todo_project_name

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THE GENERAL IDEA

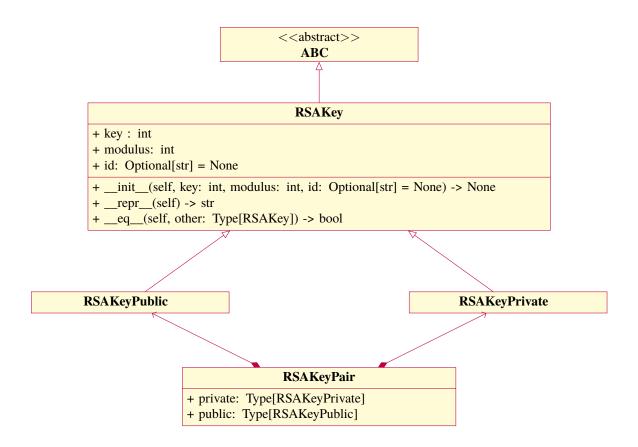
CHAPTER	
CHAPTEN	
TWO	

HOW TO USE THE PROGRAM

THREE

CODE STRUCTURE

```
<<abstract>>
                                           MDN
+ padding: bytes
+ last32: int
+ last64: int
/ digest: bytes
# _A: int
# _B: int
# _C: int
# _D: int
+ __init__(self, message_bytes: Iterator[bytes]) -> None
# _update(self, X: List[int]) ->None
+ string_digest(self) ->str
# _run_algorithm(self, message_bytes: Iterator[bytes]) ->None
+ l_roll(X: int, s: int) ->int
+ from_file(cls, filename: str) ->MDN
+ from_bytes(cls, byte_string: bytes) ->MDN
# _bytes_as_generator(byte_string: bytes) ->Iterator[bytes]
# _file_bytes_generator(filename: str, *, page_size: int = 4096) ->Iterator[bytes]
                     MD5
                                                                         MD4
 + T: List[int]
                                                      + ROUND 2: int
                                                      + ROUND 3: int
 \#_f(X, Y, Z)
                                                      \# f(X, Y, Z)
 \# g(X, Y, Z)
 \# \overline{h}(X, Y, Z)
                                                      \# g(X, Y, Z)
 \# \underline{i}(X, Y, Z)
                                                     \# \overline{h}(X, Y, Z)
 # _round_1_op(A, B, C, D, X, s, i)
                                                      # _round_1_op(A, B, C, D, X, s)
                                                     # <u>round_2_op</u>(A, B, C, D, X, s)
 # <u>round_2_op</u>(A, B, C, D, X, s, i)
 # <u>round_3_op</u>(A, B, C, D, X, s, i)
                                                     # <u>round_3_op</u>(A, B, C, D, X, s)
 \# \overline{\text{round}\_4\_\text{op}}(A, B, C, D, X, s, i)
                                                      # _update(self, X: List[int]) ->None
 # <u>update(self, X: List[int]) -> None</u>
```



TODO_PROJECT_NAME PACKAGE

4.1 todo_project_name.core module

todo_project_name.core.md4_string(message: str) \rightarrow str Returns md4 digest of given string encoded as UTF-8 byte strings.

4.1.1 Parameters

message: string whose hash is to be computed. $todo_project_name.core.md5_string(\textit{message: str}) \rightarrow str$ Returns md5 digest of given string encoded as UTF-8 byte strings.

4.1.2 Parameters

message: string whose hash is to be computed.

4.2 todo_project_name.find_prime module

todo_project_name.find_prime.find_prime(n: int) \rightarrow int Return n-bit probable prime.

4.2.1 Parameters

n: number of bits, must be greater than 1,

because otherwise such a prime doesn't exist.

 $todo_project_name.find_prime.is_probable_prime(\mathit{candidate}: \mathit{int}) \rightarrow bool$ Check if $\mathit{candidate} \ is \ a \ probable \ prime.$

4.2.2 Notes

This function uses Rabin-Miller test under the hood.

4.3 todo_project_name.md4 module

```
class todo_project_name.md4.MD4(message_bytes: Iterator[bytes])
```

Bases: MDN

Class computing MD4 message digest. Works for little-endian architecture.

It is recommended to use methods MD4.from_bytes or MD4.from_file to create new objects.

To get message digest as str use string_digest method. To get message digest as bytes read digest property.

 $ROUND_2 = 1518500249$

 $ROUND_3 = 1859775393$

4.4 todo_project_name.md5 module

```
class todo_project_name.md5.MD5(message_bytes: Iterator[bytes])
```

Bases: MDN

Class computing MD5 message digest. Works for little-endian architecture.

