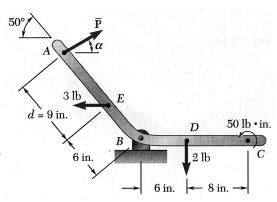
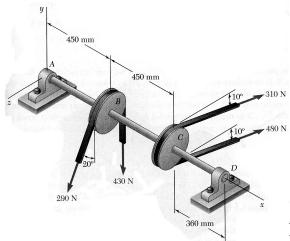
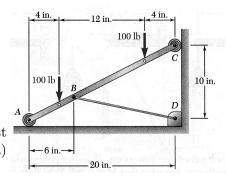
(1) Three forces and a couple act on the crank ABC. For P=5.00 lb and $\alpha=40^{\circ}$, (a) determine the resultant of the given system of forces, (b) locate the the point where the line of action of the resultant intersects a line drawn through points B and C, (c) locate the the point where the line of action of the resultant intersects a line drawn through points A and B.

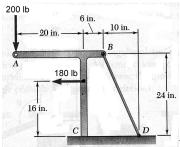




(2) Two 300 mm diameter pulleys are mounted on the shaft AD. The belts B and C lie in the yz plane. Replace the belt forces shown with an equivalent force-moment system at A.

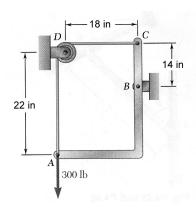


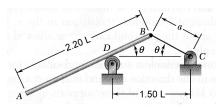
(3) Bar AC supports two 100 lb loads as shown. Rollers A and C rest against frictionless surfaces and a cable BD is attached at B. Determine (a) the tension in cable BD; (b) the reaction at A, (c) the reaction at C.



(4) Knowing that the tension in wire BD is 300 lb, determine the reaction at the fixed support C for the frame shown.

(5) Member ABC is supported by a pin and bracket at B and by an inextensible cord attached at A and C and passing over a frictionless pulley at D. The tension is the same throughout the cord. For the loading shown, neglecting the size of the pulley, determine the tension in the cord and the reaction at B.





(6) A uniform slender rod is held in equilibrium as shown by a cord of length a. If L = 100 mm, determine (a) the angle θ , (b) the length a.

(7) The two pipes ABCD and EBD are welded together at B to form the structure shown. It is held by a ball-and-socket joint at D and by two cables EG and ICFH; cable ICFH passes around frictionless pulleys at C and F. For the loading shown, determine the tension in each cable and the reaction forces at D.

