10027693_raney

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```
[47]: # CISC 881
      # Assignment 3
      # By Fraser Raney
      # ID 10027693
      import numpy as np
      import pandas as pd
      import SimpleITK as sitk
      import os
      import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
      from matplotlib.colors import ListedColormap
      from scipy import stats
      from collections import OrderedDict
      from tqdm import tqdm
      from sklearn.preprocessing import scale as Normalize
      from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
      # PyTorch
      import torch
      import torch.utils.data
      import torch.nn as nn
      import torch.nn.functional as F
      import torch.optim as optim
      cuda = torch.device('cuda')
      # PyTorchSummary
      from torchsummary import summary
```

```
[2]: # readMhd method
# SimpleITK ReadImage wrapper from utils.py from the LNDb Challenge
# Reference: https://lndb.grand-challenge.org/
def readMhd(filename):
    # read mhd/raw image
    itkimage = sitk.ReadImage(filename)
    scan = sitk.GetArrayFromImage(itkimage) #3D image
    spacing = itkimage.GetSpacing() #voxelsize
    origin = itkimage.GetOrigin() #world coordinates of origin
```

```
transfmat = itkimage.GetDirection() #3D rotation matrix
return scan, spacing, origin, transfmat
```

```
[3]: # resample method
     # returns resampled itk image with reference spacing (0.625, 0.625, 3.6)
     # Reference: https://github.com/SimpleITK/SimpleITK/issues/561
     def resample(filename, interpolator):
         itkImage = sitk.ReadImage(filename)
         refSpacing = np.array([0.625, 0.625, 3.6])
         resampler = sitk.ResampleImageFilter()
         # Set interpolator
         resampler.SetInterpolator(interpolator)
         \#resampler.SetTransform(sitk.Transform(3,sitk.sitkIdentity))
         resampler.SetTransform(sitk.Transform())
         # Set out direction
         resampler.SetOutputDirection(itkImage.GetDirection())
         # Set out origin
         resampler.SetOutputOrigin(itkImage.GetOrigin())
         # Set out spacing
         resampler.SetOutputSpacing(refSpacing)
         # Calculate new size
         newSize = np.array(itkImage.GetSize()*(itkImage.GetSpacing()/refSpacing),__
     →dtype=np.uint).tolist()
         # Set out size
         resampler.SetSize(newSize)
         return resampler.Execute(itkImage)
```

```
[4]: # centerCrop method
# returns the center 224x224 crop of an SimpleITK image with all depth
def centerCrop(itkImage):
    # First pad the image to make sure its width x height is at least 224 x 224.
    padding = np.tile(0, 3)
    padding[0] = np.max([0, 224-itkImage.GetWidth()])
    padding[1] = np.max([0, 224-itkImage.GetHeight()])

padder = sitk.MirrorPadImageFilter()
    padder.SetPadLowerBound(padding.tolist())
    padder.SetPadUpperBound(np.tile(0,3).tolist())
    paddedImage = padder.Execute(itkImage)

# Slice out the center 224 x 224 region and include all depth
    wCenter = paddedImage.GetHeight() // 2
    hCenter = paddedImage.GetHeight() // 2
```

```
return padded
Image[wCenter - 112: wCenter + 112, hCenter - 112: hCenter +
 _{\square} _{\hookrightarrow}112, :]
```

```
[5]: # saveSlices method
     # saves the top 5 slices with the most label region
     def saveSlices(itkImage, itkLabel, case):
         def findMaxAxialIndices(label):
             sumIntensities = sitk.GetArrayFromImage(label).sum(axis=1).sum(axis=1)
             dic = OrderedDict(zip(range(len(sumIntensities)), sumIntensities))
             oDic = sorted(dic.items(), key= lambda x: x[1])
             return list(dict(oDic[-5:]).keys())
         def saveSlice(index):
             np.save(os.path.join(imagesTr, case.split('.')[0] + ("_z%d"%index).
      \rightarrowzfill(3)),
                     sitk.GetArrayFromImage(itkImage)[index, :, :])
             np.save(os.path.join(labelsTr, case.split('.')[0] + ("_z%d"%index).
      \rightarrowzfill(3)),
                    sitk.GetArrayFromImage(itkLabel)[index, :, :])
         [saveSlice(z) for z in findMaxAxialIndices(itkLabel)]
```

