things that have thread-affinity

or you can’t consume threads at all (e.g. JavaScript)

don’t compose (e.g. JVM)

core.async

channels are better than queues

don't: dictate process model

do: composition with alt family

threads + go blocks are better than either alone

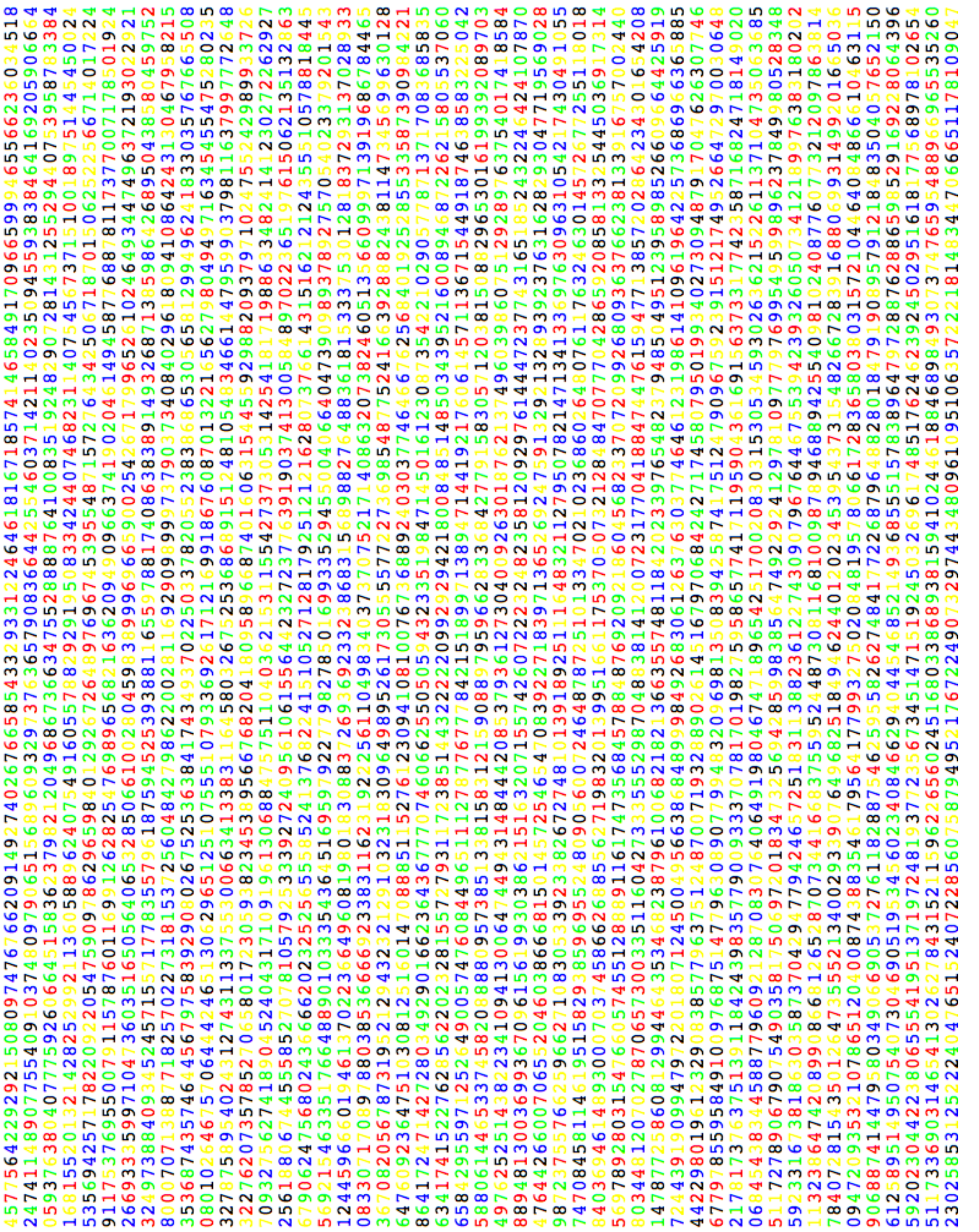
and mix and match

Communicating Sequential Processes (CSP) model

search with SLA

```
(defn search [query]
  (let [c (chan)
        t (timeout 80)]
    (go (>! c (<! (fastest query web1 web2))))
    (go (>! c (<! (fastest query image1 image2))))
    (go (>! c (<! (fastest query video1 video2))))
    (go (loop [i 0
               ret []]
          (if (= i 3)
            ret
            (recur (inc i)
                   (conj ret (alt! [c t] ([v] v)))))))))
```

http://talks.golang.org/2012/concurrency.slide#50



8. protocols

https://clojure.org/reference/protocols

protocols

named set…

```
1 (defprotocol Blank
2   (blank? [_] "Contains only whitespace?"))
```

… of generic functions

polymorphic on first arg

with no implementation

extending a protocol

```
(blank? "   ")
=> IllegalArgumentException ...

(extend-protocol Blank
  String
  (blank? [s] (every? #(Character/isWhitespace %) s))

  nil
  (blank? [_] true))

(blank? "   ")
=> true

(blank? "hello")
=> false

(blank? nil)
=> true
```

extension options

`extend`: base functional implementation

`extend-protocol` to N types, nil

`extend-type` to N protocols

extend inline in **`deftype`** & **`defrecord`** definitions

extend inline anonymously with **`reify`**

for default: **`extend-protocol`** to **`Object`**

defrecord

```
(defrecord Foo [a b c])
-> user.Foo
```

named type with slots

```
(def f (Foo. 1 2 3))
-> #'user/f
```

positional constructor

```
(:b f)
-> 2
```

keyword access

```
(class f)
-> user.Foo
```

plain ol' class

casydht*

```
(supers (class f))
-> #{clojure.lang.IObj clojure.lang.IKeywordLookup java.util.Map
 clojure.lang.IPersistentMap clojure.lang.IMeta java.lang.Object
 java.lang.Iterable clojure.lang.ILookup clojure.lang.Seqable
 clojure.lang.Counted clojure.lang.IPersistentCollection
 clojure.lang.Associative}
```

*Clojure abstracts so you don't have to

from maps...

```
(def stu {:fname "Stu"
          :lname "Halloway"
          :address {:street "200 N Mangum"
                    :city "Durham"
                    :state "NC"
                    :zip 27701}})
```

data-oriented

```
(:lname stu)
=> "Halloway"
```

keyword access

```
(-> stu :address :city)
=> "Durham"
```

nested access

```
(assoc stu :fname "Stuart")
=> {:fname "Stuart", :lname "Halloway",
    :address ...}
```

update

```
(update-in stu [:address :zip] inc)
=> {:address {:street "200 N Mangum",
              :zip 27702 ...} ...}
```

nested update

...to records!

```
(defrecord Person [fname lname address])
(defrecord Address [street city state zip])
(def stu (Person. "Stu" "Halloway"
                  (Address. "200 N Mangum"
                            "Durham"
                            "NC"
                            27701)))

(:lname stu)
=> "Halloway"

(-> stu :address :city)
=> "Durham"

(assoc stu :fname "Stuart")
=> :user.Person{:fname "Stuart", :lname"Halloway",
                :address ...}

(update-in stu [:address :zip] inc)
=> :user.Person{:address {:street "200 N Mangum",
                          :zip 27702 ...} ...}
```

