Math 1710. Homework Problems II (January 6, 2012)

1.
$$\int_{4}^{16} \sqrt{x} \sqrt{x} \sqrt{x} \, dx = \int_{4}^{16} \left(x \left(x \cdot x^{1/2} \right)^{1/2} \right)^{1/2} \, dx = \int_{4}^{16} \left(x \cdot x^{3/4} \right)^{1/2} \, dx = \int_{4}^{16} x^{7/8} \, dx$$

$$= \frac{x^{15/8}}{15/8} \Big|_{4}^{16} = \boxed{\frac{8}{15} \left(16^{15/8} - 4^{15/8} \right)}$$

$$2. \quad \int_{1}^{4} \frac{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{u}}}{\sqrt{u}} \, du$$

We make substitution $t = 1 + \sqrt{u}$: $dt = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{u}} du$,

$$u = 1 \to t = 2,$$
 $u = 4 \to t = 3.$

$$\int_{2}^{3} 2\sqrt{t} \, dt = \frac{2t^{3/2}}{3/2} \bigg|_{2}^{3} = \frac{4\sqrt{t^{3}}}{3} \bigg|_{2}^{3} = \frac{4\sqrt{3^{3}}}{3} - \frac{4\sqrt{2^{3}}}{3} = \boxed{\frac{12\sqrt{3} - 8\sqrt{2}}{3}}$$

3.
$$\int_0^{\pi/2} \frac{dx}{1 + \tan^2 x} = \int_0^{\pi/2} \frac{dx}{\sec^2 x} = \int_0^{\pi/2} \cos^2 x \, dx = \int_0^{\pi/2} \frac{1 + \cos 2x}{2} \, dx = \left[\frac{x}{2} + \frac{\sin 2x}{4} \right]_0^{\pi/2} = \left[\frac{\pi}{4} \right]_0^{\pi/2}$$

Comment: The last question becomes much harder if you replace power of tan x

with $\sqrt{2}$ instead of 2. Try it!!!