```
[6]: # preprocess_and_save method
     # runs preprocessing for all the labels and images for resampling,
     # cropping and slicing to save npy arrays
     def preprocess_and_save(imgList, lblList):
         print("Preprocessing ...")
         imgList.sort()
         lblList.sort()
         with tqdm(total=50) as pbar:
             for lbl,img in zip(lblList, imgList):
                 # a) Resample to a reference spacing of (0.625, 0.625, 3.6)
                 pbar.set_description(("Resampling " + img.split('.')[0] + " ...").
      →ljust(30, ' '))
                 pbar.update(1)
                 pbar.refresh
                 resLbl = resample(os.path.join(RAW_DIR, lbl), sitk.
     →sitkNearestNeighbor)
                 resImg = resample(os.path.join(RAW_DIR, img), sitk.sitkLinear)
                 # b) Crop to a central volume, 224 x 224, ignoring depth
                 pbar.set_description(("Cropping " + img.split('.')[0] + " ...").
     →ljust(30, ' '))
                 pbar.refresh
                 croppedImg = centerCrop(resImg)
                 croppedLbl = centerCrop(resLbl)
```

```
# c) save the five axial slices with the most label region

pbar.set_description(("Saving " + img.split('.')[0] + " ...").

→ljust(30, ' '))

pbar.refresh

saveSlices(croppedImg, croppedLbl, img)
```

```
[7]: # flip_and_save method
     # doubles the number of slices by flipping the image and label arrays along the \Box
     \hookrightarrow y-axis
     def flip_and_save(npyList):
         print("Flipping y-axis ...")
         def flipSave(npyName):
             imgA = np.load(os.path.join(imagesTr, npyName))
             lblA = np.load(os.path.join(labelsTr, npyName))
             pbar.set_description(("Saving " + npyName.split('.')[0] + " ...").
      →ljust(30, ' '))
             pbar.update(1)
             pbar.refresh
             np.save(os.path.join(imagesTr, npyName.split('.')[0] + '_my'), np.
      →fliplr(imgA))
             np.save(os.path.join(labelsTr, npyName.split('.')[0] + '_my'), np.
      →fliplr(lblA))
         with tqdm(total=250) as pbar:
             [flipSave(npyFilename) for npyFilename in npyList]
```

```
[9]: # maybeMakeDir method
# wrapper for os.mkdir
def maybeMakeDir(dirName):
    if os.path.exists(dirName) and os.path.isdir(dirName):
```

```
return
else:
os.mkdir(dirName)
```

```
[10]: # trainValTest method
      # split into train, validation and test sets keeping case numbers together
      def trainValTest(caseNos):
          train, valTest = train_test_split(caseNos, train_size=0.6,__
       →random_state=12345)
          validation, test = train_test_split(valTest, train_size=0.5,__
       →random state=12345)
          # Make sure the Case number from part A is in the test set
          def switch(case, fromSet, toSet):
              fromSet.remove(case)
              toSet.append(case)
              switch = toSet[0]
              toSet = toSet[1:]
              fromSet.append(switch)
          if 'Case43' not in test:
              if 'Case43' in validation:
                  switch('Case43', validation, test)
              else:
                  switch('Case43', train, test)
          def fetchNpyNames(caseNos):
              return np.array(list(filter(lambda filename: filename.split('.')[-1] \
                                          == 'npy' and filename.split('_')[0] in_
       ⇒caseNos,
                                          os.listdir(imagesTr))))
          return [fetchNpyNames(caseList) for caseList in [train, validation, test, ____
       →['Case43']]]
```