object-oriented

still data-oriented:
everything works as before

type is there when you care

9. ClojureScript

https://clojurescript.org/

why ClojureScript

power of Clojure

share code across JS and JVM

Google Closure whole program optimization

core.async

no more callback hell

```
this._on( this.menu.element, {
        mousedown: function( event ) {
                // prevent moving focus out of the text field
                event.preventDefault();

                // IE doesn't prevent moving focus even with event.preventDefault()
                // so we set a flag to know when we should ignore the blur event
                this.cancelBlur = true;
                this._delay(function() {
                        delete this.cancelBlur;
                });

                // clicking on the scrollbar causes focus to shift to the body
                // but we can't detect a mouseup or a click immediately afterward
                // so we have to track the next mousedown and close the menu if
                // the user clicks somewhere outside of the autocomplete
                var menuElement = this.menu.element[ 0 ];
                if ( !$( event.target ).closest( ".ui-menu-item" ).length ) {
                        this._delay(function() {
                                var that = this;
                                this.document.one( "mousedown", function( event ) {
                                        if ( event.target !== that.element[ 0 ] &&
                                                        event.target !== menuElement &&
                                                        !$.contains( menuElement, event.target ) ) {
                                                that.close();
                                        }
                                });
                        });
                }
        },
        menufocus: function( event, ui ) {
                // support: Firefox
                // Prevent accidental activation of menu items in Firefox (#7024 #9118)
                if ( this.isNewMenu ) {
                        this.isNewMenu = false;
                        if ( event.originalEvent && /^mouse/.test( event.originalEvent.type ) ) {
                                this.menu.blur();

                                this.document.one( "mousemove", function() {
                                        $( event.target ).trigger( event.originalEvent );
                                });

                                return;
                        }
                }

                var item = ui.item.data( "ui-autocomplete-item" );
                if ( false !== this._trigger( "focus", event, { item: item } ) ) {
                        // use value to match what will end up in the input, if it was a key event
                        if ( event.originalEvent && /^key/.test( event.originalEvent.type ) ) {
                                this._value( item.value );
                        }
                } else {
                        // Normally the input is populated with the item's value as the
                        // menu is navigated, causing screen readers to notice a change and
                        // announce the item. Since the focus event was canceled, this doesn't
                        // happen, so we update the live region so that screen readers can
                        // still notice the change and announce it.
                        this.liveRegion.text( item.value );
                }
        },
        menuselect: function( event, ui ) {
                var item = ui.item.data( "ui-autocomplete-item" ),
                        previous = this.previous;

                // only trigger when focus was lost (click on menu)
                if ( this.element[0] !== this.document[0].activeElement ) {
                        this.element.focus();
                        this.previous = previous;
                        // #6109 - IE triggers two focus events and the second
                        // is asynchronous, so we need to reset the previous
                        // term synchronously and asynchronously :-(
                        this._delay(function() {
                                this.previous = previous;
                                this.selectedItem = item;
                        });
                }

                if ( false !== this._trigger( "select", event, { item: item } ) ) {
                        this._value( item.value );
                }
                // reset the term after the select event
                // this allows custom select handling to work properly
                this.term = this._value();

                this.close( event );
                this.selectedItem = item;
        }
});

this.liveRegion = $( "<span>", {
                role: "status",
                "aria-live": "polite"
        })
        .addClass( "ui-helper-hidden-accessible" )
        .insertBefore( this.element );

// turning off autocomplete prevents the browser from remembering the
// value when navigating through history, so we re-enable autocomplete
// if the page is unloaded before the widget is destroyed. #7790
this._on( this.window, {
        beforeunload: function() {
                this.element.removeAttr( "autocomplete" );
        }
});
},
```

jQuery Autocompleter:

reaction directly tied to events,

state smeared everywhere

https://github.com/jquery/jquery-ui/blob/9e00e00f3b54770faa0291d6ee6fc1dcbad028cb/ui/jquery.ui.autocomplete.js#L202-L307

```
(defn listen
  ([el type] (listen el type nil))
  ([el type f] (listen el type f (chan)))
  ([el type f out]
    (events/listen el (keyword->event-type type)
      (fn [e] (when f (f e)) (put! out e)))
    out))
```

ClojureScript Autocompleter:
put events on channels

state all in one place,
handle by simple loop

```
(defn menu-proc [select cancel menu data]
  (let [ctrl (chan)
        sel  (->> (resp/selector
                    (resp/highlighter select menu ctrl)
                    menu data)
                  (r/filter vector?)
                  (r/map second))]
    (go (let [[v sc] (alts! [cancel sel])]
          (do (>! ctrl :exit)
            (if (or (= sc cancel)
                    (= v ::resp/none))
              ::cancel
              v))))))
```

"blocking" operations

http://swannodette.github.io/2013/08/17/comparative/

calling JavaScript

method call

```
(.write js/document "Hello, world!")
```

read field

```
(def page-title (.-title js/document))
```

null this

```
(def green (.color js/Raphael "#00ff00"))
(def green (Raphael/color "#00ff00"))
```

write field

```
(set! (.-title js/document) "New Page Title")
```

constructor

```
(def date (js/Date. 2013 3 17))
```

try/catch

```
(try
  #_code
  (catch js/Error e
    (.log js/console (.-message e)))
    (finally
      #_cleanup))
```

Calling ClojureScript

```clojure
;; ClojureScript
(ns com.example.your-project)

(defn ^:export hello [name]
  (str "Hello, " name))
```

```javascript
// JavaScript
com.example.your_project.hello("Computer");
//=> "Hello, Computer"
```

10. logic


Scissors
smashes
cuts
Spock
Paper
disproves
decapitates
crushes
poisons
vaporizes
eats
covers
Lizard
Rock
crushes

relations, facts, and query

```
(defrel rps winner defeats loser)

(fact rps :scissors :cut :paper)
(fact rps :paper :covers :rock)
...
(fact rps :rock :breaks :scissors)

(run* [verb]
      (fresh [winner]
             (rps winner verb :paper)))
```

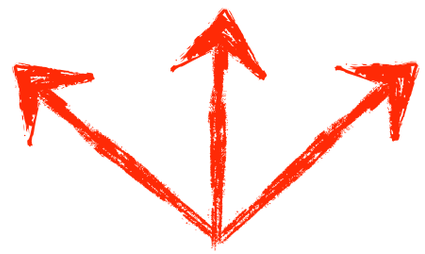
generic search

relation slots can be inputs
or outputs

relations, facts, and query

```
(defrel rps winner defeats loser)

(fact rps :scissors :cut :paper)
(fact rps :paper :covers :rock)
...
(fact rps :rock :breaks :scissors)

(run* [winner]
      (fresh [verb loser]
             (rps winner verb loser)))
```

generic search



different bindings,
different query!

example database

entity	attribute	value
42	:email	jdoe@example.com
43	:email	jane@example.com
42	:orders	107
42	:orders	141

data pattern

Constrains the results returned,
binds variables

```
[?customer :email ?email]
```

data pattern

Constrains the results returned,
binds variables

```
[?customer :email ?email]
```

data pattern

Constrains the results returned,
binds variables

constant

```
[?customer :email ?email]
```

data pattern

Constrains the results returned,
binds variables

variable

variable

```
[?customer :email ?email]
```

entity	attribute	value
42	:email	jdoe@example.com
43	:email	jane@example.com
42	:orders	107
42	:orders	141

```
[?customer :email ?email]
```

constants anywhere

"Find a particular customer's email"

```
[42 :email ?email]
```

entity	attribute	value
42	:email	jdoe@example.com
43	:email	jane@example.com
42	:orders	107
42	:orders	141

```
[42 :email ?email]
```

variables anywhere

"What attributes does
customer 42 have?

```
[42 ?attribute]
```

entity	attribute	value
42	:email	jdoe@example.com
43	:email	jane@example.com
42	:orders	107
42	:orders	141

```
[42 ?attribute]
```

variables anywhere

"What attributes and values does customer 42 have?

```
[42 ?attribute ?value]
```

entity	attribute	value
42	:email	jdoe@example.com
43	:email	jane@example.com
42	:orders	107
42	:orders	141

```
[42 ?attribute ?value]
```

where clause

data pattern

```
[:find ?customer
 :where [?customer :email]]
```

find clause

variable to return

```
[:find ?customer
 :where [?customer :email]]
```

implicit join

"Find all the customers who
have placed orders."

```
[:find ?customer
 :where [?customer :email]
        [?customer :orders]]
```

predicates

Functional constraints that can appear in a :where clause

```
[(< 50 ?price)]
```

adding a predicate

"Find the expensive items"

```
[:find ?item
 :where [?item :item/price ?price]
        [(< 50 ?price)]]
```

functions

Take bound variables as inputs
and bind variables with output

```
[(shipping ?zip ?weight) ?cost]
```

function args

```
[(shipping ?zip ?weight) ?cost]
```

bound inputs

function returns

```
[(shipping ?zip ?weight) ?cost]
```

bind return values

calling a function

"Find me the customer/product combinations where the shipping cost dominates the product cost."

```
[:find ?customer ?product
 :where [?customer :shipAddress ?addr]
        [?addr :zip ?zip]
        [?product :product/weight ?weight]
        [?product :product/price ?price]
        [(Shipping/estimate ?zip ?weight) ?shipCost]
        [(<= ?price ?shipCost)]]
```

calling a function

"Find me the customer/product combinations where the shipping cost dominates the product cost."

navigate from customer to zip

```
[:find ?customer ?product
 :where [?customer :shipAddress ?addr]
        [?addr :zip ?zip]
        [?product :product/weight ?weight]
        [?product :product/price ?price]
        [(Shipping/estimate ?zip ?weight) ?shipCost]
        [(<= ?price ?shipCost)]]
```

calling a function

"Find me the customer/product combinations where the shipping cost dominates the product cost."

