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6. Find an

- Consider the following

3) $L_1: \begin{cases} x = 3 + 4t_1 \\ y = 4 + t_1 \\ z = 1 \end{cases}$

$$L_2: \begin{cases} x = -1 + 12t_2 \\ y = 7 + 6t_2 \\ z = 5 + 3t_2 \end{cases}$$

2) $1 = 5 + 3t_2 \Rightarrow t_2 = \frac{-4}{3}$

1) $4 + t_1 = 7 + 6\left(\frac{-4}{3}\right) \Rightarrow t_1 = 3 - 8 = -5$

$$\underline{t_1 = -5} \quad \underline{t_2 = \frac{-4}{3}}$$

Check: 1+2

$$x_1 = 3 + 4(-5) = -17$$

$$y_1 = 4 - 5 = -1$$

$$z_1 = 1$$

$$x_2 = -1 + \frac{12(-4)}{3} = -17$$

$$y_2 = 7 + \frac{6(-4)}{3} = -1$$

$$z_2 = 5 + \frac{3(-4)}{3} = 1$$

$$(x_1, y_1, z_1) = (x_2, y_2, z_2)$$

\therefore point of intersection at $(-17, -1, 1)$



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$$\left[\begin{array}{cccc|c} 1 & -2 & 0 & 3 & 0 \\ 2 & -3 & -1 & -4 & 0 \\ 3 & -5 & -1 & -1 & 0 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} R_2 \Rightarrow R_2 - 2R_1 \\ R_3 \Rightarrow R_3 - 3R_1 \end{array}$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{cccc|c} 1 & -2 & 0 & 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & -10 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right] R_3 \Rightarrow R_3 - R_2$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{cccc|c} 1 & -2 & 0 & 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & -10 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right] \text{ put into equations,}$$

$$1) x_1 - 2x_2 + 3x_4 = 0$$

$$2) x_2 - x_3 - 10x_4 = 0$$

$$2) x_2 = x_3 + 10x_4$$

$$1) x_1 = 2x_3 + 20x_4 - 3x_4$$

$$x_1 = 2x_3 + 17x_4$$

$$x_1 = 2t + 17w$$

$$x_2 = t + 10w$$

$$x_3 = t$$

$$x_4 = w$$

By Gaussian Elimination

Infinite amount of solution

$$t, w \in \mathbb{R}$$



5) a) A determinant is defined by a square matrix, therefore there is no solution as the matrix is 3×4 .

b)
$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -1 & 2 \\ 2 & 1 & -3 & 4 \\ 0 & 2 & -2 & 3 \\ 1 & 1 & -4 & -2 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{\substack{R_2 \rightarrow R_2 - 2R_1 \\ R_4 \rightarrow R_4 - R_1}} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -1 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & -2 & 3 \\ 0 & 1 & -3 & -4 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{\substack{R_3 \rightarrow R_3 - 2R_2 \\ R_4 \rightarrow R_4 - R_2}} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -1 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 3 \\ 0 & 0 & -2 & -4 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -1 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 3 \\ 0 & 0 & -2 & -4 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{R_3 \leftrightarrow R_4} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -1 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -2 & -4 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

Triangular matrix, determinant is the product of the main diagonal entries

$$\therefore = (1 \times 1 \times (-2) \times 3) = -(-6) = \boxed{6}$$

c) $\det A^n = (\det A)^n$ Therefore $6^5 = \boxed{7776}$

d) $\det A = 6$, 4×4 matrix therefore
 $\det(-A) = (-1)^4 \det A = \boxed{6}$

e) $\det A^T = \det A$ therefore $\det A^T = \boxed{6}$



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$$6) \quad A = \begin{vmatrix} \lambda-4 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \lambda & 2 \\ 0 & 3 & \lambda-1 \end{vmatrix} \quad \text{Expand along 1st row} = 0$$

$$(\lambda-4) [\lambda(\lambda-1) - 6] = 0$$

$$(\lambda-4) (\lambda^2 - \lambda - 6) = 0$$

$$(\lambda-4) (\lambda-3) (\lambda+2) = 0$$

$$\boxed{\lambda = 4, 3, -2}$$



7)

$$2x - y + 2z = 2$$

$$x - y - z = 1$$

$$4x + 2y - z = 0$$

a) Rank of Augmented Matrix = 3
(Three leading zeros in Matrix)

b) Rank of Coefficient Matrix = 3
(Three leading zeros in determinant).

$$c) \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & -1 & -1 & 1 \\ 2 & -1 & 2 & 2 \\ 4 & 2 & -1 & 0 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow[R_3 \rightarrow R_3 - 4R_1]{R_2 \rightarrow R_2 - 2R_1} \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & -1 & -1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 4 & 0 \\ 0 & 6 & 3 & -4 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow[R_1 \rightarrow R_1 + R_2]{R_3 \rightarrow R_3 - 6R_2}$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 0 & 3 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 4 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -21 & -4 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{R_3 \rightarrow \frac{R_3}{-21}} \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 0 & 3 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 4 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & \frac{4}{21} \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow[R_1 \rightarrow R_1 - 3R_3]{R_2 \rightarrow R_2 - 4R_3}$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 0 & 0 & \frac{9}{21} \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & \frac{-16}{21} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & \frac{4}{21} \end{array} \right]$$

$$\therefore \boxed{X = \frac{9}{21} \quad Y = \frac{-16}{21} \quad Z = \frac{4}{21}}$$



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$$2x_1 + 2x_2 - x_3 + x_5 = 0$$

$$-x_1 - x_2 + 2x_3 - 3x_4 + x_5 = 0$$

$$x_1 + x_2 - 2x_3 - x_5 = 0$$

$$x_3 + x_4 + x_5 = 0$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccccc|c} 1 & 1 & -2 & 0 & -1 & 0 \\ -1 & -1 & 2 & -3 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 2 & -1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} R_2 \rightarrow R_2 + R_1 \\ R_3 \rightarrow R_3 - 2R_1 \end{array}$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccccc|c} 1 & 1 & -2 & 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -3 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 3 & 0 & 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \end{array} \right] R_2 \leftrightarrow R_4$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccccc|c} 1 & 1 & -2 & 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 3 & 0 & 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -3 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} R_3 \rightarrow R_3 - 3R_2 \\ R_1 \rightarrow R_1 + 2R_2 \end{array}$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccccc|c} 1 & 1 & 0 & 2 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -3 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -3 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right] R_4 \rightarrow R_4 - R_3$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccccc|c} 1 & 1 & 0 & 2 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -3 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right] R_3 \rightarrow \frac{R_3}{-3}$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccccc|c} 1 & 1 & 0 & 2 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} R_1 \rightarrow R_1 - 2R_3 \\ R_2 \rightarrow R_2 - R_3 \end{array}$$

Cont.



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$$\left[\begin{array}{ccccc|c} 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right]$$

x_2 & x_5 are parameters.

$$x_1 = -x_2 - x_5$$

$$x_3 = -x_5$$

$$x_4 = 0,$$

b)

$$x_1 = -x_2 - x_5$$

$$x_2 = x_2 + 0x_5$$

$$x_3 = 0x_2 - x_5$$

$$x_4 = 0x_2 + 0x_5$$

$$x_5 = 0x_2 + x_5$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \\ x_4 \\ x_5 \end{pmatrix} = x_2 \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} + x_5 \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 0 \\ -1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

c) yes, if $x_2 = x_5 = 0$