```
and 'segmentation' not in filename.
 ⇔split('.')[0], os.listdir('data/train'))))
lblFilenamesTr = np.array(list(filter(lambda filename: filename.split('.')[-1]__
 →== 'mhd' \
                                     and 'segmentation' in filename.split('.
 →')[0], os.listdir('data/train'))))
\# a)-c): Preprocess and save
preprocess_and_save(imgFilenamesTr, lblFilenamesTr)
# Get the filenames for the saved npy arrays (n=250)
npyFileList = np.array(list(filter(lambda filename: filename.split('.')[-1] == __
 # d) Double the number of slices by flipping along the y-axis
flip_and_save(npyFileList)
# Get the filenames for the saved npy arrays (n=500)
npyFileList = np.array(list(filter(lambda filename: filename.split('.')[-1] ==___

¬'npy', os.listdir('imagesTr'))))
# e) Normalize the intensity values of the images
normalize_and_save(npyFileList)
# Get the case identifiers
caseIds = [fname.split('.')[0] for fname in imgFilenamesTr]
# f) Split into train, validation and test sets keeping cases together
train, validation, test, case43 = trainValTest(caseIds)
Cropping Case03 ...
                               8% I
                                           | 4/50 [00:00<00:01, 27.22it/s]
Preprocessing ...
                                       | 50/50 [00:02<00:00, 22.57it/s]
Saving Case49 ...
                          : 100%|
Saving Case10_z10 ... : 27%|
                                          | 68/250 [00:00<00:00,
338.16it/sl
Flipping y-axis ...
Saving Case35_z12 ... : 100%| | 250/250 [00:00<00:00,
342.37it/s]
Saving Case43_z12_my ... : 21%|
                                          | 105/500 [00:00<00:00,
529.47it/s]
Normalizing axial slices ...
Saving Case05 z14 my ... : 100% | 500/500 [00:00<00:00,
536.57it/sl
```

```
[12]: # Promise12Dataset class
      # PyTorch Dataset
      class Promise12Dataset(torch.utils.data.Dataset):
          def __init__(self, listOfFiles):
              self.filenames = listOfFiles
          def __getitem__(self, index):
              img = np.load(os.path.join(imagesTr, self.filenames[index]))[np.
       →newaxis, ...]
              target = np.load(os.path.join(labelsTr, self.filenames[index]))[np.
       →newaxis, ...]
              return img, target
          def __len__(self):
              return len(self.filenames)
[13]: # q) UNet class
      # PyTorch model
      # Reference: https://qithub.com/milesial/Pytorch-UNet/blob/master/unet/
      \rightarrow unet_parts.py
      class DoubleConv(nn.Module):
          """(convolution => [BN] => ReLU) * 2"""
          def __init__(self, in_channels, out_channels):
              super().__init__()
              self.double_conv = nn.Sequential(
                  nn.Conv2d(in_channels, out_channels, kernel_size=3, padding=1),
                  nn.BatchNorm2d(out_channels),
                  nn.ReLU(inplace=True),
                  nn.Conv2d(out_channels, out_channels, kernel_size=3, padding=1),
                  nn.BatchNorm2d(out_channels),
                  nn.ReLU(inplace=True)
              )
          def forward(self, x):
              return self.double_conv(x)
      # Reference: https://github.com/milesial/Pytorch-UNet/blob/master/unet/
       \rightarrow unet_parts.py
      class Down(nn.Module):
          """Downscaling with maxpool then double conv"""
          def __init__(self, in_channels, out_channels):
              super().__init__()
              self.maxpool_conv = nn.Sequential(
                  nn.MaxPool2d(2),
                  DoubleConv(in_channels, out_channels)
              )
```