get product facts needed *during query*

```
[:find ?customer ?product
 :where [?customer :shipAddress ?addr]
        [?addr :zip ?zip]
        [?product :product/weight ?weight]
        [?product :product/price ?price]
        [(Shipping/estimate ?zip ?weight) ?shipCost]
        [(<= ?price ?shipCost)]]
```

calling a function

"Find me the customer/product combinations where the shipping cost dominates the product cost."

```
[:find ?customer ?product
 :where [?customer :shipAddress ?addr]
        [?addr :zip ?zip]
        [?product :product/weight ?weight]
        [?product :product/price ?price]
        [(Shipping/estimate ?zip ?weight) ?shipCost]
        [(<= ?price ?shipCost)]]
```

call web service
to bind shipCost

calling a function

"Find me the customer/product combinations where the shipping cost dominates the product cost."

```
[:find ?customer ?product
 :where [?customer :shipAddress ?addr]
        [?addr :zip ?zip]
        [?product :product/weight ?weight]
        [?product :product/price ?price]
        [(Shipping/estimate ?zip ?weight) ?shipCost]
        [(<= ?price ?shipCost)]]
```

calling a function

"Find me the customer/product combinations where the shipping cost dominates the product cost."

return customer, product pairs

```
[:find ?customer ?product
 :where [?customer :shipAddress ?addr]
        [?addr :zip ?zip]
        [?product :product/weight ?weight]
        [?product :product/price ?price]
        [(Shipping/estimate ?zip ?weight) ?shipCost]
        [(<= ?price ?shipCost)]]
```

protocols

targeting
platforms

REPL

immutability

spec

seqs

reducers

core.async

refs

datalog

edn

core.logic

11. unified succession model

https://stackoverflow.com/questions/39309911/what-is-the-unified-update-model/39310567#39310567

