Values

Find the limit of the sequence of functions {f<sub>n</sub>(x)} on the interval 0 ≤ x ≤ 5, if it exists. Justify your answer.

$$f_n(x) = \frac{2n^2x + nx}{n^2 + 1}$$

- Find the Taylor series about x = −2 for the function f(x) = e<sup>2x+1</sup>. Include its interval of convergence.
- 9 3. Find the open interval of convergence for the power series

$$\sum_{n=3}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n 2^n}{n^3} (x+1)^{3n+1}.$$

Express your answer in the form a < x < b for appropriate values of a and b.

- 10 4. Find the Maclaurin series for the function  $f(x) = \frac{x}{(2+x)^2}$ . What is the interval of convergence of the series?
- 12 5. Find the Maclaurin series for the function  $f(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{8+3x}}$ . Find the radius of convergence of the series.