```
def forward(self, x):
        return self.maxpool_conv(x)
#n Reference: https://qithub.com/milesial/Pytorch-UNet/blob/master/unet/
\rightarrow unet_parts.py
class Up(nn.Module):
    """Upscaling then double conv"""
    def __init__(self, in_channels, out_channels, bilinear=True):
        super().__init__()
        # if bilinear, use the normal convolutions to reduce the number of
 \rightarrow channels
        if bilinear:
            self.up = nn.Upsample(scale_factor=2, mode='bilinear',__
 →align_corners=True)
        else:
            self.up = nn.ConvTranspose2d(in_channels // 2, in_channels // 2,
→kernel_size=2, stride=2)
        self.conv = DoubleConv(in_channels, out_channels)
    def forward(self, x1, x2):
        x1 = self.up(x1)
        # input is CHW
        diffY = torch.tensor([x2.size()[2] - x1.size()[2]])
        diffX = torch.tensor([x2.size()[3] - x1.size()[3]])
        x1 = F.pad(x1, [diffX // 2, diffX - diffX // 2,
                         diffY // 2, diffY - diffY // 2])
        # if you have padding issues, see
        # https://github.com/HaiyongJiang/U-Net-Pytorch-Unstructured-Buggy/
\rightarrow commit/0e854509c2cea854e247a9c615f175f76fbb2e3a
        # https://github.com/xiaopeng-liao/Pytorch-UNet/commit/
\rightarrow 8ebac70e633bac59fc22bb5195e513d5832fb3bd
        x = torch.cat([x2, x1], dim=1)
        return self.conv(x)
# Reference: https://github.com/milesial/Pytorch-UNet/blob/master/unet/
\rightarrow unet_parts.py
class OutConv(nn.Module):
    def __init__(self, in_channels, out_channels):
        super(OutConv, self).__init__()
        self.conv = nn.Conv2d(in_channels, out_channels, kernel_size=1)
    def forward(self, x):
```