in-place effects

subprograms are machines

programming: sticking together a bunch of moving parts

reasonable if memory is *very* (1970s) expensive

a better way: refs

new memories use new places

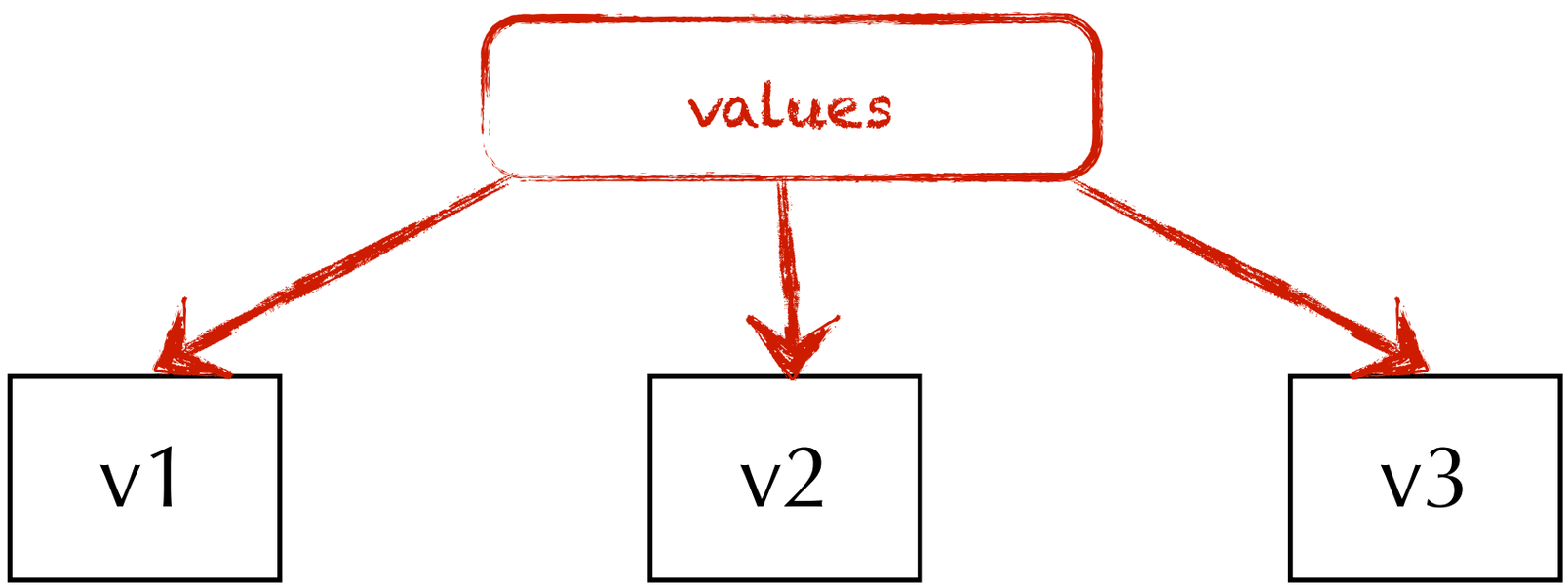
change encapsulated by constructors

references refer to point-in-time value

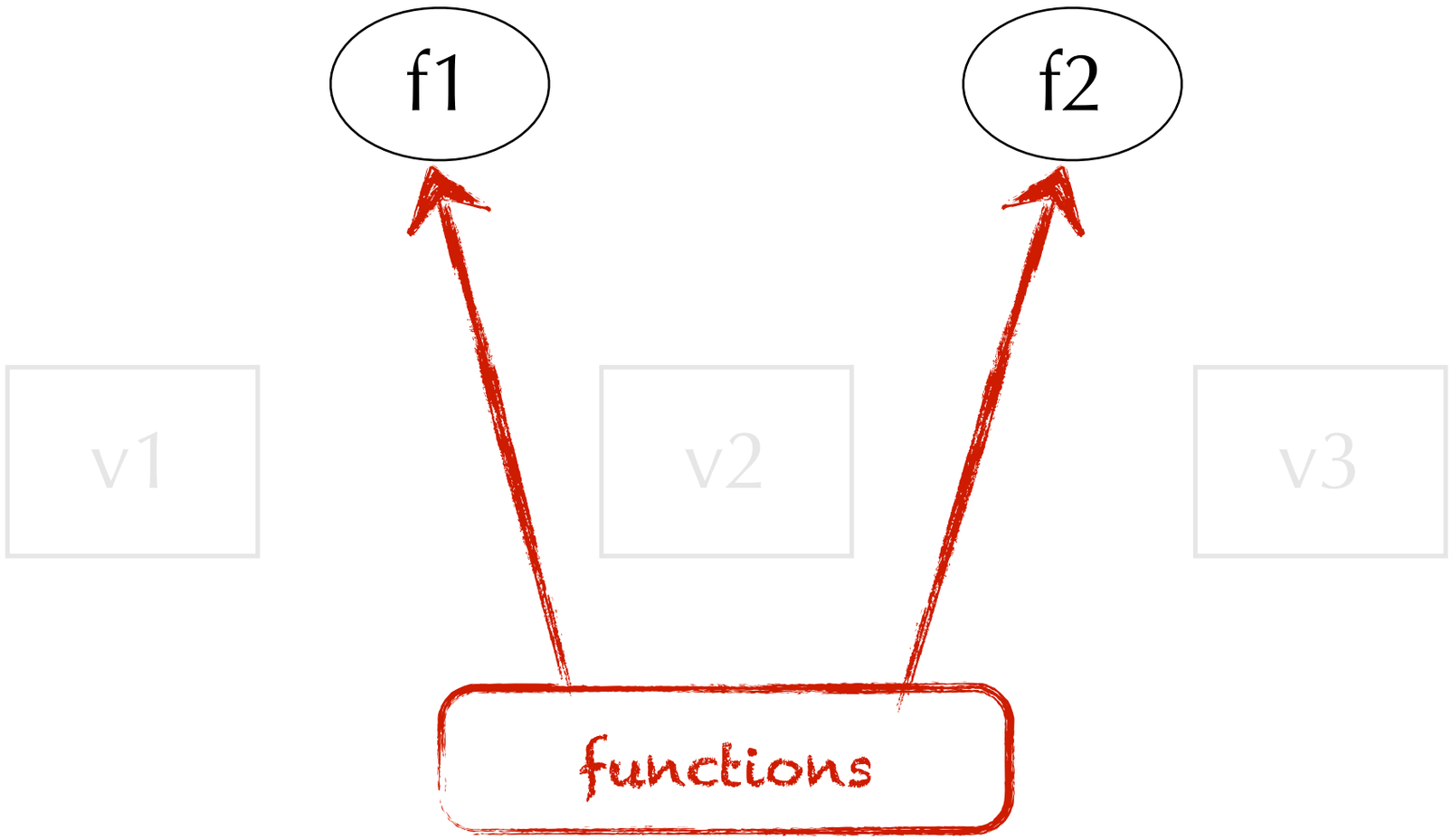
