

## HOMEWORK ASSIGNMENT #1, Math 253

- Sketch the curve  $r = 1 + \cos \theta$ ,  $0 \leq \theta \leq 2\pi$ , and find the area it encloses.
- Find the dot product  $\vec{a} \cdot \vec{b}$  in the following cases:
  - $\vec{a} = \langle 1, 0, -2 \rangle$ ,  $\vec{b} = \langle 2, 0, 1 \rangle$ . Are these vectors orthogonal?
  - $\vec{a} = \langle x_2y_3 - x_3y_2, x_3y_1 - x_1y_3, x_1y_2 - x_2y_1 \rangle$ ,  $\vec{b} = \langle x_1, x_2, x_3 \rangle$ , where the  $x_i, y_i$  are any real numbers. Are these vectors orthogonal?
  - $\vec{a}$  is a unit vector having the same direction as  $\vec{i} + \vec{j}$  and  $\vec{b}$  is a vector of magnitude 2 in the direction of  $\vec{i} + \vec{j} - \vec{k}$ .
- Use cross products to find the following areas:
  - the area of the triangle through the points  $P = (1, 1, 0)$ ,  $Q = (1, 0, 1)$ ,  $R = (0, 1, 1)$ .
  - the area of the parallelogram spanned by the vectors  $\vec{u} = \langle 1, 2, 0 \rangle$ ,  $\vec{v} = \langle a, b, c \rangle$ .
  - the areas of all 4 faces of the tetrahedron whose vertices are  $(0, 0, 0)$ ,  $(a, 0, 0)$ ,  $(0, b, 0)$  and  $(0, 0, c)$ , where  $a, b, c$  are positive numbers.
- Suppose  $\vec{a}$  is a vector in 3-space. Show that  $\left(\frac{\vec{a} \cdot \vec{i}}{|\vec{a}|}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{\vec{a} \cdot \vec{j}}{|\vec{a}|}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{\vec{a} \cdot \vec{k}}{|\vec{a}|}\right)^2 = 1$ .

Remark: The direction cosines of the vector  $\vec{a}$  are by definition

$$\cos \alpha = \frac{\vec{a} \cdot \vec{i}}{|\vec{a}|}, \cos \beta = \frac{\vec{a} \cdot \vec{j}}{|\vec{a}|}, \cos \gamma = \frac{\vec{a} \cdot \vec{k}}{|\vec{a}|}.$$

The angles  $\alpha, \beta, \gamma$  are the angles  $\vec{a}$  makes with the positive directions of the  $x, y, z$  axes respectively.
- Find all vectors of length 2 that make equal angles with the positive directions of the 3 co-ordinate axes.
  - Find all unit vectors  $\vec{v} = v_1\vec{i} + v_2\vec{j} + v_3\vec{k}$  making respective angles of  $\pi/3, \pi/4$  with the positive directions of the  $x, y$  axes.
  - Find the angles of the triangle whose vertices are  $(1, 0, 0)$ ,  $(0, 2, 0)$ ,  $(0, 0, 3)$ .
  - Find the angle(s) between a diagonal of a cube and one of its edges.
- A straight river 400m wide flows due west at a constant speed of 3km/hr. If you can row your boat at 5km/hr in still water, what direction should you row in if you wish to go from a point  $A$  on the south shore to the point  $B$  directly opposite on the north shore? How long will the trip take?

7. Find equations of the planes satisfying the following conditions:
- (a) Passing through the point  $(0, 2, -3)$  and normal to the vector  $4\vec{i} - \vec{j} - 2\vec{k}$ .
  - (b) Passing through the point  $(1, 2, 3)$  and parallel to the plane  $3x + y - 2z = 15$ .
  - (c) Passing through the 3 points  $(\lambda, 0, 0), (0, \mu, 0), (0, 0, \nu)$ , where  $\lambda, \mu, \nu$  are non-zero real numbers.
  - (d) Passing through the point  $(-2, 0, -1)$  and containing the line which is the intersection of the 2 planes  $2x + 3y - z = 0$  and  $x - 4y + 2z = -5$ .
8. Let  $v_1 = (0, -1, 0), v_2 = (0, 1, 0), v_3, v_4$  be the 4 vertices of a regular tetrahedron. Suppose  $v_3 = (x, 0, 0)$  for some positive  $x$  and  $v_4$  has a positive  $z$  component. Find  $v_3$  and  $v_4$ .