```
return F.sigmoid(self.conv(x))
# Reference: https://github.com/milesial/Pytorch-UNet/blob/master/unet/
\rightarrow unet_model.py
class UNet(nn.Module):
    def __init__(self, n_channels=1, n_classes=1, bilinear=True):
        super(UNet, self).__init__()
        self.n_channels = n_channels
        self.n_classes = n_classes
        self.bilinear = bilinear
        self.inc = DoubleConv(n_channels, 64)
        self.down1 = Down(64, 128)
        self.down2 = Down(128, 256)
        self.down3 = Down(256, 512)
        self.down4 = Down(512, 512)
        self.up1 = Up(1024, 256, bilinear)
        self.up2 = Up(512, 128, bilinear)
        self.up3 = Up(256, 64, bilinear)
        self.up4 = Up(128, 64, bilinear)
        self.outc = OutConv(64, n_classes)
    def forward(self, x):
        x1 = self.inc(x)
        x2 = self.down1(x1)
        x3 = self.down2(x2)
        x4 = self.down3(x3)
        x5 = self.down4(x4)
        x = self.up1(x5, x4)
        x = self.up2(x, x3)
        x = self.up3(x, x2)
        x = self.up4(x, x1)
        logits = self.outc(x)
        return logits
# Initialize
net = UNet().float().to(torch.device('cuda'))
summary(net, (1, 224, 224))
```

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
Conv2d-1	[-1, 64, 224, 224]	640
BatchNorm2d-2	[-1, 64, 224, 224]	128
ReLU-3	[-1, 64, 224, 224]	0
Conv2d-4	[-1, 64, 224, 224]	36,928

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BatchNorm2d-5	[-1, 64, 224, 224]	128
ReLU-6	[-1, 64, 224, 224]	0
DoubleConv-7	[-1, 64, 224, 224]	0
MaxPool2d-8	[-1, 64, 112, 112]	72.056
Conv2d-9	[-1, 128, 112, 112]	73,856
BatchNorm2d-10	[-1, 128, 112, 112]	256
ReLU-11	[-1, 128, 112, 112]	147 594
Conv2d-12	[-1, 128, 112, 112]	147,584
BatchNorm2d-13	[-1, 128, 112, 112]	256
ReLU-14	[-1, 128, 112, 112]	0
DoubleConv-15	[-1, 128, 112, 112]	0
Down-16	[-1, 128, 112, 112]	0
MaxPool2d-17	[-1, 128, 56, 56]	0 205 168
Conv2d-18	[-1, 256, 56, 56]	295,168
BatchNorm2d-19	[-1, 256, 56, 56]	512
ReLU-20 Conv2d-21	[-1, 256, 56, 56]	0 E00 080
BatchNorm2d-22	[-1, 256, 56, 56] [-1, 256, 56, 56]	590,080 512
ReLU-23	[-1, 256, 56, 56]	0
DoubleConv-24	[-1, 256, 56, 56]	0
Down-25	[-1, 256, 56, 56]	0
MaxPool2d-26	[-1, 256, 28, 28]	0
Conv2d-27	[-1, 512, 28, 28]	1,180,160
BatchNorm2d-28	[-1, 512, 28, 28]	1,024
ReLU-29	[-1, 512, 28, 28]	0
Conv2d-30	[-1, 512, 28, 28]	2,359,808
BatchNorm2d-31	[-1, 512, 28, 28]	1,024
ReLU-32	[-1, 512, 28, 28]	0
DoubleConv-33	[-1, 512, 28, 28]	0
Down-34	[-1, 512, 28, 28]	0
MaxPool2d-35	[-1, 512, 14, 14]	0
Conv2d-36	[-1, 512, 14, 14]	2,359,808
BatchNorm2d-37	[-1, 512, 14, 14]	1,024
ReLU-38	[-1, 512, 14, 14]	0
Conv2d-39	[-1, 512, 14, 14]	2,359,808
BatchNorm2d-40	[-1, 512, 14, 14]	1,024
ReLU-41	[-1, 512, 14, 14]	0
DoubleConv-42	[-1, 512, 14, 14]	0
Down-43	[-1, 512, 14, 14]	0
Upsample-44	[-1, 512, 28, 28]	0
Conv2d-45	[-1, 256, 28, 28]	2,359,552
BatchNorm2d-46	[-1, 256, 28, 28]	512
ReLU-47	[-1, 256, 28, 28]	0
Conv2d-48	[-1, 256, 28, 28]	590,080
BatchNorm2d-49	[-1, 256, 28, 28]	512
ReLU-50	[-1, 256, 28, 28]	0
DoubleConv-51	[-1, 256, 28, 28]	0
Up-52	[-1, 256, 28, 28]	0

Upsample-53	[-1, 256, 56, 56]	0
Conv2d-54	[-1, 128, 56, 56]	589,952
BatchNorm2d-55	[-1, 128, 56, 56]	256
ReLU-56	[-1, 128, 56, 56]	0
Conv2d-57	[-1, 128, 56, 56]	147,584
BatchNorm2d-58	[-1, 128, 56, 56]	256
ReLU-59	[-1, 128, 56, 56]	0
DoubleConv-60	[-1, 128, 56, 56]	0
Up-61	[-1, 128, 56, 56]	0
Upsample-62	[-1, 128, 112, 112]	0
Conv2d-63	[-1, 64, 112, 112]	147,520
BatchNorm2d-64	[-1, 64, 112, 112]	128
ReLU-65	[-1, 64, 112, 112]	0
Conv2d-66	[-1, 64, 112, 112]	36,928
BatchNorm2d-67	[-1, 64, 112, 112]	128
ReLU-68	[-1, 64, 112, 112]	0
DoubleConv-69	[-1, 64, 112, 112]	0
Up-70	[-1, 64, 112, 112]	0
Upsample-71	[-1, 64, 224, 224]	0
Conv2d-72	[-1, 64, 224, 224]	73,792
BatchNorm2d-73	[-1, 64, 224, 224]	128
ReLU-74	[-1, 64, 224, 224]	0
Conv2d-75	[-1, 64, 224, 224]	36,928
BatchNorm2d-76	[-1, 64, 224, 224]	128
ReLU-77	[-1, 64, 224, 224]	0
DoubleConv-78	[-1, 64, 224, 224]	0
Up-79	[-1, 64, 224, 224]	0
Conv2d-80	[-1, 1, 224, 224]	65
OutConv-81	[-1, 1, 224, 224]	0

Total params: 13,394,177 Trainable params: 13,394,177 Non-trainable params: 0

Input size (MB): 0.19

Forward/backward pass size (MB): 689.06

Params size (MB): 51.09

Estimated Total Size (MB): 740.35

/home/fraser/environment_directory/pytorch_workspace/lib/python3.7/site-packages/torch/nn/functional.py:1350: UserWarning: nn.functional.sigmoid is deprecated. Use torch.sigmoid instead.

warnings.warn("nn.functional.sigmoid is deprecated. Use torch.sigmoid instead.")

[14]: # h) Dice Score (DSC) and Dice loss

