Math 1210 Assignment #4 Nov 10,2008

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & -1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & 3 & 5 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -293 & -10 \end{bmatrix} \qquad \begin{array}{l} \chi_1 + 2\chi_2 - \chi_3 + \chi_4 = 1 \\ \chi_2 - \chi_3 + 3\chi_4 = 5 \\ \chi_3 - 293 \times 4 = -10 \end{array}$$

Soln:
$$\chi_1 = 1 - \frac{5}{3} t$$

 $\chi_2 = -5 + \frac{11}{3} t$
 $\chi_3 = -10 + \frac{20}{3} t$ $t \in \mathbb{R}$
 $\chi_4 = t$

C)
$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 2 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 & 5 & 2 \\ 1 & -1 & 1 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$$
 $R_2 \rightarrow R_2 - 2R$, $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & -1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$ $R_3 \rightarrow R_3 + R_2$

b)
$$\begin{bmatrix} 3 & -3 & 1 & 3 & -3 \\ 1 & 1 & -1 & -2 & 3 \\ 4 & -2 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$
 $\begin{bmatrix} R_1 \leftrightarrow R_2 & 1 & 1 & -1 & -2 & 3 \\ 3 & -3 & 1 & 3 & -3 & R_2 \rightarrow R_2 - 3R_1 \\ 4 & -2 & 0 & 1 & 0 & R_3 \rightarrow R_3 - 4R_1 \end{bmatrix}$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & -1 & -2 & 3 \\ 0 & -6 & 4 & 9 & -12 \\ 0 & -6 & 4 & 9 & -12 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{ \begin{array}{c} 0 & -6 & 4 & 9 & -12 \\ 0 & -6 & 4 & 9 & -12 \end{array}} \xrightarrow{R_3 \to R_3 - R_2} \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{R_2 \to -\frac{1}{6}} \xrightarrow{R_2}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & -1 & -2 & 3 & R_1 \to R_1 - R_2 & 1 & 0 & -1/3 & -1/2 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & -2/3 & -3/2 & 2 & 0 & 1 & -2/3 & -3/2 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

Soln:
$$\chi_1 = 1 + \frac{1}{3}S + \frac{1}{2}t$$

 $\chi_2 = 2 + \frac{2}{3}S + \frac{3}{2}t$
 $\chi_3 = S$
 $\chi_4 = t$
Soln: $\chi_5 = 1 + \frac{1}{3}S + \frac{1}{2}t$
 $\chi_5 = 1 + \frac{1}{3}S + \frac{1}{2}t$
 $\chi_5 = 1 + \frac{1}{3}S + \frac{1}{2}t$
 $\chi_7 = 1 + \frac{1}{3}S + \frac{1}{2}t$
 $\chi_7 = 1 + \frac{1}{3}S + \frac{1}{2}t$
 $\chi_7 = 1 + \frac{1}{3}S + \frac{1}{3}t$
 $\chi_7 = 1 + \frac{1}{3}S + \frac{1}{3}t$

c)
$$\begin{bmatrix} 4 & -3 & -4 & -2 \\ -4 & 2 & 1 & -4 \\ -1 & -3 & 1 & -4 \end{bmatrix}$$
 $\begin{bmatrix} -1 & -3 & 1 & -4 \\ -4 & 2 & 1 & -4 \\ 4 & -3 & -4 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & -1 & 4 \\ -4 & 2 & 1 & -4 \\ 4 & -3 & -4 & -2 \\ R_3 \rightarrow R_3 - 4R_1 & 0 & -15 & 0 & -18 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{R_2 \rightarrow R_2 + R_3}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & -1 & 4 \\ 0 & -1 & -3 & -6 \\ 0 & -15 & 0 & -18 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{R_2 \to -R_2} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & -1 & 4 \\ 0 & 1 & 3 & 6 \\ 0 & -15 & 0 & 18 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{R_3 \to R_3 + 15R_2}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -10 & -14 \\ 0 & 1 & 3 & 6 \\ 0 & 0 & 45 & 72 \end{bmatrix} R_3 \rightarrow \begin{matrix} 1 & 0 & -10 & -14 \\ 0 & 1 & 3 & 6 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 8/5 \end{bmatrix} R_1 \rightarrow R_1 + 10R_3$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 6/5 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 8/5 \end{bmatrix}$$
 Soln: $\chi = 2$ $y = 6/5$ $Z = 8/5$

3.
$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & -1 & k \\ 2 & 3 & -2 & 2 & R_2 \rightarrow R_2 - 2R, \\ -1 & -1 & 1 & 3 & R_3 \rightarrow R_3 + R, \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 1 & k \\ 0 & -1 & 0 & -2k + 2 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & k + 3 \end{bmatrix} R_3 \rightarrow R_3 + R_2$$

$$\begin{bmatrix}
1 & 2 & -1 & | & k \\
0 & -1 & 0 & | & -2k+2 \\
0 & 0 & 0 & | & -k+5
\end{bmatrix}$$

This will have a solution if and only if -k+5=0 k=5

So k=5 is the only value that gives a consistent system.