

- 10 1. Show that the lines

$$\begin{array}{lll} x = 1 + t, & & y = 3x, \\ y = 2 + 3t, & \text{and} & 2x + z = 9 \\ z = 4 - 2t; & & \end{array}$$

determine a plane, and find its equation simplified as much as possible.

- 6 2. Find the distance between the line
- $x = 3 + 2t$
- ,
- $y = -1 + t$
- ,
- $z = 5 + 4t$
- and the plane
- $6x - 8y - z = 7$
- .

- 5 3. Find a vector of length 3 tangent to the curve

$$x = t^3 + t, \quad y = 2t - t^2, \quad z = t + 1,$$

at the point  $(2, 1, 2)$ .

- 8 4. Find parametric equations for the curve

$$z = 4x^2 + y^2, \quad 8x + 4y + z = 8,$$

directed clockwise as viewed from a point far up the  $z$ -axis.

- 6 5. Show that the following limit does not exist,

$$\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{xy^3}{x^2 + y^6}.$$

- 5 6. Show that the function
- $f(x, y) = x^2 + y^2 e^{y/x}$
- satisfies the equation

$$x \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} + y \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} = 2f(x, y).$$