```
# Reference: https://qithub.com/pytorch/pytorch/issues/1249
      def dice_loss(inputs, target):
          smooth = 1.
          iflat = inputs.float().view(-1)
          tflat = target.float().view(-1)
          intersection = (iflat * tflat).sum()
          return 1 - ((2. * intersection + smooth) /
                    (iflat.sum() + tflat.sum() + smooth))
      # dice_metric
      # returns the DSC
      # Reference: https://github.com/pytorch/pytorch/issues/1249
      def dice_metric(inputs, target):
          smooth = 1.
          iflat = inputs.float().view(-1)
          tflat = target.float().view(-1)
          intersection = (iflat * tflat).sum()
          return ((2. * intersection + smooth) /
                    (iflat.sum() + tflat.sum() + smooth))
[17]: # datasetEval method
      # prints the mean DSC loss and DSC for a dataloader
      def datasetEval(loader):
          with torch.no_grad():
              running_loss = 0.
              running dice = 0.
              for i, data in enumerate(loader, 0):
                  # get the inputs; data is a list of [inputs, labels]
                  inputs, labels = data
                  outputs = net(inputs.float().to(torch.device('cuda')))
                  running_loss += dice_loss(outputs, labels.to(torch.device('cuda')))
                  running_dice += dice_metric(outputs, labels.to(torch.
       →device('cuda')))
          loss = running_loss / len(loader)
          dice = running dice / len(loader)
          print(('loss: %.3f dice: %.3f' % (loss, dice)))
[15]: # Make the dataloaders
```

dice_loss method
returns 1 - DSC

trainset = Promise12Dataset(train)

```
trainloader = torch.utils.data.DataLoader(trainset, batch_size=1,
                                           shuffle=True, num_workers=2)
validationset = Promise12Dataset(validation)
validationloader = torch.utils.data.DataLoader(validationset, batch_size=1,
                                           shuffle=True, num_workers=2)
testset = Promise12Dataset(test)
testloader = torch.utils.data.DataLoader(testset, batch_size=1,
                                           shuffle=True, num_workers=2)
# Gradient optimizers
optimizer = optim.Adam(net.parameters())
scheduler = optim.lr scheduler.ReduceLROnPlateau(optimizer, mode='min')
print("Training ...")
# Metric variables
statsTr = []
val_dice = 0.
prev_val_dice = 0.
running_val_loss = 0.
running_val_dice = 0.
running_dice = 0.
running_loss = 0.
# Main training loop
for epoch in range(100): # loop over the dataset multiple times
    # Train
    for i, data in enumerate(trainloader, 0):
        # get the inputs; data is a list of [inputs, labels]
        inputs, labels = data
        # zero the parameter gradients
        optimizer.zero_grad()
        # forward + backward + optimize
        outputs = net(inputs.float().to(torch.device('cuda')))
        loss = dice_loss(outputs, labels.to(torch.device('cuda')))
        loss.backward()
        optimizer.step()
        running_loss += loss.item()
        running_dice += dice_metric(outputs, labels.to(torch.device('cuda')))
    train_loss = running_loss / len(trainloader)
    train_dice = running_dice / len(trainloader)
    print(('[epoch %d] train_loss: %.3f ' % (epoch + 1, train_loss)).ljust(30, ___
 \rightarrow''), end='')
    running_loss = 0.
```