references see a *succession of values*

compatible with many update semantics

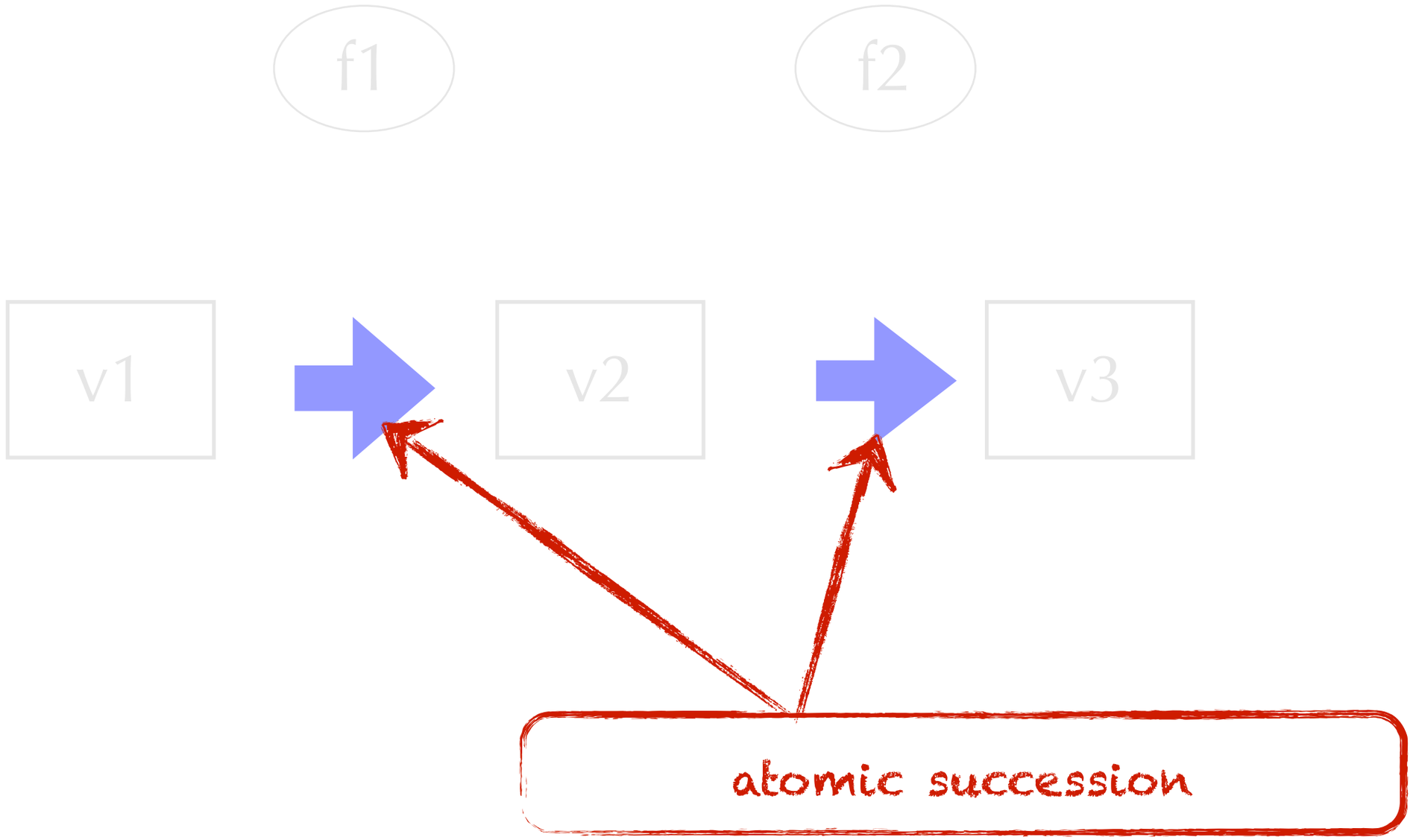
value succession



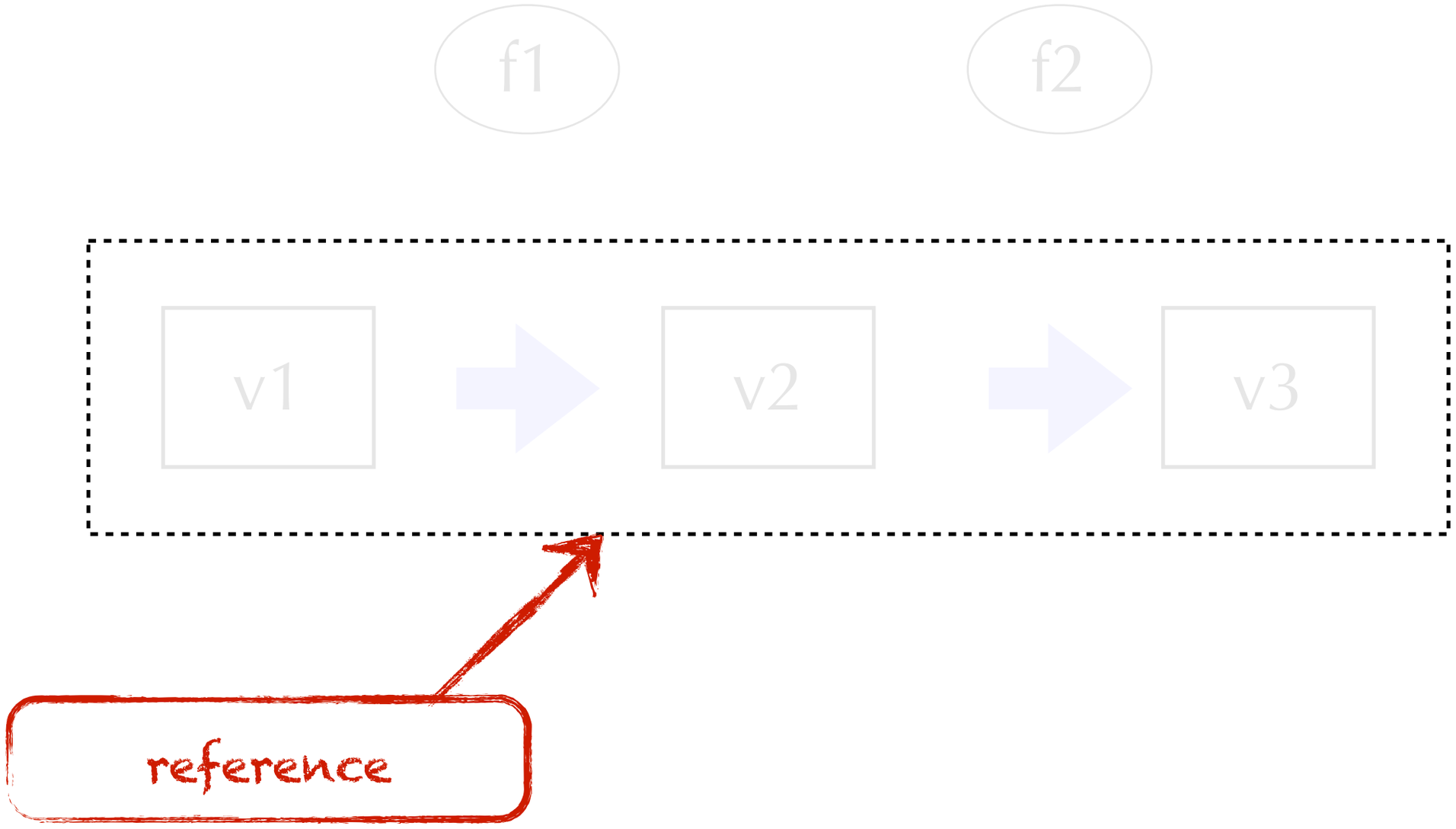
value succession



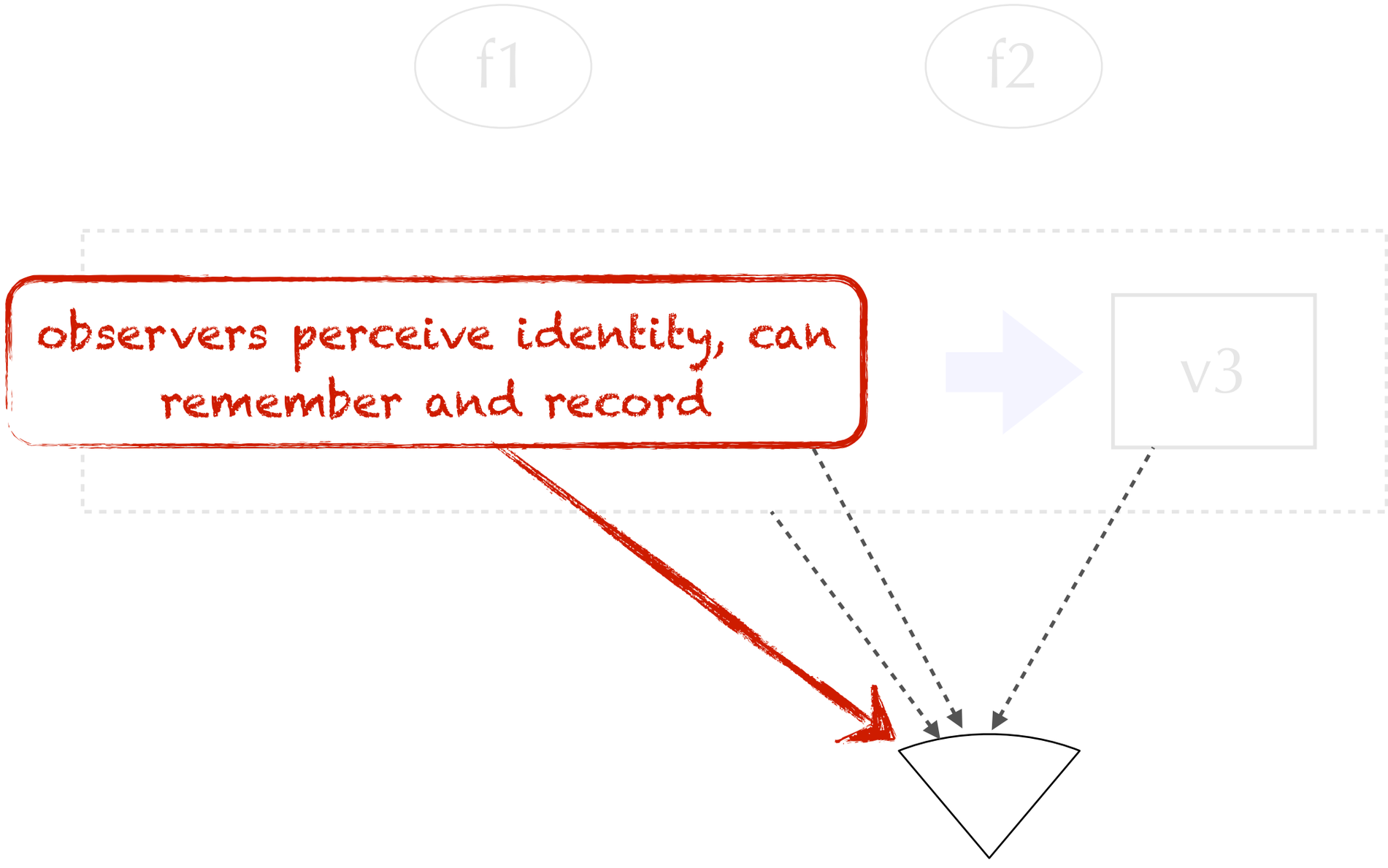
value succession



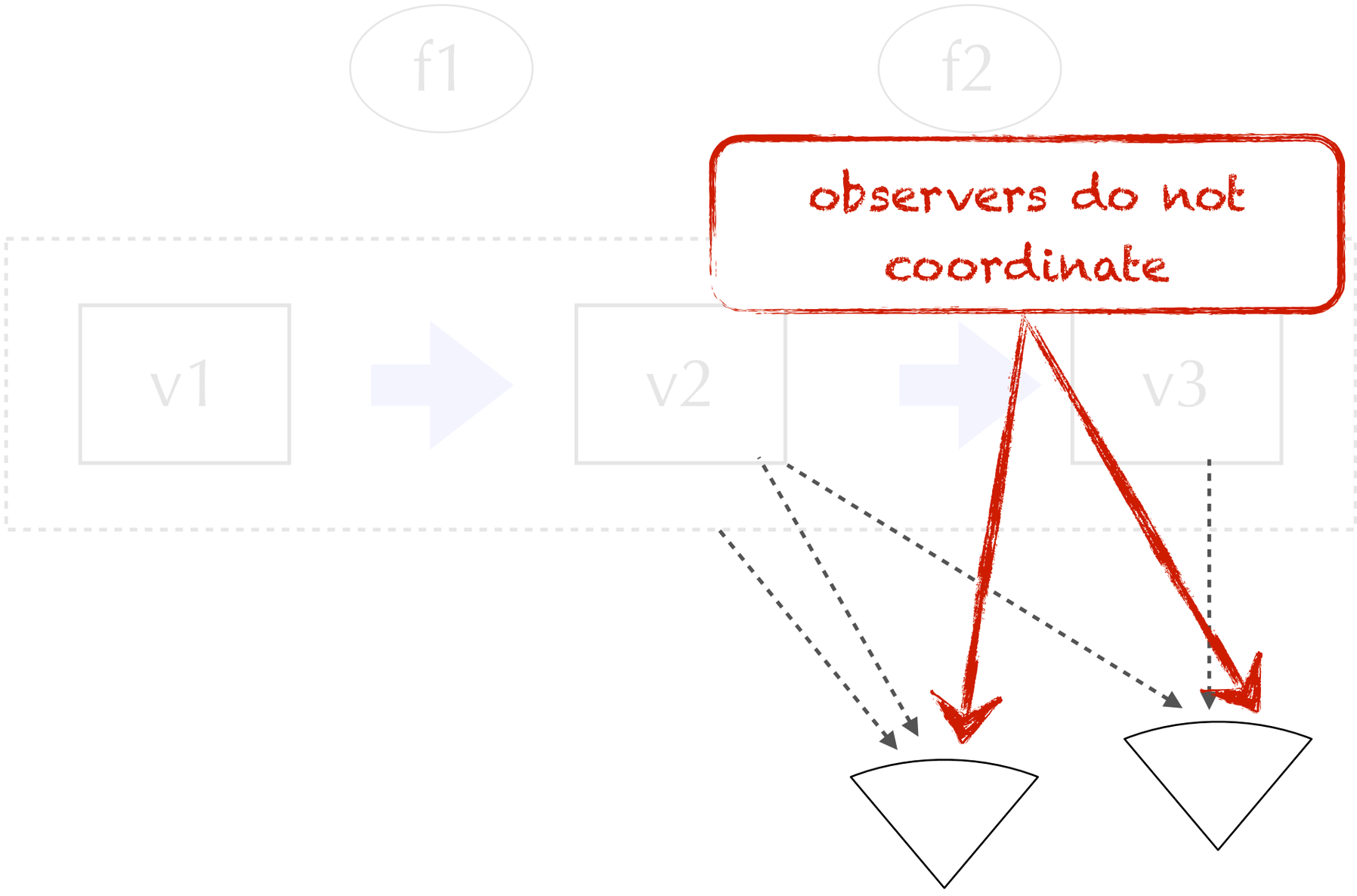
reference



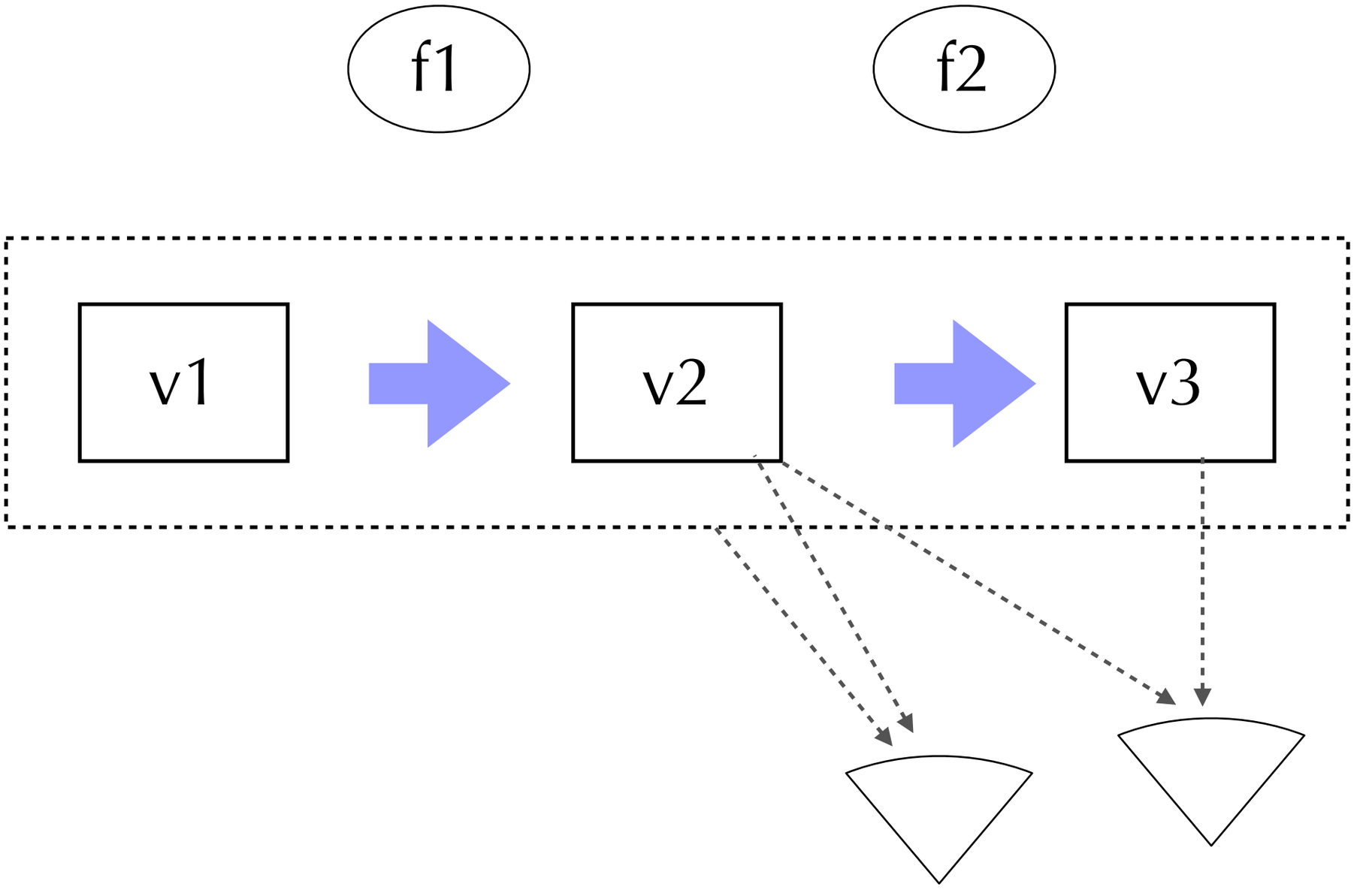
observers


f1
f2
