

Structural Bioinformatics part 1

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```
stats = read.csv("Data Export Summary.csv", row.names=1)
stats
```

	X.ray	EM	NMR	Multiple.methods	Neutron	Other
Protein (only)	158,844	11,759	12,296	197	73	32
Protein/Oligosaccharide	9,260	2,054	34	8	1	0
Protein/NA	8,307	3,667	284	7	0	0
Nucleic acid (only)	2,730	113	1,467	13	3	1
Other	164	9	32	0	0	0
Oligosaccharide (only)	11	0	6	1	0	4
Total						
Protein (only)	183,201					
Protein/Oligosaccharide	11,357					
Protein/NA	12,265					
Nucleic acid (only)	4,327					
Other	205					
Oligosaccharide (only)	22					

```
rn.comma = function(x){
  as.numeric(gsub(",", "", x) )
}

pdbstats = apply(stats, 2, rn.comma)
pdbstats
```

	X.ray	EM	NMR	Multiple.methods	Neutron	Other	Total
[1,]	158844	11759	12296	197	73	32	183201
[2,]	9260	2054	34	8	1	0	11357

[3,]	8307	3667	284	7	0	0	12265
[4,]	2730	113	1467	13	3	1	4327
[5,]	164	9	32	0	0	0	205
[6,]	11	0	6	1	0	4	22

Q1: What percentage of structures in the PDB are solved by X-Ray and Electron Microscopy.

```
xray = sum(pdbstats[:,1])
em = sum(pdbstats[:,2])
total = sum(pdbstats[:,7])

(xray + em) / total
```

[1] 0.9315962

Q2: What proportion of structures in the PDB are protein?

```
proteins = sum(pdbstats[1, 7])
proteins / total
```

[1] 0.8667026

Q3: Type HIV in the PDB website search box on the home page and determine how many HIV-1 protease structures are in the current PDB?

SKIPPED!

```
library(readr)
```

Q4: Water molecules normally have 3 atoms. Why do we see just one atom per water molecule in this structure?

Hydrogen is too small for the current resolution, so only the oxygen is shown.

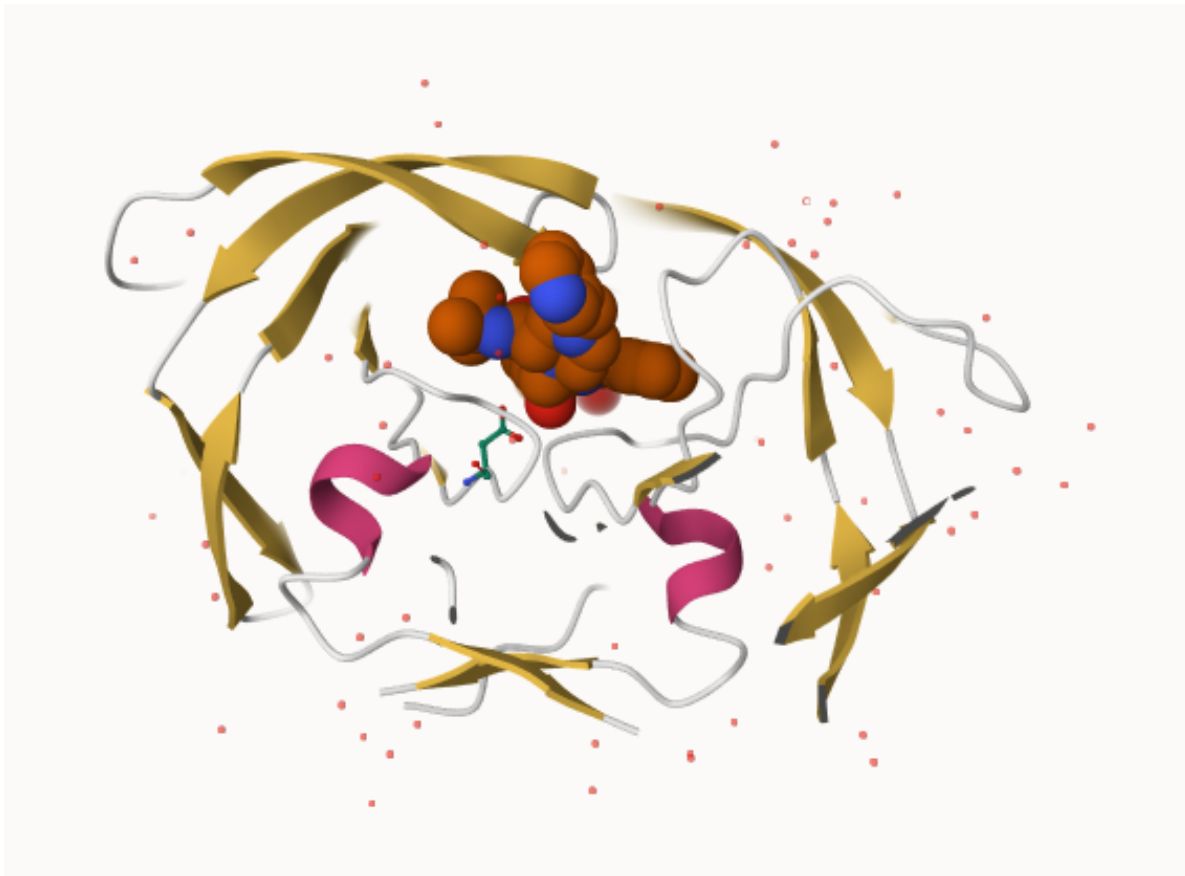
Q5: There is a critical “conserved” water molecule in the binding site. Can you identify this water molecule? What residue number does this water molecule have

HOH 308

Q6: Generate and save a figure clearly showing the two distinct chains of HIV-protease along with the ligand. You might also consider showing the catalytic residues ASP 25 in each chain

and the critical water (we recommend “Ball & Stick” for these side-chains). Add this figure to your Quarto document.

Here is the figure



The bio3d package for structural bioinformatics