```
running_dice = 0.
    # Validation
    with torch.no_grad():
        for i, data in enumerate(validationloader, 0):
             # get the inputs; data is a list of [inputs, labels]
            inputs, labels = data
             # forward + backward + optimize
             outputs = net(inputs.float().to(torch.device('cuda')))
            running_val_loss += dice_loss(outputs, labels.to(torch.
 →device('cuda')))
            running_val_dice += dice_metric(outputs, labels.to(torch.
 →device('cuda')))
    val_loss = running_val_loss / len(validationloader)
    val_dice = running_val_dice / len(validationloader)
    print(('val_loss: %.3f val_dice: %.3f' % (val_loss, val_dice)).rjust(30, 'u
 '))
    running_val_loss = 0.
    running_val_dice = 0.
    # Learning rate reduction
    scheduler.step(val_loss)
    # Record metrics
    statsTr.append({'epoch': (epoch + 1), 'lossTr': train_loss,
                     'diceTr': train_dice, 'lossVa': val_loss, 'diceVa':
 →val_dice})
    # i) Early stopping
    if np.abs(val_dice.item() - prev_val_dice) < 0.00001:</pre>
        print("Early stopping")
        break
    prev_val_dice = val_dice.item()
print('Finished Training')
Training ...
[epoch 1] train_loss: 0.485
                              val_loss: 0.266 val_dice: 0.734
[epoch 2] train loss: 0.191
                              val_loss: 0.178 val_dice: 0.822
[epoch 3] train_loss: 0.152
                              val_loss: 0.199 val_dice: 0.801
[epoch 4] train_loss: 0.124
                              val_loss: 0.196 val_dice: 0.804
[epoch 5] train_loss: 0.116
                              val_loss: 0.153 val_dice: 0.847
[epoch 6] train_loss: 0.105
                              val_loss: 0.164 val_dice: 0.836
[epoch 7] train_loss: 0.107
                              val_loss: 0.164 val_dice: 0.836
```

val_loss: 0.160 val_dice: 0.840

[epoch 8] train_loss: 0.100

```
[epoch 9] train_loss: 0.091
                              val_loss: 0.126 val_dice: 0.874
[epoch 10] train_loss: 0.081
                              val_loss: 0.125 val_dice: 0.875
[epoch 11] train_loss: 0.080
                              val_loss: 0.127 val_dice: 0.873
[epoch 12] train_loss: 0.072
                              val_loss: 0.161 val_dice: 0.839
[epoch 13] train loss: 0.069
                              val loss: 0.118 val dice: 0.882
[epoch 14] train loss: 0.062
                              val_loss: 0.124 val_dice: 0.876
[epoch 15] train loss: 0.057
                              val loss: 0.135 val dice: 0.865
                              val_loss: 0.120 val_dice: 0.880
[epoch 16] train loss: 0.078
[epoch 17] train loss: 0.060
                              val loss: 0.119 val dice: 0.881
[epoch 18] train_loss: 0.054
                              val_loss: 0.116 val_dice: 0.884
[epoch 19] train_loss: 0.076
                              val_loss: 0.118 val_dice: 0.882
[epoch 20] train_loss: 0.051
                              val_loss: 0.117 val_dice: 0.883
[epoch 21] train_loss: 0.046
                              val_loss: 0.113 val_dice: 0.887
[epoch 22] train_loss: 0.046
                              val_loss: 0.110 val_dice: 0.890
[epoch 23] train_loss: 0.048
                              val_loss: 0.130 val_dice: 0.870
[epoch 24] train_loss: 0.048
                              val_loss: 0.112 val_dice: 0.888
[epoch 25] train_loss: 0.042
                              val_loss: 0.118 val_dice: 0.882
                              val_loss: 0.097 val_dice: 0.903
[epoch 26] train_loss: 0.048
[epoch 27] train_loss: 0.041
                              val_loss: 0.107 val_dice: 0.893
[epoch 28] train loss: 0.049
                              val loss: 0.113 val dice: 0.887
[epoch 29] train loss: 0.040
                              val loss: 0.099 val dice: 0.901
[epoch 30] train loss: 0.038
                              val loss: 0.109 val dice: 0.891
[epoch 31] train loss: 0.040
                              val_loss: 0.100 val_dice: 0.900
[epoch 32] train loss: 0.037
                              val_loss: 0.090 val_dice: 0.910
[epoch 33] train_loss: 0.035
                              val_loss: 0.105 val_dice: 0.895
[epoch 34] train_loss: 0.036
                              val_loss: 0.103 val_dice: 0.897
[epoch 35] train_loss: 0.034
                              val_loss: 0.107 val_dice: 0.893
[epoch 36] train_loss: 0.033
                              val_loss: 0.106 val_dice: 0.894
[epoch 37] train_loss: 0.031
                              val_loss: 0.107 val_dice: 0.893
[epoch 38] train_loss: 0.034
                              val_loss: 0.132 val_dice: 0.868
[epoch 39] train_loss: 0.051
                              val_loss: 0.113 val_dice: 0.887
[epoch 40] train_loss: 0.034
                              val_loss: 0.096 val_dice: 0.904
[epoch 41] train_loss: 0.029
                              val_loss: 0.093 val_dice: 0.907
[epoch 42] train_loss: 0.028
                              val_loss: 0.095 val_dice: 0.905
[epoch 43] train loss: 0.029
                              val loss: 0.096 val dice: 0.904
[epoch 44] train loss: 0.024
                              val loss: 0.091 val dice: 0.909
[epoch 45] train loss: 0.022
                              val loss: 0.093 val dice: 0.907
[epoch 46] train loss: 0.021
                              val_loss: 0.092 val_dice: 0.908
[epoch 47] train_loss: 0.020
                              val_loss: 0.094 val_dice: 0.906
[epoch 48] train_loss: 0.020
                              val_loss: 0.093 val_dice: 0.907
[epoch 49] train_loss: 0.019
                              val_loss: 0.095 val_dice: 0.905
[epoch 50] train_loss: 0.019
                              val_loss: 0.094 val_dice: 0.906
[epoch 51] train_loss: 0.018
                              val_loss: 0.094 val_dice: 0.906
[epoch 52] train_loss: 0.018
                              val_loss: 0.096 val_dice: 0.904
[epoch 53] train_loss: 0.018
                              val_loss: 0.094 val_dice: 0.906
[epoch 54] train_loss: 0.017
                              val_loss: 0.096 val_dice: 0.904
[epoch 55] train_loss: 0.017
                              val_loss: 0.096 val_dice: 0.904
[epoch 56] train_loss: 0.017
                              val_loss: 0.095 val_dice: 0.905
```