observers perceive identity, can remember and record
v3

no coordination



unified succession model



atoms

```
(def counter  (atom 0))
(swap! counter + 10)
```

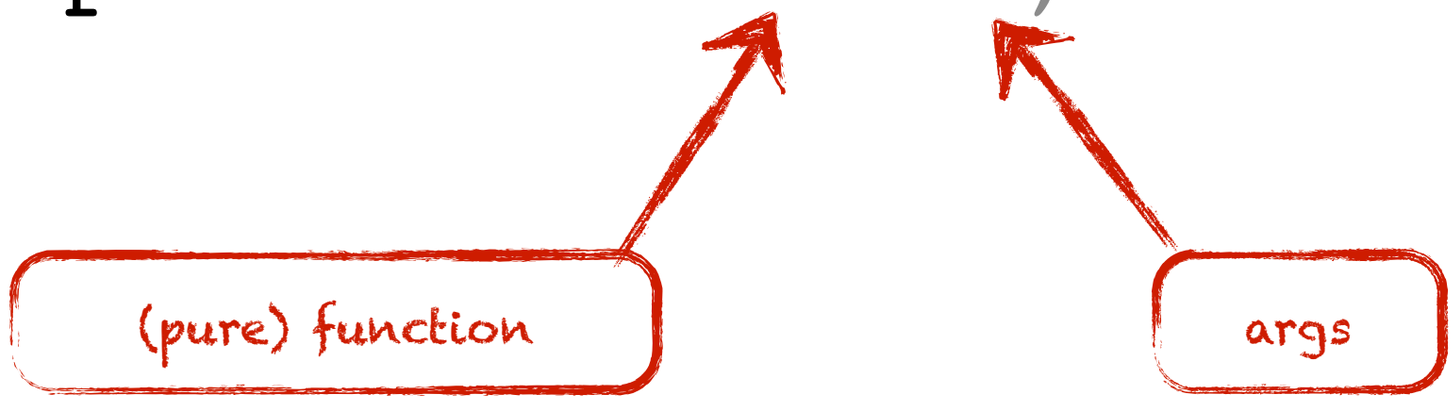
atoms

reference constructor

```
(def counter (atom 0))
(swap! counter + 10)
```

atoms

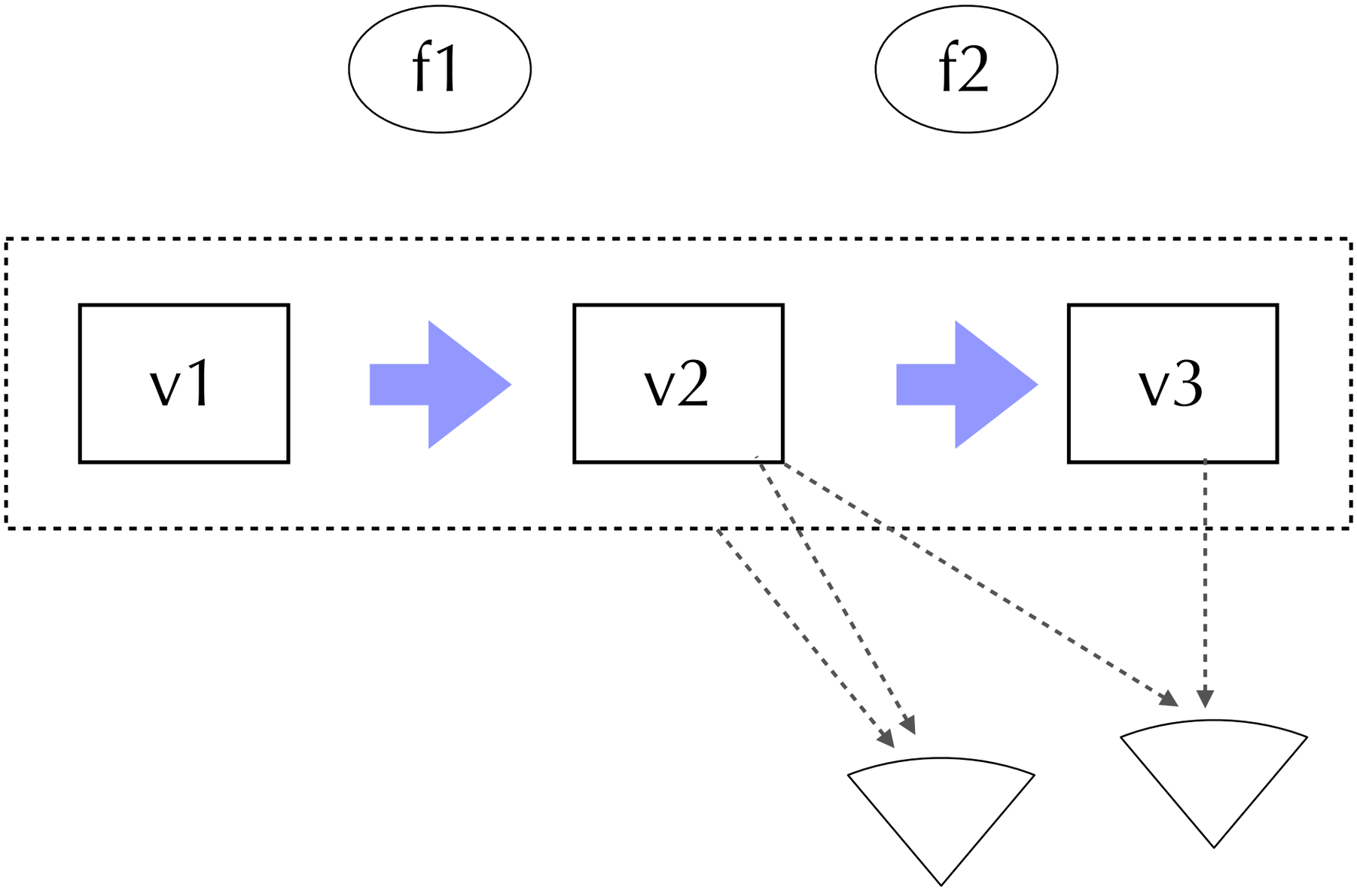
```
(def counter  (atom 0))
(swap! counter + 10)
```