```
library(bio3d)
pdb = read.pdb("1hsg")
```

Note: Accessing on-line PDB file

```
pdb
```

```
Call: read.pdb(file = "1hsg")
```

```
Total Models#: 1
```

```
Total Atoms#: 1686, XYZs#: 5058 Chains#: 2 (values: A B)
```

```
Protein Atoms#: 1514 (residues/Calpha atoms#: 198)
```

```
Nucleic acid Atoms#: 0 (residues/phosphate atoms#: 0)
```

```
Non-protein/nucleic Atoms#: 172 (residues: 128)
```

```
Non-protein/nucleic resid values: [ HOH (127), MK1 (1) ]
```

```
Protein sequence:
```

```
PQITLWQRPLVTIKIGGQLKEALLDTGADDTVLEEMSLPGRWKPKMIGGIGGFIKVRQYD
QILIEICGHKAIGTVLVGPTPVNIIGRNLLTQIGCTLNFPQITLWQRPLVTIKIGGQLKE
ALLDTGADDTVLEEMSLPGRWKPKMIGGIGGFIKVRQYDQILIEICGHKAIGTVLVGPTP
VNIIGRNLLTQIGCTLNF
```

```
+ attr: atom, xyz, seqres, helix, sheet,
      calpha, remark, call
```

```
head(pdb$atom)
```

	type	eleno	elety	alt	resid	chain	resno	insert	x	y	z	o	b
1	ATOM	1	N	<NA>	PRO	A	1	<NA>	29.361	39.686	5.862	1	38.10
2	ATOM	2	CA	<NA>	PRO	A	1	<NA>	30.307	38.663	5.319	1	40.62
3	ATOM	3	C	<NA>	PRO	A	1	<NA>	29.760	38.071	4.022	1	42.64
4	ATOM	4	O	<NA>	PRO	A	1	<NA>	28.600	38.302	3.676	1	43.40
5	ATOM	5	CB	<NA>	PRO	A	1	<NA>	30.508	37.541	6.342	1	37.87
6	ATOM	6	CG	<NA>	PRO	A	1	<NA>	29.296	37.591	7.162	1	38.40
	segid elesy charge												
1	<NA>	N	<NA>										
2	<NA>	C	<NA>										
3	<NA>	C	<NA>										
4	<NA>	O	<NA>										
5	<NA>	C	<NA>										
6	<NA>	C	<NA>										

Predicting functional motions of a single structure

Let's finish today with a bioinformatics calculation to predict the functional motions of a PDB structure

```
adk = read.pdb("6s36")
```

Note: Accessing on-line PDB file

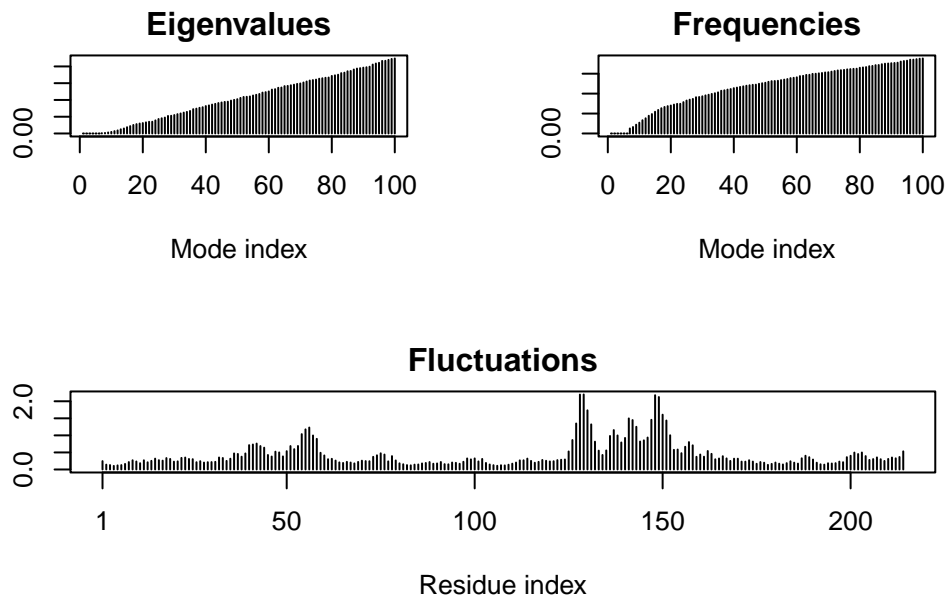
PDB has ALT records, taking A only, rm.alt=TRUE

```
m = nma(adk)
```

Building Hessian... Done in 0.08 seconds.

Diagonalizing Hessian... Done in 0.49 seconds.

```
plot(m)
```



```
mktrj(m, file="adk_m7.pdb")
```