Properties of Determinants:

proporties! The value of a determinant does not change when your & column are interchanged

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} a_1 & b_1 & c_1 \\ a_2 & b_2 & c_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} a_1 & a_2 & a_3 \\ a_3 & b_3 & c_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} a_1 & a_2 & a_3 \\ a_1 & b_2 & b_3 \\ c_1 & c_2 & c_3 \end{bmatrix}$$

propertiys:

The any two rows (or two columns) of a determinants

are interchanged, the value of fee determinant is

multiplied by -1.

$$\Delta = \begin{vmatrix} a_1 & b_1 & c_1 \\ a_2 & b_2 & c_2 \\ a_3 & b_3 & c_3 \end{vmatrix} = - \begin{vmatrix} a_2 & b_2 & c_2 \\ a_1 & b_1 & c_1 \\ a_3 & b_3 & c_3 \end{vmatrix}$$

Boportius: of all true elements of one some Cor one column) of a determinants are multiplied by the some number K, the value of the new determinant is K times the value of the given determinant.

$$\Delta = \begin{vmatrix} a_1 & b_1 & c_1 \\ a_2 & b_2 & c_2 \end{vmatrix} ; \begin{vmatrix} ka_1 & kb_1 & kk_1 \\ a_2 & b_2 & c_2 \end{vmatrix} = k\Delta$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} a_2 & b_2 & c_2 \\ a_3 & b_3 & c_3 \end{vmatrix} ; \begin{vmatrix} a_2 & b_2 & c_2 \\ a_2 & b_3 & c_3 \end{vmatrix}$$

properties 4: If two yours (or two column) of a determinant of a determinant is zero

$$\begin{vmatrix} a_1 & b_2 & a_1 \\ a_2 & b_2 & a_2 \\ a_3 & b_3 & a_3 \end{vmatrix} = 0$$

Proporties on a determinant the sum of the product of the elements of any soul (Column) with the afactory of the corresponding elements of any other soul (cohumn) is zoul.

$$\Delta = q, A_1 + b, B, + c, C,$$

proporties 6: of in a determinant each element in any row (or column) consist of the sum of two terms, then the determinant can be expressed as the sum of two determinants of the same wider

$$\Delta = \begin{vmatrix} a_1 + x_1 & b_1 & c_1 \\ a_2 + x_2 & b_2 & c_2 = \begin{vmatrix} a_1 & b_1 & c_1 \\ a_2 + a_3 & b_3 & c_3 \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} a_1 & b_1 & c_1 \\ a_2 & b_2 & c_2 \\ a_3 & b_3 & c_3 \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} a_1 & b_1 & c_1 \\ a_2 & b_2 & c_2 \\ a_3 & b_3 & c_3 \end{vmatrix}$$
The solution is a single form of the solution of the

Property 7:

To the element of a now (or column) of a determinant are added in times the curresponding elements of another your (or column), the value of the determinant thus obtained is equal to the Value of the original determinant

$$\begin{vmatrix} Q_1 & b_1 & C_1 & a_1 + ma_2 & b_1 + mb_2 & c_1 + mc_2 \\ Q_2 & b_2 & C_2 & = & q_2 & b_2 & c_2 \\ Q_3 & b_3 & C_3 & Q_3 & b_3 & C_3 \end{vmatrix}$$