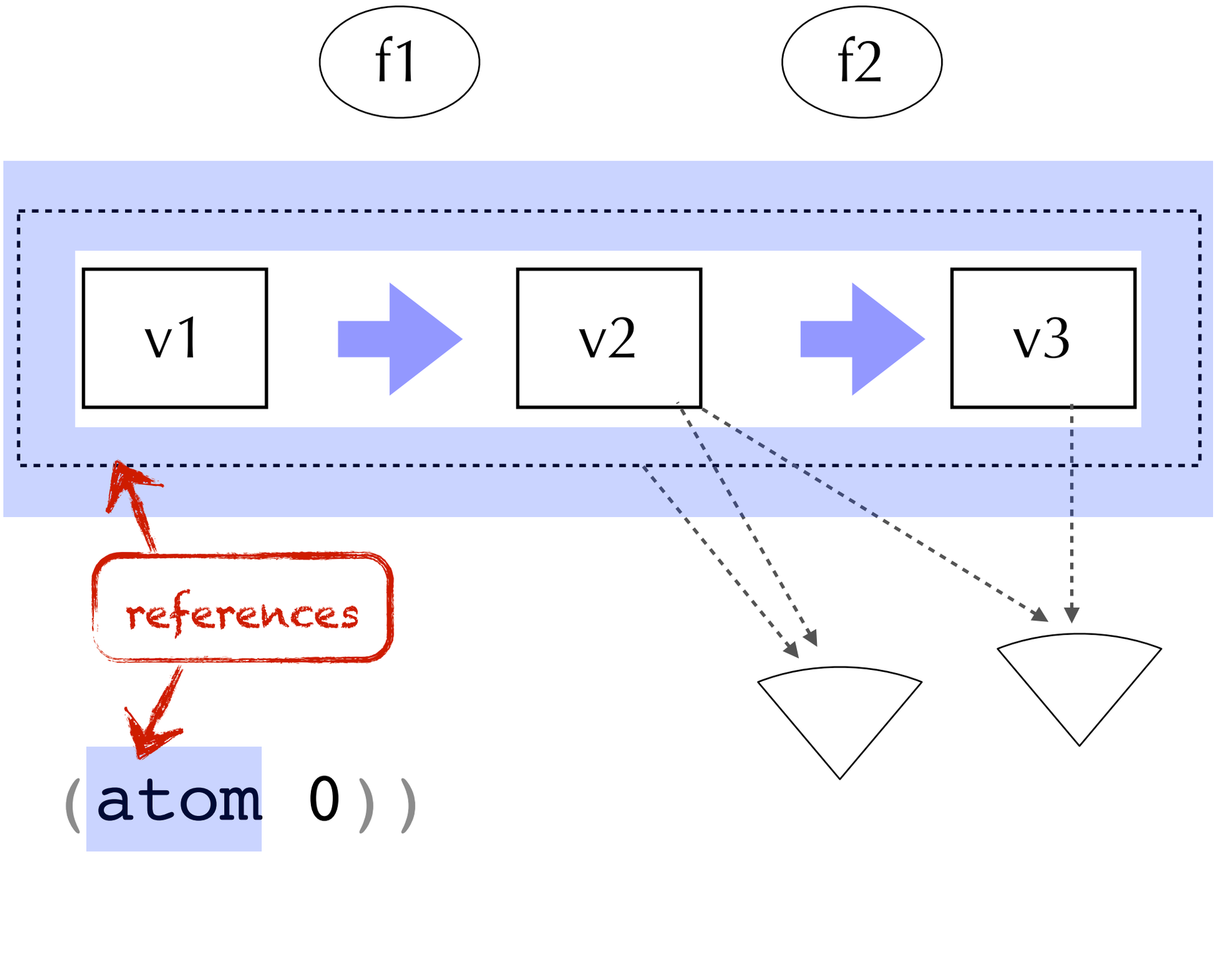
atoms

```
(def counter  (atom 0))
(swap! counter + 10)
```

