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DATE: October 4, 2007
TIME: 60 minutes
COURSE: MATH 2132
EXAMINER: G.I. Moghaddam

NAME:			_
STUDENT #:_			

There are 5 questions of total mark 50.

[6] 1. The following sequence of functions is defined on the interval $-1 \le x \le 1$.

$$\left\{ \frac{1}{n} + \frac{n^4 x^2 + 2nx^4}{n^4 x + x^4 + 1} \right\}_{n=1}^{\infty}$$

Determine whether the sequence is convergent or divergent. If it converges, find the limit function.

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- [15] 2. Let $f(x) = \ln x$ for 0 < x < 4 Then:
 - [5] (a) Find the first 4 terms of the Taylor series of f(x) about 2.

[5] (b) Find the n^{th} -remainder (i.e. $R_n(2,x)$).

[5] (c) Show that $\lim_{n \to \infty} R_n(2, x) = 0$ <u>only</u> for the case 2 < x < 4.

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[8] 3. Find the radius of convergence and the open interval of convergence for the series

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n (n!)^2 4^n}{(2n+1)!} (x-7)^{4n}$$

[6] 4. Find the sum of the series: $-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{3}x^3 + \frac{2}{9}x^6 - \frac{2\sqrt{2}}{27}x^9 + \cdots + \frac{(-1)^n 2^{\frac{n}{2}}}{3^n}x^{3n} + \cdots$

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[15] 5. Find the Taylor series about 1 for the function

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{x^2} + \ln x$$

Express your answer in sigma notation and simplify as much as possible. Determine its open interval of convergence.