Core concepts

Top tips in this book

| Top tip | Page number | Section |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|---------|
| Always validate your assumptions about the code performance, depending on whether it is executed in the single or multithreaded context. | 6 | 1.2 |
| We can calculate the cost of coordination within teams using Amdahl's law. | 22 | 2.2.1 |
| It's hard to use functional exception handling when mixing it with an object-oriented approach. It's even more complicated if the object-oriented code does not declare what exceptions it may throw. | 69 | 3.6.2 |
| We can leverage the findings from the Pareto principle to find the code that brings the most value to our consumers and focus on optimizing that part. | 105 | 5.2.1 |
| Encapsulating the downstream components settings from our clients allows us to evolve without breaking the compatibility of our APIs. | 145 | 6.5 |
| Iterating on date and time requirements with product owners, using concrete examples with as many corner cases as you can think of, makes implementing those requirements much simpler. | 169 | 7.2 |
| Moving computations to data allows us to design big data processing that otherwise would be very slow or not even feasible. | 205 | 8.1.1 |
| It's essential to pick a library with a similar or the exact concurrency model as your application. The scalability and performance of your software will benefit. | 238 | 9.2.1 |
| It is crucial to understand whether or not operations in our system are idempotent. The more idempotent operations we have, the more resilient the system we can design. | 263 | 10.1.3 |
| It's often possible to tweak the consistency versus the availability of systems we use. So it's crucial to understand the consequences of those decisions. | 291 | 11.3.1 |
| Designing the versioning strategy for a network API from the start and documenting it publicly and clearly can give customers confidence and help them make their own versioning decisions. | 331 | 12.3.2 |
| Sometimes it's wiser to develop a do-it-yourself (DIY) solution with only needed functionality than using a heavy library that provides a required functionality but also a lot of other functions that we don't need. | 362 | 13.2.1 |