```
[epoch 58] train_loss: 0.016 val_loss: 0.095 val_dice: 0.905
     [epoch 59] train_loss: 0.016 val_loss: 0.096 val_dice: 0.904
     [epoch 60] train_loss: 0.016 val_loss: 0.096 val_dice: 0.904
     [epoch 61] train loss: 0.016 val loss: 0.096 val dice: 0.904
     [epoch 62] train_loss: 0.016 val_loss: 0.096 val_dice: 0.904
     [epoch 63] train loss: 0.016 val loss: 0.096 val dice: 0.904
     Early stopping
     Finished Training
[18]: # Write the metric table to file
      statsDf = pd.DataFrame(statsTr)
      statsDf['diceTr'] = statsDf['diceTr'].apply(lambda x: x.to(torch.

→device('cuda')).item())
      statsDf['lossVa'] = statsDf['lossVa'].apply(lambda x: x.to(torch.
      →device('cuda')).item())
      statsDf['diceVa'] = statsDf['diceVa'].apply(lambda x: x.to(torch.

device('cuda')).item())
      statsDf.to_csv('metricsTr.csv')
      # j) Get mean metrics for train, validation and test sets
      # Train
      print("Train mean:")
      datasetEval(trainloader)
      # Va.1.
      print("Validation mean:")
      datasetEval(validationloader)
      # Test
      print("Test mean:")
      datasetEval(testloader)
     Train mean:
     loss: 0.016 dice: 0.984
     Validation mean:
     loss: 0.096 dice: 0.904
     Test mean:
     loss: 0.091 dice: 0.909
[52]: # k) Largest label area of the case from part A
      sumIntensities = [np.load(os.path.join(labelsTr,fname)).sum() for fname in_
      -case431
      filen = case43[np.argmax(sumIntensities)]
      print(filen)
      with torch.no_grad():
          case43_out = net(torch.tensor([np.load(os.path.join(imagesTr, filen))[np.
       →newaxis, ...]],
```

[epoch 57] train_loss: 0.016 val_loss: 0.095 val_dice: 0.905

Case43_z9.npy

