## MATH 2130 Section A01 Summer 2011 Term Test 2

You have 70 min to solve 5 problems. Please note

- Write your name/student id clearly
- Illegible work will have marks removed. If I have trouble reading your work, it will not be marked.
- Write only on one side of the paper in the space design for it. If you require more space, CLEARLY indicate that you are continuing on the back.
- The last page of the exam is for calculations or scrap work. You may remove it, but be careful not to remove the staple. This page will NOT be marked.
- No calculators or any outside materials other than a pencil are permitted.
- The examination is out of 40 marks. Question values are given in brackets beside each question.
- You must show your work unless otherwise indicated.

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Surname:		
Given Name:		
Student ID.		

## 1. Given that

$$xyu + v = 2$$
 and  $y^2 + u^2 - u^2v = y + 43$ 

define u and v as functions of x and y, find  $\frac{\partial u}{\partial y}\Big)_x$  when x=1,y=2,u=3 and v=-4. [5]

2. Find the equation of the tangent line (in either parametric, vector or symmetric form) to the curve of intersection of

$$yz + \sin(xyz) = -4$$
 and  $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 8$ 

at the point (0, 2, -2). [7]

- 3. For the function  $f(x,y) = x^2y + xy^2 + 3y$ 
  - (a) Find the critical point(s) of f. [4]

(b) Classify the critical point(s) found in (a) as either relative minimum, relative maximum, saddle point, or neither. [5]

(c) Find the absolute maximum and minimum of f on the region bounded by  $y=x^2$  and y=4. [7]

4. Find

$$\iint_{R} (1-x)dA$$

where R is the region bounded by the lines x+y=1, x+y=-1, x-y=1, x-y=-1. [8]

## 5. The one-dimensional wave equation is

$$\frac{\partial^2 y}{\partial t^2} = c^2 \frac{\partial^2 y}{\partial x^2}$$

where c is any positive constant. Let f(u) and g(v) be twice differentiable functions. Show that

$$y(x,t) = f(x+ct) + g(x-ct)$$

satisfies the wave equation. [4]

THIS PAGE IS FOR SCRAP WORK.