It is recommended to use methods MD5.from_bytes or MD5.from_file to create new objects.

To get message digest as str use string_digest method. To get message digest as bytes read digest property.

4.5 todo project name.mdn module

```
class todo_project_name.mdn.MDN(message_bytes: Iterator[bytes])
```

Bases: ABC

Superclass of MD4 and MD5. Works for little-endian architecture.

property digest

The message digest as bytes.

```
classmethod from_bytes(byte\_string: bytes) \rightarrow MDN
```

This function serves as constructor, which allows to compute hash of bytes.

4.5.1 Parameters

```
byte_string: message whose digest is to be computed.
```

```
classmethod from_file(filename: str) \rightarrow MDN
```

This function serves as constructor, which allows to compute hash of file under given path.

4.5.2 Parameters

filename: path to existing file whose digest is to be computed.

```
static l_roll(X: int, s: int) \rightarrow int
```

Roll (rotate) bits of 32-bit unsigned integer s positions to the left.

4.5.3 Parameters

X: integer to be rolled. Its binary representation cannot exceed 32 bits.

s: number of digits to roll. Must be integer in [0, 32].

last32 = 4294967295

last64 = 18446744073709551615

 $\textbf{string_digest()} \rightarrow str$

Returns string representation of message digest.

4.6 todo_project_name.rsa module

```
class todo_project_name.rsa.RSAKey(key: int, modulus: int, id: Optional[str] = None)
```

Bases: ABC

class todo_project_name.rsa.RSAKeyPair(public: todo_project_name.rsa.RSAKeyPublic, private:

todo_project_name.rsa.RSAKeyPrivate)

Bases: object

private: RSAKeyPrivate

public: RSAKeyPublic

class todo_project_name.rsa.RSAKeyPrivate(key: int, modulus: int, id: Optional[str] = None)

Bases: RSAKey

class todo_project_name.rsa.**RSAKeyPublic**(key: int, modulus: int, id: Optional[str] = None)

Bases: RSAKey

 ${\tt todo_project_name.rsa.read_key}(\textit{path: Path, key_type: Type[RSAKeyVar]}) \rightarrow {\tt RSAKeyVar}$

Read RSA key from the file.

 ${\tt todo_project_name.rsa.\textbf{rsa_key_gen}(\textit{N:int}) \rightarrow \textit{RSAKeyPair}}$

Generate RSA key pair.

Takes number N and returns RSAKeyPair with (2 * N)-bit modulus.

4.6.1 Parameters

N: determines the strength of the protocol.

```
todo_project_name.rsa.rsa_sign(message: str, key: ~todo_project_name.rsa.RSAKeyPrivate, algorithm: ~typing.Type[~typing.Union[~todo_project_name.md4.MD4, ~todo_project_name.md5.MD5]] = <class 'todo_project_name.md4.MD4'>) \rightarrow str
```

Function returns a digital singulature based on the RSA protocol.

4.6.2 Parameters

```
message: string message to be singed
```

key: RSA private key

algorithm: hash method. Default: MD4. Available algorithms: MD4, MD5.

Function returns a digital singulature based on the RSA protocol.

4.6.3 Parameters

filename: path to existing file to sign

key: RSA private key

algorithm: hash method. Default: MD4. Available algorithms: MD4, MD5.

Function verifies digital singulature of a message basing on the RSA protocol. It compares decoded signature with hashed message and returns True if they are the same, otherwise False.

4.6.4 Parameters

```
message: string message
```

signature: signature for verification

key: RSA public key

 $algorithm: hash \ algorithm. \ Default: \ MD4. \ Available \ algorithms: \ MD4, \ MD5.$

```
todo_project_name.rsa.rsa_verify_file(filename: str, signature: str, key:
```

```
~todo_project_name.rsa.RSAKeyPublic, algorithm:
```

 $\sim todo_project_name.md5.MD5]] = < class$

'todo_project_name.md4.MD4'>)

[~]typing.Type[~typing.Union[~todo_project_name.md4.MD4,

Function verifies digital singulature of a message basing on the RSA protocol. It compares decoded signature with hashed message and returns True if they are the same, otherwise False.

4.6.5 Parameters

filename: path to file against which signature is being checked

signature: signature for verification

key: RSA public key

algorithm: hash algorithm. Default: MD4. Available algorithms: MD4, MD5.

 $todo_project_name.rsa.save_key(key: RSAKey, path: Path) \rightarrow Path$

Save RSA key to the file.

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