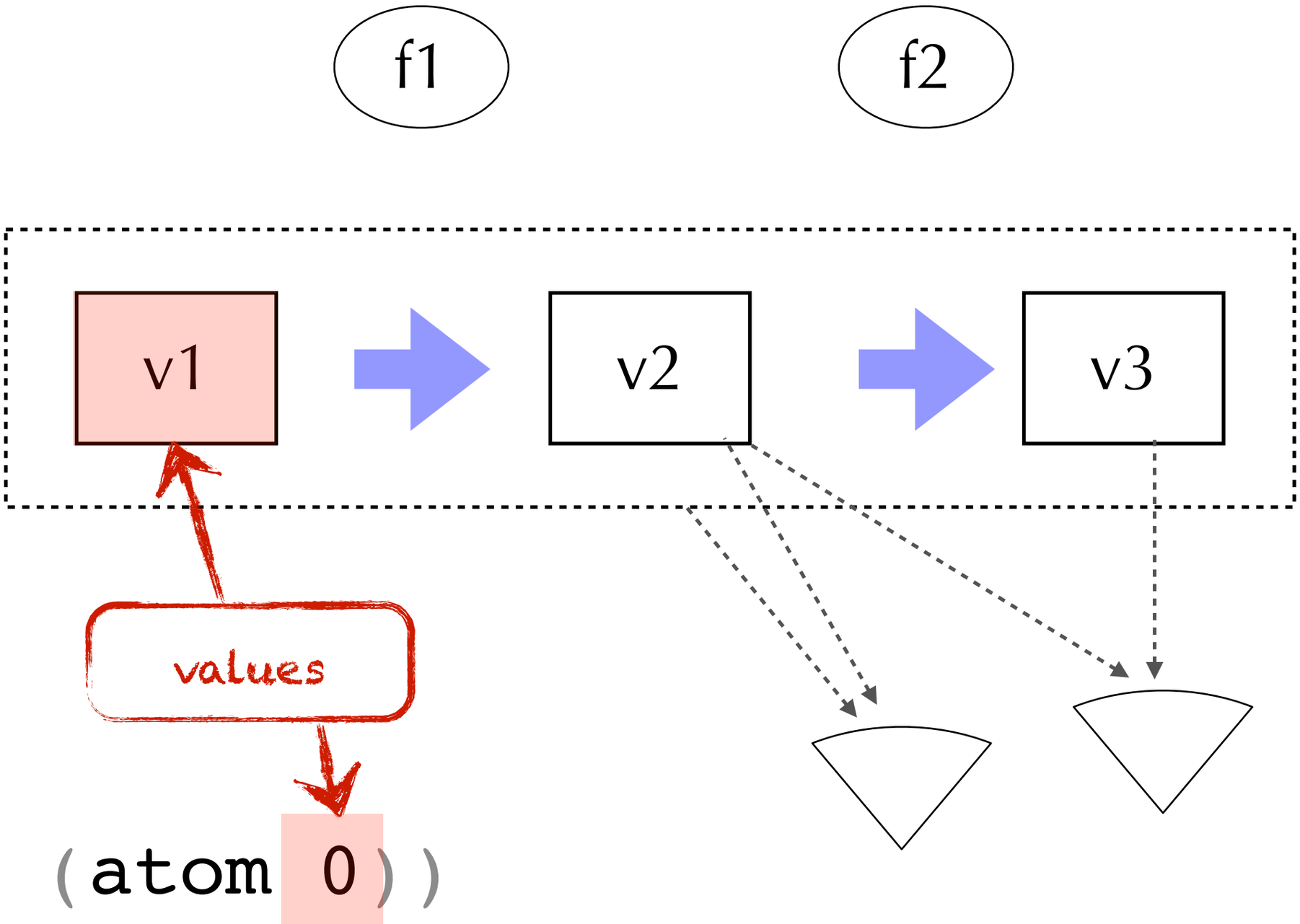
atoms



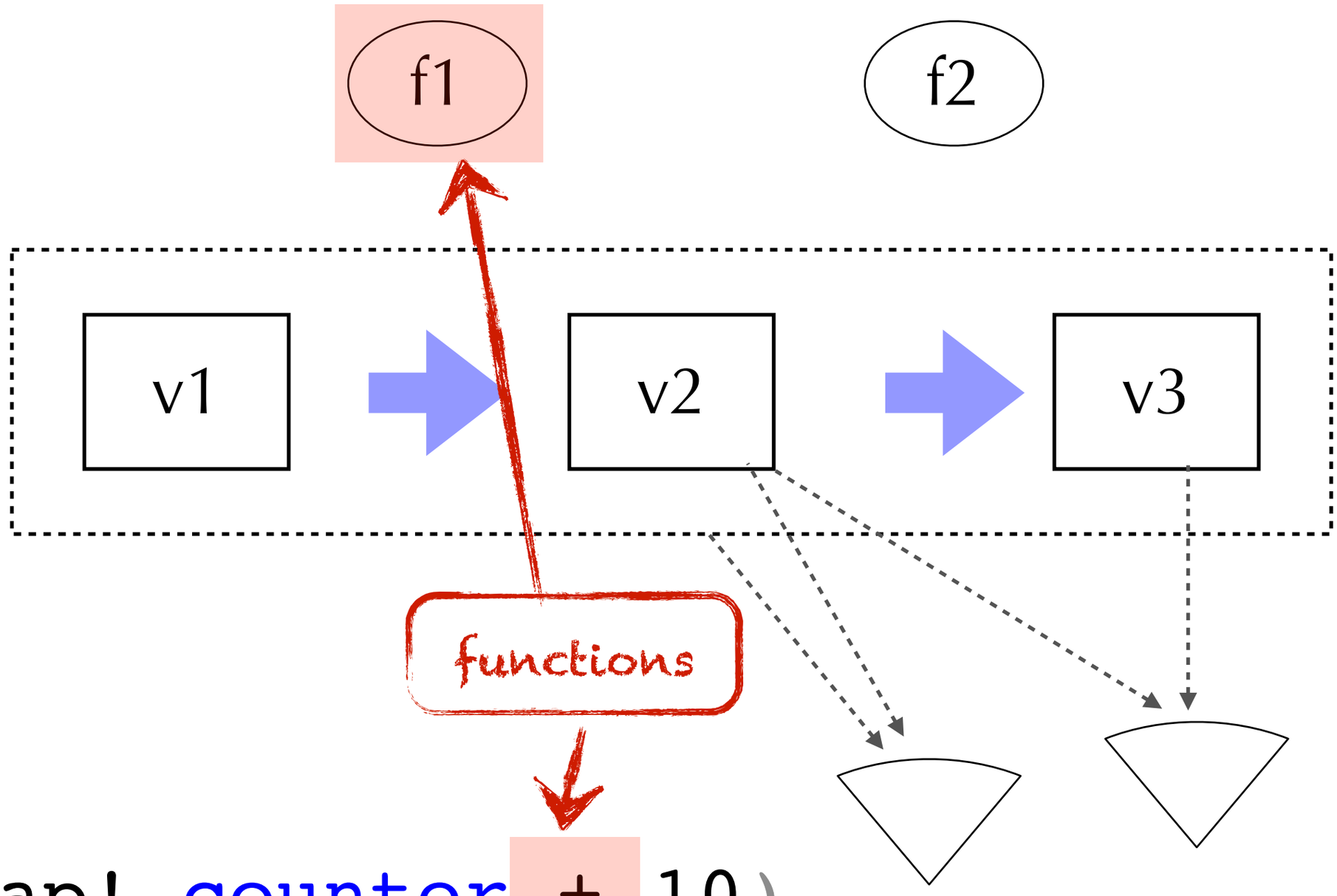
atoms



atoms

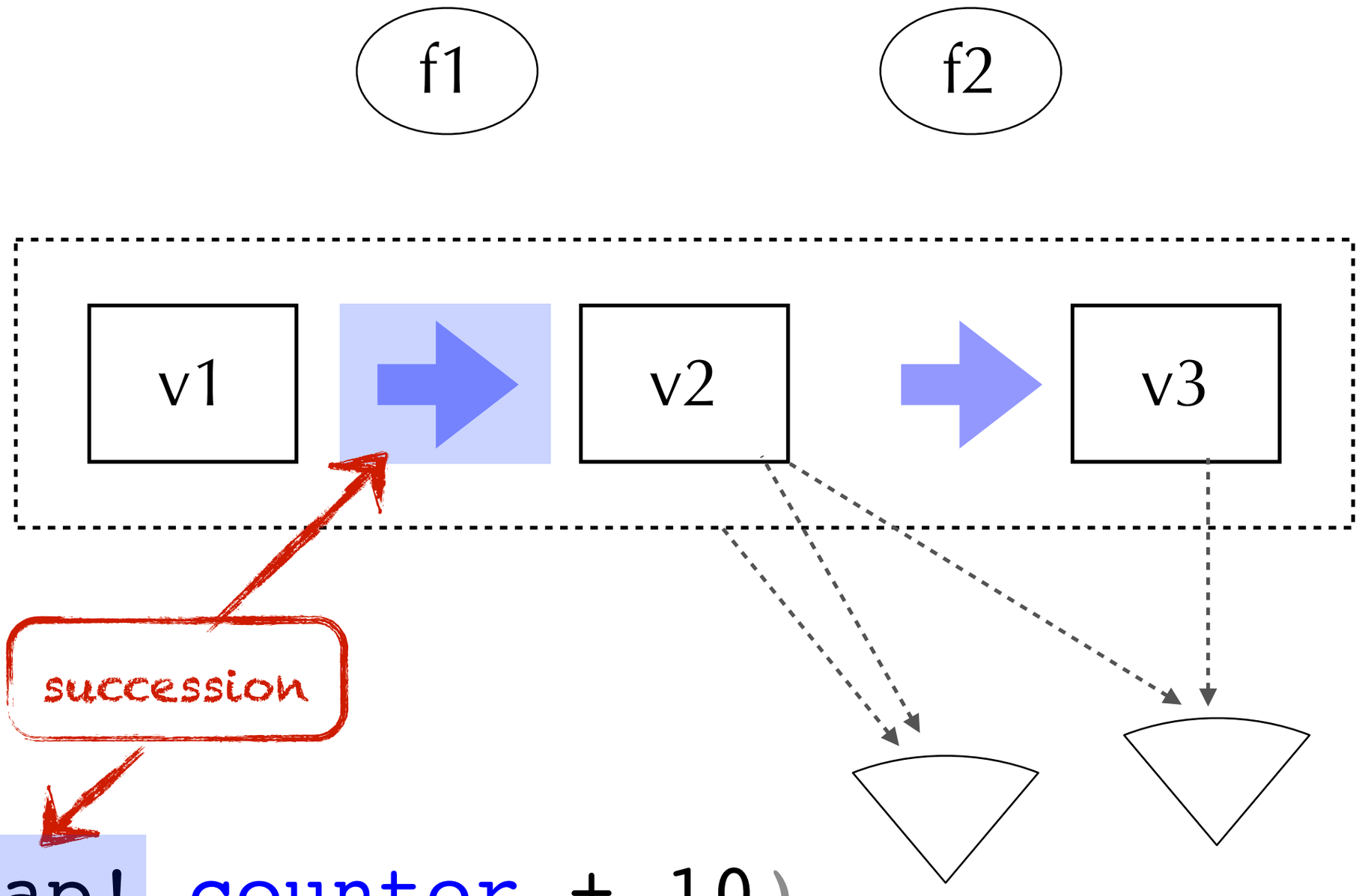


atoms




```
(swap! counter + 10)
```

atoms




```
(swap! counter + 10)
```

bigger structure

different data

```
(def person (atom (create-person)))
(swap! person assoc :name "John")
```

same ref type
and succession fn

varying semantics

different kind of ref

```
(def number-later (promise))
(deliver number-later 42)
```

different succession

entire database

```
(def conn (d/connect uri)
(transact conn data)
```

entire database

```
(def conn (d/connect uri)
(transact conn data)
```

agent →

send	processor-derived pool
send-off	IO-derived pool
send-via	user-specified pool

atom ⇄

compare-and-set!	conditional
reset!	boring
swap!	functional transformation

connection

transact	⇄	ACID
transact-async	→	ACID

ref ⇄

alter	functional transformation
commute	commutative

var ⇄

alter-var-root	application config

var binding ⇄

binding, set!	dynamic, binding-local

brought to you by